A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO GROUP HOMES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the clean and sober
3	homes and halfway houses task force was formed in response to
4	legislation introduced in the regular session of 2012. Clean
5	and sober homes and halfway houses, which are located in
6	communities throughout the State, provide housing for
7	individuals suffering from substance abuse, including people who
8	may have co-occurring mental health issues, as they transition
9	from the treatment setting to life in the community. The clean
10	and sober homes and halfway houses task force explored ways to
11	develop a plan to ensure that these homes are properly monitored
12	and accountable to meet occupancy, zoning, and permitting
13	requirements, as well as quality standards.
14	Clean and sober homes and halfway houses allow individuals
15	to return to the community through support in an alcohol- and
16	drug-free, home-like environment, without the rigid structure of
17	a therapeutic living program, which requires being licensed by

- 1 the State. Notwithstanding the needs of those who benefit from
- 2 these homes, neighboring residents have expressed concerns over
- 3 the legality of the operation of clean and sober homes in their
- 4 immediate vicinity and the poor conduct and lack of neighborly
- 5 behavior of some residents of the clean and sober homes. While
- 6 the State's only halfway house is monitored by the agencies that
- 7 contract for its services, the level of oversight for clean and
- 8 sober homes varies, depending on the referral source.
- 9 Currently, various types of group homes are defined in
- 10 section 46-4(f), Hawaii Revised Statutes, relating to county
- 11 zoning. Section 46-4(f), Hawaii Revised Statutes, defines terms
- 12 that are either no longer needed or are defined elsewhere in the
- 13 Hawaii Revised Statutes. In addition, inconsistent with the
- 14 federal Fair Housing Amendments Act, section 46-4(e), Hawaii
- 15 Revised Statutes, requires that a public informational meeting
- 16 be held in the affected community before a halfway house, a
- 17 clean and sober home, or a drug rehabilitation home is located
- 18 in that community.
- 19 As recommended by the clean and sober homes and halfway
- 20 houses task force, this Act will balance the needs of those

- requiring the support of the group homes and the concerns of
 community members.
- 3 The purpose of this Act is to help residents and
- 4 prospective residents of clean and sober group homes to access a
- 5 stable, alcohol- and drug-free, home-like living environment in
- 6 residences that comply with federal, state, and county
- 7 requirements and minimum quality standards. This Act:
- 8 (1) Establishes a registry for clean and sober homes9 within the department of health; and
- 10 (2) Amends the county zoning statute to better align
 11 functions of state and county jurisdictions with
 12 federal law.
- 13 PART II
- 14 SECTION 2. The legislature finds that the primary goals of
- 15 rehabilitation and recovery are to restore social, family,
- 16 lifestyle, vocational, and economic supports by stabilizing an
- 17 individual's physical and psychological functioning. Alcohol-
- 18 and drug-free environments that are safe, sanitary, and secure
- 19 promote recovery and assist individuals in becoming self-
- 20 supporting. The legislature further finds that these

- 1 environments assist persons recovering from substance abuse to
- 2 live in the community at-large.
- 3 The clean and sober homes and halfway houses task force
- 4 recognized that there is a need to improve the operation of
- 5 group homes if group homes are to achieve their intended
- 6 purposes. While some homes are well-run, others are overcrowded
- 7 and not well-managed. To increase the number of homes that
- 8 maintain appropriate living conditions, a voluntary registry
- 9 will be established to set minimum standards, but also give
- 10 special advantages to homes on the registry, such as technical
- 11 support and preferred referral status. The voluntary registry
- 12 will include specific requirements that homes on the registry
- 13 must meet and will also provide a framework to monitor the
- 14 homes. A key function of the voluntary registry is to enable
- 15 agencies referring clients to monitor residences that provide
- 16 the necessary support for recovery efforts.
- 17 The purpose of this part is to establish a registry of
- 18 clean and sober homes.
- 19 SECTION 3. Chapter 321, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended by adding a new section to part XVI to be appropriately
- 21 designated and to read as follows:

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1	" <u>§32</u>	1- Clean and sober homes registry. (a) The
2	departmen	t shall establish a voluntary clean and sober homes
3	registry	to assist persons recovering from substance abuse to
4	have a sa	fe, clean, and sober environment that supports their
5	recovery.	The department shall establish procedures and
6	standards	by which homes will be allowed to be listed on the
7	registry,	including but not limited to:
8	(1)	Organizational and administrative standards;
9	(2)	Fiscal management standards;
10	<u>(3)</u>	Operation standards;
11	(4)	Recovery support standards;
12	<u>(5)</u>	Property standards; and
13	(6)	Good neighbor standards.
14	(b)	Upon review and approval of a home operator's
15	application	on, the department shall issue a certificate of
16	registrat	ion that shall specify:
17	(1)	The name of the holder of the registration;
18	(2)	The address to which the registration applies;
19	(3)	The maximum number of persons to reside in the home;
20		<u>and</u>
21	(4)	The period for which the registration shall be valid.

