JAN 2 4 2013

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FAMILY COURT.

| | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII: |
|----|--|
| 1 | SECTION 1. Act 149, Session Laws of Hawaii 2008, requires |
| 2 | the court to define the requirements to be a court-appointed |
| 3 | child custody evaluator, the standards of practice, ethics, |
| 4 | policies, and procedures required of court-appointed child |
| 5 | custody evaluators in the performance of their duties for all |
| 6 | courts, and the powers of the courts over child custody |
| 7 | evaluators to effectuate the best interests of a child in a |
| 8 | contested custody dispute. Act 149 further provides that where |
| 9 | there is no child custody evaluator available that meets the |
| 10 | requirements and standards, or any child custody evaluator to |
| 11 | serve indigent parties, the court may appoint a person otherwise |
| 12 | willing and available. |
| 13 | Actions for divorce, separation, annulment, separate |
| 14 | maintenance, or any other proceeding where there is at issue a |
| 15 | dispute as to the custody of a minor child allow the family |

court, during the pendency of the action, at the final hearing, or any time during the minority of the child, to make an order

18 for the custody of the minor child as may seem necessary or 2013-0335 SB SMA-1.doc



16

17

- 1 proper. For this purpose, section 571-46, Hawaii Revised
- 2 Statutes, allows the court to appoint a child custody evaluator
- 3 to investigate and report concerning the care, welfare, and
- 4 custody of any minor child of the parties, or any party to
- 5 produce an expert, whose skill, insight, knowledge, or
- 6 experience is such that the person's or expert's testimony is
- 7 relevant to a just and reasonable determination of what is for
- 8 the best physical, mental, moral, and spiritual well-being of
- 9 the child whose custody is at issue.
- 10 The legislature finds that Act 149 needs clarification in
- 11 the interests of expediting the establishment of a system of
- 12 child custody evaluators in order to ensure competent evidence
- 13 and a fair determination of awarding child custody.
- 14 The purpose of this Act is to clarify the appointment
- 15 requirements and qualifications for child custody evaluators and
- 16 to require the courts to establish a complaint process.
- 17 SECTION 2. Chapter 571, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 18 amended by adding a new section to part V to be appropriately
- 19 designated and to read as follows:
- 20 "§571- Child custody evaluators; qualification;
- 21 registry; complaints. (a) A person may be appointed as a child



| 1 | custody e | valuator for purposes of section 571-46 if the person |
|----|-----------|--|
| 2 | is active | ly licensed as a: |
| 3 | (1) | Physician under chapter 453 and is a board certified |
| 4 | | psychiatrist or has completed a residency in |
| 5 | | psychiatry; |
| 6 | (2) | Psychologist under chapter 465; |
| 7 | (3) | Marriage and family therapist under chapter 451J; or |
| 8 | (4) | Clinical social worker under section 467E-7(3). |
| 9 | (b) | A person may be appointed as a child custody evaluator |
| 10 | in the ab | sence of a license under subsection (a) if: |
| 11 | (1) | A child custody evaluator with specialized knowledge |
| 12 | | and training as evidenced by qualifications enumerated |
| 13 | | under subsection (a) certifies that the person has |
| 14 | | prior experience as a court custody evaluator; |
| 15 | | provided that there are no child custody evaluators |
| 16 | | enumerated under subsection (a) who are willing and |
| 17 | | available, within a reasonable period of time, to |
| 18 | | perform child custody evaluations; or |
| 19 | (2) | The parties stipulate to a person who is not certified |
| 20 | | as a child custody evaluator under subsection (a) and |
| 21 | | the court approves that person as a fact finding |
| 22 | | investigator to the court. |

2013-0335 SB SMA-1.doc

| 1 | (c) The court shall maintain a registry of potential child |
|----|--|
| 2 | custody evaluators who are qualified pursuant to this section |
| 3 | and are willing to perform child custody evaluations on an on- |
| 4 | call basis from time to time. |
| 5 | (d) The court shall establish a complaint process so that |
| 6 | parties may file a grievance with the court regarding a child |
| 7 | custody evaluator appointed by the court." |
| 8 | SECTION 3. Section 571-46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is |
| 9 | amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: |
| 10 | "(a) In actions for divorce, separation, annulment, |
| 11 | separate maintenance, or any other proceeding where there is at |
| 12 | issue a dispute as to the custody of a minor child, the court, |
| 13 | during the pendency of the action, at the final hearing, or any |
| 14 | time during the minority of the child, may make an order for the |
| 15 | custody of the minor child as may seem necessary or proper. In |
| 16 | awarding the custody, the court shall be guided by the following |
| 17 | standards, considerations, and procedures: |
| 18 | (1) Custody should be awarded to either parent or to both |
| 19 | parents according to the best interests of the child, |
| 20 | and the court also may consider frequent, continuing, |
| 21 | and meaningful contact of each parent with the child |

| 1 | unless | the | court f | inds | that | a | parent | is | unable | to | act |
|---|--------|------|---------|-------|------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-----|
| 2 | in the | best | intere | st of | the | ch | nild; | | | | |

