H.B. NO. H.D. 2

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO GROUP HOMES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the clean and sober
3	homes and halfway houses task force was formed in response to
4	legislation introduced in the regular session of 2012. Clean
5	and sober homes and halfway houses, which are located in
6	communities throughout the State, provide housing for
7	individuals suffering from substance abuse, including people who
8	may have co-occurring mental health issues, as they transition
9	from the treatment setting to life in the community. The clean
10	and sober homes and halfway houses task force explored ways to
11	develop a plan to ensure that these homes are properly monitored
12	and accountable to meet occupancy, zoning, and permitting
13	requirements, as well as quality standards.
14	Clean and sober homes and halfway houses allow individuals
15	to return to the community through support in an alcohol- and
16	drug-free, home-like environment, without the rigid structure of
17	a therapeutic living program, which requires being licensed by
18	the State. Notwithstanding the needs of those who benefit from
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- 1 these homes, neighboring residents have expressed concerns over
- 2 the legality of the operation of clean and sober homes in their
- 3 immediate vicinity and the poor conduct and lack of neighborly
- 4 behavior of some residents of the clean and sober homes. While
- 5 the State's only halfway house is monitored by the agencies that
- 6 contract for its services, the level of oversight for clean and
- 7 sober homes varies, depending on the referral source.
- 8 Currently, various types of group homes are defined in
- 9 section 46-4(f), Hawaii Revised Statutes, relating to county
- 10 zoning. Section 46-4(f), Hawaii Revised Statutes, defines terms
- 11 that are either no longer needed or are defined elsewhere in the
- 12 Hawaii Revised Statutes. In addition, inconsistent with the
- 13 federal Fair Housing Amendments Act, section 46-4(e), Hawaii
- 14 Revised Statutes, requires that a public informational meeting
- 15 be held before a halfway house, a clean and sober home, or a
- 16 drug rehabilitation home is located in a community.
- 17 As recommended by the clean and sober homes and halfway
- 18 houses task force, this Act will balance the needs of those
- 19 requiring the support of the group homes and the concerns of
- 20 community members.
- 21 The purpose of this Act is to help residents and
- 22 prospective residents of clean and sober group homes to access a

1	stable, alcohol- and drug-free, home-like living environment in		
2	residences that are in compliance with federal, state, and		
3	county requirements as well as minimum quality standards. This		
4	Act:		
5	(1) Establishes a registry for clean and sober homes		
6	within the department of health; and		
7	(2) Amends the county zoning statute to better align		
8	functions of state and county jurisdictions with		
9	federal law.		
10	PART II		
11	SECTION 2. The legislature finds that the primary goals of		
12	rehabilitation and recovery are to restore social, family,		
13	lifestyle, vocational, and economic supports by stabilizing an		
14	individual's physical and psychological functioning. Alcohol-		
15	and drug-free environments that are safe, sanitary, and secure		
16	promote recovery and assist individuals in becoming self-		
17	supporting. The legislature further finds that these		
18	environments support those in recovery from substance abuse to		
19	live in the community at-large.		
20	The clean and sober homes and halfway houses task force		
21	recognized that there is a need to improve the operation of		
22	group homes if group homes are to achieve their intended		

- 1 purposes. While some homes are well-run, others are overcrowded
- 2 and not well-managed. To increase the number of homes that
- 3 maintain appropriate living conditions, a voluntary registry
- 4 that sets minimum standards, but also gives special advantages
- 5 to homes on the registry, such as technical support and
- 6 preferred referral status, will be established. The voluntary
- 7 registry will include specific requirements that homes on the
- 8 registry will have to meet and will also provide a framework to
- 9 monitor the homes. A key function of the voluntary registry is
- 10 to enable agencies referring clients to monitor residences that
- 11 provide the necessary support for recovery efforts.
- 12 The purpose of this part is to establish a registry of
- 13 clean and sober homes.
- 14 SECTION 3. Chapter 321, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended by adding a new section to part XVI to be appropriately
- 16 designated and to read as follows:
- 17 "§321- Clean and sober homes registry. (a) The
- 18 department shall establish a voluntary clean and sober homes
- 19 registry to assist persons recovering from substance abuse to
- 20 have a safe, clean, and sober environment that supports their
- 21 recovery. The department shall establish procedures and

