HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE, 2014 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. **1814**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PAYMENT OF WAGES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Section 388-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
amended to read as follows:

3 "§388-2 Semimonthly payday [-]; method of payment of wages. 4 (a) Every employer shall pay all wages due to the employer's 5 employees at least twice during each calendar month, on regular 6 paydays designated in advance by the employer, in lawful money 7 of the United States [or], with checks convertible into cash on 8 demand at full face value thereof [+], or by direct deposit to 9 the employee's account at a financial institution as provided in 10 subsection (d); provided that when a majority of an employer's 11 employees or a majority of the employees in a collective 12 bargaining unit recognized by an employer or established by law 13 elect, in a secret ballot election under procedures approved by 14 the director of labor and industrial relations, to be paid once 15 a month on a regularly scheduled basis, the employees shall be 16 paid on such monthly basis. The elections shall not be held 17 more frequently than once in every two years and each election 18 shall be valid for a period of two years.



1	(b)	The earned wages of all employees shall be due and	
2	payable w	ithin seven days after the end of each pay period.	
3	(c)	The director may, upon application showing good and	
4	sufficient reasons, permit an employer to:		
5	(1)	Establish regular paydays less frequently than	
6		semimonthly provided that the employee shall be paid	
7		in full at least once each calendar month on a	
8		regularly established schedule;	
9	(2)	Pay earned wages within fifteen days after the end of	
10		each pay period.	
11	<u>(d)</u>	An employer may pay wages due to the employer's	
12	employees	by electronic funds transfer or similar means of	
13	<u>direct de</u>	posit to the employee's account at a financial	
14	institution; provided that:		
15	(1)	The employee has voluntarily authorized, in writing,	
16		the direct deposit to the account and financial	
17		institution of the employee's choice;	
18	(2)	The deposits and accounts of the financial institution	
19		selected are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance	
20		Corporation or any other comparable federal or state	
21		agency;	

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1	(3)	The employee may cancel the direct deposit at any time	
2		with reasonable notice;	
3	(4)	The employer shall provide a pay statement as required	
4		under section 388-7(4);	
5.	(5)	No employee shall be required to pay any costs or fees	
6		for the direct deposit; and	
7	(6)	No employee may be disciplined or otherwise penalized	
8		for authorizing or refusing to authorize direct	
9		deposit of wages.	
10	<u>(e)</u>	An employer shall not pay wages due to the employer's	
11	employees	by use of a pay card, debit card, automated teller	
12	machine card, or similar means of an electronic payment card		
13	onto which	h an employer, or an entity on an employer's behalf,	
14	transfers	or loads the employee's wages."	
15	SECTION 2. Section 388-5.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
16	amended to read as follows:		
17	"§38	8-5.5 Payment of wages by check [-] or direct deposit.	
18	Whenever an employee receives the employee's wages from the		
19	employee's employer in the form of a check or by direct deposit		
20	for which insufficient amounts are available in the bank account		
21	of the employer, the employer shall be liable for any bank's		



special handling fee which the employee may incur by reason of
negotiating the check [-] or the electronic transfer."

3 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed4 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

5 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

Kal Rhow

JAN 1 7 2014



Report Title: Direct Deposit; Wages; Methods of Wage Payment

Description:

Clarifies that employers may pay wages by direct deposit under certain conditions. Prohibits employers from paying wages by pay cards, debit cards, or similar means of electronic payment card. Makes employers responsible for any fees incurred if an employer has insufficient funds for the direct deposit.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

