

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 205, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding three new sections to be appropriately
3	designated and to read as follows:
4	"S205-A Geothermal resource subzones. (a) Geothermal
5	resource subzones may be designated within the urban, rural,
6	agricultural, and conservation land use districts established
7	under section 205-2. Only those areas designated as geothermal
8	resource subzones may be utilized for geothermal development
9	activities in addition to those uses permitted in each land use
10	district under this chapter. Geothermal development activities
11	may be permitted within urban, rural, agricultural, and
12	conservation land use districts in accordance with this chapter.
13	"Geothermal development activities" means the exploration,
14	development, or production of electrical energy from geothermal
15	resources and direct use applications of geothermal resources;
16	provided that within the urban, rural, and agricultural land use
17	districts, direct use applications of geothermal resources are
18	permitted both within and outside of areas designated as



1 geothermal resource subzones pursuant to section 205-B if such direct use applications are in conformance with all other 2 3 applicable state and county land use regulations and are in 4 conformance with this chapter. 5 (b) The board of land and natural resources shall have the 6 responsibility for designating areas as geothermal resource 7 subzones as provided under section 205-B; except that the total area within an agricultural district which is the subject of a 8 geothermal mining lease approved by the board of land and 9 10 natural resources, any part or all of which area is the subject 11 of a special use permit issued by the county for geothermal development activities, on or before May 25, 1984, is designated 12 13 as a geothermal resource subzone for the duration of the lease. 14 The designation of geothermal resource subzones shall be 15 governed exclusively by this section and section 205-B, except 16 as provided therein. The board shall adopt, amend, or repeal rules related to its authority to designate and regulate the use 17 18 of geothermal resource subzones in the manner provided under 19 chapter 91. 20 The authority of the board to designate geothermal resource 21 subzones shall be an exception to those provisions of this 22 chapter and of section 46-4 authorizing the land use commission



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    and the counties to establish and modify land use districts and
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    to regulate uses therein. The provisions of this section shall
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    not abrogate nor supersede the provisions of chapters 182, 183,
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    and 183C.
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         (c) The use of an area for geothermal development
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    activities within a geothermal resource subzone shall be
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    governed by the board within the conservation district and,
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    except as herein provided, by state and county statutes,
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    ordinances, and rules not inconsistent herewith within
    agricultural, rural, and urban districts, except that no land
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    use commission approval or special use permit procedures under
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    section 205-6 shall be required for the use of such subzones.
    In the absence of provisions in the county general plan and
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    zoning ordinances specifically relating to the use and location
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    of geothermal development activities in an agricultural, rural,
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    or urban district, the appropriate county authority may issue a
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    geothermal resource permit to allow geothermal development
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    activities. "Appropriate county authority" means the county
    planning commission unless some other agency or body is
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    designated by ordinance of the county council. Such uses as are
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    permitted by county general plan and zoning ordinances, by the
    appropriate county authority, shall be deemed to be reasonable
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H.B. NO. 106

1 and to promote the effectiveness and objectives of this chapter. 2 Chapters 177, 178, 182, 183, 183C, 205A, 226, 342, and 343 shall 3 apply as appropriate. If provisions in the county general plan 4 and zoning ordinances specifically relate to the use and 5 location of geothermal development activities in an 6 agricultural, rural, or urban district, the provisions shall 7 require the appropriate county authority to conduct a public 8 hearing on any application for a geothermal resource permit to 9 determine whether the use is in conformity with the criteria 10 specified in subsection (e) for granting geothermal resource permits; provided that within the urban, rural, and agricultural 11 12 land use districts, direct use applications of geothermal 13 resources are permitted without any application for a geothermal 14 resource permit within and outside of areas designated as 15 geothermal resource subzones pursuant to section 205-B if such 16 direct use applications are in conformance with all other 17 applicable state and county land use regulations and are in 18 conformance with this chapter. 19 (d) If geothermal development activities are proposed 20 within a conservation district, with an application with all 21 required data, the board of land and natural resources shall conduct a public hearing and, upon appropriate request for 22

- 1 mediation from any party who submitted comment at the public
- 2 hearing, the board shall appoint a mediator within five days.
- 3 The board shall require the parties to participate in mediation.
- 4 The mediator shall not be a member of the board or its staff.
- 5 The mediation period shall not extend beyond thirty days after
- 6 the date mediation started, except by order of the board.
- 7 Mediation shall be confined to the issues raised at the public
- 8 hearing by the party requesting mediation. The mediator will
- 9 submit a written recommendation to the board, based upon any
- 10 mediation agreement reached between the parties for
- 11 consideration by the board in its final decision. If there is
- 12 no mediation agreement, the board may have a second public
- 13 hearing to receive additional comment related to the mediation
- 14 issues. Within ten days after the second public hearing, the
- 15 board may receive additional written comment on the issues
- 16 raised at the second public hearing from any party.
- 17 The board shall consider the comments raised at the second
- 18 hearing before rendering its final decision. The board shall
- 19 then determine whether, pursuant to board rules, a conservation
- 20 district use permit shall be granted to authorize the geothermal
- 21 development activities described in the application. The board

