Н.В. NO. 4

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURAL BUILDING PERMITS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that compliance with 1 2 existing building codes and permitting processes negatively impacts the State's commercial agriculture and aquaculture 3 industries by adding significant time and costs to farming and 4 5 ranching enterprises for such fundamental activities as constructing or installing greenhouses, shade houses, storage 6 7 containers, and many other agricultural and aquacultural buildings and structures, which, by their nature or location, 8 9 pose little risk to life or property. In contrast to building codes in many other states, county building codes in Hawaii 10 generally do not distinguish between low-risk agricultural 11 structures and residential or commercial buildings. Ultimately, 12 this results in excessive costs for code compliance. Act 114, 13 Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, may help to reduce the cost and 14 time spent applying for building permits for specified 15 nonresidential agricultural and aquacultural buildings and 16 structures and their appurtenances, but Act 114 does not offer 17 relief from county building code requirements. 18



The purpose of this Act is to encourage and support 1 2 diversified agriculture and agricultural self-sufficiency in the State by providing, under certain circumstances, an exemption 3 4 from building code and permit requirements for nonresidential 5 buildings or structures on commercial farms and ranches located 6 outside the urban district. 7 SECTION 2. Section 46-88, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows: 8 9 "[+]§46-88[+] Agricultural and aquacultural buildings and 10 structures; no building permit required. (a) Each county shall 11 establish an agricultural buildings and structures exemption list of buildings and structures that are exempt from existing 12 building permit requirements. The list shall be established by 13 14 each county no later than January 1, 2013. Agricultural buildings, structures, or appurtenances thereto, which are not 15 used as dwelling or lodging units, may be exempted from existing 16 building permit and building code requirements where they are no 17 more than 1,000 square feet in floor area[+] or, if greater than 18 19 1,000 square feet in floor area and compliant with building code requirements or prescriptive construction standards, may be 20 21 exempted from building permit requirements pursuant to subsection (d); provided that [the]: 22



Page 3

1	(1)	The aggregate floor area of the exempted agricultural
2		building[, structure, or appurtenance_thereto] shall
3		not exceed:
4		(A) 5,000 square feet per zoning lot for lots of two
5		acres or less;
6		(B) 8,000 square feet per zoning lot for lots greater
7		than two acres but not more than five acres; and
8		(C) Ten per cent of the acreage per zoning lot for
9		lots greater than five acres; and [the]
10	(2)	The minimum horizontal separation between each
11		agricultural building, structure, or appurtenance
12		thereto is fifteen feet[, and the] <u>;</u>
13	(3)	The agricultural buildings, structures, or
14		appurtenances thereto are located on a commercial farm
15		or ranch and are used for general agricultural or
16		aquacultural operations, or for purposes incidental to
17		such operations; [provided further that:]
18	[(1)]	(4) The agricultural building, structure, or
19		appurtenance thereto is constructed or installed on
20		property that is used primarily for agricultural or
21		aquacultural operations, and is two or more contiguous
22		acres in area or one or more contiguous acres in area



1 if located in a nonresidential agricultural or 2 aquacultural park; $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$ (5) Upon completion of construction or installation, 3 4 the owner or occupier shall provide written notice to 5 the appropriate county fire department and county 6 building permitting agency of the size, type, and 7 locations of the building, structure, or appurtenance Such written notification shall be provided 8 thereto. 9 to the county agencies within thirty days of the 10 completion of the building, structure, or appurtenance 11 thereto. Failure to provide such written notice may 12 void the building permit exemption, which voidance for 13 such failure is subject to the sole discretion of the 14 appropriate county building permitting agency; [(3)] (6) No electrical power and no plumbing systems shall 15 16 be connected to the building or structure without first obtaining the appropriate county electrical or 17 18 plumbing permit, and all such installations shall be 19 installed under the supervision of a licensed 20 electrician or plumber, as appropriate, and inspected 21 and approved by an appropriate county or licensed 22 inspector[; and] or, if a county building agency is



