A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURAL FACILITIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. One of the missions of the department of
3	business, economic development, and tourism is to promote
4	industrial development and economic diversification by
5	supporting existing and emerging industries, increasing exports
6	of Hawaii products, and expanding Hawaii's participation in
7	global trade and commerce. The department has prepared a
8	statewide comprehensive economic development strategy. The
9	strategy's report for the island of Hawaii found that, because
10	of the island's strong orientation toward diversified
11	agriculture, development of a central marketing facility for
12	collection, consolidation, packing, and shipping of products
13	continues to be a priority. As a means of achieving this
14	priority, agricultural exporters have expressed interest in
15	utilizing the relatively unused foreign trade zone no. 9 located
16	in Hilo.
17	The legislature also recognizes that agriculture is and has
18	been a major economic driver of the county of Hawaii. To
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- 1 preserve this economic driver and increase its value, the
- 2 department of business, economic development, and tourism, in
- 3 collaboration with the department of agriculture, should perform
- 4 planning, and economic impact and feasibility studies, for one
- 5 or more facilities on the island of Hawaii for quarantine
- 6 inspection, quarantine treatment, deconsolidation, and
- 7 consolidation of agricultural commodities for both import and
- 8 export.
- 9 The purpose of this part is to authorize the department of
- 10 business, economic development, and tourism, in collaboration
- 11 with the department of agriculture to:
- 12 (1) Perform planning and feasibility studies for one or
- more quarantine inspection, quarantine treatment,
- 14 deconsolidation, and consolidation facilities on the
- island of Hawaii; and
- 16 (2) Perform a marketing and economic impact analysis for
- one or more of the facilities.
- 18 SECTION 2. (a) The department of business, economic
- 19 development, and tourism, in collaboration with the department
- 20 of agriculture, is authorized to:
- 21 (1) Perform planning and feasibility studies for one or
- more quarantine inspection, quarantine treatment,

1		deconsolidation, and consolidation facilities on the	
2		island of Hawaii; and	
3	(2)	Perform a marketing and economic impact analysis for	
4		one or more of the facilities.	
5	(b)	The studies and analysis shall include, in addition to	
6	foreign t	rade zone no. 9 in Hilo, the following alternative	
7	locations:		
8	(1)	The land parcel managed by the department of business	
9		economic development, and tourism currently housing	
10		the foreign trade zone neighboring the Hilo	
11		International Airport; and	
12	(2)	On the west side of the island, the Kawaihae harbor	
13		area that is proposed for biosecurity facilities by	
14		the department of transportation, harbors division.	
15	SECTION 3. The department of business, economic		
16	development, and tourism shall submit a report to the		
17	legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening o		
18	the regular session of 2015 on the status of the planning and		
19	feasibility study, and marketing and economic analysis, for on		
20	or more facilities on the island of Hawaii to be used for		
21	quarantine inspection, quarantine treatment, deconsolidation,		
22	and consolidation of incoming and outgoing agricultural		
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- ${f 1}$ commodities. The report shall also contain recommendations and
- 2 propose necessary legislation, if any, to achieve the purpose of
- 3 this part.
- 4 SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general
- 5 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
- 6 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 for
- 7 planning, marketing, and economic analysis for one or more
- 8 facilities on the island of Hawaii to be used for quarantine
- 9 inspection, quarantine treatment, deconsolidation, and
- 10 consolidation of incoming and outgoing agricultural commodities.
- 11 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 12 business, economic development, and tourism for the purposes of
- 13 this part.
- 14 PART II
- 15 SECTION 5. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
- 16 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
- 17 as follows:
- 18 "CHAPTER
- 19 AGRICULTURAL FOREIGN-TRADE ZONE
- 20 § -1 Purpose. An agricultural foreign-trade zone can
- 21 assist businesses with warehouse savings, the importing and
- 22 exporting of resources, manufacturing incentives, and export

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- 1 financing. Foreign-trade zones are intended to make United
- 2 States companies more competitive globally by offsetting customs
- 3 advantages available to overseas producers that compete with the
- 4 domestic industry.
- 5 S -2 Agricultural foreign-trade zone; establishment;
- 6 boundaries. In accordance with the requirements of sections
- 7 212-3 and 212-4, the governor may do all things necessary and
- 8 proper to carry into effect the establishing, maintaining, and
- 9 operating of an agricultural foreign-trade zone; provided that
- 10 the agricultural foreign-trade zone shall be restricted to the
- 11 parcels of land identified by the following tax map keys:
- 12 7-1-002: 004, 7-1-002: 009, and 7-1-002: 023.
- 13 § -3 Jurisdiction. Any law to the contrary
- 14 notwithstanding, the foreign-trade zone division of the
- 15 department of business, economic development, and tourism shall
- 16 have jurisdiction and administrative authority over the area
- 17 described in section -2 being used as a foreign-trade zone.
- 18 **S** -4 Benefits. The foreign-trade zone benefits made
- 19 available under chapter 212 shall apply to all businesses
- 20 operating within the agricultural foreign-trade zone whose
- 21 services relate to agriculture."

