## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE UNIFORM POWER OF ATTORNEY ACT.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
3	as follows:
4	"CHAPTER
5	UNIFORM POWER OF ATTORNEY ACT
6	PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS
7	§ -1 Definitions. For the purposes of this chapter,
8	unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
9	"Agent" means a person granted authority to act for a
10	principal under a power of attorney, whether denominated an
11	agent, attorney-in-fact, or otherwise. The term includes an
12	original agent, co-agent, successor agent, and a person to which
13	an agent's authority is delegated.
14	"Durable" means not terminated by the principal's
15	incapacity, with respect to a power of attorney.
16	"Electronic" means relating to technology having
17	electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical,
18	electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.



```
1
         "Good faith" means honesty in fact.
2
         "Incapacitated" or "incapacity" means the inability of an
3
    individual to manage property or business affairs because the
4
    individual:
5
              Has an impairment in the ability to receive and
         (1)
6
              evaluate information or make or communicate decisions
7
              even with the use of technological assistance; or
8
         (2)
              Is:
9
              (A)
                   Missing;
10
              (B)
                   Detained, including incarcerated in a penal
11
                   system; or
12
                   Outside of the United States and unable to
              (C)
13
                   return.
         "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust,
14
15
    estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company,
16
    association, joint venture, public corporation, government or
17
    governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any
18
    other legal or commercial entity.
19
         "Power of attorney" means a writing or other record that
20
    grants authority to an agent to act in the place of the
21
    principal, whether or not the term "power of attorney" is used.
```

1 "Presently exercisable general power of appointment" means 2 the power exercisable at the time in question to vest absolute 3 ownership in the principal individually, the principal's estate, the principal's creditors, or the creditors of the principal's 4 5 estate, with respect to property or a property interest subject 6 to a power of appointment. The term includes a power of 7 appointment not exercisable until the occurrence of a specified event, the satisfaction of an ascertainable standard, or the 8 9 passage of a specified period only after the occurrence of the 10 specified event, the satisfaction of the ascertainable standard, 11 or the passage of the specified period. The term does not 12 include a power exercisable in a fiduciary capacity or only by 13 will. 14 "Principal" means an individual who grants authority to an 15 agent in a power of attorney. "Property" means anything that may be the subject of 16 17 ownership, whether real or personal, or legal or equitable, or 18 any interest or right therein. "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible 19 20 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is

retrievable in perceivable form.

"Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record, to:  (1) Execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or  (2) Attach to or logically associate with the record an
(1) Execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
(2) Attach to or logically associate with the record an
electronic sound, symbol, or process.
"State" means a state of the United States, the District of
Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any
territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of
the United States.
"Stocks and bonds" means stocks, bonds, mutual funds, and
all other types of securities and financial instruments, whether
held directly, indirectly, or in any other manner. The term
does not include commodity futures contracts and call or put
options on stocks or stock indexes.
§ -2 Applicability. This chapter shall apply to all
powers of attorney except:
(1) A power to the extent it is coupled with an interest
in the subject of the power, including a power given
to or for the benefit of a creditor in connection with
a credit transaction;

(2) A power to make health care decisions;

18

19

#### S.B. NO. 2229 S.D. 1

1	(3)	A power created by a legal parent or legal guardian
2		placing the care of a minor or a disabled adult under
3		another person;
4	(4)	A proxy or other delegation to exercise voting rights
5		or management rights with respect to an entity; and
6	(5)	A power created on a form prescribed by a government
7		or governmental subdivision, agency, or
8		instrumentality for a governmental purpose.
9	S	-3 Power of attorney. (a) A power of attorney
10	created u	nder this chapter shall be durable unless it expressly
11	provides	that it is terminated by the incapacity of the
12	principal	
13	(b)	A power of attorney shall be signed by the principal
14	or in the	principal's conscious presence by another individual
15	directed	by the principal to sign the principal's name on the
16	power of	attorney. A signature on a power of attorney is

20 (c) A power of attorney executed in Hawaii on or after
21 January 1, 2015, is valid if its execution complied with the law
22 of this State as it existed at the time of execution.

signature before a notary public or other individual authorized

presumed to be genuine if the principal acknowledges the

2014-0985 SB2229 SD1 SMA.doc

by law to take acknowledgments.

1	(d) A power of attorney executed outside of Hawaii is
2	valid in this State if, when the power of attorney was executed,
3	the execution complied with:
4	(1) The law of the jurisdiction that determines the
5	meaning and effect of the power of attorney pursuant

7 (2) The requirements for a military power of attorney
8 pursuant to title 10 United States Code section 1044b,
9 as amended.

to subsection (f); or

- (e) Except as otherwise provided by statute other than
  this chapter, a photocopy or electronically transmitted copy of
  an original power of attorney shall have the same effect as the
  original.
- (f) The meaning and effect of a power of attorney is

  determined by the law of the jurisdiction indicated in the power

  of attorney and, in the absence of an indication of

  jurisdiction, by the law of the jurisdiction in which the power

  of attorney was executed.
- 19 § -4 Nomination of conservator or guardian; relation of
  20 agent to court-appointed fiduciary. (a) In a power of
  21 attorney, a principal may nominate a conservator or guardian of
  22 the principal's estate, or conservator or guardian of the

- 1 principal's person for consideration by the court if protective
- 2 proceedings for the principal's estate or person are begun after
- 3 the principal executes the power of attorney. Except for good
- 4 cause shown or disqualification, the court shall make its
- 5 appointment in accordance with the principal's most recent
- 6 nomination.
- 7 (b) If, after a principal executes a power of attorney, a
- 8 court appoints a quardian of the principal's estate or other
- 9 fiduciary charged with the management of some or all of the
- 10 principal's property, the agent shall be accountable to the
- 11 fiduciary as well as to the principal. The power of attorney
- 12 shall not be terminated and the agent's authority shall continue
- 13 unless limited, suspended, or terminated by the court.
- 14 § -5 Effective date of power of attorney. (a) A power
- 15 of attorney is effective when executed unless the principal
- 16 provides in the power of attorney that it becomes effective at a
- 17 future date or upon the occurrence of a future event or
- 18 contingency.
- 19 (b) If a power of attorney becomes effective upon the
- 20 occurrence of a future event or contingency, the principal, in
- 21 the power of attorney, may authorize one or more persons to

- 1 determine in a writing or other record that the event or
- 2 contingency has occurred.
- 3 (c) If a power of attorney becomes effective upon the
- 4 principal's incapacity and the principal has not authorized a
- 5 person to determine whether the principal is incapacitated, or
- 6 the person authorized is unable or unwilling to make the
- 7 determination, the power of attorney becomes effective upon a
- 8 determination in a writing or other record by:
- 9 (1) A physician or licensed psychologist that the
- 10 principal has an impairment in the ability to receive
- and evaluate information or make or communicate
- decisions even with the use of technological
- 13 assistance; or
- 14 (2) An attorney at law, a judge, or an appropriate
- 15 governmental official that the principal is
- incapacitated.
- 17 (d) A person authorized by the principal in the power of
- 18 attorney to determine that the principal is incapacitated may
- 19 act as the principal's personal representative pursuant to the
- 20 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, Sections
- 21 1171 through 1179 of the Social Security Act, title 42 United
- 22 States Code section 1320d, as amended, and applicable

- 1 regulations, to obtain access to the principal's health care
- 2 information and communicate with the principal's health care
- 3 provider.
- 4 § -6 Termination of power of attorney or agent's
- 5 authority. (a) A power of attorney terminates when:
- **6** (1) The principal dies;
- 7 (2) The principal becomes incapacitated, if the power of
- 8 attorney is not durable;
- 9 (3) The principal revokes the power of attorney;
- 10 (4) The power of attorney provides that it terminates;
- 11 (5) The purpose of the power of attorney is accomplished;
- **12** or
- 13 (6) The principal revokes the agent's authority or the
- 14 agent dies, becomes incapacitated, or resigns, and the
- power of attorney does not provide for another agent
- 16 to act under the power of attorney.
- 17 (b) An agent's authority terminates when:
- 18 (1) The principal revokes the authority;
- 19 (2) The agent dies, becomes incapacitated, or resigns;
- 20 (3) An action is filed for the dissolution or annulment of
- the agent's marriage to the principal or their legal