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2	the appli	cant has demonstrated that:
3	(1)	The desired uses would not have unreasonable adverse
4		health, environmental, or socio-economic effects on
5		residents or surrounding property and would not
6		unreasonably burden public agencies to provide roads
7		and streets, sewers, water, drainage, and police and
8		fire protection; or
9	(2)	There are reasonable measures available to mitigate
10		the unreasonable adverse effects or burdens referred
11		to above.
12	<u>A</u> de	cision shall be made by the board within six months of
13	the date	a complete application was filed; provided that the
14	time limi	t may be extended by agreement between the applicant
15	and the b	oard.
16	<u>(e)</u>	If geothermal development activities are proposed
17	within ag	ricultural, rural, or urban districts and such proposed
18	activitie	s are not permitted uses pursuant to county general
19	plan and	zoning ordinances, then after receipt of a properly
20	filed and	completed application, including all required
21	supportin	g data, the appropriate county authority shall conduct
22	a public	hearing. Upon appropriate request for mediation from
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any party who submitted comment at the public hearing, the
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    county authority shall appoint a mediator within five days. The
    county authority shall require the parties to participate in
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    mediation. The mediator shall not be an employee of any county
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    agency or its staff. The mediation period shall not extend
    beyond thirty days after mediation started, except by order of
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    the county authority. Mediation shall be confined to the issues
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    raised at the public hearing by the party requesting mediation.
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    The mediator will submit a written recommendation to the county
    authority, based upon any mediation agreement reached between
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    the parties for consideration by the county authority in its
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    final decision. If there is no mediation agreement, the county
    authority may have a second public hearing to receive additional
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    comment related to the mediation issues. Within ten days after
    the second public hearing, the county authority may receive
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    additional written comment on the issues raised at the second
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    public hearing from any party.
         The county authority shall consider the comments raised at
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    the second hearing before rendering its final decision.
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    county authority shall then determine whether a geothermal
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    resource permit shall be granted to authorize the geothermal
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    development activities described in the application. The
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1	appropria	te county authority shall grant a geothermal resource
2	permit if	it finds that applicant has demonstrated that:
3	(1)	The desired uses would not have unreasonable adverse
4		health, environmental, or socio-economic effects on
5		residents or surrounding property and would not
6		unreasonably burden public agencies to provide roads
7		and streets, sewers, water, drainage, school
8		improvements, and police and fire protection; or
9	(2)	That there are reasonable measures available to
10		mitigate the unreasonable adverse effects or burdens
1		referred to above.
12	Unle	ss there is a mutual agreement to extend, a decision
13	shall be	made on the application by the appropriate county
14	authority	within six months of the date a complete application
15	was filed	; provided that the time limit may be extended by
16	agreement	between the applicant and the appropriate county
17	authority	<u>-</u>
18	<u>(f)</u>	Requests for mediation shall be received by the board
19	or county	authority within five days after the close of the
20	initial p	ublic hearing. Within five days thereafter, the board
21	or county	authority shall appoint a mediator. Any person
22	submitting	g an appropriate request for mediation shall be
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1	notified by the board or county authority of the date, time, and
2	place of the mediation conference by depositing such notice in
3	the mail to the return address stated on the request for
4	mediation. The notice shall be mailed no later than ten days
5	before the start of the mediation conference. The conference
6	shall be held on the island where the public hearing is held.
7	(g) Any decision made by an appropriate county authority
8	or the board pursuant to a public hearing or hearings under this
9	section may be appealed directly on the record to the
10	intermediate appellate court for final decision and shall not be
11	subject to a contested case hearing. Sections 91-14(b) and (g)
12	shall govern the appeal, notwithstanding the lack of a contested
13	case hearing on the matter. The appropriate county authority or
14	the board shall provide a court reporter to produce a transcript
15	of the proceedings at all public hearings under this section for
16	purposes of an appeal.
17	(h) For the purposes of an appeal from a decision from a
18	public hearing, the record shall include:
19	(1) The application for the permit and all accompanying
20	supporting documents, including but not limited to:
21	reports, studies, affidavits, statements, and

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exhibits.