22 PART III

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- SECTION 6. The legislature finds that technology 1 applications have greatly assisted farmers with various tasks. 2 3 These cyber tools monitor irrigation systems, mapping, grazing, 4 pest management, harvest, weather, and fertilizer applications, 5 all in real-time. These sophisticated technologies also have 6 additional benefits in material cost, labor, and fuel savings -7 the farmer can refer to electronic files rather than driving out 8 to a specific field. Reports show that the technology-savvy 9 farmer is able to speed up the decision making cycle and do the 10 job much more effectively. 11 The legislature further finds that farmers are adopting 12 more technology at a rapid pace. Today's farmers carry either a tablet and smartphone, or both. Such tools digitize information 13 that used to be kept in notebooks; this information can now be 14 stored online in a cloud-based system, where it can be shared 15 16 instantly with fellow farmers. Moreover, as the federal government moves forward with the FDA Food Safety Modernization 17 18 Act (P.L. 111-353), technological applications will be needed to assist farmers in tracking crops, including by categories of 19 **20** fields, soil types, and irrigation control. 21 The legislature also finds that as the State's food needs
 - climb, and more farmers set their sights on local food 2014-1794 HB2468 SD1 SMA.doc

- 1 production, the risk-taking experienced by farmers will be even
- 2 more critical to the State's goal of achieving food
- 3 sustainability. Agricultural communities, such as Monterey Bay,
- 4 California, and St. Louis, Missouri, have focused on economic
- 5 clusters to aid businesses. The clusters used in these regions
- 6 were focused on agriculture specifically, an agricultural
- 7 technology cluster. The purpose of the clusters was to create a
- 8 hub, sparking innovation and bringing together technology
- 9 entrepreneurs and farmers to keep the agricultural industry
- 10 thriving.
- 11 The legislature additionally finds that Hawaii imports
- 12 about ninety per cent of its food. Challenges such as drought,
- 13 selling produce at lower prices to compete with imported
- 14 products, cost of labor and supplies, and workforce housing have
- 15 squeezed profits hampering business growth or even resulting
- 16 in farmers going out of business. As a result, more farmers are
- 17 looking to technology entrepreneurs to come up with ways to make
- 18 the industry more efficient.
- 19 The legislature further finds that many farmers looking for
- 20 an additional source of revenue for their farms have implemented
- 21 elements of agricultural tourism. Agricultural tourism, or
- 22 agritourism, is a commercial enterprise at a working farm,

- 1 ranch, agricultural plant, or park conducted for the enjoyment
- 2 or education of visitors, which generates supplemental income
- 3 for the owner. Agritourism can include farm stands or shops,
- 4 tours, on-farm classes, fairs, festivals, pumpkin patches,
- 5 Christmas tree farms, weddings, orchard dinners, youth camps,
- 6 and more. Many growers in the country offer agritourism
- 7 opportunities to the public as a way of improving a farm's
- 8 visibility and profitability. For example, in California,
- 9 agritourism serves as a vital strategy for diversifying and
- 10 boosting profit for a small but significant number of the
- 11 state's farms. Since 2008, more than 2,400,000 visitors have
- 12 participated in agritourism at California farms and ranches,
- 13 with the state's agritourism operations and economic potential
- 14 expected to continue to grow.
- The legislature also finds that in 2012, as a way to save
- 16 an industry, the State purchased and acquired one thousand seven
- 17 hundred acres of agricultural land from the Galbraith Trust.
- 18 These lands do not have any infrastructure, storage, or
- 19 warehouse facilities on them. However, former agricultural and
- 20 industrial lands nearby do contain and support such activity.
- 21 These nearby parcels, recently acquired by the State, have
- 22 infrastructure and warehouses to support food safety, packaging,

