JAN 2 4 2013

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 237-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending the definition of "representative" to read 3 as follows: 4 ""Representative" means any salesperson, commission agent, 5 manufacturer's representative, broker or other person who is ^ authorized or employed by an unlicensed seller to [assist such 6 seller in conduct activities in this State that are 7 8 significantly associated with the seller's ability to establish 9 or maintain a market in this State for the seller's sales, including selling property for use in the State, [by] procuring 10 11 orders for [such] sales, and making collections or deliveries 12 [or otherwise, and who carries on such activities in the State], 13 it being immaterial whether such activities are regular or 14 intermittent[; but the term "representative" does not include a 15 manufacturer's representative whose functions are wholly 16 promotional and to act as liaison between an unlicensed seller 17 and a seller or sellers, and which do not include the procuring, 18 soliciting or accepting of orders for property or the making of

1	deliveries of property, or the collecting of payment for
2	deliveries of property, or the keeping of books of account
3	concerning property orders, deliveries or collections
4	transpiring between an unlicensed seller and a seller or
5	sellers]. Any unlicensed seller who in person carries on any
6	such activity in the State shall also be classed as a
7	representative."
8	SECTION 2. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended as follows:
10	"§237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and
11	shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
12	persons on account of their business and other activities in the
13	State measured by the application of rates against values of
14	products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
15	specified, as follows:
16	(1) Tax on manufacturers.
17	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
18	the State in the business of manufacturing,
19	including compounding, canning, preserving,
20	packing, printing, publishing, milling,
21	processing, refining, or preparing for sale,
22	profit, or commercial use, either directly or

1		through the activity of others, in whole or in
2		part, any article or articles, substance or
3		substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
4		of the tax to be equal to the value of the
5		articles, substances, or commodities,
6		manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,
7		packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
8		prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
9		derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer
10		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
11		them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent.
12	(B)	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the

- (B) The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the value of the entire product for sale, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries may be made to points outside the State.
- (C) If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers ships or transports the person's product, or any part thereof, out of the State, whether in a finished or unfinished condition, or sells the same for delivery to points outside the State (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of

the products in the condition or form in which they exist immediately before entering interstate or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter provided, shall be the basis for the assessment of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax shall be due and payable as of the date of entry of the products into interstate or foreign commerce, whether the products are then sold or not. The department shall determine the basis for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as follows:

(i) If the products at the time of their entry into interstate or foreign commerce already have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale, less the transportation expenses, if any, incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for transportation from the time of entry of the products into interstate or foreign commerce, including insurance and storage in transit, shall be the measure of the value of the products;

1	(ii)	If the products have not been sold at the
2		time of their entry into interstate or
3		foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
4		clause (i) in which the products are sold
5		under circumstances such that the gross
6		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
7		true value of the products, the value of the
8		products constituting the basis for
9		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
10		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
11		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
12		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
13		data are not available, sales in the State,
14		of similar products of like quality and
15		character and in similar quantities, made by
16		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
17		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
18		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
19		may be considered when they constitute the
20		best available data. The department shall
21		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
22		ascertaining the values;

1		(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
2			approval of the department, the taxpayer may
3			make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
4			even though the products have not been sold
5			at the time of their entry into interstate
6			or foreign commerce; and
7		(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
8			State in an unfinished condition, the basis
9			for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
10			deduct the portion of the value as is
11			attributable to the finishing of the goods
12			outside the State.
13	(2)	Tax on bu	siness of selling tangible personal property
14		producing	•
15		(A) Upon	every person engaging or continuing within
16		this	State in the business of selling any
17		tang	ible personal property whatsoever (not
18		incl	uding, however, bonds or other evidence of
19		inde	btedness, or stocks), there is likewise
20		here	by levied, and shall be assessed and
21		coll	ected, a tax equivalent to four per cent of
22		the	gross proceeds of sales of the business;

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1		provided that insofar as the sale of tangible
2		personal property is a wholesale sale under
3		section [+]237-4(a)(8)[+], the sale shall be
4		subject to section 237-13.3. Upon every person
5		engaging or continuing within this State in the
6		business of a producer, the tax shall be equal to
7		one-half of one per cent of the gross proceeds o
8		sales of the business, or the value of the
9		products, for sale, if sold for delivery outside
10		the State or shipped or transported out of the
11		State, and the value of the products shall be
12		determined in the same manner as the value of
13		manufactured products covered in the cases under
14		paragraph [(1)(C).] <u>(1)(J).</u>
15	(B)	Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in

Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in (B) interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute a part of the measure of the tax imposed on persons in the business of selling tangible personal property, to the extent, under the conditions, and in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and the Acts of the Congress of the United States which

1		may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted,
2		and whenever there occurs in the State an
3		activity to which, under the Constitution and
4		Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross
5		proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so
6		attributed.
7	<u>(C)</u>	For purposes of this section, a seller is
8		"engaging or continuing within this State in
9		business" within the meaning of subparagraph
10		(2)(A) if the seller, regularly or
11		intermittently, owns any property, maintains any
12		place of business, or uses any representative in
13		the State, irrespective of whether the person has
14		qualified to do business in the State.
15	(D)	For purposes of this section, a seller shall be
16		presumed to be "engaging or continuing within
17		this State in business" within the meaning of
18		subparagraph (A) if an affiliated person has
19		substantial nexus in the state or if any person,
20		other than a person acting in its capacity as a
21		common carrier, that has substantial nexus in
22		this State:

1	<u>(i)</u>	Sells a similar line of products as the
2		seller and does so under the same or a
3		similar business name;
4	<u>(ii)</u>	Maintains an office, distribution facility,
5		warehouse, storage place, or similar place
6		of business in the State to facilitate the
7		delivery of property or services sold by the
8		seller to the seller's customers;
9	<u>(iii)</u>	Uses trademarks, service marks, or trade
10		names in the State that are the same or
11		substantially similar to those used by the
12		seller;
13	<u>(iv)</u>	Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs
14		maintenance services for the seller's
15		customers within the State;
16	<u>(v)</u>	Facilitates the seller's delivery of
17		property to customers in the State by
18		allowing the seller's customers to pick up
19		property sold by the seller at an office,
20		distribution facility, warehouse, storage
21		place, or similar place of business
22		maintained by the person in the State; or



1		(vi) Conducts any other activities in the State
2		that are significantly associated with the
3		seller's ability to establish and maintain a
4		market in the State for the seller's sales.
5	(E)	The presumption that a seller is "engaging or
6		continuing in business within this State" within
7		the meaning of subparagraph (D) of this section
8		may be rebutted by demonstrating that the
9		activities of the person or affiliated person in
10		the State are not significantly associated with
11		the seller's ability to establish or maintain a
12		market in this State for the seller's sales.
13	<u>(F)</u>	For purposes of this section, a seller shall be
14		presumed to be "engaging or continuing in
15		business within this State" if the seller enters
16		into an agreement with one or more residents of
17		this State under which the resident, for a
18		commission or other consideration, directly or
19		indirectly refers potential customers, whether by
20		a link on an internet website, by telemarketing,
21		by an in-person oral presentation, or otherwise,
22		to the seller, if the cumulative gross receipts

	Trom sales by the seller to customers in the
2	State who are referred to the seller by all
3	residents with this type of an agreement with the
4	seller is in excess of \$10,000 during the
5	preceding twelve months.
6 <u>(G)</u>	The presumption that a seller is "engaging or
7	continuing in business within this State" within
8	the meaning of subparagraph (F) may be rebutted
9	by submitting proof that the residents with whom
10	the seller has an agreement did not engage in any
11	activity within the State that was significantly
12	associated with the seller's ability to establish
13	or maintain the seller's market in this State
14	during the preceding twelve months. Such proof
15	may consist of sworn written statements from all
16	of the residents with whom the seller has an
17	agreement stating that they did not engage in any
18	solicitation in this State on behalf of the
19	seller during the preceding year; provided that
20	such statements were provided and obtained in
21	good faith. Subparagraph (F) shall take effect
22	ninety days after the effective date of this Act