9

10

11

12

13

1	separation,	unless	the	power	of	attorney	otherwise
2	provides; or	r					

- 3 (4) The power of attorney terminates.
- 4 (c) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, an
  5 agent's authority is exercisable until the authority terminates
  6 under subsection (b), notwithstanding a lapse of time since the
  7 execution of the power of attorney.
  - (d) Termination of an agent's authority or of a power of attorney is not effective as to the agent or another person that, without actual knowledge of the termination, acts in good faith under the power of attorney. An act so performed, unless otherwise invalid or unenforceable, binds the principal and the principal's successors in interest.
- (e) Incapacity of the principal of a power of attorney
  that is not durable shall not revoke or terminate the power of
  attorney as to an agent or other person that, without actual
  knowledge of the incapacity, acts in good faith under the power
  of attorney. An act so performed, unless otherwise invalid or
  unenforceable, binds the principal and the principal's
  successors in interest.
- 21 (f) The execution of a power of attorney shall not revoke 22 a power of attorney previously executed by the principal unless

- 1 the subsequent power of attorney provides that the previous
- 2 power of attorney is revoked or that all other powers of
- 3 attorney are revoked.
- 4 § -7 Co-agents and successor agents. (a) A principal
- 5 may designate two or more persons to act as co-agents. Unless
- 6 the power of attorney otherwise provides, each co-agent may
- 7 exercise its authority independently.
- 8 (b) A principal may designate one or more successor agents
- 9 to act if an agent resigns, dies, becomes incapacitated, is not
- 10 qualified to serve, or declines to serve. A principal may grant
- 11 authority to designate one or more successor agents to an agent
- 12 or other person designated by name, office, or function. Unless
- 13 the power of attorney otherwise provides, a successor agent:
- 14 (1) Has the same authority as that granted to the original
- agent; and
- 16 (2) May not act until all predecessor agents have
- 17 resigned, died, become incapacitated, are no longer
- 18 qualified to serve, or have declined to serve.
- 19 (c) Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney
- 20 and subsection (d), an agent that does not participate in or
- 21 conceal a breach of fiduciary duty committed by another agent,

- 1 including a predecessor agent, shall not be liable for the
- 2 actions of the other agent.
- 3 (d) An agent that has actual knowledge of a breach or
- 4 imminent breach of fiduciary duty by another agent shall notify
- 5 the principal and, if the principal is incapacitated, take any
- 6 action reasonably appropriate in the circumstances to safeguard
- 7 the principal's best interest. An agent that fails to notify
- 8 the principal or take action as required by this subsection
- 9 shall be liable for the reasonably foreseeable damages that
- 10 could have been avoided if the agent had notified the principal
- 11 or taken such action.
- 12 § -8 Reimbursement and compensation of agent. Unless
- 13 the power of attorney otherwise provides, an agent shall be
- 14 entitled to reimbursement of expenses reasonably incurred on
- 15 behalf of the principal and to compensation that is reasonable
- 16 under the circumstances.
- 17 § -9 Agent's acceptance. Except as otherwise provided
- 18 in the power of attorney, a person accepts appointment as an
- 19 agent under a power of attorney by exercising authority or
- 20 performing duties as an agent or by any other assertion or
- 21 conduct indicating acceptance.

1	\$	-10 Agent's duties. (a) Notwithstanding provisions
2	in the po	ower of attorney, an agent that has accepted appointment
3	shall:	
4	(1)	Act in accordance with the principal's reasonable
5		expectations to the extent actually known by the agent
6		and, otherwise, in the principal's best interest;
7	(2)	Act in good faith; and
8	(3)	Act only within the scope of authority granted in the
9		power of attorney.
10	(b)	Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney
11	an agent	that has accepted appointment shall:
12	(1)	Act loyally for the principal's benefit;
13	(2)	Act so as not to create a conflict of interest that
14		impairs the agent's ability to act impartially in the
15		<pre>principal's best interest;</pre>
16	(3)	Act with the care, competence, and diligence
17		ordinarily exercised by agents in similar
18		circumstances;
19	(4)	Keep a record of all receipts, disbursements, and
20		transactions made on behalf of the principal;
21	(5)	Cooperate with a person that has authority to make
22		health care decisions for the principal to carry out

1		the	principal's reasonable expectations to the extent
2		actu	ally known by the agent and, otherwise, act in the
3		prin	cipal's best interest; and
4	(6)	Atte	mpt to preserve the principal's estate plan, to
5		the	extent actually known by the agent, if preserving
6		the	plan is consistent with the principal's best
7		inte	rest based on all relevant factors, including:
8		(A)	The value and nature of the principal's property;
9		(B)	The principal's foreseeable obligations and need
10			for maintenance;
11		(C)	Minimization of taxes, including income, estate,
12			inheritance, generation-skipping transfer, and
13			gift taxes; and
14		(D)	Eligibility for a benefit, a program, or
15			assistance under a statute or regulation.
16	(c)	An a	gent that acts in good faith shall not be liable
17	to any be	nefic	iary of the principal's estate plan for failure to
18	preserve	the p	lan.
19	(d)	An	agent that acts with care, competence, and
20	diligence	for	the best interest of the principal shall not be
21	liable so	lely	because the agent also benefits from the act or

- 1 has an individual or conflicting interest in relation to the
- 2 property or affairs of the principal.
- 3 (e) If an agent is selected by the principal because of
- 4 special skills or expertise possessed by the agent or in
- 5 reliance on the agent's representation that the agent has
- 6 special skills or expertise, the special skills or expertise
- 7 shall be considered in determining whether the agent has acted
- 8 with care, competence, and diligence under the circumstances.
- 9 (f) Absent a breach of duty to the principal, an agent
- 10 shall not be liable if the value of the principal's property
- 11 declines.
- 12 (g) An agent that exercises authority to delegate to
- 13 another person the authority granted by the principal or that
- 14 engages another person on behalf of the principal shall not be
- 15 liable for an act, error of judgment, or default of that person
- 16 if the agent exercises care, competence, and diligence in
- 17 selecting and monitoring the person.
- 18 (h) Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney,
- 19 an agent shall not be required to disclose receipts,
- 20 disbursements, or transactions conducted on behalf of the
- 21 principal unless ordered by a court or requested by the
- 22 principal, a guardian, a conservator, another fiduciary acting



- 1 for the principal, a governmental agency having authority to
- 2 protect the welfare of the principal, or, upon the death of the
- 3 principal, by the personal representative or successor in
- 4 interest of the principal's estate. If so requested, within
- 5 thirty days the agent shall comply with the request or provide a
- 6 writing or other record substantiating why additional time is
- 7 needed and shall comply with the request within an additional
- 8 thirty days.
- 9 § -11 Exoneration of agent. A provision in a power of
- 10 attorney relieving an agent of liability for breach of duty
- 11 shall be binding on the principal and the principal's successors
- 12 in interest except to the extent the provision:
- 13 (1) Relieves the agent of liability for breach of duty
- 14 committed dishonestly, with an improper motive, or
- with reckless indifference to the purposes of the
- 16 power of attorney or the best interest of the
- 17 principal; or
- (2) Was inserted as a result of an abuse of a confidential
- or fiduciary relationship with the principal.
- 20 § -12 Judicial relief. (a) The following persons may
- 21 petition a court to construe a power of attorney or review the
- 22 agent's conduct, and grant appropriate relief:



1	(1)	The principal or the agent;
2	(2)	A guardian, conservator, or other fiduciary acting for
3		the principal;
4	(3)	A person authorized to make health care decisions for
5		the principal;
6	(4)	The principal's spouse, parent, or descendant;
7	(5)	An individual who would qualify as a presumptive heir
8		of the principal;
9	(6)	A person named as a beneficiary to receive any
10		property, benefit, or contractual right on the
11		principal's death or as a beneficiary of a trust
12		created by or for the principal that has a financial
13		interest in the principal's estate;
14	(7)	A governmental agency having regulatory authority to
15		protect the welfare of the principal;
16	(8)	The principal's caregiver or another person that
17		demonstrates sufficient interest in the principal's
18		welfare; and
19	(9)	A person asked to accept the power of attorney.
20	(b)	Upon motion by the principal, the court shall dismiss
21	a petitio	n filed under this section, unless the court finds that