1	(2)	Staff recommendations submitted to the members of the
2		agency in consideration of the application.
3	(3)	Oral and written public testimony received at the
4		public hearings.
5	(4)	Written transcripts of the proceedings at the public
6		hearings.
7	(5)	The written recommendation received by the agency from
8		the mediator with any mediation agreement.
9	(6)	A statement of relevant matters noticed by the agency
10		members at the public hearings.
11	(7)	The written decision of the agency issued in
12		connection with the application and public hearings.
13	(8)	Other documents required by the board or county
14		authority.
15	<u>§205-</u>	-B Designation of areas as geothermal resource
16	subzones.	(a) Beginning in 1983, the board of land and natural
17	resources	shall conduct a county-by-county assessment of areas
18	with geoth	nermal potential for the purpose of designating
19	geotherma	l resource subzones. This assessment shall be revised
20	or updated	d at the discretion of the board, but at least once
21	each five	years beginning in 1988. Any property owner or person
22	with an in	nterest in real property wishing to have an area
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1	designate	d as a geothermal resource subzone may submit a
2	petition	for a geothermal resource subzone designation in the
3	form and	manner established by rules and regulations adopted by
4	the board	. An environmental impact statement as defined under
5	chapter 3	43 shall not be required for the assessment of areas
6	under thi	s section.
7	(b)	The board's assessment of each potential geothermal
8	resource	subzone area shall examine factors to include, but not
9	be limite	d to:
10	(1)	The area's potential for the production of geothermal
11		energy;
12	(2)	The prospects for the utilization of geothermal energy
13		in the area;
14	(3)	The geologic hazards that potential geothermal
15		projects would encounter;
16	(4)	Social and environmental impacts;
17	(5)	The compatibility of geothermal development and
18		potential related industries with present uses of
19		surrounding land and those uses permitted under the
20		general plan or land use policies of the county in
21		which the area is located;

1	(6)	The potential economic benefits to be derived from
2		geothermal development and potential related
3		industries; and
4	(7)	The compatibility of geothermal development and
5		potential related industries with the uses permitted
6		under chapter 183C and section 205-2, where the area
7		falls within a conservation district.
8	<u>In a</u>	ddition, the board shall consider, if applicable,
9	objective	s, policies, and guidelines set forth in part I of
10	chapter 2	05A, and chapter 226.
11	(c)	Methods for assessing the factors in subsection (b)
12	shall be left to the discretion of the board and may be based on	
13	currently available public information.	
14	<u>(d)</u>	After the board has completed a county-by-county
15	assessmen	t of all areas with geothermal potential or after any
16	subsequen	t update or review, the board shall compare all areas
17	showing g	eothermal potential within each county, and shall
18	propose a	reas for potential designation as geothermal resource
19	subzones	based upon a preliminary finding that the areas are
20	those sit	es which best demonstrate an acceptable balance between
21	the facto	rs set forth in subsection (b). Once a proposal is
22	made, the	board shall conduct public hearings pursuant to this
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1	subsectio	n, notwithstanding any contrary provision related to
2	public he	aring procedures. Contested case procedures are not
3	applicabl	e to these hearings.
4	(1)	Hearings shall be held at locations which are in close
5		proximity to those areas proposed for designation. A
6		public notice of hearing, including a description of
7		the proposed areas, an invitation for public comment,
8		and a statement of the date, time, and place where
9		persons may be heard shall be given and mailed no less
10		than twenty days before the hearing. The notice shall
11		be given on three separate days statewide and in the
12		county in which the hearing is to be held. Copies of
13		the notice shall be mailed to the department of
14		business, economic development, and tourism, to the
15		planning commission and planning department of the
16		county in which the proposed areas are located, and to
17		all owners of record of real estate within, and within
18		one thousand feet of, the area being proposed for
19		designation as a geothermal resource subzone. The
20		notification shall be mailed to the owners and

addresses as shown on the current real property tax

rolls at the county real property tax office. Upon

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1		that action, the requirement for notification of
2		owners of land is completed. For the purposes of this
3		subsection, notice to one co-owner shall be sufficient
4		notice to all co-owners;
5	(2)	The hearing shall be held before the board, and the
6		authority to conduct hearings shall not be delegated
7		to any agent or representative of the board. All
8		persons and agencies shall be afforded the opportunity
9		to submit data, views, and arguments either orally or
10		in writing. The department of business, economic
11		development, and tourism and the county planning
12		department shall be permitted to appear at every
13		hearing and make recommendations concerning each
14		proposal by the board; and
15	(3)	At the close of the hearing, the board may designate
16		areas as geothermal resource subzones or announce the
17		date on which it will render its decision. The board
18		may designate areas as geothermal resource subzones
19		only upon finding that the areas are those sites which
20		best demonstrate an acceptable balance between the
21		factors set forth in subsection (b). Upon request,
22		the board shall issue a concise statement of its