- 1 An owner, operator, or landlord shall not hold the property out
- 2 to be or advertise to be a "registered clean and sober home"
- 3 unless the home is registered and in good standing with the
- 4 clean and sober homes registry.
- 5 (c) The certificate of registration shall be publicly
- 6 displayed at the home.
- 7 (d) The certificate of registration shall not be
- 8 transferred to a new owner or operator, or to an address other
- 9 than as specified on the certificate of registration.
- 10 (e) Nothing in this section shall relieve a certificate
- 11 holder from compliance with other pertinent statutory
- 12 provisions, nor shall a certificate holder be relieved from
- 13 compliance with other applicable provisions of federal, state,
- 14 or county laws, ordinances, or rules.
- 15 (f) The department may revoke the certificate of
- 16 registration if a home ceases to meet established standards or
- 17 any other applicable federal, state, or county law, ordinance,
- 18 or rule.
- 19 (g) The department may immediately revoke a certificate of
- 20 registration if there are reasonable grounds to believe that the

- 1 continued operation of the home presents an immediate danger to
- 2 residents of the home or the general public.
- 3 (h) Any revocation of the certificate of registration
- 4 shall be made in writing to the certificate holder.
- 5 (i) The department shall maintain a listing of all
- 6 registered clean and sober homes on its website.
- 7 (j) The department shall establish a toll-free telephone
- 8 number to receive complaints regarding clean and sober homes.
- 9 (k) This section shall not be construed to abrogate an
- 10 individual's right to privacy. Unless otherwise provided by
- 11 law, the department shall implement sufficient protections to
- 12 ensure that the identity of a clean and sober home resident
- 13 remains confidential and that information collected pursuant to
- 14 this section is used solely for the purposes of this section.
- 15 (1) The department shall adopt rules under chapter 91 as
- 16 necessary to carry out the purposes of this section."
- 17 SECTION 4. Section 321-191, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 18 amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
- 19 and to read as follows:
- 20 ""Clean and sober home" means a dwelling unit that is
- 21 intended to provide a stable, independent environment of

- 1 alcohol- and drug-free living conditions to sustain recovery and
- 2 that is shared by unrelated adult persons who are recovering
- 3 from substance abuse."
- 4 SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general
- 5 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$250,000 or so much
- 6 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 for
- 7 staffing and operating costs to plan, establish, and operate the
- 8 registry of clean and sober homes.
- 9 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 10 health for the purposes of this part.
- 11 PART III
- 12 SECTION 6. The legislature finds that amendments to
- 13 section 46-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, relating to county
- 14 zoning, that were agreed upon by the clean and sober homes and
- 15 halfway houses task force in December 2012, are necessary to
- 16 better align the functions of state and county jurisdictions.
- 17 The purpose of this part is to amend section 46-4, Hawaii
- 18 Revised Statutes, to:
- 19 (1) Clarify the conditions under which the counties shall
- 20 not prohibit group homes that have up to eight
- 21 unrelated persons in a dwelling unit;

1	(2)	Eliminate any conflict with the federal Fair Housing
2		Amendments Act by deleting the requirement for a
3		public informational meeting; and
4	(3)	Eliminate definitions for terms that are defined
5		elsewhere in the Hawaii Revised Statutes or are no
6		longer needed.
7	SECT	ION 7. Section 46-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended t	o read as follows:
9	" §4 6	-4 County zoning. (a) This section and any
10	ordinance	, rule, or regulation adopted in accordance with this
11	section s	hall apply to lands not contained within the forest
12	reserve b	oundaries as established on January 31, 1957, or as
13	subsequen	tly amended.
14	Zoni	ng in all counties shall be accomplished within the
15	framework	of a long-range, comprehensive general plan prepared
16	or being p	prepared to guide the overall future development of the
17	county.	Zoning shall be one of the tools available to the
18	county to	put the general plan into effect in an orderly manner.
19	Zoning in	the counties of Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai means the
20	establish	ment of districts of such number, shape, and area, and
21	the adopt:	ion of regulations for each district to carry out the