1		unable to issue an electrical permit because the
2		building or structure is permit-exempt, an electrical
3		permit shall be issued for an electrical connection to
4		a meter on a pole beyond the permit-exempt structure
5		in accordance with the installation, inspection, and
6		approval requirements in this paragraph;
7	[(4)]	(7) Disposal of wastewater from any building or
8		structure constructed or installed pursuant to this
9		section shall comply with chapter 342D[-]; and
10	(8)	Permit-exempt structures shall be exempt from any
11		certificate of occupancy requirements.
12	(b)	For purposes of subsection (a), the following
13	buildings	[and], structures, and appurtenances thereto shall be
14	included	in each county's agricultural [building] <u>buildings</u> and
15	structure	s exemption list[÷] and shall be exempt from county
16	building p	permit and code requirements:
17	(1)	Nonresidential manufactured pre-engineered commercial
18		buildings and structures consisting of no more than
19		1,000 square feet [that have no electrical power and
20		have-no potable water, sewage, or other plumbing
21		related services, or have such electrical or plumbing



Page 6

1		related services installed and inspected in accordance
2		with subsection (a)(3) and (4)];
3	(2)	Single stand alone recycled ocean shipping or cargo
4		containers that are used as nonresidential commercial
5		buildings;
6	(3)	Notwithstanding the 1,000 square foot floor area
7		restriction in subsection (a), agricultural shade
8		cloth structures, cold frames, or greenhouses not
9		exceeding 20,000 square feet in area per structure;
10		provided that where multiple structures are erected,
11		the minimum horizontal separation between each shade
12		cloth structure, cold frame, or greenhouse is fifteen
13		feet;
14	(4)	Aquacultural or aquaponics structures, including
15		above-ground water storage or production tanks,
16		troughs, and raceways with a maximum height of six
17		feet above grade, and in-ground ponds and raceways,
18		and piping systems for aeration, carbon dioxide, or
19		fertilizer or crop protection chemical supplies within
20		agricultural or aquacultural production facilities;



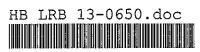
Page 7

1	(5)	Livestock watering tanks, water piping and plumbing
2		not connected to a source of potable water, or
3		separated by an air gap from such a source;
4	(6)	Non-masonry fences not exceeding ten feet in height
5		and masonry fences not exceeding six feet in height;
6	(7)	One-story masonry or wood-framed buildings or
7		structures with a structural span of less than twenty-
8		five feet and a total square footage of no more than
9		1,000 square feet, including farm buildings used as:
10		(A) Barns;
11		(B) Greenhouses;
12		(C) Farm production buildings including aquaculture
13		hatcheries and plant nurseries;
14		(D) Storage buildings for farm equipment or plant or
15		animal supplies or feed; or
16		(E) Storage or processing buildings for crops;
17		provided that the height of any stored items
18		shall not collectively exceed twelve feet in
19		height and the storage of any hazardous materials
20		shall comply with any and all applicable
21		statutes, regulations, and codes;



Page 8

1	(8)	Raised beds containing soil, gravel, cinders, or other
2		growing media or substrates with wood, metal, or
3		masonry walls or supports with a maximum height of
4		four feet; and
5	(9)	Horticultural tables or benches no more than four feet
6		in height supporting potted plants or other crops;
7	provided	that the buildings, structures, and appurtenances
8	thereto c	comply with all applicable state and county [codes,
9	including	but-not limited to applicable building, fire, health,
10	safety, a	nd] zoning codes and are properly anchored.
11	(c)	[In the event that] <u>If</u> a county fails to establish the
12	agricultu	ral buildings and structures exemption list within the
13	time peri	od as required under subsection (a), the buildings and
14	structure	s specified in subsection (b) shall constitute that
15	county's	agricultural [building] <u>buildings</u> and structures
16	exemption	list.
17	<u>(d)</u>	For purposes of subsection (a), and notwithstanding
18	the 1,000	square foot floor area restriction in subsection (a),
19	the follo	wing buildings, structures, and appurtenances thereto
20	shall be	exempt from building permit requirements when compliant
21	with rele	vant building codes or county, national, or
22	internati	onal prescriptive construction standards:



