## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Section 431:3-403, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
3	"(a) "Company action level event" means any of the
4	following events:
5	(1) The filing of a risk-based capital report by an
6	insurer which indicates that:
7	(A) The insurer's total adjusted capital is greater
8	than or equal to its regulatory action level
9	risk-based capital but less than its company
10	action level risk-based capital;
11	(B) If a life or accident and health or sickness
12	insurer, the insurer has total adjusted capital
13	greater than or equal to its company action level
14	risk-based capital but less than the product of
15	its authorized control level risk-based capital
16	and [two and a half,] three, and has a negative
17	trend;

1		(C)	If a property and casualty insurer, the insurer
2			has a total adjusted capital greater than or
3			equal to its company action level risk-based
4			capital but less than the product of its
5			authorized control level risk-based capital and
6			three, and triggers the trend test determined in
7			accordance with the trend test calculation
8			included in the property and casualty risk-based
9			capital instructions; or
10		(D)	If a benefit society or health maintenance
11			organization, the benefit society or health
12			maintenance organization has a total adjusted
13			capital greater than or equal to its company
14			action level risk-based capital but less than the
15			product of its authorized control level risk-
16			based capital and three, and triggers the trend
17			test determined in accordance with the trend test
18			calculation included in the health risk-based
19			capital instructions;
20	(2)	The	notification by the commissioner to the insurer of
21		an a	djusted risk-based capital report that indicates
22		the	occurrence of the event in paragraph (1), if the

1	=	insurer does not challenge the adjusted risk-based
2	(	capital report under section 431:3-407; or
3	(3)	If, pursuant to section 431:3-407, the insurer
4	C	challenges an adjusted risk-based capital report that
5		indicates the occurrence of the event in paragraph
6		(1), the notification by the commissioner to the
7	:	insurer that the commissioner has, after a hearing,
8		rejected the insurer's challenge."
9	SECTIO	ON 2. Section 431:9A-153, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by	amending subsection (f) to read as follows:
11	"(f)	No course shall be approved for more than [twenty]
12	twenty-four	r credit hours."
13	SECTIO	ON 3. Section 431:15-103.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
14	is amended	to read as follows:
15	"[ <del>+</del> ]\$4	431:15-103.5[+] Standards and authority. (a) The
16	following s	standards, either singly or in a combination of two or
17	more, may h	pe considered by the commissioner to determine whether
18	the continu	ued operation of any insurer transacting insurance
19	business in	n this State may be deemed to be hazardous to [the]
20	<u>its</u> policyh	nolders, its creditors, or the general public:

1	(1)	Adverse findings reported in financial condition and
2		market conduct examination reports[+], audit reports,
3		and actuarial opinions, reports, or summaries;
4	(2)	The National Association of Insurance Commissioners'
5		insurance regulatory information system and its
6		[related] other financial analysis solvency tools and
7		reports;
8	[ <del>-(3)</del> -	The ratios of commission expense, general insurance
9		expense, policy benefits, and reserve increases as to
10		annual premium and net investment income that could
11		lead to an impairment of capital and surplus;
12	<del>(4)</del>	The insurer's asset portfolio, when viewed in light of
13		current economic conditions, is not of sufficient
14		value, liquidity, or diversity to assure the company's
15		ability to meet its outstanding obligations as they
16		mature;
17	(3)	Whether the insurer has made adequate provision,
18		according to presently accepted actuarial standards of
19		practice, for the anticipated cash flows required by
20		the contractual obligations and related expenses of
21		the insurer, when considered in light of the assets
22		held by the insurer with respect to such reserves and

1		related actuarial items including but not limited to
2		the investment earnings on the assets, and the
3		considerations anticipated to be received and retained
4		under the policies and contracts;
5	[ <del>(5)</del> ]	(4) The ability of an assuming reinsurer to perform
6		and whether the insurer's reinsurance program provides
7		sufficient protection for the [company's] insurer's
8		remaining surplus after taking into account the
9		insurer's cash flow and the classes of business
10		written as well as the financial condition of the
11		assuming reinsurer;
12	[-(6)-]	(5) [The] Whether the insurer's operating loss in the
13		last twelve-month period or any shorter period of
14		time, including but not limited to net capital gain or
15		loss, change in non-admitted assets, and cash
16		dividends paid to shareholders, is greater than fifty
17	•	per cent of [such] the insurer's remaining surplus as
18		regards policyholders in excess of the minimum
19		required;
20	(6)	Whether the insurer's operating loss in the last
21		twelve-month period or any shorter period of time,
22		excluding net capital gains, is greater than twenty