1		and shall apply to sales made, uses occurring,
2		and services rendered on or after the effective
3		date of this Act in accordance with the
4		applicable transition provisions and without
5		regard to the date the seller and the resident
6		entered into the agreement described in
7		subparagraph (F); provided that the term "the
8		preceding twelve months" as used in subparagraph
9		(F) may include the twelve months commencing
10		prior to the effective date of this Act.
11	(H)	If any person sells or leases tangible personal
12		property or services to the State, a state
13		department, a state agency, or an agent thereof,
14		that person and any affiliated person, as a
15		prerequisite for any such sale or lease, shall
16		register with the department of taxation as a
17		seller required to collect tax and comply with
18		all legal requirements imposed on such sellers,
19		including the requirement to collect and remit
20		the tax imposed by this chapter.
21	<u>(I)</u>	For purposes of this section, the term
22		"affiliated person" means any person that is a

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1		member of the same "controlled group of
2		corporations" as defined in section 1563(a) of
3		the Internal Revenue Code as the seller or any
4		other entity that, notwithstanding its form of
5		organization, bears the same ownership
6		relationship to the seller as a corporation that
7		is a member of the same "controlled group of
8		corporations" as defined in section 1563(a) of
9		the Internal Revenue Code.
10	[(C)]	(J) No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such
11		business in the State and selling the
12		manufacturer's or producer's products for
13		delivery outside of the State (for example,
14		consigned to a mainland purchaser via common
15		carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to
16		pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
17		privilege of so selling the products, and the
18		value or gross proceeds of sales of the products
19		shall be included only in determining the measure
20		of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or
21		producer.

1	[(D)]	(K) When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in
2		such business in the State, also is engaged in
3		selling the manufacturer's or producer's products
4		in the State at wholesale, retail, or in any
5		other manner, the tax for the privilege of
6		engaging in the business of selling the products
7		in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or
8		producer as well as the tax for the privilege of
9		manufacturing or producing in the State, and the
10		manufacturer or producer shall make the returns
11		of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail,
12		or other sales required for the privilege of
13		selling in the State, as well as making the
14		returns of the value or gross proceeds of sales
15		of the products required for the privilege of
16		manufacturing or producing in the State. The
17		manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax
18		imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
19		selling its products in the State, and the value
20		or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus
21		subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as
22		duplicated as to the same products by the measure

1		of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for
2		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
3		the State; provided that no producer of
4		agricultural products who sells the products to a
5		purchaser who will process the products outside
6		the State shall be required to pay the tax
7		imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
8		producing or selling those products.
9	[(E)]	(L) A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
10		contractor may make the election provided for by
11		paragraph (3)(C), and in that case the tax shall
12		be computed pursuant to the election,
13		notwithstanding this paragraph or paragraph (1)
14		to the contrary.
15	[(F)]	$\underline{\text{(M)}}$ The department, by rule, may require that a
16		seller take from the purchaser of tangible
17		personal property a certificate, in a form
18		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
19		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
20		(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
21		shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
22		upon demand, the amount of the additional



1			tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
2			the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
3		(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
4			give rise to the presumption that the sale
5			is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
6			business are exclusively at wholesale.
7	(3)	Tax upon	contractors.
8		(A) Upon	every person engaging or continuing within
9		the	State in the business of contracting, the tax
10		shal	l be equal to four per cent of the gross
11		inco	me of the business.
12		(B) In c	omputing the tax levied under this paragraph,
13		ther	e shall be deducted from the gross income of
14		the	taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
15		in t	he measure of the tax levied under
16		subp	aragraph (A), on:
17		(i)	Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
18			defined in section 237-6;
19		(ii)	A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
20			department of commerce and consumer affairs
21			pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
22			specialty contractor's business; or

1	(iii) A specialty contractor who is not licensed
2	by the department of commerce and consumer
3	affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
4	performs contracting activities on federal
5	military installations and nowhere else in
6	this State;
7	provided that any person claiming a deduction
8	under this paragraph shall be required to show in
9	the person's return the name and general excise
10	number of the person paying the tax on the amount
11	deducted by the person.
12	(C) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph
13	against any federal cost-plus contractor, there
14	shall be excluded from the gross income of the
15	contractor so much thereof as fulfills the
16	following requirements:
17	(i) The gross income exempted shall constitute
18	reimbursement of costs incurred for
19	materials, plant, or equipment purchased
20	from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter,
21	not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of

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the taxpayer on account of the transaction;