1	(1)	Nonresidential manufactured pre-engineered and county
2		pre-approved commercial buildings and structures
3		consisting of a total square footage greater than
4		1,000 square feet but no more than 8,000 square feet;
5		and
6	(2)	One-story wood-framed or masonry buildings or
7		structures with a structural span of less than twenty-
8		five feet and a total square footage greater than
9		1,000 square feet but no more than 8,000 square feet
10		constructed in accordance with county, national, or
11		international prescriptive construction standards,
12		including buildings used as:
13		(A) Barns;
14		(B) Greenhouses;
15		(C) Farm production buildings, including aquaculture
16		hatcheries and plant nurseries;
17		(D) Storage buildings for farm equipment, plant or
18		animal supplies, or feed; or
19		(E) Storage or processing buildings for crops;
20		provided that the height of any stored items
21		shall not collectively exceed twelve feet in
22		height and the storage of any hazardous materials



1	shall comply with all applicable statutes,
2	regulations, and codes.
3	[(d)] <u>(e)</u> As used in this section:
4	"Agricultural building or aquacultural building" means a
5	nonresidential building or structure located on a commercial
6	farm or ranch constructed or installed to house farm or ranch
7	implements, agricultural or aquacultural feeds or supplies,
8	livestock, poultry, or other agricultural or aquacultural
9	products, used in or necessary for the operation of the farm or
10	ranch, or for the processing and selling of farm or ranch
11	products.
1 2	"Agricultural operation" means the planting, cultivating,
13	harvesting, processing, or storage of crops, including those
14	planted, cultivated, harvested, and processed for food,
15	ornamental, grazing, feed, or forestry purposes, as well as the
16	feeding, breeding, management, and sale of animals including
17	livestock, poultry, honeybees, and their products.
18	"Appurtenance" means an object or device in, on, or
19	accessory to a building or structure, and which enhances or is
20	essential to the usefulness of the building or structure,
21	including but not limited to work benches, horticultural and
22	floricultural growing benches, aquacultural, aquaponic, and
	HB LRB 13-0650.doc

Page 11

1 hydroponic tanks, raceways, troughs, growbeds, and filterbeds, 2 when situated within a structure. 3 "Aquacultural operation" means the propagation, 4 cultivation, farming, harvesting, processing, and storage of 5 aquatic plants and animals in controlled or selected 6 environments for research, commercial, or stocking purposes and 7 includes aquaponics or any growing of plants or animals in or 8 with aquaculture effluents. 9 "Manufactured pre-engineered commercial building or structure" means a building or structure whose specifications 10 11 comply with appropriate county codes, and have been pre-approved 12 by a county or building official. "Nonresidential building or structure" means a building or 13 14 structure that is used only for agricultural or aquacultural 15 operations, including an agricultural building or aguacultural 16 building, and is not intended for use as, or used as, a 17 dwelling. 18 $\left[\frac{(e)}{1}\right]$ (f) This section shall not apply to buildings or 19 structures otherwise exempted from building permitting or 20 building code requirements by applicable county ordinance. 21 [(f)] (g) This section shall not be construed to supersede 22 public or private lease conditions.



1 [-(g)] (h) This section shall not apply to the construction
2 or installation of any building or structure on land in an urban
3 district."

4 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
5 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

6 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

7

INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 1 8 2013



Report Title: Agricultural Building Permits; Exemptions

Description:

Provides, under certain circumstances, an exemption from building code and permit requirements for nonresidential buildings or structures on commercial farms and ranches located outside the urban district.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