- 1 the principal lacks capacity to revoke the agent's authority or 2 the power of attorney. 3 -13 Agent's liability. An agent that violates this 4 chapter shall be liable to the principal or the principal's 5 successors in interest for the amount required to: 6 Restore the value of the principal's property to what 7 it would have been had the violation not occurred; and 8 (2) Reimburse the principal or the principal's successors 9 in interest for the attorney's fees and costs paid on 10 the agent's behalf. 11 -14 Agent's resignation; notice. Unless the power of S **12** attorney provides a different method for an agent's resignation, 13 an agent may resign by giving notice to the principal and, if 14 the principal is incapacitated: To the conservator or guardian, if one has been 15 (1) 16 appointed for the principal, and a co-agent or **17** successor agent; or 18 If there is no person described in paragraph (1), to: (2) 19 (A) The principal's caregiver; 20 (B) Another person reasonably believed by the agent 21 to have sufficient interest in the principal's
  - 2014-0985 SB2229 SD1 SMA.doc

welfare; or

1	(C) A governmental agency having authority to protect
2	the welfare of the principal.
3	§ -15 Acceptance of and reliance upon acknowledged power
4	of attorney. (a) For purposes of this section and section
5	-16, "acknowledged" means purportedly verified before a
6	notary public or other individual authorized to take
7	acknowledgements.
8	(b) A person that in good faith accepts an acknowledged
9	power of attorney without actual knowledge that the signature is
10	not genuine may rely upon the presumption under section -3(b)
11	that the signature is genuine.
12	(c) A person that in good faith accepts an acknowledged
13	power of attorney without actual knowledge that the power of
14	attorney is void, invalid, or terminated, that the purported
15	agent's authority is void, invalid, or terminated, or that the
16	agent is exceeding or improperly exercising the agent's
17	authority may rely upon the power of attorney as if the power of
18	attorney were genuine, valid, and still in effect, the agent's
19	authority were genuine, valid, and still in effect, and the
20	agent had not exceeded and had properly exercised the authority

1	(d)	A person that is asked to accept an acknowledged power
2	of attorne	ey may request, and rely upon, without further
3	investigat	ion:
4	(1)	An agent's certification under penalty of perjury of
5		any factual matter concerning the principal, agent, or
6		power of attorney;
7	(2)	An English translation of the power of attorney if the
8		power of attorney contains, in whole or in part,
9		language other than English; and
10	(3)	An opinion of counsel as to any matter of law
11		concerning the power of attorney if the person making
12		the request provides in a writing or other record the
13		reason for the request.
14	(e)	An English translation or an opinion of counsel
15	requested	under this section shall be provided at the
16	principal	s expense unless the request is made more than seven
17	business d	days after the power of attorney is presented for
18	acceptance	2.
19	(f)	For purposes of this section and section -16, a
20	person tha	at conducts activities through employees is without
21	actual kno	owledge of a fact relating to a power of attorney, a

principal, or an agent if the employee conducting the

2014-0985 SB2229 SD1 SMA.doc

# S.B. NO. S.D. 1

1	transacti	on involving the power of attorney is without actual
2	knowledge	of the fact.
3	<b>S</b>	-16 Liability for refusal to accept acknowledged power
4	of attorn	ey. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection
5	(b):	
6	(1)	A person shall either accept an acknowledged power of
7		attorney or request a certification, a translation, or
8		an opinion of counsel under section -15(d) no later
9		than seven business days after presentation of the
10		power of attorney for acceptance;
11	(2)	If a person requests a certification, a translation,
12		or an opinion of counsel under section -15(d), the
13		person shall accept the power of attorney no later
14		than five business days after receipt of the
15		certification, translation, or opinion of counsel; and
16	(3)	A person may not require an additional or different
17		form of power of attorney for authority granted in the
18		power of attorney presented.
19	(b)	A person shall not be required to accept an
20	acknowled	ged power of attorney if.

1	(1)	The person is not otherwise required to engage in a
2		transaction with the principal in the same
3		circumstances;
4	(2)	Engaging in a transaction with the agent or the
5		principal in the same circumstances would be
6		inconsistent with federal law;
7	(3)	The person has actual knowledge of the termination of
8		the agent's authority or of the power of attorney
9		before exercise of the power;
10	(4)	A request for a certification, a translation, or an
11		opinion of counsel under section -15(d) is refused;
12	(5)	The person in good faith believes that the power is
13		not valid or that the agent does not have the
14		authority to perform the act requested, whether or not
15		a certification, a translation, or an opinion of
16		counsel under section -15(d) has been requested or
17		provided; or
18	(6)	The person makes, or has actual knowledge that another
19		person has made, a report to the adult protective and
20		community services branch of the department of human
21		services stating a good faith belief that the

principal may be subject to physical or financial

1	abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment by the
2	agent or a person acting for or with the agent.
3	(c) A person that refuses to accept an acknowledged power
4	of attorney in violation of this section shall be subject to:
5	(1) A court order mandating acceptance of the power of
6	attorney; and
7	(2) Liability for reasonable attorney's fees and costs
8	incurred in any action or proceeding that confirms the
9	validity of the power of attorney or mandates
10	acceptance of the power of attorney.
11	§ -17 Principles of law and equity. Unless displaced by
12	a provision of this chapter, the principles of law and equity
13	shall supplement this chapter.
14	§ -18 Laws applicable to financial institutions and
15	entities. This chapter shall not supersede any other law
16	applicable to financial institutions or other entities, and the
17	other law shall control if inconsistent with this chapter.
18	§ -19 Remedies under other law. The remedies under this
19	chapter shall not be exclusive and shall not abrogate any right
20	or remedy under the law of this State other than this chapter.

PART II. AUTHORITY

1 S -31 Authority that requires specific grant; grant of 2 general authority. (a) An agent under a power of attorney may 3 do the following on behalf of the principal or with the 4 principal's property only if the power of attorney expressly 5 grants the agent the authority and exercise of the authority is 6 not otherwise prohibited by another agreement or instrument to 7 which the authority or property is subject: 8 (1)Create, amend, revoke, or terminate an inter vivos 9 trust; 10 (2) Make a gift; Create or change rights of survivorship; 11 (3) 12 (4) Create or change a beneficiary designation; Delegate authority granted under the power of 13 (5) 14 attorney; Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a 15 (6) joint and survivor annuity, including a survivor 16 17 benefit under a retirement plan; or 18 (7) Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has 19 authority to delegate. 20 Notwithstanding a grant of authority to do an act (b) 21 described in subsection (a), unless the power of attorney 22 otherwise provides, an agent that is not an ancestor, spouse, or

- 1 descendant of the principal may not exercise authority under a
- 2 power of attorney to create in the agent, or in an individual to
- 3 whom the agent owes a legal obligation of support, an interest
- 4 in the principal's property, whether by gift, right of
- 5 survivorship, beneficiary designation, disclaimer, or otherwise.
- 6 (c) Subject to subsections (a), (b), (d), and (e), if a
- 7 power of attorney grants to an agent authority to do all acts
- 8 that a principal could do, the agent shall have the general
- 9 authority described in sections -34 through -46.
- (d) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, a
- 11 grant of authority to make a gift shall be subject to section
- **12** -47.
- (e) Subject to subsections (a), (b), and (d), if the
- 14 subjects over which authority is granted in a power of attorney
- 15 are similar or overlap, the broadest authority shall control.
- 16 (f) Authority granted in a power of attorney shall be
- 17 exercisable with respect to property that the principal has when
- 18 the power of attorney is executed or acquires later, whether or
- 19 not the property is located in this State and whether or not the
- 20 authority is exercised or the power of attorney is executed in
- 21 this State.