2	and
3	(ii) The taxpayer making the sale shall have
4	certified to the department that the
5	taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
6	gross proceeds of the sale, and that the
7	taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross
8	income computed the same as upon a sale to
9	the state government.
10	(D) A person who, as a business or as a part of a
11	business in which the person is engaged, erects,
12	constructs, or improves any building or
13	structure, of any kind or description, or makes,
14	constructs, or improves any road, street,
15	sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other

upon the sale or other disposition of the land or 19 improvements, even if the work was not done

pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the

improvements on land held by the person (whether

held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise),

same tax as if engaged in the business of

contracting, unless the person shows that at the

1	time the person was engaged in making the
2	improvements the person intended, and for the
3	period of at least one year after completion of
4	the building, structure, or other improvements
5	the person continued to intend to hold and not
6	sell or otherwise dispose of the land or
7	improvements. The tax in respect of the
8	improvements shall be measured by the amount of
9	the proceeds of the sale or other disposition
10	that is attributable to the erection,
11	construction, or improvement of such building or
12	structure, or the making, constructing, or
13	improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer,
14	or water system, or other improvements. The
15	measure of tax in respect of the improvements
16	shall not exceed the amount which would have been
17	taxable had the work been performed by another,
18	subject as in other cases to the deductions
19	allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the election
20	of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied
21	notwithstanding that the improvements were not
22	made by the taxpayer, or were not made as a

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business or as a part of a business, or were made with the intention of holding the same. However, this paragraph shall not apply in respect of any proceeds that constitute or are in the nature of rent; all such gross income shall be taxable under paragraph (9); provided that insofar as the business of renting or leasing real property under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5, the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5.

- (4) Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting stations, etc.
 - (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in the business of operating a theater, opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville, amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio broadcasting station, or any other place at which amusements are offered to the public, the tax shall be equal to four per cent of the gross income of the business[, and in the case of a sale of an amusement at wholesale under section 237-4(a)(13), the tax shall be subject to section 237-13.3].

1		(B) The d	department may require that the person
2		rende	ering an amusement at wholesale take from the
3		licer	nsed seller a certificate, in a form
4		preso	cribed by the department, certifying that the
5		sale	is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
6		(i)	Any licensed seller who furnishes a
7			certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
8			person rendering the amusement, upon demand,
9			the amount of additional tax that is imposed
10			upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
11			wholesale; and
12		(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
13			give rise to the presumption that the sale
14			is not at wholesale unless the person
15			rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
16			the amusement at wholesale.
17	(5)	Tax upon s	sales representatives, etc. Upon every
18		person cla	assified as a representative or purchasing
19		agent unde	er section 237-1, engaging or continuing
20		within the	e State in the business of performing
21		services f	for another, other than as an employee, there

is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and

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1	collected a tax equal to four per cent of the
2	commissions and other compensation attributable to the
3	services so rendered by the person.

- (6) Tax on service business.
 - (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in any service business or calling including professional services not otherwise specifically taxed under this chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to four per cent of the gross income of the business, and in the case of a wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10), the tax shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the gross income of the business. [Notwithstanding the foregoing, a wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10) shall be subject to section 237-13.3.]
 - (B) The department may require that the person rendering a service at wholesale take from the licensed seller a certificate, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying that the sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:

1	(1) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
2	certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
3	person rendering the service, upon demand,
4	the amount of additional tax that is imposed
5	upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
6	wholesale; and
7	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
8	give rise to the presumption that the sale
9	is not at wholesale unless the person
10	rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
11	services at wholesale.
12	(C) Where any person is engaged in the business of
13	selling interstate or foreign common carrier
14	telecommunication services within and without the
15	State, other than as a home service provider, the
16	tax shall be imposed on that portion of gross
17	income received by a person from service which is
18	originated or terminated in this State and is
19	charged to a telephone number, customer, or
20	account in this State notwithstanding any other
21	state law (except for the exemption under section
22	237-23(a)(1)) to the contrary. If, under the