1		per cent of the insurer's remaining surplus as regards
2		policyholders in excess of the minimum required;
3	(7)	Whether [any affiliate, subsidiary, or] a reinsurer,
4		obligor, or any entity within the insurer's insurance
5		holding company system is insolvent, threatened with
6		insolvency, or delinquent in payment of its monetary
7		or other obligations[+] and which in the opinion of
8		the commissioner may affect the solvency of the
9		insurer;
10	(8)	Contingent liabilities, pledges, or guaranties that,
11		either individually or collectively, involve a total
12		amount that, in the opinion of the commissioner, may
13		affect the solvency of the insurer;
14	(9)	Whether any "controlling person" of an insurer is
15		delinquent in the transmitting to, or payment of, net
16		premiums to [such] the insurer;
17	(10)	The age and collectibility of receivables;
18	(11)	Whether management of an insurer, including officers,
19		directors, or any other person who directly or
20		indirectly controls the operation of [such] the
21		insurer, fails to possess and demonstrate the

1		competence, fitness, and reputation deemed necessary
2		to serve the insurer in such position;
3	(12)	Whether management of an insurer has failed to respond
4		to inquiries relative to the condition of the insurer
5		or has furnished false and misleading information
6		concerning an inquiry;
7	(13)	Whether the insurer has failed to meet financial and
8	·	holding company filing requirements in the absence of
9		a reason satisfactory to the commissioner;
10	[ <del>(13)</del> ]	(14) Whether management of an insurer either has
11		filed any false or misleading sworn financial
12		statement, or has released any false or misleading
13		financial statement to lending institutions or to the
14		general public, or has made a false or misleading
15		entry, or has omitted an entry of material amount in
16		the books of the insurer;
17	[ <del>(14)</del> ]	(15) Whether the insurer has grown so rapidly and to
18		such an extent that it lacks adequate financial and
19		administrative capacity to meet its obligations in a
20		timely manner; [and]

1	[ <del>(15)</del> ]	(16) Whether the company has experienced, or will
2		experience in the foreseeable future, cash flow or
3		liquidity problems [ <del>or both.</del> ];
4	(17)	Whether management has established reserves that do
5		not comply with minimum standards established by state
6		insurance laws, regulations, statutory accounting
7		standards, sound actuarial principles, and standards
8		of practice;
9	(18)	Whether management persistently engages in material
10		under reserving that results in adverse development;
11	(19)	Whether transactions among affiliates, subsidiaries,
12		or controlling persons for which the insurer receives
13		assets or capital gains, or both, do not provide
14		sufficient value, liquidity, or diversity to assure
15		the insurer's ability to meet its outstanding
16		obligations as they mature; and
17	(20)	Any other finding determined by the commissioner to be
18		hazardous to the insurer's policyholders, creditors,
19		or the general public.
20	(b)	For the purposes of making a determination of an
21	insurer's	financial condition under this part, the commissioner
22	may:	

1	(1)	Disregard any credit or amount receivable resulting
2		from transactions with a reinsurer that is insolvent,
3		impaired, or otherwise subject to a delinquency
4		proceeding;
5	(2)	Make appropriate adjustments including disallowance to
6		asset values attributable to investments in or
7		transactions with parents, subsidiaries, or
8		affiliates[+] consistent with the National Association
9		of Insurance Commissioners' accounting practices and
10		procedures manual, state laws, and rules;
11	(3)	Refuse to recognize the stated value of accounts
12		receivable if the ability to collect receivables is
13		highly speculative in view of the age of the account
14		or the financial condition of the debtor; or
15	(4)	Increase the insurer's liability in an amount equal to
16		any contingent liability, pledge, or guarantee not
17		otherwise included if there is a substantial risk that
18		the insurer will be called upon to meet the obligation
19		undertaken within the next twelve-month period.
20	(c)	If the commissioner determines that the continued
21	operation	of the insurer licensed to transact business in this
22	State may	be hazardous to [the] its policyholders, its
		SB1072 SD1 SMA.doc

1	creditors	, or the general public, the commissioner may, upon the
2	commissio	ner's determination, issue an order requiring the
3	insurer t	o:
4	(1)	Reduce the total amount of present and potential
5		liability for policy benefits by reinsurance;
6	(2)	Reduce, suspend, or limit the volume of business being
7		accepted or renewed;
8	(3)	Reduce general insurance and commission expenses by
9		specified methods;
10	(4)	Increase the insurer's capital and surplus;
11	(5)	Suspend or limit the declaration and payment of
12		dividends by an insurer to its stockholders or to its
13		policyholders;
14	(6)	File reports in a form acceptable to the commissioner
15		concerning the market value of the insurer's assets;
16	(7)	Limit or withdraw from certain investments or
17		discontinue certain investment practices to the extent
18		the commissioner deems necessary;
19	(8)	Document the adequacy of premium rates in relation to
20		the risks insured;
. 21	(9)	File, in addition to regular annual statements,
22		interim financial reports on the form adopted by the

