A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO BIOSECURITY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the unchecked spread of invasive species is one of the greatest threats to Hawaii's economy, natural environment, and the health and lifestyle of Hawaii's people. Invasive pests can cause millions of dollars in crop losses, the extinction of native species, the destruction of native forests, the spread of disease, and the quarantine of exported agricultural crops.

Island ecosystems are particularly vulnerable to the 8 9 destructive power of invasive pests. On Guam, the accidental 10 introduction of the brown tree snake has resulted in widespread 11 devastation. Without natural predators or competition for food, brown tree snake populations have grown exponentially, causing 12 13 mass extinctions of endemic birds. Where there were once bird 14 songs, the forests of Guam are now silent and home to as many as fifteen thousand snakes per square mile. The introduction of 15 16 just one new pest like the brown tree snake could change the 17 ecological character of the Hawaiian Islands forever.

H.B. NO. H.D. 1 S.D. 2

1	Despite the State's ongoing efforts to detect and eradicate
2	invasive species, Hawaii's fragile island ecosystems are
3	constantly at risk from insects, disease-bearing organisms, snakes,
4	weeds, and other invasive pests. The coqui frog, Salvinia molesta,
5	Miconia calvescens, ohia rust, nettle caterpillar, and little
6	fire ant are all present in Hawaii, disrupting the delicate
7	balance of island ecosystems, crowding out native species, and
8	reducing the biodiversity of Hawaii.
9	The department of agriculture has created a biosecurity
10	program to fight invasive species on several fronts by:
11	(1) Administering pre-entry measures to minimize the risk
12	of invasive pests entering the State;
13	(2) Conducting port-of-entry inspections to detect and
14	quarantine or destroy pests upon arrival; and
15	(3) Administering post-entry measures to mitigate the
16	establishment of pests in the State.
17	The department has also supported the growth of Hawaii's
18	agriculture industry by attempting to reduce the State's
19	dependency on imported agricultural products that may contain
20	pests. The legislature finds that sufficient support for a
21	biosecurity program is vital to the public's health and welfare.

HB1932 SD2 LRB 14-2499.doc

The purpose of this Act is to:

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1	(1)	Reaffirm the legislature's finding that the			
2		implementation of the department of agriculture's			
3		biosecurity program is vital to the State;			
4	(2)	Appropriate moneys to enable the department of			
5		agriculture to complete the implementation of the			
6		biosecurity program; and			
7	(3)	Authorize the department of agriculture to establish			
8		or participate in private-public partnerships to			
9		enhance the biosecurity program and quarantine			
10		inspection process.			
11	SECT	ION 2. Section 150A-53, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
12	amended to read as follows:				
13	"[$+$] $$150A-53[+] General actions to achieve objectives. To$				
14	achieve the objectives of the biosecurity program, the				
15	department shall plan for and, within available legislative				
16	appropriations or through funding from other sources, implement				
17	the following:				
18	(1)	Work with government agencies and agricultural			
19		commodity exporters of other states and countries to			
20		establish pre-entry inspection programs under which			
21		inbound cargo into the State is inspected at the ports			
22		of departure or other points outside the State;			

1	(2)	Esta	blish, operate, or participate in operating port-
2		of-∈	entry facilities where multiple government agencies
3		may	inspect, quarantine, fumigate, disinfect, destroy,
4		or e	exclude as appropriate, articles that may harbor
5		pest	s or exclude articles that are prohibited or
6		rest	ricted without a permit, with the goals of:
7		(A)	Performing inspections in an efficient,
8			effective, and expeditious manner for the
9			government agencies involved and for cargo
10			owners, carriers, and importers; [and]
11		(B)	Providing for the proper and safe storage and
12			handling of cargo, especially agricultural and
13			food commodities, awaiting inspection; and
14		(C)	Establishing or participating in private-public
15			partnerships to enhance the biosecurity program
16			and quarantine inspection process with on-port
17			and off-port facilities, including inspection and
18			treatment facilities, transitional facilities,
19			and consolidation and deconsolidation facilities;
20			provided that actual inspections shall be
21			performed only by department employees and not
22			private contractors or their employees.

_	(3)	bevelop, implement, and cooldinate post entry measures
2		to eradicate, control, reduce, and suppress pests and,
3		as appropriate, eradicate or seize and dispose of
4		prohibited or restricted organisms without a permit
5		that have entered the State;
6	(4)	Collaborate with relevant government agencies,
7		agricultural commodity importers, and other persons to
8		examine and develop joint integrated systems to better
9		implement the biosecurity program;
10	(5)	Improve cargo inspection capabilities and methods,
11		including enhancement of the content and submission
12		requirements for cargo manifests and agricultural
13		commodity ownership and movement certificates;
14	(6)	Promote the production of agricultural commodities in
15		the State to reduce cargo shipments of imported
16		commodities into the State; and
17	(7)	Provide public education on the negative effects of
18		pests and prohibited or restricted organisms without a
19		permit, to the environment and economy of the State."
20	SECT	ION 3. There is appropriated out of the general
21	revenues	of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
22	much ther	eof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 for
	HB1932 SD	2 LRB 14-2499.doc

H.B. NO. H.D. 2 S.D. 2

- 1 the biosecurity program of the department of agriculture;
- 2 provided that the appropriation shall be used for the following
- 3 projects:
- 4 (1) An electronic manifest system for maritime cargo
- 5 inspections;
- 6 (2) Import replacement of high risk crops and the
- 7 development of systems management to enhance pest
- 8 management practices;
- 9 (3) Research on new generation pesticides and development
- of integrated pest management methods;
- 11 (4) Development of quarantine treatment options;
- 12 (5) Development and implementation of diagnostics to
- quickly and reliably identify new and evolving pests
- 14 and diseases;
- 15 (6) Improvement of productivity of inspection capacity;
- **16** and
- 17 (7) Public and agriculture industry education activities.
- 18 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 19 agriculture for the purposes of this Act.
- 20 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 21 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 22 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

HB1932 SD2 LRB 14-2499.doc

Report Title:

Biosecurity Program; Department of Agriculture; Appropriation

Description:

Authorizes the DOA to establish or participate in private-public partnerships to enhance the biosecurity program and quarantine inspection process. Appropriates funds for FY 2014-2015 for the DOA's biosecurity program. Effective 7/1/2050. (SD2)

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