1		constitution and laws of the united states, the
2		entire gross income as determined under this
3		paragraph of a business selling interstate or
4		foreign common carrier telecommunication services
5		cannot be included in the measure of the tax, the
6		gross income shall be apportioned as provided in
7		section 237-21; provided that the apportionment
8		factor and formula shall be the same for all
9		persons providing those services in the State.
10	(D)	Where any person is engaged in the business of a
11		home service provider, the tax shall be imposed
12		on the gross income received or derived from
13		providing interstate or foreign mobile
14		telecommunications services to a customer with a
15		place of primary use in this State when such
16		services originate in one state and terminate in
17		another state, territory, or foreign country;
18		provided that all charges for mobile
19		telecommunications services which are billed by
20		or for the home service provider are deemed to be

provided by the home service provider at the

customer's place of primary use, regardless of

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1	where the mobile telecommunications originate,
2	terminate, or pass through; provided further that
3	the income from charges specifically derived from
4	interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications
5	services, as determined by books and records that
6	are kept in the regular course of business by the
7	home service provider in accordance with section
8	239-24, shall be apportioned under any
9	apportionment factor or formula adopted under
10	subparagraph (C). Gross income shall not
11	include:
12	(i) Gross receipts from mobile
13	telecommunications services provided to a
14	customer with a place of primary use outside
15	this State;
16	(ii) Gross receipts from mobile
17	telecommunications services that are subject
18	to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
19	(iii) Gross receipts from mobile
20	telecommunications services taxed under
21	section 237-13.8; and

1		(iv) Gross receipts of a home service provider
2		acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
3		telecommunications services to another home
4		service provider's customer.
5		For the purposes of this paragraph, "charges for
6		mobile telecommunications services", "customer",
7		"home service provider", "mobile
8		telecommunications services", "place of primary
9		use", and "serving carrier" have the same meaning
10		as in section 239-22.
11	(7)	Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged
12		as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there
13		is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a
14		tax equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to
15		that activity.
16	(8)	Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
17		amounts received from the United States government by
18		any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal
19		representative or heirs), as defined under and by
20		virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other
21		Acts of the Congress of the United States relating
22		thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of

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one per cent of the gross amount received; provided that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so received and actually disbursed to another by a producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim on the producer's return a deduction from the gross amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph shall not be taxable under any other paragraph, subsection, or section of this chapter.

(9) Tax on other business. Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling not included in the preceding paragraphs or any other provisions of this chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected, a tax equal to four per cent of the gross income thereof. In addition, the rate prescribed by this paragraph shall apply to a business taxable under one or more of the preceding paragraphs or other provisions of this chapter, as to any gross

1	income thereof not taxed thereunder as gross income or
2	gross proceeds of sales or by taxing an equivalent
3	value of products, unless specifically exempted."
4	SECTION 3. Section 237-25, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
6	"(b) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to exempt any
7	sales to or by a federal cost-plus contractor, as defined in
8	chapter 237, or the gross proceeds thereof; with respect to all
9	such activities and transactions, taxes shall be levied,
10	returned, computed, and assessed the same as if this section had
11	not been enacted, and in the case of an election made under
12	sections $[\frac{237-13(2)(F)}{237-13(2)(M)}]$ and 237-13(3)(C)(ii), the
13	tax shall be computed the same as upon a sale to the state
14	government."
15	SECTION 4. Section 238-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended by amending the definition of "representation" to read
17	as follows:
18	""Representation" refers to any or all of the following:
19	(1) A seller being present in the State; and
20	(2) A seller having in the State a salesperson, commission
21	agent, manufacturer's representative, broker, or other
22	person who is authorized or employed by the seller to