1	purposes	of this section. In establishing or regulating the
2	districts	, full consideration shall be given to all available
3	data as t	o soil classification and physical use capabilities of
4	the land	to allow and encourage the most beneficial use of the
5	land cons	onant with good zoning practices. The zoning power
6	granted h	erein shall be exercised by ordinance which may relate
7	to:	
8	(1)	The areas within which agriculture, forestry,
9		industry, trade, and business may be conducted;
10	(2)	The areas in which residential uses may be regulated
11		or prohibited;
12	(3)	The areas bordering natural watercourses, channels,
13		and streams, in which trades or industries, filling or
14		dumping, erection of structures, and the location of
15		buildings may be prohibited or restricted;
16	(4)	The areas in which particular uses may be subjected to
17		special restrictions;
18	(5)	The location of buildings and structures designed for
19		specific uses and designation of uses for which
20		buildings and structures may not be used or altered;

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1	(6)	The location, height, bulk, number of stories, and
2		size of buildings and other structures;
3	(7)	The location of roads, schools, and recreation areas;
4	(8)	Building setback lines and future street lines;
5	(9)	The density and distribution of population;
6	(10)	The percentage of a lot that may be occupied, size of
· 7		yards, courts, and other open spaces;
8	(11)	Minimum and maximum lot sizes; and
9	(12)	Other regulations the boards or city council find
10		necessary and proper to permit and encourage the
11		orderly development of land resources within their
12		jurisdictions.
13	The	council of any county shall prescribe rules,
14	regulatio	ns, and administrative procedures and provide personnel
15	it finds	necessary to enforce this section and any ordinance
16	enacted i	n accordance with this section. The ordinances may be
17	enforced :	by appropriate fines and penalties, civil or criminal,
18	or by cou	rt order at the suit of the county or the owner or
19	owners of	real estate directly affected by the ordinances.
20	Any	civil fine or penalty provided by ordinance under this
21	section m	ay be imposed by the district court, or by the zoning

- 1 agency after an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to chapter
- 2 91. The proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for any
- 3 injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court.
- 4 Nothing in this section shall invalidate any zoning
- 5 ordinance or regulation adopted by any county or other agency of
- 6 government pursuant to the statutes in effect prior to July 1,
- **7** 1957.
- 8 The powers granted herein shall be liberally construed in
- 9 favor of the county exercising them, and in such a manner as to
- 10 promote the orderly development of each county or city and
- 11 county in accordance with a long-range, comprehensive general
- 12 plan to ensure the greatest benefit for the State as a whole.
- 13 This section shall not be construed to limit or repeal any
- 14 powers of any county to achieve these ends through zoning and
- 15 building regulations, except insofar as forest and water reserve
- 16 zones are concerned and as provided in subsections (c) and (d).
- 17 Neither this section nor any ordinance enacted pursuant to
- 18 this section shall prohibit the continued lawful use of any
- 19 building or premises for any trade, industrial, residential,
- 20 agricultural, or other purpose for which the building or
- 21 premises is used at the time this section or the ordinance takes

- 1 effect; provided that a zoning ordinance may provide for
- 2 elimination of nonconforming uses as the uses are discontinued,
- 3 or for the amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses or
- 4 signs over a reasonable period of time in commercial,
- 5 industrial, resort, and apartment zoned areas only. In no event
- 6 shall such amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses
- 7 apply to any existing building or premises used for residential
- 8 (single-family or duplex) or agricultural uses. Nothing in this
- 9 section shall affect or impair the powers and duties of the
- 10 director of transportation as set forth in chapter 262.
- 11 (b) Any final order of a zoning agency established under
- 12 this section may be appealed to the circuit court of the circuit
- 13 in which the land in question is found. The appeal shall be in
- 14 accordance with the Hawaii rules of civil procedure.
- (c) Each county may adopt reasonable standards to allow
- 16 the construction of two single-family dwelling units on any lot
- 17 where a residential dwelling unit is permitted.
- 18 (d) Neither this section nor any other law, county
- 19 ordinance, or rule shall prohibit group living in facilities
- 20 with eight or fewer residents [and] for purposes or functions
- 21 that are licensed, certified, registered, or monitored by the

1	State las provided for under section 321-15.6, or in an
2	intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual
3	disabilities in the community for persons, including mentally
4	ill, elder, disabled, developmentally disabled, or totally
5	disabled persons, who are not related to the home operator or
6	facility staff; provided that those]; provided that a resident
7	manager or a resident supervisor and the resident manager's or
8	resident supervisor's family shall not be included in this
9	resident count. These group living facilities shall meet all
10	applicable county requirements not inconsistent with the intent
11	of this subsection [and], including but not limited to building
12	height, setback, maximum lot coverage, parking, and floor area
13	requirements.
14	[(e) No permit shall be issued by a county agency for the
15	operation of a halfway house, a clean and sober home, or a drug
16	rehabilitation home unless a public informational meeting is
17	first held in the affected community. The State shall provide
18	notification and access to relevant information, as required,
19	under chapter 846E.
20	A clean and sober home shall be considered a residential
21	use of property and shall be a permitted or conditional use in