- 1 standards by which homes will be allowed to be listed on the 2 registry, including but not limited to: 3 Organizational and administrative standards; (1) 4 Fiscal management standards; (2) 5 (3) Operation standards; 6 (4)Recovery support standards; 7 (5) Property standards; and 8 (6) Good neighbor standards. 9 (b) Upon review and approval of a home operator's 10 application, the department shall issue a certificate of 11 registration that shall specify: 12 The name of the holder of the registration; (1) 13 (2) The address to which the registration applies; 14 (3) The maximum number of persons to reside in the home; 15 and The period for which the registration shall be valid. 16 (4)An owner, operator, or landlord shall not hold the property out 17 to be or advertise to be a "registered clean and sober home" 18 19 unless the home is registered with the clean and sober homes 20 registry and remains in good standing. 21 (c) The certificate of registration shall be publicly 22 displayed at the home.
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- 1 (d) The certificate of registration shall not be
- 2 transferred to a new owner or operator, or to an address other
- 3 than as specified on the certificate of registration.
- 4 (e) Nothing in this section shall relieve a certificate
- 5 holder from compliance with other pertinent statutory
- 6 provisions, nor shall a certificate holder be relieved from
- 7 compliance with other applicable provisions of federal, state,
- 8 or county laws, ordinances, or rules.
- 9 (f) The department may revoke the certificate of
- 10 registration if a home ceases to meet established standards or
- 11 any other applicable federal, state, or county law, ordinance,
- 12 or rule.
- 13 (q) The department may immediately revoke a certificate of
- 14 registration if there are reasonable grounds to believe that the
- 15 continued operation of the home presents an immediate danger to
- 16 residents of the home or the general public. The revocation
- 17 shall be made in writing to the certificate holder.
- 18 (h) The department shall maintain a listing of all
- 19 registered clean and sober homes on its website.
- 20 (i) The department shall establish a toll-free telephone
- 21 line to receive and respond to complaints regarding clean and
- 22 sober homes.

1	(j) This section shall not be construed to abrogate an
2	individual's right to privacy. Unless otherwise provided by
3	law, the department shall implement sufficient protections to
4	ensure that the identity of a clean and sober home resident
5	remains strictly confidential and that information collected
6	pursuant to this section is used solely for the purposes of this
7	section.
8	(k) The department shall adopt rules under chapter 91 as
9	necessary to carry out the purposes of this section."
10	SECTION 4. Section 321-191, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
12	and to read as follows:
13	""Clean and sober home" means a dwelling unit that is
14	intended to provide a stable, independent environment of
15	alcohol- and drug-free living conditions to sustain recovery and
16	that is shared by unrelated adult persons who are attempting to
17	maintain a life of sobriety."
18	SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general
19	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
20	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 for
21	staffing and operating costs to plan, establish, and operate the

1	The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of	
2	health for the purposes of this part.	
3	PART III	
4	SECTION 6. The legislature finds that amendments to	
5	section 46-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, relating to county	
6	zoning, that were agreed upon by the clean and sober homes and	
7	halfway houses task force in December 2012, are necessary to	
8	better align the functions of state and county jurisdictions.	
9	The purpose of this part is to amend section 46-4, Hawaii	
10	Revised Statutes, to:	
11	(1) Clarify the conditions under which the counties shall	
12	not prohibit group homes that have up to eight	
13	unrelated persons in a dwelling unit;	
14	(2) Eliminate any conflict with the federal Fair Housing	
15	Amendments Act by deleting the requirement for a	
16	public informational meeting; and	
17	(3) Eliminate definitions for terms that are defined	
18	elsewhere in the Hawaii Revised Statutes or are no	
19	longer needed.	
20	SECTION 7. Section 46-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
21	amended to read as follows:	

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1
         "§46-4
                 County zoning. (a) This section and any
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    ordinance, rule, or regulation adopted in accordance with this
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    section shall apply to lands not contained within the forest
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    reserve boundaries as established on January 31, 1957, or as
5
    subsequently amended.
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         Zoning in all counties shall be accomplished within the
7
    framework of a long-range, comprehensive general plan prepared
    or being prepared to guide the overall future development of the
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9
    county. Zoning shall be one of the tools available to the
    county to put the general plan into effect in an orderly manner.
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11
    Zoning in the counties of Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai means the
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    establishment of districts of such number, shape, and area, and
    the adoption of regulations for each district to carry out the
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14
    purposes of this section. In establishing or regulating the
    districts, full consideration shall be given to all available
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    data as to soil classification and physical use capabilities of
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    the land to allow and encourage the most beneficial use of the
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    land consonant with good zoning practices. The zoning power
    granted herein shall be exercised by ordinance which may relate
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20
    to:
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industry, trade, and business may be conducted;

The areas within which agriculture, forestry,

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(1)

