A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INDUSTRIAL HEMP.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Section 7606 of the
- 2 United States Agricultural Act of 2014 authorizes institutions
- 3 of higher education and state departments of agriculture to
- 4 conduct industrial hemp research. The legislature also finds
- 5 that industrial hemp can be grown or cultivated for research
- 6 purposes.
- 7 The legislature further finds that the State will benefit
- 8 from research for phytoremediation, which is the
- 9 environmentally-friendly science of using plants and trees to
- 10 remove toxins in the soil, such as metals, pesticides, solvents,
- 11 explosives, and crude oil. These toxins can be reduced by
- 12 planting specific plants and trees, called hyperaccumulators, in
- 13 polluted areas. Specifically, these plants and trees draw in
- 14 the toxins, along with beneficial nutrients, through their roots
- 15 as nourishment and concentrate them in their stems, shoots, and
- 16 leaves, which can then be harvested and disposed of safely. The
- 17 nutrient uptake process leaves a clean, balanced, and nutrient

- 1 rich soil, which can then be safely used for agriculture or
- 2 improving conservation habitats.
- 3 The legislature additionally finds that hemp is a superior
- 4 phytoremediator because it grows quickly and can extract toxins
- 5 without the need to remove any of the contaminated topsoil.
- 6 Other factors that make hemp a superior phytoremediator are its
- 7 ability to grow unaffected by the toxins it accumulates, its
- 8 fast rate of absorption, and its ability to bind compound
- 9 contaminants from the air and the soil. A factor that makes the
- 10 State a particularly compelling candidate for hemp-based
- 11 phytoremediation is that the State's extensive agricultural
- 12 operations in the past have left toxins in vast tracts of land.
- 13 Phytoremediation will remove those toxins.
- 14 The legislature also finds that industrial hemp is an
- 15 environmentally friendly and efficient feedstock for biofuel.
- 16 Biodiesel plants already in existence in the State are capable
- 17 of meeting eight per cent of the State's biodiesel needs for
- 18 ground transportation. These biodiesel plants could increase
- 19 their efficiency by utilizing industrial hemp as a feedstock,
- 20 thus reducing the State's reliance on imported fuel.
- 21 The purpose of this Act is to authorize the dean of the
- 22 college of tropical agriculture and human resources at the

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- 1 University of Hawaii at Manoa to establish a two-year industrial
- 2 hemp remediation and biofuel crop research program.
- 3 SECTION 2. (a) The dean of the college of tropical
- 4 agriculture and human resources at the University of Hawaii may
- 5 establish a two-year industrial hemp remediation and biofuel
- 6 crop research program that shall include the authority to grow
- 7 or cultivate industrial hemp in accordance with the requirements
- 8 established under section 7606 of the federal Agricultural Act
- 9 of 2014 (Public Law 113-79), provided that the authority to grow
- 10 or cultivate industrial hemp under this Act shall only apply to
- 11 industrial hemp grown or cultivated for the research program
- 12 established under this Act. Through the research program, the
- 13 dean may determine how soils and water may be made more pristine
- 14 and healthy by phytoremediation, removal of contaminants, and
- 15 rejuvenation through the growth of industrial hemp, as well as
- 16 the viability of industrial hemp as a biofuel feedstock. The
- 17 dean may work in collaboration with the United States Army Corps
- 18 of Engineers, its affiliates, and the department of molecular
- 19 biosciences and bioengineering at the University of Hawaii John
- 20 A. Burns school of medicine to determine the viability of
- 21 industrial hemp as a biofuel feedstock.

- 1 (b) The department of agriculture shall certify that the
- 2 seed stock to be used in the research program is for growing
- 3 industrial hemp. The research program established under
- 4 subsection (a) shall only use industrial hemp seed stock that is
- 5 certified by the department of agriculture. If the seed stock
- 6 cannot be verified by the department of agriculture as
- 7 industrial hemp seed stock, the dean shall not commence the
- 8 growing or cultivation of industrial hemp for the research
- 9 program.
- 10 (c) The research program shall use only one test site to
- 11 grow and cultivate industrial hemp.
- 12 (d) The dean of the college of tropical agriculture and
- 13 human resources at the University of Hawaii shall submit a final
- 14 report, including any proposed legislation, to the legislature
- 15 no later than twenty days prior to the convening of the regular
- 16 session of 2016 on the following:
- 17 (1) The rate of contamination uptake from soil and water;
- 18 (2) The mode of efficient uptake from soil and water;
- 19 (3) The rate of carbon fixation in the Calvin cycle;
- 20 (4) The locations in the roots, stems, leaves, and flowers
- of the plants at which contaminants are fixated;
- 22 (5) What contaminants are stabilized in the plants;

1	(6)	What contaminants on the site need additional
2		treatment in order to make the soil or water healthy
3		and pristine;
4	(7)	A baseline for plants cultivated in a clean soil;
5	(8)	The viability of industrial hemp as a biofuel
6		feedstock; and
7	(9)	Any other data deemed important by the dean.
8	(e)	For purposes of this Act, the term "industrial hemp"
9	means the	plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of that plant,
10	whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol	
11	concentration of not more than 0.3 per cent on a dry weight	
12	basis. Any plant that meets the definition of "industrial hemp"	
13	under this Act shall not constitute "marijuana" as defined in	
14	section 329-1 or 712-1240, Hawaii Revised Statutes.	
15	SECT	ION 3. (a) No person shall be subject to any civil or
16	criminal sanctions in this State for growing or possessing	
17	industrial hemp; provided that the person's growing or	
18	possession of industrial hemp is part of the person's	
19	participation in the two-year industrial hemp remediation and	
20	biofuel crop research program and the person's participation is	
21	in full compliance with the requirements of the program.	

- 1 (b) The department of agriculture shall test and monitor
- 2 the plants growing on the test site to ensure that no marijuana
- 3 is grown on the site. If marijuana is found to be growing or
- 4 being cultivated on the test site, then the research project
- 5 shall cease immediately.
- 6 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2014, and
- 7 shall be repealed on July 1, 2016.

Report Title:

Industrial Hemp; Two-year Industrial Hemp Remediation and Biofuel Crop Research Program; College of Tropical Agriculture and Human Resources; University of Hawaii

Description:

Authorizes the Dean of the College of Tropical Agriculture and Human Resources at the University of Hawaii at Manoa to establish a two-year industrial hemp remediation and biofuel research program. Requires a final report to the legislature prior to the convening of the regular session of 2016. Defines industrial hemp. Repeals 07/01/2016. (SB2175 HD2)

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