## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ELIMINATING THE ASSET LIMIT ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENT FOR THE TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES PROGRAM.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECT	ION 1. Section 346-29, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
3	" (C)	In determining the needs of an applicant or recipient
4	for public	c assistance by the department, the department shall:
5	(1)	Disregard the amounts of earned or unearned income as
6		required or allowed by federal acts and other
7		regulations, to receive federal funds and disregard
8		from gross earned income twenty per cent plus \$200 and
9		a percentage of the remaining balance of earned income
10		consistent with federal regulations and other
11		requirements;
12	(2)	Consider as net income in all cases the income as
13		federal acts and other regulations require the
14		department to consider for receipt of federal funds
15		and may consider the additional income and resources
16		as these acts and regulations permit to be considered;

1	(3)	For households with minor dependents, disregard [a
2		total of \$5,000 in assets and the value of one motor
3		vehicle] assets in determining the needs of persons
4		for financial assistance; provided that the amount to
5		be disregarded shall not exceed standards under
6		federally funded financial assistance programs. This
7		paragraph shall not apply to persons eligible for
8		federal supplemental security income benefits, aid to
9		the aged, blind, or disabled, or general assistance to
10		households without minor dependents. In determining
11		the needs of persons eligible for federal supplemental
12		security income benefits, aid to the aged, blind, or
13		disabled, or general assistance to households without
14		minor dependents, the department shall apply all the
15		resource retention and exclusion requirements under
16		the federal supplemental security income program;
17	(4)	Apply the resource retention requirements under the
18		federal supplemental security income program in
19		determining the needs of a single person for medical
20		assistance only;

(5) Apply the resource retention requirements under the

federal supplemental security income program in

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1		determining the needs of a family of two persons for
2		medical assistance only and an additional \$250 for
3		each additional person included in an application for
4		medical assistance only;
5	(6)	Disregard amounts of emergency assistance granted
6		under section 346-65;
7	(7)	Not consider as income or resources any payment for
8		services to or on behalf of, or any benefit received
9		by, a participant under the first-to-work program of
10		part XI, other than wages. Wages earned by a
11		participant while participating in the first-to-work
12		program shall be considered income of the participant,
13		unless the wages are excluded or disregarded under any
14		other law;
15	(8)	Not consider as income or resources payment made to
16		eligible individuals, eligible surviving spouses,
17		surviving children or surviving parents as specified
18		under Title I of the Civil Liberties Act of 1988,
19		Public Law 100-383, which made restitution to
20		individuals of Japanese ancestry who were interned
21		during World War II;

(9)	Allow the community spouse of an individual residing
	in a medical institution to maintain countable
	resources to the maximum allowed by federal statutes
	or regulations with provisions for increases, as
	allowed by the Secretary of Health and Human Services
	by means of indexing, court order, or fair hearing
	decree, without jeopardizing the eligibility of the
	institutionalized spouse for medical assistance;
(10)	Allow an individual residing in a medical institution
	to contribute toward the support of the individual's
	community spouse, thereby enabling the community
	spouse to maintain the monthly maximum income allowed
	by federal statutes or regulations, with provisions
	for increases as allowed by the Secretary of Health
	and Human Services by means of indexing, court order,
	or fair hearing decree;
(11)	Consider the transfer of assets from the applicant's
	name to another name within the specified time period
	as required by federal regulations, known as the
	"lookback" period, prior to the application for
	medical assistance for care in a nursing home or other
	long-term care facility. Pursuant to rules adopted
	(10)

1		under chapter 91, the director may attribute any
2		assets that have been transferred within the required
3		federal "lookback" period from the applicant if the
4		director determines that transfer of certain assets
5		was made solely to make the applicant eligible for
6		assistance under this chapter; and
7	(12)	Not consider as income or resources any funds
8		deposited into a family self-sufficiency escrow
9		account on behalf of a participant under a federal
10		housing choice voucher family self-sufficiency program
11		as required or allowed under federal law."
12	SECT	ION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
13	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
14	SECT	ION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

## Report Title:

Asset Limit; Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program

## Description:

Eliminates the asset limit for the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program. Effective 07/01/2050. (SD2)

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