1	findings and the principal reasons for its decision to	
2	designate a particular area.	
3	(e) The designation of any geothermal resource subzone may	
4	be withdrawn by the board of land and natural resources after	
5	proceedings conducted pursuant to chapter 91. The board shall	
6	withdraw a designation only upon finding by a preponderance of	
7	the evidence that the area is no longer suited for designation;	
8	provided that the designation shall not be withdrawn for areas	
9	in which active exploration, development, production or	
10	distribution of electrical energy from geothermal sources or	
11	direct use applications of geothermal resources are taking	
12	place.	
13	(f) This Act shall not apply to any active exploration,	
14	development or production of electrical energy from geothermal	
15	sources or direct use applications of geothermal resources	
16	taking place on June 14, 1983, provided that any expansion of	
17	such activities shall be carried out in compliance with its	
18	provisions.	
19	§205-C Exploratory wells. Notwithstanding section 205-A	
20	(a), (d), and (e), or any other provision of law, any	
21	exploratory well drilled for scientific purposes or to determine	
22	the economic viability of a geothermal resource, may be	
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1 permitted outside of a designated geothermal resource subzone, 2 regardless of land use classification, provided that the 3 activity is limited to exploration only. All applicable state and county permits shall be required to drill such exploratory 5 wells which shall not be exempt from the requirements of the 6 environmental impact statement law, chapter 343." SECTION 2. Section 182-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 7 8 amended by amending the definitions of "mining lease" and 9 "mining operations" to read as follows: 10 ""Mining lease" means a lease of the right to conduct 11 mining operations, including geothermal resource [exploration 12 ex] development, on state lands and on lands sold or leased by 13 the State or its predecessors in interest with a reservation of 14 mineral rights to the State. "Mining operations" means the process of excavation, 15 16 extraction, and removal of minerals, and the [exploration or] 17 development of any and all geothermal resources, from the 18 ground, design engineering, other engineering, erection of 19 transportation facilities and port facilities, erection of

necessary plants, other necessary operations or development

approved by the board preceding or connected with the actual

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extraction of minerals and the [exploration or] development of
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    geothermal resources."
         SECTION 3. Section 182-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended by deleting the definition of "geothermal resources
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    development".
         [""Geothermal resources development" means-the-development
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    or production of electrical energy from geothermal resources and
    direct use application of geothermal resources. The term does
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    not include "geothermal resources exploration"."]
         SECTION 4. Section 182-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended by deleting the definition of "geothermal resources
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    exploration".
         [""Geothermal resources exploration" means either of the
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    following:
         (1) Conducting non-invasive geophysical operations,
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              including geochemical operations, remote sensing, and
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              other similar techniques; or
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         (2) Drilling exploration wells for the extraction and
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              removal of minerals of types-and quantities;
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    that are reasonably required for testing and analysis to provide
    ground truth-or determine the economic viability of geothermal
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    resources. The term does not include "geothermal resources
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    development"."]
         SECTION 5. Section 182-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended to read as follows:
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         "§182-5 Mining leases on reserved lands. If any mineral
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    is discovered or known to exist on reserved lands, any
    interested person may notify the board of land and natural
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    resources of the person's desire to apply for a mining lease.
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    The notice shall be accompanied by a fee of $100 together with a
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    description of the land desired to be leased and the minerals
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    involved and such information and maps as the board may by
12
    regulation prescribe. The board may grant a mining lease on
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    reserved lands in accordance with section 182-4, or the board
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    may, by the vote of two-thirds of its members to which the board
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    is entitled, without public auction, grant a mining lease on
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    reserved lands to the occupier thereof. Such a mining lease may
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    be granted to a person other than the occupier if the occupier
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    has assigned the occupier's rights to apply for a mining lease
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    to another person, in which case only such an assignee may be
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    granted a mining lease. Any provisions to the contrary
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    notwithstanding, if the board decides that it is appropriate to
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    grant a geothermal mining lease on the reserved lands, the
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surface owner or the owner's assignee shall have the first right
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    of refusal for a mining lease [-]; provided that the granting of
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    a geothermal mining lease does not create the presumption that a
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    geothermal resource subzone will be designated; provided further
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    that geothermal development activities shall not occur on land
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    within the geothermal mining lease until the area is designated
    a geothermal resource subzone. If the occupier or the
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    occupier's assignee of the right to obtain a mining lease should
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    fail to apply for a mining lease within six months from the date
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    of notice from the board of a finding by the board that it is in
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    the public interest that the minerals on the reserved lands be
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    mined, a mining lease shall be granted under section 182-4;
    provided that bidders at the public auction shall bid on an
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    amount to be paid to the State for a mining lease granting to
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    the lessee the right to exploit minerals reserved to the State."
         SECTION 6. Section 182-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended to read as follows:
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         "§182-6 Exploration. Any person wishing to conduct
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    exploration on state lands shall apply to the board of land and
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    natural resources who shall issue exploration permits upon terms
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    and conditions as it shall by regulation prescribe. During and
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as a result of the exploration, no minerals of such types and