- 1 (g) An act performed by an agent pursuant to a power of
  2 attorney shall have the same effect and inure to the benefit of
  3 and bind the principal and the principal's successors in
  4 interest as if the principal had performed the act.
  5 § -32 Incorporation of authority. (a) An agent shall
  6 have authority described in this part if the power of attorney
  7 refers to general authority with respect to the descriptive term
- **8** for the subjects stated in sections -34 through -47 or
- 9 cites the section in which the authority is described.
- 10 (b) A reference in a power of attorney to general

  11 authority with respect to the descriptive term for a subject in

  12 sections -34 through -47 or a citation to a section of

  13 sections -34 through -47 incorporates the entire section

  14 as if it were set out in full in the power of attorney.
- (c) A principal may modify authority incorporated byreference.
- 17 § -33 Construction of authority generally. Except as
  18 otherwise provided in the power of attorney, by executing a
  19 power of attorney that incorporates by reference a subject
  20 described in sections -34 through -47 or that grants to an
  21 agent authority to do all acts that a principal could do

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

**17** 

18

**19** 

20

pursuant to section -31(c), a principal authorizes the agent,
with respect to that subject, to:

(1) Demand, receive, and obtain by litigation or

otherwise, money or another thing of value to which
the principal is, may become, or claims to be
entitled, and conserve, invest, disburse, or use
anything so received or obtained for the purposes
intended;

- (2) Contract in any manner with any person, on terms agreeable to the agent, to accomplish a purpose of a transaction and perform, rescind, cancel, terminate, reform, restate, release, or modify the contract or another contract made by or on behalf of the principal;
  - (3) Execute, acknowledge, seal, deliver, file, or record any instrument or communication the agent considers desirable to accomplish a purpose of a transaction, including creating at any time a schedule listing some or all of the principal's property and attaching it to the power of attorney;
- (4) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternativedispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or

1		accept a compromise with respect to a claim existing
2		in favor of or against the principal or intervene in
3		litigation relating to the claim;
4	(5)	Seek on the principal's behalf the assistance of a
5		court or other governmental agency to carry out an act
6		authorized in the power of attorney;
7	(6)	Engage, compensate, and discharge an attorney,
8		accountant, discretionary investment manager, expert
9		witness, or other advisor;
10	(7)	Prepare, execute, and file a record, report, or other
11		document to safeguard or promote the principal's
12	·	interest under a statute or regulation;
13	(8)	Communicate with any representative or employee of a
14		government or governmental subdivision, agency, or
15		instrumentality, on behalf of the principal;
16	(9)	Access communications intended for, and communicate on
17		behalf of the principal, whether by mail, electronic
18		transmission, telephone, or other means; and
19	(10)	Do any lawful act with respect to the subject and all
20		property related to the subject.
21	§ ·	-34 Real property. Unless the power of attorney
22	otherwise	provides, language in a power of attorney granting
	2014-0985	SB2229 SD1 SMA doc

1 general authority with respect to real property shall authorize 2 the agent to: 3 Demand, buy, lease, receive, accept as a gift or as (1) 4 security for an extension of credit, or otherwise 5 acquire or reject an interest in real property or a 6 right incident to real property; 7 (2) Sell; exchange; convey with or without covenants, 8 representations, or warranties; quitclaim; release; 9 surrender; retain title for security; encumber; 10 partition; consent to partitioning; subject to an 11 easement or covenant; subdivide; apply for zoning or **12**. other governmental permits; plat or consent to 13 platting; develop; grant an option concerning; lease; 14 sublease; contribute to an entity in exchange for an **15** interest in that entity; or otherwise grant or dispose 16 of an interest in real property or a right incident to **17** real property; 18 (3) Pledge or mortgage an interest in real property or 19 right incident to real property as security to borrow 20 money or pay, renew, or extend the time of payment of 21 a debt of the principal or a debt guaranteed by the

principal;

1	(4)	кете	ase, assign, satisfy, or enforce by litigation or
2		othe	rwise a mortgage, deed of trust, conditional sale
3		cont	ract, encumbrance, lien, or other claim to real
4		prop	erty that exists or is asserted;
5	(5)	Mana	ge or conserve an interest in real property or a
6		righ	t incident to real property owned or claimed to be
7		owne	d by the principal, including by:
8		(A)	Insuring against liability or casualty or other
9			loss;
10		(B)	Obtaining or regaining possession of or
11			protecting the interest or right by litigation or
12			otherwise;
13		(C)	Paying, assessing, compromising, or contesting
14			taxes or assessments or applying for and
15			receiving refunds in connection with them; and
16		(D)	Purchasing supplies, hiring assistance or labor,
17			and making repairs or alterations to the real
18			property;
19	(6)	Use,	develop, alter, replace, remove, erect, or
20		inst	all structures or other improvements upon real
21		prop	erty in or incident to which the principal has, or
22		clai	ms to have an interest or right.

1	(7)	Participate in a reorganization with respect to real
2		property or an entity that owns an interest in or
3		right incident to real property and receive, hold, and
4		act with respect to stocks and bonds or other property
5		received in a plan of reorganization, including by:
6		(A) Selling or otherwise disposing of them;
7		(B) Exercising or selling an option, right of
8		conversion, or similar right with respect to
9		them; and
10		(C) Exercising any voting rights in person or by
11		proxy;
12	(8)	Change the form of title of an interest in or right
13		incident to real property; and
14	(9)	Dedicate to public use, with or without consideration
15		easements or other real property in which the
16		principal has, or claims to have, an interest.
17	S	-35 Tangible personal property. Unless the power of
18	attorney	otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney
19	granting	general authority with respect to tangible personal
20	property	shall authorize the agent to:
21	(1)	Demand, buy, receive, accept as a gift or as security
22		for an extension of credit, or otherwise acquire or

1		reject ownership or possession of tangible personal
2		property or an interest in tangible personal property
3	(2)	Sell; exchange; convey with or without covenants,
4		representations, or warranties; quitclaim; release;
5		surrender; create a security interest in; grant
6		options concerning; lease; sublease; or otherwise
7		dispose of tangible personal property or an interest
8		in tangible personal property;
9	(3)	Grant a security interest in tangible personal
10		property or an interest in tangible personal property
11		as security to borrow money or pay, renew, or extend
12		the time of payment of a debt of the principal or a
13		debt guaranteed by the principal;
14	(4)	Release, assign, satisfy, or enforce by litigation or
15		otherwise, a security interest, lien, or other claim
16		on behalf of the principal, with respect to tangible
17		personal property or an interest in tangible personal
18		property;
19	(5)	Manage or conserve tangible personal property or an
20		interest in tangible personal property on behalf of
21		the principal, including:

1	(A)	insuring against flability of cast	ially of other
2		loss;	
3	(B	Obtaining or regaining possession	of or
4		protecting the property or interes	st, by
5		litigation or otherwise;	
6	(C	Paying, assessing, compromising,	or contesting
7		taxes or assessments or applying	for and
8		receiving refunds in connection w	ith taxes or
9		assessments;	
10	(D	Moving the property from place to	place;
11	(E	Storing the property for hire or	on a gratuitou
12		bailment; and	
13	(F	Using and making repairs, alterate	ions, or
14		improvements to the property; and	
15	(6) Ch	ge the form of title of an interes	t in tangible
16	pe	onal property.	
17	§ -36	Stocks and bonds. Unless the power	r of attorney
18	otherwise pr	ides, language in a power of attor	ney granting
19	general auth	ity with respect to stocks and bond	ds shall
20	authorize th	agent to:	
21	(1) Bu	sell, and exchange stocks and bond	ds;

### S.B. NO. 2229 S.D. 1

		•
1	(2)	Establish, continue, modify, or terminate an account
2.	•	with respect to stocks and bonds;
3	(3)	Pledge stocks and bonds as security to borrow, pay,
4		renew, or extend the time of payment of a debt of the
5		principal;
6	(4)	Receive certificates and other evidences of ownership
7		with respect to stocks and bonds; and
8	(5)	Exercise voting rights with respect to stocks and
9		bonds in person or by proxy, enter into voting trusts,
10		and consent to limitations on the right to vote.
11	S	-37 Commodities and options. Unless the power of
12	attorney	otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney
13	granting	general authority with respect to commodities and
14	options	shall authorize the agent to:
15	(1)	Buy, sell, exchange, assign, settle, and exercise
16		commodity futures contracts and call or put options or
17		stocks or stock indexes traded on a regulated option
18		exchange; and
19	(2)	Establish, continue, modify, and terminate option
20		accounts.
21	S	-38 Banks and other financial institutions. Unless

the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of

1	attorney o	granting general authority with respect to banks and
2	other fina	ancial institutions shall authorize the agent to:
3	(1)	Continue, modify, and terminate an account or other
4		banking arrangement made by or on behalf of the
5		principal;
6	(2)	Establish, modify, and terminate an account or other
7		banking arrangement with a bank, trust company,
8		savings and loan association, credit union, thrift
9		company, brokerage firm, or other financial
10		institution selected by the agent;
11	(3)	Contract for services available from a financial
12		institution, including renting a safe deposit box or
13		space in a vault;
14	(4)	Withdraw, by check, order, electronic funds transfer,
15		or otherwise, money or property of the principal
16		deposited with or left in the custody of a financial
17		institution;
18	(5)	Receive statements of account, vouchers, notices, and
19		similar documents from a financial institution and act
20		with respect to them;
21	(6)	Enter a safe deposit box or vault and withdraw or add

to the contents;