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1	(2)	The areas in which residential uses may be regulated
2		or prohibited;
3	(3)	The areas bordering natural watercourses, channels,
4		and streams, in which trades or industries, filling or
5		dumping, erection of structures, and the location of
6		buildings may be prohibited or restricted;
7	(4)	The areas in which particular uses may be subjected to
8		special restrictions;
9	(5)	The location of buildings and structures designed for
10		specific uses and designation of uses for which
11		buildings and structures may not be used or altered;
12	(6)	The location, height, bulk, number of stories, and
13		size of buildings and other structures;
14	(7)	The location of roads, schools, and recreation areas;
15	(8)	Building setback lines and future street lines;
16	(9)	The density and distribution of population;
17	(10)	The percentage of a lot that may be occupied, size of
18		yards, courts, and other open spaces;
19	(11)	Minimum and maximum lot sizes; and
20	(12)	Other regulations the boards or city council find
21		necessary and proper to permit and encourage the

1	orderly development of land resources within their	
2	jurisdictions.	
3	The council of any county shall prescribe rules,	
4	regulations, and administrative procedures and provide personnel	
5	it finds necessary to enforce this section and any ordinance	
6	enacted in accordance with this section. The ordinances may be	
7	enforced by appropriate fines and penalties, civil or criminal,	
8	or by court order at the suit of the county or the owner or	
9	owners of real estate directly affected by the ordinances.	
10	Any civil fine or penalty provided by ordinance under this	
11	section may be imposed by the district court, or by the zoning	
12	agency after an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to chapter	
13	91. The proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for any	
14	injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court.	
15	Nothing in this section shall invalidate any zoning	
16	ordinance or regulation adopted by any county or other agency of	
17	government pursuant to the statutes in effect prior to July 1,	
18	1957.	
19	The powers granted herein shall be liberally construed in	
20	favor of the county exercising them, and in such a manner as to	
21	promote the orderly development of each county or city and	
22	county in accordance with a long-range, comprehensive general	

- 1 plan to ensure the greatest benefit for the State as a whole.
- 2 This section shall not be construed to limit or repeal any
- 3 powers of any county to achieve these ends through zoning and
- 4 building regulations, except insofar as forest and water reserve
- 5 zones are concerned and as provided in subsections (c) and (d).
- 6 Neither this section nor any ordinance enacted pursuant to
- 7 this section shall prohibit the continued lawful use of any
- 8 building or premises for any trade, industrial, residential,
- 9 agricultural, or other purpose for which the building or
- 10 premises is used at the time this section or the ordinance takes
- 11 effect; provided that a zoning ordinance may provide for
- 12 elimination of nonconforming uses as the uses are discontinued,
- 13 or for the amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses or
- 14 signs over a reasonable period of time in commercial,
- 15 industrial, resort, and apartment zoned areas only. In no event
- 16 shall such amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses
- 17 apply to any existing building or premises used for residential
- 18 (single-family or duplex) or agricultural uses. Nothing in this
- 19 section shall affect or impair the powers and duties of the
- 20 director of transportation as set forth in chapter 262.
- 21 (b) Any final order of a zoning agency established under
- 22 this section may be appealed to the circuit court of the circuit

- 1 in which the land in question is found. The appeal shall be in
- 2 accordance with the Hawaii rules of civil procedure.
- 3 (c) Each county may adopt reasonable standards to allow
- 4 the construction of two single-family dwelling units on any lot
- 5 where a residential dwelling unit is permitted.
- 6 (d) Neither this section nor any other law, county
- 7 ordinance, or rule shall prohibit group living in facilities
- 8 with eight or fewer residents [and] for purposes or functions
- 9 that are licensed, certified, registered, or monitored by the
- 10 State [as provided for under section 321-15.6, or in an
- 11 intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual
- 12 disabilities in the community for persons, including mentally
- 13 ill, elder, disabled, developmentally disabled, or totally
- 14 disabled persons, who are not related to the home operator or
- 15 facility staff; provided that those]. A resident manager or a
- 16 resident supervisor and the resident manager's or resident
- 17 supervisor's family shall not be included in this resident
- 18 count. These group living facilities shall meet all applicable
- 19 county requirements not inconsistent with the intent of this
- 20 subsection [and], including but not limited to building height,
- 21 setback, maximum lot coverage, parking, and floor area
- 22 requirements.