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- 1 quantity beyond that reasonably required for testing and
- 2 analysis shall be extracted and removed from such state lands.
- 3 Upon termination of the exploration permit, the drill logs and
- 4 the results of the assays resulting from the exploration shall
- 5 be turned over to the board and kept confidential by the board.
- 6 If the person shall not make application for a mining lease of
- 7 the lands within a period of six months from the date the
- 8 information is turned over to the board, the board in its
- 9 discretion need not keep the information confidential.
- 10 [This section shall be construed—as authorizing the board
- 11 to issue an exploration permit for geothermal resources as well
- 12 as minerals.]"
- 13 SECTION 7. Section 183C-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 14 amended to read as follows:
- 15 "\$183C-4 Zoning; amendments. (a) The department, after
- 16 notice and hearing as provided in this section, shall review and
- 17 redefine the boundaries of the zones within the conservation
- 18 district.
- 19 (b) The department shall adopt rules governing the use of
- 20 land within the boundaries of the conservation district that are
- 21 consistent with the conservation of necessary forest growth, the
- 22 conservation and development of land and natural resources



- 1 adequate for present and future needs, and the conservation and
- 2 preservation of open space areas for public use and enjoyment.
- 3 No use except a nonconforming use as defined in section 183C-5,
- 4 shall be made within the conservation district unless the use is
- 5 in accordance with a zoning rule.
- 6 (c) The department may allow a temporary variance from
- 7 zoned use where good cause is shown and where the proposed
- 8 temporary variance is for a use determined by the department to
- 9 be in accordance with good conservation practices.
- 10 (d) The department shall establish zones within the
- 11 conservation district, which shall be restricted to certain
- 12 uses. The department, by rules, may specify the land uses
- 13 permitted therein which may include, but are not limited to,
- 14 farming, flower gardening, operation of nurseries or orchards,
- 15 growth of commercial timber, grazing, recreational or hunting
- 16 pursuits, or residential use. The rules may control the extent,
- 17 manner, and times of the uses, and may specifically prohibit
- 18 unlimited cutting of forest growth, soil mining, or other
- 19 activities detrimental to good conservation practices.
- 20 [(e) Notwithstanding this section or any other law to the
- 21 contrary, geothermal resources exploration and geothermal
- 22 resources development, as defined under section 182-1, shall be



1 permissible uses in all zones of the conservation district. The 2 rules required under subsection (b) governing the use of land 3 within the boundaries of the conservation district shall be deemed to include the provisions of this section without 5 necessity of formal adoption by the department. 6 (f) (e) Whenever any landowner or government agency whose property will be directly affected makes an application to 7 8 change the boundaries or land uses of any zone, or to establish 9 a zone with certain land uses, or where the department proposes **10** to make the change or changes itself, the change or changes 11 shall be put in the form of a proposed rule by the applicant and 12 the department shall then give public notice thereof during 13 three successive weeks statewide and in the county in which the 14 property is located. The notice shall be given not less than 15 thirty days prior to the date set for the hearing, and shall 16 state the time and place of the hearing and the changes 17 proposed. Any proposed rules and the necessary maps shall be 18 made available for inspection by interested members of the 19 public. The hearing shall be held in the county in which the 20 land is located and may be delegated to an agent or 21 representative of the board as may otherwise be provided by law 22 and in accordance with rules adopted by the board. For the



- 1 purpose of its public hearing or hearings, the board may summon
- 2 witnesses, administer oaths, and require the giving of
- 3 testimony."
- 4 SECTION 8. Section 205-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 amended by amending subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e) to read
- 6 as follows:
- 7 "(b) Urban districts shall include activities or uses as
- 8 provided by ordinances or regulations of the county within which
- 9 the urban district is situated.
- 10 [In addition, urban districts shall include geothermal
- 11 resources exploration and geothermal resources development, as
- 12 defined under section 182-1, as permissible uses.]
- 13 (c) Rural districts shall include activities or uses as
- 14 characterized by low density residential lots of not more than
- 15 one dwelling house per one-half acre, except as provided by
- 16 county ordinance pursuant to section 46-4(c), in areas where
- 17 "city-like" concentration of people, structures, streets, and
- 18 urban level of services are absent, and where small farms are
- 19 intermixed with low density residential lots except that within
- 20 a subdivision, as defined in section 484-1, the commission for
- 21 good cause may allow one lot of less than one-half acre, but not
- 22 less than eighteen thousand five hundred square feet, or an