1	(7)	Borrow money and pledge as security personal property
2		of the principal necessary to borrow money or pay,
3		renew, or extend the time of payment of a debt of the
4		principal or a debt guaranteed by the principal;
5	(8)	Make, assign, draw, endorse, discount, guarantee, and
6		negotiate promissory notes, checks, drafts, and other
7		negotiable or nonnegotiable paper of the principal or
8		payable to the principal or the principal's order,
9		transfer money, receive the cash or other proceeds of
10		those transactions, and accept a draft drawn by a
11		person upon the principal and pay it when due;
12	(9)	Receive for the principal and act upon a sight draft,
13		warehouse receipt, or other document of title whether
14		tangible or electronic, or other negotiable or
15		nonnegotiable instrument;
16	(10)	Apply for, receive, and use letters of credit, credit
17		and debit cards, electronic transaction
18		authorizations, and traveler's checks from a financial
19		institution and give an indemnity or other agreement
20		in connection with letters of credit; and

# S.B. NO. S.D. 1

1	(11)	Consent to an extension of the time of payment with
2		respect to commercial paper or a financial transaction
3		with a financial institution.
4	§	-39 Operation of entity or business. Unless the power
5	of attorn	ey otherwise provides, and subject to the terms of a
6	document	or an agreement governing an entity or an entity
7	ownership	interest, language in a power of attorney granting
8	general a	uthority with respect to operation of an entity or
9	business	shall authorize the agent to:
10	(1)	Operate, buy, sell, enlarge, reduce, or terminate an
11		ownership interest;
12	(2)	Perform a duty or discharge a liability and exercise
13		in person or by proxy a right, power, privilege, or
14		option that the principal has, may have, or claims to
15		have;
16	(3)	Enforce the terms of an ownership agreement;
17	(4)	Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative
18		dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or
19		accept a compromise with respect to litigation to
20		which the principal is a party because of an ownership
21		interest;

1	(5)	Exercise in person or by proxy, or enforce by
2		litigation or otherwise, a right, power, privilege, or
3		option the principal has or claims to have as the
4		holder of stocks and bonds;
5	(6)	Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative
6		dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or
7		accept a compromise with respect to litigation to
8		which the principal is a party concerning stocks and
9		bonds;
10	(7)	With respect to an entity or business owned solely by
11		the principal:
12		(A) Continue, modify, renegotiate, extend, and
13		terminate a contract made by or on behalf of the
14		principal with respect to the entity or business
15		before execution of the power of attorney;
16		(B) Determine:
17		(i) The location of its operation;
18		(ii) The nature and extent of its business;
19		(iii) The methods of manufacturing, selling,
20		merchandising, financing, accounting, and
21		advertising employed in its operation;

1		(iv) The amount and types of insurance carried;
2		and
3		(v) The mode of engaging, compensating, and
4		dealing with its employees and accountants,
5		attorneys, or other advisors;
6		(C) Change the name or form of organization under
7		which the entity or business is operated and
8		enter into an ownership agreement with other
9		persons to take over all or part of the operation
10	•	of the entity or business; and
11		(D) Demand and receive money due or claimed by the
12		principal or on the principal's behalf in the
13		operation of the entity or business and control
14		and disburse the money in the operation of the
15	•	entity or business;
16	(8)	Put additional capital into an entity or business in
17		which the principal has an interest;
18	(9)	Join in a plan of reorganization, consolidation,
19		conversion, domestication, or merger of the entity or
20		business;
21	(10)	Sell or liquidate all or part of an entity or
22		business;

1	(11)	Establish the value of an entity or business under a
2		buy-out agreement to which the principal is a party;
3	(12)	Prepare, sign, file, and deliver reports, compilations
4		of information, returns, or other papers with respect
5		to an entity or business and make related payments;
6		and
7	(13)	Pay, compromise, or contest taxes, assessments, fines,
8		or penalties and perform any other act to protect the
9		principal from illegal or unnecessary taxation,
10		assessments, fines, or penalties, with respect to an
11		entity or business, including attempts to recover, in
12		any manner permitted by law, money paid before or
13		after the execution of the power of attorney.
14	S	-40 Insurance and annuities. Unless the power of
15	attorney	otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney
16	granting	general authority with respect to insurance and
17	annuities	shall authorize the agent to:
18	(1)	Continue, pay the premium or make a contribution on,
19		modify, exchange, rescind, release, or terminate a
20		contract procured by or on behalf of the principal
21		that insures or provides an annuity to either the

1		principal or another person, whether or not the
2		principal is a beneficiary under the contract;
3	(2)	Procure new, different, and additional contracts of
4		insurance and annuities for the principal and the
5		principal's spouse, children, and other dependents,
6		and select the amount, type of insurance or annuity,
7		and mode of payment;
8	(3)	Pay the premium or make a contribution on, modify,
9		exchange, rescind, release, or terminate a contract of
10		insurance or annuity procured by the agent;
11	(4)	Apply for and receive a loan secured by a contract of
12		insurance or annuity;
13	(5)	Surrender and receive the cash surrender value on a
14		contract of insurance or annuity;
15	(6)	Exercise an election;
16	(7)	Exercise investment powers available under a contract
17		of insurance or annuity;
18	(8)	Change the manner of paying premiums on a contract of
19		insurance or annuity;
20	(9)	Change or convert the type of insurance or annuity
21		with respect to which the principal has or claims to
22		have authority described in this section;

1	(10)	Apply for and procure a benefit or assistance under a
2		statute or regulation to guarantee or pay premiums of
3		a contract of insurance on the life of the principal;
4	(11)	Collect, sell, assign, hypothecate, borrow against, or
5		pledge the interest of the principal in a contract of
6		insurance or annuity;
7	(12)	Select the form and timing of the payment of proceeds
8		from a contract of insurance or annuity; and
9	(13)	Pay, from proceeds or otherwise; compromise or
10		contest; and apply for refunds in connection with a
11	,	tax or assessment levied by a taxing authority with
12		respect to a contract of insurance or annuity or its
13		proceeds or liability accruing by reason of the tax or
14		assessment.
15	§	-41 Estates, trusts, and other beneficial interests.
16	(a) In t	his section, "estate, trust, or other beneficial
17	interest"	means a trust, probate estate, guardianship,
18	conservat	orship, escrow, or custodianship or a fund from which
19	the princ	ipal is, may become, or claims to be, entitled to a
20	share or	payment.
21	(b)	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,

language in a power of attorney granting general authority with

1	respect to	o estates, trusts, and other beneficial interests shall
2	authorize	the agent to:
3	(1)	Accept, receive, receipt for, sell, assign, pledge, or
4		exchange a share in or payment from an estate, trust,
5		or other beneficial interest;
6	(2)	Demand or obtain money or another thing of value to
7		which the principal is, may become, or claims to be,
8		entitled by reason of an estate, trust, or other
9		beneficial interest, by litigation or otherwise;
10	(3)	Exercise for the benefit of the principal a presently
11		exercisable general power of appointment held by the
12		principal;
13	(4)	Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative
14	•	dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or
15		accept a compromise with respect to litigation to
16		ascertain the meaning, validity, or effect of a deed,
17		will, declaration of trust, or other instrument or
18		transaction affecting the interest of the principal;
19	(5)	Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative
20		dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or
21		accept a compromise with respect to litigation to
22		remove, substitute, or surcharge a fiduciary;

1	(6)	Conserve, invest, disburse, or use anything received
2		for an authorized purpose;
3	(7)	Transfer an interest of the principal in real
4		property, stocks and bonds, accounts with financial
5		institutions or securities intermediaries, insurance,
6		annuities, and other property to the trustee of a
7		revocable trust created by the principal as settlor;
8		and
9	(8)	Reject, renounce, disclaim, release, or consent to a
10		reduction in or modification of a share in or payment
11		from an estate, trust, or other beneficial interest.
12	§	-42 Claims and litigation. Unless the power of
13	attorney	otherwise provides, language in a power of attorney
14	granting	general authority with respect to claims and litigation
15	shall aut	horize the agent to:
16	(1)	Assert and maintain before a court or administrative
17		agency a claim, claim for relief, cause of action,
18		counterclaim, offset, recoupment, or defense,
19		including an action to recover property or other thing
20		of value, recover damages sustained by the principal,
21		eliminate or modify tax liability, or seek an

injunction, specific performance, or other relief;