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- 1 processing, and storing produce farmed on the nearby lands.
- 2 Processes and technologies will need to be updated to keep up
- 3 with federal regulations.
- 4 The purpose of this part is to establish an agricultural
- 5 technology park that can bridge the agricultural and technology
- 6 gap and be used to provide agritourism benefits.
- 7 SECTION 7. Chapter 206M, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 9 to read as follows:
- 10 "PART . AGRICULTURAL TECHNOLOGY PARK
- 11 §206M- Agricultural technology park; established. There
- 12 is established an agricultural technology park that shall
- 13 include properties identified by the following tax map key
- 14 numbers: 71002004, 71002023, and 71002099. The park shall be
- 15 administered by the board.
- 16 §206M- Objective of the agricultural technology park.
- 17 The objective of the agricultural technology park shall be to
- 18 build relationships and promote collaboration between the
- 19 agricultural and technology sectors to assist farmers and
- 20 provide them with tools to succeed in the modern world. The
- 21 agricultural technology park shall also be used to:

1	(1)	Establish a strategy for securing investments in	
2		agricultural state facilities and providing jobs for	
3		rural communities; and	
4	(2)	Support agricultural tourism and provide benefits to	
5		agricultural producers within the agricultural	
6		technology park, including additional sources of	
7		revenue and increased public exposure to agricultural	
8		products.	
9	§2061	M- Guidelines. (a) The board shall develop the	
10	agricultu:	ral technology park in consultation with but not	
11	limited to the following agencies: Hawaii housing finance and		
12	development corporation, department of agriculture, department		
13	of education, agribusiness development corporation, and		
14	University	y of Hawaii college of tropical agriculture and human	
15	resources		
16	(b)	When designing and planning the park, the board and	
17	the agenc	ies in subsection (a) may enter into cooperative	
18	agreements	with coordinating entrepreneurs or public agencies	
19	that have	the powers, services, and capabilities deemed	
20	necessary	and appropriate for the development and implementation	
21	of the bus	siness and agricultural development plans.	

1	(c) Planning and design of the park shall comply with	
2	community and town master plans and urban design plans."	
3	SECTION 8. Section 206M-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
4	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:	
5	"(a) There is established the high technology development	
6	corporation, which shall be a public body corporate and politic	!
7	and an instrumentality and agency of the State. The developmen	ιt
8	corporation shall be placed within the department of business,	
9	economic development, and tourism for administrative purposes,	
10	pursuant to section 26-35. The purpose of the development	
11	corporation shall be to facilitate the growth and development o	£
12	the commercial high technology industry in Hawaii. Its duties	
13	shall include, but not be limited to:	
14	(1) Developing and encouraging industrial parks as high	
15	technology innovation centers and developing or	
16	assisting with the development of projects within or	
17	outside of industrial parks, including participating	
18	with the private sector in such development;	
19	(2) Providing financial and other support and services to)
20	Hawaii-based high technology companies;	
21	(3) Collecting and analyzing information on the state of	

commercial high technology activity in Hawaii;

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1	(4)	Promoting and marketing Hawaii as a site for	
2		commercial high technology activity; [and]	
3	(5)	Providing advice on policy and planning for	
4		technology-based economic development[+]; and	
5	(6)	Developing an agricultural technology park pursuant to	
6		part ."	
7	SECT	ION 9. There is appropriated out of the general	
8	revenues	of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so	
9	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 to		
10	establish an agricultural technology park pursuant to this part		
11	The	sum appropriated shall be expended by the high	
12	technology development corporation for the purposes of this		
13	part.		
14		PART IV	
15	SECT	ION 10. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed	
16	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.	
17	SECT	TION 11. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2014;	
18	provided	that parts II and III shall take effect on July 1,	
19	2050.		

Report Title:

Agricultural Quarantine Facility; Studies; Agricultural Foreign-trade Zone; High Technology Development Corporation; Agricultural Technology Park; Agritourism; Appropriation

Description:

Part I: Authorizes DBEDT, in collaboration with DOA, to perform studies and analysis relating to establishing facilities on the island of Hawaii for quarantine inspection and treatment and handling incoming and outgoing commodities. Makes an appropriation. Effective July 1, 2014. Part II: Establishes an agricultural foreign-trade zone; specifies boundaries, jurisdiction, and benefits. Effective 07/01/2050. Part III: Creates an agricultural technology park under the high technology development corporation. Designates certain properties to be included in the park. Makes an appropriation. Effective 07/01/2050. (SD1)

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