- (2) Custody may be awarded to persons other than the father or mother whenever the award serves the best interest of the child. Any person who has had de facto custody of the child in a stable and wholesome home and is a fit and proper person shall be entitled prima facie to an award of custody;
- (3) If a child is of sufficient age and capacity to reason, so as to form an intelligent preference, the child's wishes as to custody shall be considered and be given due weight by the court;
- (4) Whenever good cause appears therefor, the court may require an investigation and report concerning the care, welfare, and custody of any minor child of the parties. When so directed by the court, investigators or professional personnel attached to or assisting the court, hereinafter referred to as child custody evaluators, shall make investigations and reports that shall be made available to all interested parties and counsel before hearing, and the reports may be received in evidence if no objection is made and, if

| 1 | objection is made, may be received in evidence; |
|----|--|
| 2 | provided the person or persons responsible for the |
| 3 | report are available for cross-examination as to any |
| 4 | matter that has been investigated; and provided |
| 5 | further that the court shall define, in accordance |
| 6 | with section 571- , the requirements to be a court- |
| 7 | appointed child custody evaluator, the standards of |
| 8 | practice, ethics, policies, and procedures required of |
| 9 | court-appointed child custody evaluators in the |
| 10 | performance of their duties for all courts, and the |
| 11 | powers of the courts over child custody evaluators to |
| 12 | effectuate the best interests of a child in a |
| 13 | contested custody dispute pursuant to this section. |
| 14 | Where there is no child custody evaluator available |
| 15 | that meets the requirements and standards, or any |
| 16 | child custody evaluator to serve indigent parties, the |
| 17 | court may appoint a person otherwise willing and |
| 18 | available[+] in accordance with section 571 The |
| 19 | appointment of a child custody evaluator, as opposed |
| 20 | to a guardian ad litem, shall be reserved for the |
| 21 | conducting of an objective investigation and analysis |
| 22 | of the health, safety, welfare, and best interest of |

| 1 | | the chird with regard to disputed custody and |
|----|-----|--|
| 2 | | visitation issues in complex cases, where the risk to |
| 3 | | children is possible. A court shall not order such ar |
| 4 | | evaluation unless there is credible information |
| 5 | | regarding possible harm to the child or impairment of |
| 6 | | parental abilities; |
| 7 | (5) | The court may hear the testimony of any person or |
| 8 | | expert, produced by any party or upon the court's own |
| 9 | | motion, whose skill, insight, knowledge, or experience |
| 10 | | is such that the person's or expert's testimony is |
| 11 | | relevant to a just and reasonable determination of |
| 12 | | what is for the best physical, mental, moral, and |
| 13 | | spiritual well-being of the child whose custody is at |
| 14 | | issue; |
| 15 | (6) | Any custody award shall be subject to modification or |
| 16 | | change whenever the best interests of the child |
| 17 | | require or justify the modification or change and, |
| 18 | | wherever practicable, the same person who made the |
| 19 | | original order shall hear the motion or petition for |
| 20 | | modification of the prior award; |
| 21 | (7) | Reasonable visitation rights shall be awarded to |
| 22 | | parents, grandparents, siblings, and any person |

| 1 | 4 | interested in the welfare of the child in the |
|----|-----|--|
| 2 | | discretion of the court, unless it is shown that |
| 3 | | rights of visitation are detrimental to the best |
| 4 | | interests of the child; |
| 5 | (8) | The court may appoint a guardian ad litem to represent |
| 6 | | the interests of the child and may assess the |
| 7 | | reasonable fees and expenses of the guardian ad litem |
| 8 | | as costs of the action, payable in whole or in part by |
| 9 | | either or both parties as the circumstances may |
| 10 | | justify; |
| 11 | (9) | In every proceeding where there is at issue a dispute |
| 12 | | as to the custody of a child, a determination by the |
| 13 | | court that family violence has been committed by a |
| 14 | | parent raises a rebuttable presumption that it is |
| 15 | | detrimental to the child and not in the best interest |
| 16 | | of the child to be placed in sole custody, joint legal |
| 17 | | custody, or joint physical custody with the |
| 18 | | perpetrator of family violence. In addition to other |
| 19 | | factors that a court shall consider in a proceeding in |
| 20 | | which the custody of a child or visitation by a parent |
| 21 | | is at issue, and in which the court has made a finding |

of family violence by a parent:

22

| 1 | | (A) | The court shall consider as the primary factor |
|----|------|------|--|
| 2 | | | the safety and well-being of the child and of the |
| 3 | | | parent who is the victim of family violence; |
| 4 | | (B) | The court shall consider the perpetrator's |
| 5 | | | history of causing physical harm, bodily injury, |
| 6 | | | or assault or causing reasonable fear of physical |
| 7 | | | harm, bodily injury, or assault to another |
| 8 | | | person; and |
| 9 | | (C) | If a parent is absent or relocates because of an |
| 10 | | | act of family violence by the other parent, the |
| 11 | | | absence or relocation shall not be a factor that |
| 12 | | | weighs against the parent in determining custody |
| 13 | | | or visitation; |
| 14 | (10) | A co | urt may award visitation to a parent who has |
| 15 | | comm | itted family violence only if the court finds that |
| 16 | | adeq | uate provision can be made for the physical safety |
| 17 | | and | psychological well-being of the child and for the |
| 18 | | safe | ty of the parent who is a victim of family |
| 19 | | viol | ence; |
| 20 | (11) | In a | visitation order, a court may: |
| 21 | | (A) | Order an exchange of a child to occur in a |
| 22 | | | protected setting; |

2013-0335 SB SMA-1.doc

| 1 | (B) | Order visitation supervised by another person or |
|-----|-----|---|
| 2 | | agency; |
| 3 | (C) | Order the perpetrator of family violence to |
| 4 | | attend and complete, to the satisfaction of the |
| 5 . | | court, a program of intervention for perpetrators |
| 6 | | or other designated counseling as a condition of |
| 7 | | the visitation; |
| 8 | (D) | Order the perpetrator of family violence to |
| 9 | | abstain from possession or consumption of alcohol |
| 10 | | or controlled substances during the visitation |
| 11 | | and for twenty-four hours preceding the |
| 12 | | visitation; |
| 13 | (E) | Order the perpetrator of family violence to pay a |
| 14 | | fee to defray the costs of supervised visitation; |
| 15 | (F) | Prohibit overnight visitation; |
| 16 | (G) | Require a bond from the perpetrator of family |
| 17 | | violence for the return and safety of the child. |
| 18 | | In determining the amount of the bond, the court |
| 19 | | shall consider the financial circumstances of the |
| 20 | | perpetrator of family violence; |
| 21 | (H) | Impose any other condition that is deemed |
| 22 | | necessary to provide for the safety of the child, |

| 1 | | the victim of family violence, or other family or |
|----|------|--|
| 2 | | household member; and |
| 3 | | (I) Order the address of the child and the victim to |
| 4 | | be kept confidential; |
| 5 | (12) | The court may refer but shall not order an adult who |
| 6 | | is a victim of family violence to attend, either |
| 7 | | individually or with the perpetrator of the family |
| 8 | | violence, counseling relating to the victim's status |
| 9 | | or behavior as a victim as a condition of receiving |
| 10 | | custody of a child or as a condition of visitation; |
| 11 | (13) | If a court allows a family or household member to |
| 12 | | supervise visitation, the court shall establish |
| 13 | | conditions to be followed during visitation; |
| 14 | (14) | A supervised visitation center shall provide a secure |
| 15 | | setting and specialized procedures for supervised |
| 16 | | visitation and the transfer of children for visitation |
| 17 | | and supervision by a person trained in security and |
| 18 | | the avoidance of family violence; and |
| 19 | (15) | The court may include in visitation awarded pursuant |
| 20 | | to this section visitation by electronic communication |
| 21 | | provided that the court shall additionally consider: |

| 1 | (A) The potential for abuse of misuse of the |
|----|--|
| 2 | electronic communication, including the equipment |
| 3 | used for the communication, by the person seeking |
| 4 | visitation or by persons who may be present |
| 5 | during the visitation or have access to the |
| 6 | communication or equipment; |
| 7 | (B) Whether the person seeking visitation has |
| 8 | previously violated a temporary restraining order |
| 9 | or protective order; and |
| 10 | (C) Whether adequate provision can be made for the |
| 11 | physical safety and psychological well-being of |
| 12 | the child and for the safety of the custodial |
| 13 | parent. |
| 14 | The court may set conditions for visitation by |
| 15 | electronic communication, including visitation |
| 16 | supervised by another person or occurring in a |
| 17 | protected setting. Visitation by electronic |
| 18 | communication shall not be used to: |
| 19 | (A) Replace or substitute an award of custody or |
| 20 | physical visitation except where: |
| 21 | (i) Circumstances exist that make a parent |
| 22 | seeking visitation unable to participate in |
| | |

| 1 | physical visitation, including military |
|----|---|
| 2 | deployment; or |
| 3 | (ii) Physical visitation may subject the child to |
| 4 | physical or extreme psychological harm; or |
| 5 | (B) Justify or support the relocation of a custodial |
| 6 | parent." |
| 7 | SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed |
| 8 | and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. |
| 9 | SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. |
| 10 | |
| | INTRODUCED BY: Manni Chun Qaklack. |
| | Hillung |

Report Title:

Family Court; Child Custody Evaluators

Description:

Clarifies the appointment requirements and qualifications for child custody evaluators. Requires the courts to establish a complaint process. Reserves the appointment of a child custody evaluator for the conducting of an investigation and analysis of the best interest of the child regarding disputed custody and visitation issues in complex cases, where there is a possible risk to children, and that the court shall not order such an evaluation unless there is credible information regarding possible harm to the child or impairment of parental duties.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.