2014-0985 SB2229 SD1 SMA.doc

1	(2)	Bring	an	acti	on t	to de	termi	ine a	advers	se o	claims	or	•
2		interv	rene	or	oth	erwis	e pai	rtici	ipate	in	litiga	atior	1;

- (3) Seek an attachment, garnishment, order of arrest, or other preliminary, provisional, or intermediate relief and use an available procedure to effect or satisfy a judgment, order, or decree;
- (4) Make or accept a tender, offer of judgment, or admission of facts, submit a controversy on an agreed statement of facts, consent to examination, and bind the principal in litigation;
- (5) Submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle, and propose or accept a compromise;
- (6) Waive the issuance and service of process upon the principal, accept service of process, appear for the principal, designate persons upon which process directed to the principal may be served, execute and file or deliver stipulations on the principal's behalf, verify pleadings, seek appellate review, procure and give surety and indemnity bonds, contract and pay for the preparation and printing of records and briefs, receive, execute, and file or deliver a consent, waiver, release, confession of judgment,

1		satisfaction of judgment, notice, agreement, or other
2		instrument in connection with the prosecution,
3		settlement, or defense of a claim or litigation;
4	(7)	Act for the principal with respect to bankruptcy or
5		insolvency, whether voluntary or involuntary,
6		concerning the principal or some other person, or with
7		respect to a reorganization, receivership, or
8		application for the appointment of a receiver or
9		trustee that affects an interest of the principal in
10		property or other thing of value;
11	(8)	Pay a judgment, award, or order against the principal
12		or a settlement made in connection with a claim or
13		litigation; and
14	(9)	Receive money or another thing of value paid in
15		settlement of or as proceeds of a claim or litigation.
16	S	-43 Personal and family maintenance. (a) Unless the
17	power of	attorney otherwise provides, language in a power of
18	attorney	granting general authority with respect to personal and
19	family ma	intenance shall authorize the agent to:
20	(1)	Perform the acts necessary to maintain the customary
21		standard of living of the principal, the principal's

1		spouse, and the following individuals, whether living				
2		when the power of attorney is executed or later born:				
3		(A) The principal's children;				
4		(B) Other individuals legally entitled to be				
5		supported by the principal; and				
6		(C) The individuals whom the principal has				
7	j.	customarily supported or indicated the intent to				
8		support;				
9	(2)	Make periodic payments of child support and other				
10		family maintenance required by a court or governmental				
11		agency or an agreement to which the principal is a				
12		party;				
13	(3)	Provide living quarters for the individuals described				
14		in subsection (1) by:				
15		(A) Purchase, lease, or other contract; or				
16		(B) Paying the operating costs, including interest,				
17		amortization payments, repairs, improvements, and				
18		taxes, for premises owned by the principal or				
19		occupied by those individuals;				
20	(4)	Provide normal domestic help, usual vacations and				
21		travel expenses, and funds for shelter, clothing,				
22		food, appropriate education, including postsecondary				

1		and vocational education, and other current living
2		costs for the individuals described in subsection (1)
3	(5)	Pay expenses for necessary health care and custodial
4		care on behalf of the individuals described in
5		subsection (1);
6	(6)	Act as the principal's personal representative
7		pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and
8		Accountability Act, Sections 1171 through 1179 of the
9		Social Security Act, title 42 United States Code
10		section 1320d, as amended, and applicable regulations
11		in making decisions related to the past, present, or
12		future payment for the provision of health care
13		consented to by the principal or anyone authorized
14		under the law of this State to consent to health care
15		on behalf of the principal;
16	(7)	Continue any provision made by the principal for
17		automobiles or other means of transportation,
18		including registering, licensing, insuring, and
19		replacing them, for the individuals described in
20		subsection (1);

1	(8)	Maintain credit and debit accounts for the convenience
2		of the individuals described in subsection (1) and
3		open new accounts; and
4	(9)	Continue payments incidental to the membership or
5		affiliation of the principal in a religious
6		institution, club, society, order, or other
7		organization or to continue contributions to those
8		organizations.
9	(b)	Authority with respect to personal and family
10	maintenan	ce shall be neither dependent upon, nor limited by,
11	authority	that an agent may or may not have with respect to
12	gifts und	er this chapter.
13	S	-44 Benefits from governmental programs or civil or
14	military	service. (a) In this section, "benefits from
15	governmen	tal programs or civil or military service" means any
16	benefit,	program, or assistance provided under a statute or
17	regulatio	n, including social security, medicare, and medicaid.
18	(b)	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
19	language	in a power of attorney granting general authority with
20	respect t	o benefits from governmental programs or civil or

military service shall authorize the agent to:

1	(1)	Execute vouchers in the name of the principal for
2		allowances and reimbursements payable by the United
3		States or a foreign government or by a state or
4		subdivision of a state to the principal, including
5		allowances and reimbursements for transportation of
6		the individuals described in subsection -43(a)(1),
7		and for shipment of their household effects;
8	(2)	Take possession and order the removal and shipment of
9		property of the principal from a post, warehouse,
10		depot, dock, or other place of storage or safekeeping,
11		either governmental or private, and execute and
12		deliver a release, voucher, receipt, bill of lading,
13		shipping ticket, certificate, or other instrument for
14		that purpose;
15	(3)	Enroll in, apply for, select, reject, change, amend,
16		or discontinue, on the principal's behalf, a benefit
17		or program;
18	(4)	Prepare, file, and maintain a claim of the principal
19		for a benefit or assistance, financial or otherwise,
20		to which the principal may be entitled under a statute
21		or regulation;

1	(5)	Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative
2		dispute resolution, settle, oppose, or propose or
3		accept a compromise with respect to litigation
4		concerning any benefit or assistance the principal may
5		be entitled to receive under a statute or regulation;
6		and
7	(6)	Receive the financial proceeds of a claim described in
8		subsection (4) and conserve, invest, disburse, or use
9		for a lawful purpose anything so received.
10	S	-45 Retirement plans. (a) In this section,
11	"retireme	nt plan" means a plan or account created by an
12	employer,	the principal, or another individual to provide
13	retiremen	t benefits or deferred compensation of which the
14	principal	is a participant, beneficiary, or owner, including a
15	plan or a	ccount under the following sections of the Internal
16	Revenue C	ode of 1986, as amended:
17	(1)	An individual retirement account under Internal
18		Revenue Code Section 408, title 26 United States Code
19		section 408, as amended;
20	(2)	A Roth individual retirement account under Internal
21		Revenue Code Section 408A, title 26 United States Code

section 408A, as amended;

1	(3)	A deemed individual recirement account under internal
2		Revenue Code Section 408(q), title 26 United States
3		Code section 408(q), as amended;
4	(4)	An annuity or mutual fund custodial account under
5		Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b), title 26 United
6		States Code section 403(b), as amended;
7	(5)	A pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, or other
8		retirement plan qualified under Internal Revenue Code
9		Section 401(a), title 26 United States Code section
10		401(a), as amended;
11	(6)	A plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b),
12		title 26 United States Code section 457(b), as
13		amended; and
14	(7)	A nonqualified deferred compensation plan under
15		Internal Revenue Code Section 409A, title 26 United
16		States Code section 409A, as amended.
17	(b)	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
18	language	in a power of attorney granting general authority with
19	respect t	o retirement plans shall authorize the agent to:
20	(1)	Select the form and timing of payments under a
21		retirement plan and withdraw benefits from a plan;

1	(2)	Make a rollover, including a direct trustee-to-trustee
2		rollover, of benefits from one retirement plan to
3		another;
4	(3)	Establish a retirement plan in the principal's name;
5	(4)	Make contributions to a retirement plan;
6	(5)	Exercise investment powers available under a
7		retirement plan; and
8	(6)	Borrow from, sell assets to, or purchase assets from a
9		retirement plan.
10	§ -	-46 Taxes. Unless the power of attorney otherwise
11	provides,	language in a power of attorney granting general
12	authority	with respect to taxes shall authorize the agent to:
13	(1)	Prepare, sign, and file federal, state, local, and
14		foreign income, gift, payroll, property, Federal
15		Insurance Contributions Act, and other tax returns,
16		claims for refunds, requests for extension of time,
17		petitions regarding tax matters, and any other tax-
18		related documents, including receipts, offers,
19		waivers, consents, including consents and agreements
20		under Internal Revenue Code Section 2032A, 26 title
21		United States Code section 2032A, as amended, closing
22		agreements, and any power of attorney required by the