1	[(e) No permit shall be issued by a county agency for the		
2	operation of a halfway house, a clean and sober home, or a drug		
3	rehabilitation home unless a public informational meeting is		
4	first held in the affected community. The State shall provide		
5	notification and access to relevant information, as required,		
6	under chapter 846E.		
7	A clean and sober home shall be considered a residential		
8	use of property and shall be a permitted or conditional use in		
9	residentially designated zones, including but not limited to		
10	zones for single-family dwellings.		
11	(f) For purposes of this section:		
12	"Clean and sober home" means a house that is operated		
13	pursuant to a program designed to provide a stable environment		
14	of clean and sober living conditions to sustain recovery and		
15	that is shared by unrelated adult persons who:		
16	(1) Are recovering from substance abuse;		
17	(2) Share household expenses; and		
18	(3) Do not require twenty four hour supervision,		
19	rehabilitation, or therapeutic services or care in the		
20	home or on the premises;		
21	provided that the home shall meet all applicable laws, codes,		
22	and rules of the counties and State.		

1	"Developmentally disabled person" means a person suffering		
2	from developmental disabilities as defined under section 333F-1.		
3	"Disabled person" means a person with a disability as		
4	defined under section 515-2.		
5	"Drug rehabilitation home" means:		
6	(1)	A residential treatment facility that provides a	
7		therapeutic residential program for care, diagnosis,	
8		treatment, or rehabilitation for socially or	
9		emotionally distressed persons, mentally ill persons,	
10		persons suffering from substance abuse, and	
11		developmentally disabled persons; or	
12	(2)	A supervised living arrangement that provides mental	
13		health services, substance abuse services, or	
14		supportive services for individuals or families who do	
15		not need the structure of a special treatment facility	
16		and are transitioning to independent living;	
17	provided	that drug rehabilitation homes shall not include	
18	halfway h	ouses or clean and sober homes.	
19	"Eld	er" means an elder as defined under section 356D-1.	
20	"Hal	fway house" means a group living facility for people	
21	who:		

1	(1)	Have been released or are under supervised release
2		from a correctional facility;
3	(2)	Have been released from a mental health treatment
4		facility; or
5	(3)	Are receiving substance abuse or sex offender
6		treatment; and
7	are house	d to participate in programs that help them readjust to
8	living in	the community.
9	"Int	ermediate care facility for individuals with
10	intellect	ual disabilities in the community" means an
11	identifia	ble unit providing residence and care for eight or
12	fewer ind	ividuals with intellectual disabilities. Its primary
13	purpose i	s the provision of health, social, and rehabilitation
14	services	to the individuals with intellectual disabilities
15	through a	n individually designed active treatment program for
16	each resi	dent. No person who is predominantly confined to bed
17	shall be	admitted as a resident of such a facility.
18	"Men	tal health treatment facility" means a psychiatric
19	facility	or special treatment facility as defined under section
20	334-1.	
21	"Men	tally ill person" has the same meaning as defined under
22	section 3	34-1.

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1
         "Totally disabled person" means a "person totally disabled"
2
    as defined under section 235-1.
         "Treatment program" means a "substance abuse program" or
3
    "treatment program", as those terms are defined under section
4
    353C-2.
5
6
         (g) (e) Neither this section nor any other law, county
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    ordinance, or rule shall prohibit the use of land for employee
    housing and community buildings in plantation community
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9
    subdivisions as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(12); in addition,
    no zoning ordinance shall provide for elimination, amortization,
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    or phasing out of plantation community subdivisions as a
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    nonconforming use."
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         SECTION 8. Section 518-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended to read as follows:
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          "§518-3 Invalidity of certain restrictive covenants.
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                                                                 Ιt
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    is the public policy of the State to establish community
    residences in residential areas. Therefore, any restrictive
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    covenant or other private legal impediment made by any person,
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19
    association, firm, or corporation which directly or indirectly
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    prevents or restricts the establishment in an area zoned for
    residential use of a facility licensed by the State as an adult
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    residential care home as defined under section 321-15.1;
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- 1 intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual
- 2 disabilities in the community [as defined under section [46-
- $3 + \frac{4(f)}{2}$; or special treatment facility as defined under section
- 4 334-1 shall be void and unenforceable as to such community
- 5 residences."
- 6 PART IV
- 7 SECTION 9. The department of health shall submit a
- 8 progress report to the legislature concerning the status of the
- 9 plan for establishing and operating the registry of clean and
- 10 sober homes, no later than twenty days prior to the convening of
- 11 the regular session of 2015.
- 12 SECTION 10. This Act does not affect rights and duties
- 13 that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
- 14 were begun before its effective date.
- 15 SECTION 11. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 16 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
- 17 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
- 18 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
- 19 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 20 of this Act are severable.
- 21 SECTION 12. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 22 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

1 SECTION 13. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.

2

Report Title:

Registry of Clean and Sober Homes; Appropriation; County Zoning

Description:

Establishes a registry for clean and sober homes within the Department of Health. Appropriates funds. Amends the county zoning statute to better align functions of state and county jurisdictions with federal law. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.