1		National Association of Insurance Commissioners or on
2		such forms as approved by the commissioner[-];
3	(10)	Correct corporate governance practice deficiencies and
4		adopt and utilize governance practices acceptable to
5		the commissioner;
6	(11)	Provide a business plan to the commissioner in order
7	à	to continue to transact business in the State; or
8	(12)	Notwithstanding any other provision of law limiting
9		the frequency or amount of premium rate adjustments,
10		adjust rates for any non-life insurance product
11		written by the insurer that the commissioner considers
12		necessary to improve the financial condition of the
13	•	insurer.
14	If the in	surer is a foreign insurer, the commissioner's order
15	may be li	mited to the extent provided by statute.
16	(d)	Any insurer subject to an order under subsection (c)
17	may reque	st a hearing to review that order pursuant to chapter
18	91."	
19	SECT	ION 4. Section 431:19-102.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
20	is amende	d by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as
21	follows:	

1	"(a)	Any foreign or alien captive insurance company may
2	become a	domestic captive insurance company by meeting the
3	following	requirements:
4	(1)	Complying with all of the requirements relating to the
5		organization and licensing of a domestic captive
6		insurance company of the same type, and any
7		requirements that the commissioner may adopt by rule;
8	(2)	Amending and restating its organizational documents in
9		compliance with the laws of this State, and submitting
10		the amended and restated organizational documents for
11		the commissioner's review; and
12	(3)	Petitioning the commissioner to issue a certificate of
13		general good, which sets forth the commissioner's
14	,	finding that the redomestication and maintenance of
15		the company will promote the general good of the
16		State. In arriving at the finding, the commissioner
17		shall consider the factors set forth in section
18		431:19-106(b). The petition shall include a
19		nonrefundable application fee.
20	(b)	Upon issuance of the certificate of general good by
21	the commis	ssioner pursuant to subsection (a)(3), the foreign or

1	alien capt	tive	insurance company shall file the following with
2	the depart	ment	of commerce and consumer affairs:
3	(1)	Arti	cles of redomestication, which shall include:
4		(A)	Name of the company;
5		(B)	Date and location of incorporation or
6			organization;
7		(C)	Street address of the principal office in this
8			State;
9		(D)	Names and titles of the:
10			(i) Officers and directors of the company; or
11			(ii) Members of the governing body;
12		(E)	A statement that the company is moving its
13			domicile to this State;
14		(F)	A statement that redomestication will occur upor
15			filing the articles of redomestication and that
16			the company shall be subject to the laws of this
17			State; and
18		(G)	A statement that copies of the articles of
19			incorporation or other organizational document
20			and any amendments certified by the proper
21			officer of the jurisdiction under the laws of
22			which the company is incorporated or organized

1		are attached; provided that if any of these
2		documents are in a foreign language, a
3		translation under oath of the translator shall
4		accompany these documents;
5	(2)	Certificate of general good issued pursuant to
6		subsection (a)(3);
7	(3)	Certificate of good standing or comparable
8		documentation certified by the proper officer of the
9		jurisdiction under which the foreign or alien captive
10		insurance company is incorporated or organized;
11		provided that:
12		(A) The certificate or documentation shall be dated
13		not earlier than thirty days prior to the date of
14		the certificate of general good; and
15		(B) If the certificate of good standing or
16	•	documentation is in a foreign language, a
17		translation under oath of the translator shall
18	÷	accompany the certificate or documentation;
19		and
20	(4)	The company's organizational documents, which shall be
21		amended and restated in compliance with the laws of
22		this State[ <del>; and</del>

1 (5) Nonrefundable application fee]." SECTION 5. Section 431:19-115, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 3 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 4 "(b) Sections 431:3-302 to [431:3-304 and] 431:3-304.5, 431:3-307[+], 431:3-401 to 431:3-408, and 431:3-414; articles 1, 5 2, 4A, 5, 6, 9A, 9B, 9C, 11, 11A, and 15; and chapter 431K shall 6 7 apply to risk retention captive insurance companies." 8 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 9 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 10 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2013. 11

## Report Title:

Insurance; Insurance Code

## Description:

Updates the Insurance Code by streamlining and improving the operations of the Insurance Division of the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs and ensuring that the Insurance Division retains its accreditation with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. (SD1)

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