1		Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authority
2		with respect to a tax year upon which the statute of
3		limitations has not run and the following twenty-five
4		tax years;
5	(2)	Pay taxes due, collect refunds, post bonds, receive
6		confidential information, and contest deficiencies
7		determined by the Internal Revenue Service or other
8		taxing authority;
9	(3)	Exercise any election available to the principal under
10		federal, state, local, or foreign tax law; and
11	(4)	Act for the principal in all tax matters for all
12		periods before the Internal Revenue Service, or other
13		taxing authority.
14	S	-47 Gifts. (a) In this section, a gift "for the
15	benefit o	f" a person includes a gift to a trust, an account
16	under cha	pter 553A, the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, and a
17	tuition s	avings account or prepaid tuition plan as defined under
18	Internal	Revenue Code section 529, 26 title United States Code
19	section 5	29, as amended.
20	(b)	Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
21	language	in a power of attorney granting general authority with
22	respect t	o gifts shall authorize the agent only to:

(1	_)	Make outright to, or for the benefit of, a person, a
		gift of any of the principal's property, including by
		the exercise of a presently exercisable general power
		of appointment held by the principal, in an amount per
		donee not to exceed the annual dollar limits of the
		federal gift tax exclusion under Internal Revenue Code
		Section 2503(b), title 26 United States Code section
		2503(b), as amended, without regard to whether the
		federal gift tax exclusion applies to the gift, or if
		the principal's spouse agrees to consent to a split
		gift pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 2513,
		title 26 United States Code section 2513, as amended,
		in an amount per donee not to exceed twice the annual
		federal gift tax exclusion limit; and
(2	?)	Consent, pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section
		2513, title 26 United States Code section 2513, as

(c) An agent may make a gift of the principal's propertyonly as the agent determines is consistent with the principal's

amended, to the splitting of a gift made by the

principal's spouse in an amount per donee not to

exceed the aggregate annual gift tax exclusions for

2014-0985 SB2229 SD1 SMA.doc

both spouses.

1	objective	s if actually known by the agent and, if unknown, as
2	the agent	determines is consistent with the principal's best
3	interest	based on all relevant factors, including:
4	(1)	The value and nature of the principal's property;
5	(2)	The principal's foreseeable obligations and need for
6		maintenance;
7	(3)	Minimization of taxes, including income, estate,
8		inheritance, generation-skipping transfer, and gift
9		taxes;
10	(4)	Eligibility for a benefit, a program, or assistance
11		under a statute or regulation; and
12	(5)	The principal's personal history of making or joining
13		in making gifts.
14		PART III. STATUTORY FORMS
15	S	-51 Statutory form power of attorney. A document
16	substanti	ally in the following form may be used to create a
17	statutory	form power of attorney that has the meaning and effect
18	prescribe	d by this chapter.
19	STAT	E OF HAWAII
20	STAT	UTORY FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY
21	IMPO	RTANT INFORMATION

1 This power of attorney authorizes another person (your 2 agent) to make decisions concerning your property for you (the 3 principal). Your agent will be able to make decisions and act 4 with respect to your property, including your money, whether or 5 not you are able to act for yourself. The meaning of authority 6 over subjects listed on this form is explained in the Uniform Power of Attorney Act in chapter , Hawaii Revised Statutes. 7 8 This power of attorney does not authorize the agent to make 9 health care decisions for you. 10 You should select someone you trust to serve as your agent. 11 Unless you specify otherwise, generally the agent's authority will continue until you die or revoke the power of attorney or 12 **13** the agent resigns or is unable to act for you. 14 Your agent is entitled to reasonable compensation unless 15 you state otherwise in the Special Instructions. 16 This form provides for designation of one agent. If you **17** wish to name more than one agent, you may name a co-agent in the Special Instructions. Co-agents are not required to act **18** together unless you include that requirement in the Special 19 20 Instructions.

1	If your agent is unable or unwilling to act for you, your				
2	power of attorney will end unless you have named a successor				
3	agent. You may also name a second successor agent.				
4	This power of attorney becomes effective immediately unless				
5	you state otherwise in the Special Instructions.				
6	If you have questions about the power of attorney or the				
7	authority you are granting to your agent, you should seek legal				
8	advice before signing this form.				
9					
10	DESIGNATION OF AGENT				
11	I name the following person				
12	(Name of Principal)				
13	as my agent:				
14					
15	Name of Agent:				
16					
17	Agent's Address:				
18					
19	Agent's Telephone Number:				
20					
21					
22	DESIGNATION OF SUCCESSOR AGENT(S) (OPTIONAL)				
	0014 0005 GD0000 GD1 GW3 -1-				

1	If my agent is unable or unwilling to act for me, I name as			
2	my successor agent:			
3				
4	Name of Successor Agent:			
5	<del></del>			
6	Successor Agent's Address:			
7				
8	Successor Agent's Telephone Number:			
9				
10				
11	If my successor agent is unable or unwilling to act for me			
12	I name as my second successor agent:			
13				
14	Name of Second Successor Agent:			
15	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
16	Second Successor Agent's Address:			
17	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			
18	Second Successor Agent's Telephone Number:			
19				
20				
21	GRANT OF GENERAL AUTHORITY			

1	I grant m	y agent and any successor agent general authority
2	to act for me	with respect to the following subjects as defined
3	in the Uniform	Power of Attorney Act in chapter , Hawaii
4	Revised Statut	es.
5		
6	(INITIAL	each subject you want to include in the agent's
7	general author	ity. If you wish to grant general authority over
8	all of the sub	jects you may initial "All Preceding Subjects"
9	instead of ini	tialing each subject.)
10		
11	()	Real Property
12	()	Tangible Personal Property
13	()	Stocks and Bonds
14	()	Commodities and Options
15	()	Banks and Other Financial Institutions
16	()	Operation of Entity or Business
<b>17</b>	()	Insurance and Annuities
18	()	Estates, Trusts, and Other Beneficial Interests
19	()	Claims and Litigation
20	()	Personal and Family Maintenance
21	()	Benefits from Governmental Programs or Civil or
22		Military Service

1	()	Retirement Plans
2	()	Taxes
3	()	Gifts
4	()	All Preceding Subjects
5		
6	GRANT OF	SPECIFIC AUTHORITY (OPTIONAL)
7	My agent	MAY NOT do any of the following specific acts for
8	me UNLESS I ha	ve INITIALED the specific authority listed below:
9		
10	(CAUTION:	Granting any of the following will give your
11	agent the auth	ority to take actions that could significantly
12	reduce your pr	operty or change how your property is distributed
13	at your death.	INITIAL ONLY the specific authority you WANT to
14	give your agen	t.)
15		
16	()	Create, amend, revoke, or terminate an inter
17		vivos trust
18	()	Make a gift, subject to the limitations of the
19		Uniform Power of Attorney Act under section
20		-47, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and any special
21		instructions in this power of attorney
22	()	Create or change rights of survivorship
	2014-0985 SB22	29 SD1 SMA.doc

1	()	Create or change a beneficiary designation
2	()	Authorize another person to exercise the
3		authority granted under this power of attorney
4	()	Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary
5		of a joint and survivor annuity, including a
6		survivor benefit under a retirement plan
7	()	Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has
8		authority to delegate
9		
10	LIMITATIO	ON ON AGENT'S AUTHORITY
11	An agent	that is not my ancestor, spouse, or descendant MAN
12	NOT use my pro	perty to benefit the agent or a person to whom the
13	agent owes an	obligation of support unless I have included that
14	authority in t	the Special Instructions.
15		
16	SPECIAL I	INSTRUCTIONS (OPTIONAL)
17	You may g	give special instructions on the following lines:
18		
19	<del></del>	
20		
21		
22		