1	[assist] conduct activities in this State that are
2	significantly associated with the seller's ability to
3	establish or maintain a market in this State for the
4	seller's sales, including assisting the seller in
5	selling property, services, or contracting for use or
6	consumption in the State, [by] procuring orders for
7	the sales, <u>and</u> making collections or deliveries[, or
8	otherwise; and
9	(3) A seller having in the State a person upon whom
10	process directed to the seller from the courts of the
11	State may be served, including the director of
12	commerce and consumer affairs and the deputy director
13	in the cases provided in section 414-64]."
14	SECTION 5. Section 238-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	"§238-6 Collection of tax by seller; penalty. (a) For
17	purposes of the taxes due under sections 238-2 and 238-2.3,
18	every seller [having in the State, regularly]:
19	(1) Regularly or intermittently, owning any property,
20	[tangible or intangible,] maintaining any place of
21	business, or <u>using</u> any representation as hereinabove
22	$defined[_{7}]$ in the State (and irrespective of the
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1	seller's having or not having qualified to do business					
2	in the State); or					
3	(2) Who is otherwise engaged in business in the State as					
4	defined in subsection (g);					
5	shall, if the seller is described under paragraph (1) and makes					
6	sales of property, services, or contracting for use in the State					
7	(whether or not the sales are made in the State), or if the					
8	seller is described under paragraph (2) and makes sales of					
9	tangible personal property for use in the State as described in					
10	section 238-2, collect from the purchaser the taxes imposed by					
11	sections 238-2 and 238-2.3, on the use of the property,					
12	services, or contracting, as applicable, so sold by the seller,					
13	if the seller is not subject to the use tax under this chapter					
14	on the importation of the property into the State. The					
15	collection shall be made within twenty days after the accrual of					
16	the tax or within such other period as shall be fixed by the					
17	director of taxation upon the application of the seller, and the					
18	seller shall give to the purchaser a receipt therefor in the					
19	manner and form prescribed by the director; provided that this					
20	subsection shall not apply to vehicles registered under section					
21	286-50.					

1 The director, in the director's discretion, upon (b) 2 application therefor and under terms and conditions prescribed 3 by the director, may relieve any seller of the duty of collecting and paying over the tax imposed by subsection (a) 4 5 above, if the director is satisfied that the tax can be 6 effectively collected by other means. Exemption from the duty 7 of collecting the tax may be canceled at any time when the 8 director finds that the tax cannot be effectively collected by 9 other means. The director likewise may terminate the duty and 10 authority of any seller to collect and pay over the tax imposed 11 by subsection (a) above if the director finds, as to such 12 seller, that the tax cannot be effectively collected by such 13 means. 14 The director, in the director's discretion, upon 15 application therefor and under terms and conditions prescribed by the director, may authorize the collection of the tax imposed 16 17 by this chapter by a seller not otherwise required to collect 18 the tax. The seller, when so authorized, shall have the duty of 19 collecting and paying over the tax in the same manner and 20 subject to the same requirements as set out in subsection (a). 21 The authority may be canceled at any time when, in the judgment

- 1 of the director, the tax can more effectively be collected by
- 2 other means.
- 3 (d) In case any seller required or authorized to collect
- 4 the tax under this chapter fails to collect the same, or having
- 5 collected the tax fails to pay over the same as provided by this
- 6 chapter, the seller shall nevertheless be personally liable to
- 7 the State for the amount of the tax, but it shall be a defense
- 8 to such liability that the indebtedness for the price is a
- 9 worthless account actually charged off for income tax purposes,
- 10 if and to the extent that the collections of the price do not
- 11 equal the tax.
- 12 (e) Every seller required or authorized to collect the tax
- 13 shall make returns and payments of the tax at the same time and
- 14 in the same manner as is provided with respect to taxpayer by
- 15 section 238-5. All provisions of this chapter with respect to
- 16 returns, reports, records, payments, penalties, and interest,
- 17 appeals, investigations, and audits, assessments, tax
- 18 collections procedure, criminal offenses, and the general
- 19 administrative powers and duties of the director, shall apply to
- 20 such sellers the same as to taxpayers.
- 21 (f) The tax collected pursuant to this section shall be
- 22 held in trust for the State and for payment to the proper



1	collecting officer in the manner and at the time required by						
2	this chapter. Any person collecting such tax who appropriates						
3	or converts the same to the person's own use or to any use other						
4	than the payment of the tax as herein provided, and who fails to						
5	pay over the amount of tax so collected at the time required by						
6	this chapter, shall be deemed guilty of an embezzlement of						
7	property of the State and shall be fined more than five times						
8	the amount of money so embezzled or imprisoned at hard labor not						
9	more than ten years, and any failure by the person so collecting						
10	the tax to pay the same over within the time provided by this						
11	chapter, after demand therefor, shall be taken and held to be						
12	prima facie evidence of the embezzlement.						
13	(g) For purposes of this section, a seller shall be						
14	presumed to be "engaged in business in the State" if:						
15	(1) Any person, other than a person acting in its capacity						
16	as a common carrier, that has substantial nexus in						
17	this State:						
18	(A) Sells a similar line of products as the seller						
19	and does so under the same or a similar business						
20	<pre>name;</pre>						
21	(B) Maintains an office, distribution facility,						
22	warehouse, storage place, or similar place of						

