HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE, 2013 STATE OF HAWAII H.B. NO. **190**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TRUANCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that studies have shown 2 truancy to be a serious problem, with societal implications that 3 transcend diminished student attendance rates. Students who are 4 truant are more likely to drop out of school, have fewer job 5 prospects, receive lower salaries, and be unemployed. Truancy 6 imposes a high cost on society by consuming valuable school and court resources, promoting academic failure, and producing 7. 8 juvenile delinguency that often leads to adult criminal 9 behavior. Approximately five per cent of students across the 10 nation drop out of school each year, and most of these students begin as truants. In Hawaii, the average truancy rate in 2005-11 2006 was 1.7 per cent, or two hundred and eighty-two students, 12 13 but in 2006-2007 the rate doubled to 2.4 per cent, or three 14 hundred and ninety-five students.

15 The community must be involved in preventing truancy and 16 increasing school attendance by forging collaborative 17 relationships among the schools, law enforcement, the judiciary, 18 and other community members. Because truancy is a problem that HB LRB 13-0423.doc Page 2

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has roots at the elementary school level, early intervention is 1 2 vital. To accomplish this, a community truancy board could both 3 act as a buffer between the students and the juvenile court 4 system and help address the source of the truancy problem by 5 taking advantage of the skills, expertise, and interest of the 6 various members of local communities. A community truancy board 7 could use, among other things, mediation to create agreements 8 between students, parents, and the schools that can take the 9 place of formal court proceedings. The agreements would be signed by all parties privy to it, and would be monitored by the 10 11 school district.

12 Mediation has proven to be effective against truancy. In 13 separate studies performed by San Francisco District Attorney Kamala D. Harris and the Ohio Commission On Dispute Resolution 14 and Conflict Management, both found that mediation, not punitive 15 16 sanctions, proved to be the most effective means to reduce student truancy rates. In the San Francisco study, entitled 17 "Pay Attention Now or Pay the Price Later: How Reducing 18 Elementary School Truancy Will Improve Public Safety and Save 19 Public Resources," mediation helped to contribute to a twenty 20 per cent reduction in truancy over the span of one year. The 21 Ohio study produced similar results, citing reductions in 22



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average number of days absent from 13.17 to 3.42 and 15.38 to
 1.27 in Delaware and Ross counties, respectively, for the year
 that mediation was applied.

The purpose of this Act is to task the judiciary with
convening a working group to study methods to prevent or control
the problem of truancy in elementary schools and to assess the
feasibility of establishing and implementing a community truancy
board.

9 SECTION 2. (a) The chief justice of the supreme court 10 shall designate a senior family court judge to convene a working 11 group to study methods to prevent or control the problem of 12 truancy in elementary schools. The senior family court judge 13 shall invite the following individuals to serve as members of 14 the working group:

- 15 (1) The chief justice of the supreme court, or the chief16 justice's designee;
- 17 (2) Representatives of elementary school education
 18 providers such as public, private, and charter
 19 institutions and home schooling providers;
- 20 (3) Representatives from law enforcement;
- 21 (4) Representatives of community youth service providers
 22 such as youth mental health specialists; and



1 (5)Any other individuals whom the senior family court 2 judge deems appropriate; provided that the working group shall not exceed eleven members. 3 4 The working group shall elect a chairperson from among its 5 members. 6 (b) The working group shall be administratively attached 7 to the judiciary. 8 No member of the working group shall be made subject (c) 9 to chapter 84, Hawaii Revised Statutes, solely because of that 10 member's participation in the working group. 11 The working group shall research and develop (d) 12 quidelines for establishing a community truancy board; provided 13 that, where possible, the guidelines shall: 14 (1)Use existing systems, such as the student support 15 system, the peer review and quality assurance 16 processes, and the school attendance program; 17 (2)Delineate programs that are presently available, such 18 as positive behavior support, and how those programs 19 may be integrated into the community truancy board; 20 (3)Not preempt programs that are presently available; and 21 Focus specifically on the elementary school level. (4)



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1	(e) The	e working group shall review how other states have
2	implemented community truancy boards or other similar boards and	
3	determine how to effectively implement those strategies in	
4	Hawaii's unique cultural climate.	
5	(f) The	e working group shall assess the feasibility of
6	programs already established in Washington (Revised Code of	
7	Washington section 28A.225.025), California (California	
8	Education Code section 48325), St. Louis County, Missouri (St.	
9	Louis County Truancy Court), and Rhode Island (Rhode Island	
10	Truancy Court).	
11	(g) The	e working group shall also:
12	(1) Def	ine when a student becomes "chronically" or
13	"ha	abitually truant" and distinguish those terms from
14	"ex	cessive tardiness";
15	(2) Det	cermine the membership of the community truancy
16	boa	ard;
17	(3) Det	cermine the situations that trigger the involvement
18	of	the community truancy board;
19	(4) Det	cermine the scope of review of the community truancy
20	boa	ard; and
21	(5) Set	: forth any other guidelines that the working group
22	dee	ems necessary.
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1 Members of the working group shall serve without (h) compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses, including 2 travel expenses, necessary for the performance of their duties. 3 4 The working group shall report its findings and (i) recommendations, including any proposed legislation, to the 5 legislature no later than twenty days before the convening of 6 7 the regular session of 2014 and shall be dissolved on June 30, 8 2014.

9 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

Mill Carrow

JAN 1 7 2013



Report Title: Truancy Working Group; Judiciary

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Description:

Establishes a working group administratively attached to the judiciary to study methods to prevent or control truancy in elementary schools, including the creation of a community truancy board.

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