1	residentially designated zones, including but not limited to
2	zones for single-family dwellings.
3	(f) For purposes of this section:
4	"Clean and sober home" means a house that is operated
5	pursuant to a program designed to provide a stable environment
6	of clean and sober living conditions to sustain recovery and
7	that is shared by unrelated adult persons who:
8	(1) Are recovering from substance abuse;
9	(2) Share household expenses; and
10	(3) Do not require twenty four hour supervision,
11	rehabilitation, or therapeutic services or care in the
12	home or on the premises;
13	provided that the home shall meet all applicable laws, codes,
14	and rules of the counties and State.
15	"Developmentally disabled person" means a person suffering
16	from developmental disabilities as defined under section 333F 1.
17	"Disabled person" means a person with a disability as
18	defined under section 515 2.
19	"Drug rehabilitation home" means:
20	(1) A residential treatment facility that provides a
21	therapeutic residential program for care, diagnosis,



1		treatment, or rehabilitation for socially or
2		emotionally distressed persons, mentally ill persons,
3		persons suffering from substance abuse, and
4		developmentally disabled persons; or
5	(2)	A supervised living arrangement that provides mental
6		health services, substance abuse services, or
7		supportive services for individuals or families who do
8		not need the structure of a special treatment facility
9		and are transitioning to independent living;
10	provided	that drug rehabilitation homes shall not include
11	halfway h	ouses or clean and sober homes.
12	"Eld	er" means an elder as defined under section 356D-1.
13	"Hal	fway house" means a group living facility for people
14	who:	
15	(1)	Have been released or are under supervised release
16		<pre>from a correctional facility;</pre>
17	(2)	Have been released from a mental health treatment
18		facility; or
19	(3)	Are receiving substance abuse or sex offender
20		treatment; and

- are housed to participate in programs that help them readjust to 1 2 living in the community. 3 "Intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities in the community" means an 4 5 identifiable unit providing residence and care for eight or fewer individuals with intellectual disabilities. Its primary 6 7 purpose is the provision of health, social, and rehabilitation 8 services to the individuals with intellectual disabilities 9 through an individually designed active treatment program for 10 each resident. No person who is predominantly confined to bed 11 shall be admitted as a resident of such a facility. 12 "Mental health treatment facility" means a psychiatric facility or special treatment facility as defined under section 13 14 334 - 1.15 "Mentally ill person" has the same meaning as defined under section 334-1. 16 17 "Totally disabled person" means a "person totally disabled"

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as defined under section 235-1.

1 (g) (e) Neither this section nor any other law, county 2 ordinance, or rule shall prohibit the use of land for employee 3 housing and community buildings in plantation community 4 subdivisions as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(12); in addition, 5 no zoning ordinance shall provide for the elimination, 6 amortization, or phasing out of plantation community 7 subdivisions as a nonconforming use." 8 SECTION 8. Section 518-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows: 9 **10** "§518-3 Invalidity of certain restrictive covenants. 11 is the public policy of the State to establish community 12 residences in residential areas. Therefore, any restrictive **13** covenant or other private legal impediment made by any person, 14 association, firm, or corporation which directly or indirectly **15** prevents or restricts the establishment in an area zoned for 16 residential use of a facility licensed by the State as an adult **17** residential care home as defined under section 321-15.1; 18 intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual 19 disabilities in the community [as defined under section [46-

4(f)]; or special treatment facility as defined under section

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- 1 334-1 shall be void and unenforceable as to such community
- 2 residences."
- 3 PART IV
- 4 SECTION 9. The department of health shall submit a
- 5 progress report to the legislature concerning the status of the
- 6 plan for establishing and operating the registry of clean and
- 7 sober homes, no later than twenty days prior to the convening of
- 8 the regular session of 2015.
- 9 SECTION 10. This Act does not affect rights and duties
- 10 that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
- 11 were begun before its effective date.
- 12 SECTION 11. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 13 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
- 14 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
- 15 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
- 16 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 17 of this Act are severable.
- 18 SECTION 12. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 19 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 20 SECTION 13. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.

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Report Title:

Registry of Clean and Sober Homes; Appropriation; County Zoning

Description:

Establishes a registry for clean and sober homes within the Department of Health. Appropriates funds. Amends the county zoning statute to better align functions of state and county jurisdictions with federal law. (HB2224 CD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.