1			business in the State to facilitate the delivery
2			of property or services sold by the seller to the
3			seller's customers;
4		(C)	Uses trademarks, service marks, or trade names in
5			the State that are the same or substantially
6			similar to those used by the seller;
7		<u>(D)</u>	Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs
8			maintenance services for the seller's customers
9			within the State;
10		(E)	Facilitates the seller's delivery of property to
11			customers in the State by allowing the seller's
12			customers to pick up property sold by the seller
13			at an office, distribution facility, warehouse,
14			storage place, or similar place of business
15			maintained by the person in the State; or
16		(F)	Conducts any other activities in the State that
17			are significantly associated with the seller's
18			ability to establish and maintain a market in the
19			State for the seller's sales; or
20	(2)	<u>An a</u>	ffiliated person has substantial nexus in the
21		Stat	<u>e.</u>

- (h) The presumption that a seller is "engaged in business 1 2 in the State" within the meaning of subsection (g) may be rebutted by demonstrating that the activities of the person or 3 4 affiliated person in the State are not significantly associated with the seller's ability to establish or maintain a market in 5 6 this State for the seller's sales. 7 (i) For purposes of this section, "engaged in business in the State" is also presumed to include every seller that has 8 9 entered into an agreement with one or more residents of this 10 State under which the resident, for a commission or other 11 consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential 12 customers, whether by a link on an internet website, by 13 telemarketing, by an in-person oral presentation, or otherwise, 14 to the seller, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by 15 the seller to customers in the State who are referred to the 16 seller by all residents with this type of an agreement with the 17 seller is in excess of \$10,000 during the preceding twelve 18 months. 19 The presumption that a seller is "engaged in business 20 in the State" within the meaning of subsection (i) may be 21 rebutted by submitting proof that the residents with whom the 22 seller has an agreement did not engage in any activity within 2013-0721 SB SMA.doc

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the State that was significantly associated with the seller's 1 2 ability to establish or maintain the seller's market in this State during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may 3 4 consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents 5 with whom the seller has an agreement stating that they did not 6 engage in any solicitation in this State of behalf of the seller 7 during the preceding year; provided that such statements were 8 provided and obtained in good faith. Subsection (i) shall take 9 effect ninety days after the effective date of this Act and 10 shall apply to sales made, uses occurring, and services rendered 11 on or after the effective date of this Act in accordance with 12 the applicable transition provisions and without regard to the 13 date the seller and the resident entered into the agreement 14 described in subsection (i); provided that the term "the 15 preceding twelve months" as used in subsection (i) may include 16 the twelve months commencing prior to the effective date of this 17 Act. 18 If any person sells or leases tangible personal 19 property or services to the State, a state department, a state 20 agency, or an agent thereof, that person and any affiliated 21 person, as a prerequisite for any such sale or lease, shall 22 register with the department of taxation as a seller required to

- 1 collect tax and comply with all legal requirements imposed on
- 2 such sellers, including the requirement to collect and remit the
- 3 tax imposed by this chapter.
- 4 (1) For purposes of this section, "affiliated person"
- 5 means any person that is a member of the same "controlled group
- 6 of corporations" as defined in section 1563(a) of the Internal
- 7 Revenue Code as the seller or any other entity that,
- 8 notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the same
- 9 ownership relationship to the seller as a corporation that is a
- 10 member of the same "controlled group of corporations" as defined
- 11 in section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code."
- 12 SECTION 6. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 13 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
- 14 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
- 15 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
- 16 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 17 of this Act are severable.
- 18 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 19 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 20 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

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INTRODUCED BY Mihlle Klane

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Report Title:

General Excise Tax; Use Tax

Description:

Expands application of the general excise tax to business activities in the State that are significantly associated with a seller's ability to establish or maintain a market in the State. Creates a presumption under the general excise tax law for sellers of tangible personal property where the seller's activities in the State demonstrate a significant business nexus with the State. Creates a presumption under the use tax law that a seller is engaged in business in the State if the seller's activities in the State demonstrate a significant business nexus with the State.

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