- 1 equivalent residential density, within a rural subdivision and
- 2 permit the construction of one dwelling on such lot; provided
- 3 that all other dwellings in the subdivision shall have a minimum
- 4 lot size of one-half acre or 21,780 square feet. Such petition
- 5 for variance may be processed under the special permit
- 6 procedure. These districts may include contiguous areas which
- 7 are not suited to low density residential lots or small farms by
- 8 reason of topography, soils, and other related characteristics.
- 9 Rural districts shall also include golf courses, golf driving
- 10 ranges, and golf-related facilities.
- 11 [In addition to the uses listed in this subsection, rural
- 12 districts shall include geothermal resources exploration and
- 13 geothermal resources development, as defined under section
- 14 182-1, as permissible uses.
- 15 (d) Agricultural districts shall include:
- 16 (1) Activities or uses as characterized by the cultivation
- of crops, crops for bioenergy, orchards, forage, and
- 18 forestry;
- 19 (2) Farming activities or uses related to animal husbandry
- 20 and game and fish propagation;

1	(3)	Aquaculture, which means the production of aquatic
2		plant and animal life within ponds and other bodies of
3		water;
4	(4)	Wind generated energy production for public, private,
5		and commercial use;
6	(5)	Biofuel production, as described in section
7		205-4.5(a)(16), for public, private, and commercial
8		use;
9	(6)	Solar energy facilities; provided that:
10		(A) This paragraph shall apply only to land with soil
11		classified by the land study bureau's detailed
12		land classification as overall (master)
13		productivity rating class B, C, D, or E; and
14		(B) Solar energy facilities placed within land with
15		soil classified as overall productivity rating
16		class B or C shall not occupy more than ten per
17		cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
18		acres of land, whichever is lesser;
19	(7)	Bona fide agricultural services and uses that support
20		the agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold
21		owner of the property and accessory to any of the
22		above activities, regardless of whether conducted on

1		the same premises as the agricultural activities to
2		which they are accessory, including farm dwellings as
3		defined in section 205-4.5(a)(4), employee housing,
4		farm buildings, mills, storage facilities, processing
5		facilities, photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-
6		scale renewable energy systems producing energy solely
7		for use in the agricultural activities of the fee or
8		leasehold owner of the property, agricultural-energy
9		facilities as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(17),
10		vehicle and equipment storage areas, and plantation
11		community subdivisions as defined in section
12		205-4.5(a)(12);
13	(8)	Wind machines and wind farms;
14	(9)	Small-scale meteorological, air quality, noise, and
15		other scientific and environmental data collection and
16		monitoring facilities occupying less than one-half
17		acre of land; provided that these facilities shall not
18		be used as or equipped for use as living quarters or
19		dwellings;
20	(10)	Agricultural parks;
21	(11)	Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a
22		farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the



1		enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;
2		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
3		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
4		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
5		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
6		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
7		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
8		section 205-5;
9	(12)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
10		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
11		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
12		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
13		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
14		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
15		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
16		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
17		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
18		fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
19		as defined in section 165-2;
20	(13)	Open area recreational facilities; and

1	[[(14)] -	Ccot l	nermal resources exploration and geothermal
2		rese	arces-development, as defined under section 182-1;
3		and	
4	-[(15)]]	(14)	Agricultural-based commercial operations,
5		incl	uding:
6		(A)	A roadside stand that is not an enclosed
7			structure, owned and operated by a producer for
8			the display and sale of agricultural products
9			grown in Hawaii and value-added products that
10			were produced using agricultural products grown
11			in Hawaii;
12		(B)	Retail activities in an enclosed structure owned
13			and operated by a producer for the display and
14			sale of agricultural products grown in Hawaii,
15			value-added products that were produced using
16			agricultural products grown in Hawaii, logo items
17			related to the producer's agricultural
18			operations, and other food items; and
19		(C)	A retail food establishment owned and operated by
20			a producer and permitted under [title 11,]
21			chapter 12 of the rules of the department of
22			health that prepares and serves food at retail