1		
2		
3		EFFECTIVE DATE
4		This power of attorney is effective immediately unless I
5	have	stated otherwise in the Special Instructions.
6		
7		NOMINATION OF CONSERVATOR OR GUARDIAN (OPTIONAL)
8		If it becomes necessary for a court to appoint a
9	cons	ervator or guardian of my estate or guardian of my person, I
l0	nomi	nate the following person(s) for appointment:
l <b>1</b>		
12		Name of Nominee for conservator or guardian of my estate:
13		
<b> 4</b>		Nominee's Address:
15		
16		Nominee's Telephone Number:
17		
18		Name of Nominee for guardian of my person:
19		
20		Nominee's Address:
21		

1	Nominee's Telephone Number:
2	
3	
4	RELIANCE ON THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY
5	Any person, including my agent, may rely upon the validity
6	of this power of attorney or a copy of it unless that person
7	knows it has terminated or is invalid.
8	
9	SIGNATURE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT
10	
11	Your Signature Date
12	
13	Your Name Printed
14	
15	Your Address
16	
17	Your Telephone Number
18	
19	State of
20	County of
21	
22	This document was acknowledged before me on

1	
2	(Date)
3	by
4	(Name of Principal)
5	
6	(Seal, if any)
7	Signature of Notary
8	
9	My commission expires:
10	
11	This document prepared by:
12	
13	
14	
15	IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR AGENT
16	Agent's Duties
17	When you accept the authority granted under this power of
18	attorney, a special legal relationship is created between you
19	and the principal. This relationship imposes upon you legal
20	duties that continue until you resign or the power of attorney
21	is terminated or revoked. You must:

1	(1)	Do what you know the principal reasonably expects you
2		to do with the principal's property or, if you do not
3		know the principal's expectations, act in the
4		principal's best interest;
5	(2)	Act in good faith;
6	(3)	Do nothing beyond the authority granted in this power
7		of attorney; and
8	(4)	Disclose your identity as an agent whenever you act
9		for the principal by writing or printing the name of
10		the principal and signing your own name as "agent" in
11		the following manner:
12		
13	(Pri	ncipal's Name) by (Your Signature) as Agent
14	Unle	ss the Special Instructions in this power of attorney
15	state oth	erwise, you must also:
16	(1)	Act loyally for the principal's benefit;
17	(2)	Avoid conflicts that would impair your ability to act
18		in the principal's best interest;
19	(3)	Act with care, competence, and diligence;
20	(4)	Keep a record of all receipts, disbursements, and
21		transactions made on behalf of the principal;

1	(5)	Cooperate with any person that has authority to make
2		health care decisions for the principal to do what you
3		know the principal reasonably expects or, if you do
4		not know the principal's expectations, to act in the
5		principal's best interest; and
6	(6)	Attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan if you
7		know the plan and preserving the plan is consistent
8		with the principal's best interest.
9		
10	Term	nination of Agent's Authority
11	You	must stop acting on behalf of the principal if you
12	learn of	any event that terminates this power of attorney or
13	your auth	nority under this power of attorney. Events that
14	terminate	e a power of attorney or your authority to act under a
15	power of	attorney include:
16	(1)	Death of the principal;
17	(2)	The principal's revocation of the power of attorney or
18		your authority;
19	(3)	The occurrence of a termination event stated in the
20		power of attorney;
21	(4)	The purpose of the power of attorney is fully
22		accomplished; or

1	(5)	If you are married to the principal, a legal action is
2		filed with a court to end your marriage, or for your
3		legal separation, unless the Special Instructions in
4		this power of attorney state that such an action will
5		not terminate your authority.
6		
7	Liabi	lity of Agent
8	The π	neaning of the authority granted to you is defined in
9	the Unifor	m Power of Attorney Act, in chapter , Hawaii
10	Revised St	atutes. If you violate the Uniform Power of Attorney
11	Act in cha	pter , Hawaii Revised Statutes, or act outside
12	the author	rity granted, you may be liable for any damages caused
13	by your vi	olation.
14	If th	nere is anything about this document or your duties
15	that you d	do not understand, you should seek legal advice.
16	§ -	52 Agent's certification. The following optional
17	form may b	be used by an agent to certify facts concerning a power
18	of attorne	<b>≥</b> Y.
19	AGENT	'S CERTIFICATION AS TO THE VALIDITY OF POWER OF
20	ATTORNEY A	AND AGENT'S AUTHORITY
21		
22	State	e of

1	Coun	ty of
2		
3	I,	(Name of
4	Agent), c	ertify under penalty of perjury that
5		(Name of Principal)
6	granted m	e authority as an agent or successor agent in a power
7	of attorn	ey dated
8	•	
9	I fu	rther certify that to my knowledge:
10	(1)	The Principal is alive and has not revoked the Power
11		of Attorney or my authority to act under the Power of
12		Attorney and the Power of Attorney and my authority to
13		act under the Power of Attorney have not terminated;
14	(2)	If the Power of Attorney was drafted to become
15		effective upon the happening of an event or
16		contingency, the event or contingency has occurred;
17	(3)	If I was named as a successor agent, the prior agent
18		is no longer able or willing to serve; and
19	(4)	
20		
21		
22		

1	(Insert other relevant statements)	
2		
3	SIGNATURE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT	
4		
5	Agent's Signature Da	te
6		
7	Agent's Name Printed	
8		
9	Agent's Address	
10		
11	Agent's Telephone Number	
12		
13	This document was acknowledged before	e me on
14		
15	(Date)	
16	by	·
17	(Name of Agent)	
18		
19		(Seal, if any
20	Signature of Notary	
21		
22	My commission expires:	

1	
2	This document prepared by:
3	
4	
5	PART IV. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
6	§ -61 Uniformity of application and construction. In
7	applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be
8	given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect
9	to its subject matter among the states that enact it.
10	§ -62 Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and
11	National Commerce Act. This chapter modifies, limits, and
12	supersedes the federal Electronic Signatures in Global and
13	National Commerce Act, title 15 United States Code section 7001
14	et seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede section 101(c
15	of that Act, title 15 United States Code section 7001(c), or
16	authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described is
17	section 103(b) of that Act, title 15 United States Code section
18	7003(b).
19	§ -63 Effect on existing powers of attorney. Except as
20	otherwise provided in this chapter, on the effective date of
21	this chapter:

1	(1)	This chapter shall apply to a power of attorney
2		created before, on, or after the effective date of
3		this chapter;
4	(2)	This chapter shall apply to a judicial proceeding
5		concerning a power of attorney commenced on or after
6		the effective date of this chapter;
7	(3)	This chapter shall apply to a judicial proceeding
8		concerning a power of attorney commenced before the
9		effective date of this chapter, unless the court finds
10		that application of a provision of this chapter would
11		substantially interfere with the effective conduct of
12		the judicial proceeding or prejudice the rights of a
13		party, in which case that provision shall not apply
14		and the superseded law shall apply; and
15	(4)	An act done before the effective date of this chapter
16		shall not be affected by this chapter."
17	SECT	ION 2. Section 412:4-100, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended by	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
19	"(b)	Other provisions of the laws of this State,
20	including	, but not limited to, chapter 490, the Uniform
21	Commercia	l Code, [ <del>chapter 551D, the Uniform Durable Power of</del>
22	Attorney .	Act, chapter , the Uniform Power of Attorney Act,
	2014-0985	SB2229 SD1 SMA doc

- 1 chapter 553A, Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, chapter 556, the
- 2 Uniform Fiduciaries Act, chapter 560, the Uniform Probate Code,
- 3 and any successor or similar acts shall also be applicable to
- 4 deposits in this State. The rights, protections, releases and
- 5 discharges of financial institutions with respect to its
- 6 depositors or third parties contained in this article and other
- 7 applicable laws shall be cumulative."
- 8 SECTION 3. Section 432E-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 9 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
- 10 "(c) The provider shall discuss with the enrollee and the
- 11 enrollee's immediate family both advanced health-care
- 12 directives, as provided for in chapter 327E, and durable powers
- 13 of attorney in relation to medical treatment[, as provided for
- 14 in chapter 327E and section 551D-2.5]."
- 15 SECTION 4. Chapter 551D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 repealed.
- 17 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 18 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 19 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

#### Report Title:

Uniform Power of Attorney Act; Authority; Principals; Agents

#### Description:

Establishes the Uniform Power of Attorney Act. Defines the levels of authority granted in a power of attorney to the principal's agent. Requires the agent to act in good faith and within the scope of authority granted in the power of attorney. Provides sample documents to be used to create a statutory form power of attorney. Repeals Chapter 551D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the Uniform Durable Power of Attorney Act. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.