# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INFANT MORTALITY PROGRAM.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that, absent a health
2	problem of the baby or mother during pregnancy, babies delivered
3	at thirty-nine or forty weeks of gestation generally are
4	healthier than babies born prior to the thirty-ninth week of
5	pregnancy. In addition, medical costs associated with full-term
6	babies are lower than medical costs of babies delivered before
7	the thirty-ninth week of pregnancy. However, the American
8	Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists has reported that
9	evidence suggests a sharp rise in the number of non-medically
10	indicated elective inductions performed prior to thirty-nine
11	weeks of pregnancy in the United States in the past twenty
12	years. Research shows that there are certain serious health
13	risks associated with such early deliveries, including negative
14	effects on a baby's lung and brain development, vision, and
15	weight.

- 16 The legislature also finds that the policy of most birthing
- 17 facilities in the State conforms to the guidelines of the
- 18 American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists that HB909 SD2 LRB 13-2549.doc



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- 1 elective labor induction should not occur before the thirty-
- 2 ninth week of gestation. However, while anecdotal, serious
- 3 concerns have been expressed that there are too many elective
- 4 pre-term deliveries in the State. The Legislature recognizes
- 5 that hard data and statistics to determine how widespread this
- 6 problem is are a necessary first step in addressing this issue.
- 7 The legislature further finds that national statistics may
- 8 indicate that a point-of-care newborn screening program should
- 9 be established in the State. However, once again, relevant
- 10 statistics and hard data for Hawaii are insufficient to justify
- 11 the program. More evidence is necessary to determine whether
- 12 such a program is needed in Hawaii.
- 13 The purpose of this Act is to convene a task force to
- 14 collect solid data to determine whether there are too many
- 15 elective pre-term deliveries in Hawaii and, if so, to develop
- 16 approaches and measures for addressing the issue. The task
- 17 force shall also collect data to determine whether a point-of-
- 18 care newborn screening program is needed in Hawaii.
- 19 SECTION 2. The department of health shall convene a task
- 20 force that includes representation from the department of
- 21 health, birthing facilities in Hawaii, the Hawaii section of the

- 1 American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, and the
- 2 Healthcare Association of Hawaii.
- 3 The task force shall collect relevant data concerning the
- 4 number of elective pre-term pregnancy deliveries in Hawaii. The
- 5 task force shall determine whether that number is so large that
- 6 it poses a public health threat. If it so finds, the task force
- 7 shall develop approaches and measures for addressing the issue.
- 8 The task force shall also collect the data needed to determine
- 9 whether Hawaii needs a point-of-care newborn screening program.
- 10 The task force shall submit a report of its findings and
- 11 recommendations to the legislature, including any proposed
- 12 legislation, no later than twenty days prior to the convening of
- 13 the regular session of 2014.
- 14 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general
- 15 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
- 16 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2013-2014 to
- 17 reimburse members of the task force convened in section 2 for
- 18 expenses, including travel expenses, necessary for the
- 19 performance of their duties.
- The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 21 health for the purposes of this Act.
- 22 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

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## Report Title:

Infant Mortality; Elective Pre-Term Deliveries; Point-of-Care Newborn Screening; Task Force; Appropriation

## Description:

Creates a task force that is to be convened by the department of health to study and make recommendations on elective pre-term pregnancy deliveries and point-of-care newborn screening. Appropriates funds to reimburse members of the task force for travel and other expenses. (SD2)

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