1	using products grown in Hawaii and value-added
2	products that were produced using agricultural
3	products grown in Hawaii.
4	The owner of an agricultural-based commercial
5	operation shall certify, upon request of an officer or
6	agent charged with enforcement of this chapter under
7	section 205-12, that the agricultural products
8	displayed or sold by the operation meet the
9	requirements of this paragraph.
10	Agricultural districts shall not include golf courses and golf
11	driving ranges, except as provided in section 205-4.5(d).
12	Agricultural districts include areas that are not used for, or
13	that are not suited to, agricultural and ancillary activities by
14	reason of topography, soils, and other related characteristics.
15	(e) Conservation districts shall include areas necessary
16	for protecting watersheds and water sources; preserving scenic
17	and historic areas; providing park lands, wilderness, and beach
18	reserves; conserving indigenous or endemic plants, fish, and
19	wildlife, including those which are threatened or endangered;
20	preventing floods and soil erosion; forestry; open space areas
21	whose existing openness, natural condition, or present state of
22	use, if retained, would enhance the present or potential value
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of abutting or surrounding communities, or would maintain or 1 enhance the conservation of natural or scenic resources; areas 2 3 of value for recreational purposes; other related activities; and other permitted uses not detrimental to a multiple use 4 **5** . conservation concept. [Conservation districts shall also 6 include areas for geothermal resources exploration and 7 geothermal resources development, as defined under section 8 182 1.]" 9 SECTION 9. Section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 10 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 11 Within the agricultural district, all lands with soil 12 classified by the land study bureau's detailed land 13 classification as overall (master) productivity rating class A 14 or B shall be restricted to the following permitted uses: 15 Cultivation of crops, including crops for bioenergy, (1) 16 flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruits, forage, and 17 timber: 18 (2) Game and fish propagation; (3) Raising of livestock, including poultry, bees, fish, 19 20 or other animal or aquatic life that are propagated 21 for economic or personal use;

1	(4)	Farm dwellings, employee housing, farm buildings, or
2		activities or uses related to farming and animal
3		husbandry. "Farm dwelling", as used in this
4		paragraph, means a single-family dwelling located on
5		and used in connection with a farm, including clusters
6		of single-family farm dwellings permitted within
7		agricultural parks developed by the State, or where
8		agricultural activity provides income to the family
9		occupying the dwelling;
10	(5)	Public institutions and buildings that are necessary
11		for agricultural practices;

- (6) Public and private open area types of recreational uses, including day camps, picnic grounds, parks, and riding stables, but not including dragstrips, airports, drive-in theaters, golf courses, golf driving ranges, country clubs, and overnight camps;
- (7) Public, private, and quasi-public utility lines and roadways, transformer stations, communications equipment buildings, solid waste transfer stations, major water storage tanks, and appurtenant small buildings such as booster pumping stations, but not including offices or yards for equipment, material,

1		vehicle storage, repair or maintenance, treatment
2		plants, corporation yards, or other similar
3		structures;
4	(8)	Retention, restoration, rehabilitation, or improvement
5		of buildings or sites of historic or scenic interest;
6	(9)	Agricultural-based commercial operations as described
7		in section [+]205-2(d)(15)[+];
8	(10)	Buildings and uses, including mills, storage, and
9		processing facilities, maintenance facilities,
10		photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-scale renewable
11		energy systems producing energy solely for use in the
12	·	agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold owner
13		of the property, and vehicle and equipment storage
14		areas that are normally considered directly accessory
15		to the above-mentioned uses and are permitted under
16		section 205-2(d);
17	(11)	Agricultural parks;
18	(12)	Plantation community subdivisions, which as used in
19		this chapter means an established subdivision or
20		cluster of employee housing, community buildings, and
21		agricultural support buildings on land currently or
22		formerly owned, leased, or operated by a sugar or

1		pineapple plantation; provided that the existing
2		structures may be used or rehabilitated for use, and
3		new employee housing and agricultural support
4		buildings may be allowed on land within the
5		subdivision as follows:
6		(A) The employee housing is occupied by employees or
7		former employees of the plantation who have a
8		property interest in the land;
9		(B) The employee housing units not owned by their
10		occupants shall be rented or leased at affordable
11		rates for agricultural workers; or
12		(C) The agricultural support buildings shall be
13		rented or leased to agricultural business
14		operators or agricultural support services;
15	(13)	Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a
16		farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
17		enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;
18		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
19		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
20		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
21		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
22		shall apply only to a county that has adopted

1		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
2		section 205-5;
3	(14)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
4		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
5		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
6		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
7		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
8		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
9		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
10		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
11		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
12		fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
13		as defined in section 165-2;
14	(15)	Wind energy facilities, including the appurtenances
15		associated with the production and transmission of
16		wind generated energy; provided that the wind energy
17		facilities and appurtenances are compatible with
18		agriculture uses and cause minimal adverse impact on
19		agricultural land;
20	(16)	Biofuel processing facilities, including the
21		appurtenances associated with the production and
22		refining of biofuels that is normally considered

directly accessory and secondary to the growing of the
directly accessory and secondary to the growing of the
energy feedstock; provided that biofuels processing
facilities and appurtenances do not adversely impact
agricultural land and other agricultural uses in the
vicinity.
For the purposes of this paragraph:
"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure

"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure of the appropriate type and scale for economic commercial storage and distribution, and other similar handling of feedstock, fuels, and other products of biofuel processing facilities.

