A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EDUCATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is continue the junior
- 2 kindergarten program, which is scheduled to be repealed on July
- 3 1, 2014, and to ensure that all of Hawaii's children have access
- 4 to high-quality early learning systems. In addition, this Act
- 5 would delay the scheduled change in kindergarten age from the
- 6 2014-2015 school year to the 2017-2018 school year to ensure
- 7 that high-quality early learning systems are available to
- 8 affected families.
- 9 SECTION 2. Act 178, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, is
- 10 amended by repealing section 3, which amends section 302A-411,
- 11 Hawaii Revised Statutes, to repeal the junior kindergarten
- 12 program.
- 13 SECTION 3. Act 178, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, is
- 14 amended by amending section 1 to read as follows:
- "SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the period from
- 16 birth to age five is the most crucial period of learning in a
- 17 child's life. This is when over eighty-five per cent of a
- 18 person's brain development takes place. Early life experiences HB HMIA 2014-36-51



H.B. NO. 2632

- 1 lay the groundwork for a child's lifelong learning and behavior.
- 2 The legislature further finds that high quality early learning
- 3 programs that are affordable and accessible for all children are
- 4 critically important for ensuring the success of Hawaii's keiki.
- 5 In addition, the significant, long-term benefits realized
- 6 through investments in high-quality, early learning systems have
- 7 been established through decades of research. Many studies show
- 8 the importance of early childhood education. For example, a
- 9 federal Department of Education study reports that children
- 10 enrolled in kindergarten increase their knowledge and skills
- 11 regardless of development prior to enrollment. Kindergarteners
- 12 are expected to leave kindergarten knowing how to read and
- 13 write. First graders who did not go to kindergarten are
- 14 typically developmentally behind their peers in academic and
- 15 social development and are more likely to fail a grade level in
- 16 elementary school.
- 17 The purpose of this Act is, among other things, to:
- (1) Establish the executive office on early learning;
- (2) Establish the early learning advisory board to replace
- 20 the early learning council;
- 21 [(3) Repeal junior kindergarten-programs at the end of the
- 22 2013-2014 school vear;

HB HMIA 2014-36-51



H.B. NO. 2632

 $[\frac{4}{1}]$ (3) Starting with the $[\frac{2014-2015}{1}]$ 2017-2018 school 1 2 year, require students to be at least five years of age on July 3 31 of the school year in order to attend kindergarten; 4 $[\frac{(5)}{(5)}]$ (4) Make an appropriation to the executive office on 5 early learning; and 6 [(6) Require an implementation plan and projected 7 financials in order to ensure a seamless transition from the 8 iunior kindergarten program to the keiki first steps program in 9 the 2014-2015-school year." 10 SECTION 4. Act 178, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, is 11 amended by amending section 15 to read as follows: 12 "SECTION 15. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2012 [13 provided that section 3 of this Act shall take effect on July 1, 14 2014]." 15 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 16 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. 17 18

INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 3 2014



H.B. NO. 2632

Report Title:

Junior Kindergarten; Kindergarten

Description:

Deletes the repeal of junior kindergarten program and postpones changes to kindergarten entry requirements scheduled to take effect on July 1, 2014, pursuant to Act 178, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.