"Biofuel processing facility" means a facility
that produces liquid or gaseous fuels from organic
sources such as biomass crops, agricultural residues,
and oil crops, including palm, canola, soybean, and
waste cooking oils; grease; food wastes; and animal
residues and wastes that can be used to generate
energy;

(17) Agricultural-energy facilities, including
appurtenances necessary for an agricultural-energy
enterprise; provided that the primary activity of the
agricultural-energy enterprise is agricultural

activity. To be considered the primary activity of an
agricultural-energy enterprise, the total acreage
devoted to agricultural activity shall be not less
than ninety per cent of the total acreage of the
agricultural-energy enterprise. The agricultural-
energy facility shall be limited to lands owned,
leased, licensed, or operated by the entity conducting
the agricultural activity.

As used in this paragraph:

"Agricultural activity" means any activity described in paragraphs (1) to (3) of this subsection.

"Agricultural-energy enterprise" means an enterprise that integrally incorporates an agricultural activity with an agricultural-energy facility.

"Agricultural-energy facility" means a facility that generates, stores, or distributes renewable energy as defined in section 269-91 or renewable fuel including electrical or thermal energy or liquid or gaseous fuels from products of agricultural activities from agricultural lands located in the State.

1		"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
2		of the appropriate type and scale for the economic
3		commercial generation, storage, distribution, and
4		other similar handling of energy, including equipment,
5		feedstock, fuels, and other products of agricultural-
6		energy facilities;
7	(18)	Construction and operation of wireless communication
8		antennas; provided that, for the purposes of this
9		paragraph, "wireless communication antenna" means
10		communications equipment that is either freestanding
11		or placed upon or attached to an already existing
12		structure and that transmits and receives
13		electromagnetic radio signals used in the provision of
14		all types of wireless communications services;
15		provided further that nothing in this paragraph shall
16		be construed to permit the construction of any new
17		structure that is not deemed a permitted use under
18		this subsection;
19	(19)	Agricultural education programs conducted on a farming
20		operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
21		education and participation of the general public;
22		provided that the agricultural education programs are

1		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
2		use of the parcels or lots on which the agricultural
3		education programs are to occur and do not interfere
4		with surrounding farm operations. For the purposes of
5		this section, "agricultural education programs" means
6		activities or events designed to promote knowledge and
7		understanding of agricultural activities and practices
8		conducted on a farming operation as defined in section
9		165-2; <u>or</u>
10	(20)	Solar energy facilities that do not occupy more than
11		ten per cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
12		acres of land, whichever is lesser; provided that this
13		use shall not be permitted on lands with soil
14		classified by the land study bureau's detailed land
15		classification as overall (master) productivity rating
16		class A[; or
17	[(21)]	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal
18		resources-development, as defined under section
19		182 1]."
20	SECT	ION 10. Section 205-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21	amended by	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

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1
         "(c) Unless authorized by special permit issued pursuant
2
    to this chapter, only the following uses shall be permitted
    within rural districts:
3
 4
         (1)
              Low density residential uses;
5
         (2)
              Agricultural uses;
6
              Golf courses, golf driving ranges, and golf-related
         (3)
7
              facilities; and
              Public, quasi-public, and public utility facilities[+
8
         (4)
9
              and
10
         (5) Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal
11
              resources-development, as defined under section
12<sup>-</sup>
              182-1].
13
         In addition, the minimum lot size for any low density
14
    residential use shall be one-half acre and there shall be but
15
    one dwelling house per one-half acre, except as provided for in
    section 205-2."
16
17
         SECTION 11. Act 97, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, is
18
    amended by repealing section 12.
19
         ["SECTION 12. The provisions of this Act that repeal the
20
    laws that previously authorized geothermal resources subzones
21
    under-chapter 205, Hawaii-Revised-Statutes, shall not affect any
22
    geothermal resources producer who operates within the area of
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- 1 the subzone as of the effective date of this Act. The
- 2 geothermal resources producer shall continue to operate—in
- 3 accordance with the producer's lease with the board of land and
- 4 natural resources."]
- 5 SECTION 12. In codifying this Act, the revisor shall
- 6 substitute appropriate section numbers for the letter
- 7 designations used in section 1 of this Act.
- 8 SECTION 13. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 9 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 10 SECTION 14. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 17 2013

Report Title:

Geothermal Resources; Exploration; Subzones

Description:

Repeals Act 97, SLH 2012, relating to geothermal resources which differentiates between "geothermal resources exploration" and "geothermal resources development". Designates "geothermal resources exploration" and "geothermal resources development" as permissible uses in all state land use districts and certain conservation district zones in accordance with chapter 205, HRS. Enacts geothermal resource subzones, designation of areas as geothermal resources subzones, and exploratory wells, which were repealed by Act 97.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.