H.C.R. NO. **(05**

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE AUDITOR TO CONDUCT A STUDY OF THE REGULATION OF UNACCREDITED DEGREE GRANTING INSTITUTIONS IN THE STATES.

1 2	WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that obtaining a college degrees can cost tens of thousands of dollars and often				
3 4	represents a significant commitment of a family's financial resources; and				
5					
6	WHEREAS, the United States Department of Education relies,				
7	among other things, on an institution's accreditation from a				
8	recognized accrediting agency to determine eligibility for				
9	certain federal funds; and				
10					
11	WHEREAS, many employers require a degree from an accredited				
12 13	educational institution as a condition of employment; and				
13	WHEREAS, many educational institutions will not recognize a				
14	student's degrees or credits unless the degree or credits were				
16	earned through an accredited institution; and				
17	earned through an accredited institution; and				
18	WHEREAS, prospective students may be unaware of the				
19	significance of an institution's accreditation status when				
20	selecting a college or university, particularly if the				
21	institution offers a degree through distance education; and				
22	indered of offerd a acyree enrough arbeance caacacron, and				
23	WHEREAS, the State of Hawaii is one of a small number of				
24	states that does not license, approve, or prohibit unaccredited				
25	degree-granting institutions; and				
26					
27	WHEREAS, unaccredited degree granting universities and				
28	colleges that operate in the State are subject to the				
29	Unaccredited Degree Granting Institutions law, codified in				
30	chapter 446E, Hawaii Revised Statutes; and				
31	underfaule ■ glutarise – person norm to the "Control" of FBC – Fig. Karling SPC (2012) Glutaria (Control Marketonia)				



H.C.R. NO. 105

WHEREAS, the State Office of Consumer Protection has been 1 active in enforcing chapter 446E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 2 through the filing of numerous lawsuits; and 3 4 5 WHEREAS, House Bill No. 1200, H.D. 2 (2013), proposes, among other things, to revise the state unaccredited degree 6 7 granting institution law, chapter 446E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, by transferring oversight to the Postsecondary Education 8 Commission; and 9 10 WHEREAS, section 26H-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, requires 11 the Auditor to review proposals to regulate professions, 12 vocations, or occupations that are currently unregulated and to 13 assess alternative forms of regulation; and 14 15 WHEREAS, although unaccredited degree granting institutions 16 are currently subject to chapter 446E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 17 and unaccredited degree granting institutions may not be 18 traditionally considered a profession or vocation, a sunrise 19 analysis under chapter 26H, Hawaii Revised Statutes, may be 20 useful in evaluating the current and alternative forms of 21 regulation; now, therefore, 22 23 BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the 24 25 Twenty-seventh Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2013, the Senate concurring, that the Auditor is 26 respectfully requested to conduct a sunrise review of the 27 regulation of unaccredited degree granting institutions, as 28 proposed under House Bill No. 1200, H.D. 2 (2013), including an 29 assessment of the current and alternative forms of regulation, 30 pursuant to section 26H-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes; and 31 32 33 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Auditor is requested that its review include: 34 35 An estimate of the number of unaccredited degree 36 (1)granting institutions operating under chapter 446E, 37 Hawaii Revised Statutes; 38 39 (2) An estimate of the number of unaccredited degree 40 granting institutions physically located in the State; 41 42 An estimate of the number of students enrolled in each (3) 43 unaccredited degree granting institution; 44 HCR LRB 13-1948-2.doc

H.C.R. NO. 105

I							
2	(4)						
3		degree granting institutions with chapter 446E, Hawaii					
4		Revised Statutes, including a review of:					
5							
6		(A) The types of enforcement actions brought by the					
7		Office of Consumer Protection; and					
8							
9		(B) The number of enforcement actions brought by the					
10		Office of Consumer Protection;					
11	(
12	(5)	A review of the laws governing unaccredited degree					
13		granting institutions in other states, including those					
14		state laws that require all degree granting					
15		institutions to be accredited;					
16	(6)	A review of heat prostiges available for the					
17 18	(6)	A review of best practices available for the regulation of unaccredited degree granting					
10		institutions;					
20							
21	(7)	A determination of whether regulation of unaccredited					
22		degree granting institutions should also apply to					
23		online unaccredited degree granting institutions					
24		regardless of whether the institutions are:					
25	,						
26		(A) Located in Hawaii; or					
27							
28		(B) Located out-of-state, but enroll students who are					
29		Hawaii residents; and					
30							
31	(8)	An examination of the findings in the 1993 report of					
32		the Legislative Reference Bureau, entitled Private					
33		Accreditation and State Authorization of Degree					
34		Granting and Non-Degree Granting Limitations in					
35		Hawaii, to determine whether the recommendations in					
36		the report were carried out; and					
37							
38		I FURTHER RESOLVED that the Auditor is requested to					
39	submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the						
40	Legislature not later than twenty days prior to the convening of						
41	the Regula	ar Session of 2014; and					
42							



H.C.R. NO. 105

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this
Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Auditor and the
Director of Commerce and Consumer Affairs.

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OFFERED BY:

Dirdade

MAR 1 2 2013



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE, 2013 STATE OF HAWAII H.R. NO. 80

HOUSE RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE AUDITOR TO CONDUCT A STUDY OF THE REGULATION OF UNACCREDITED DEGREE GRANTING INSTITUTIONS IN THE STATES.

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that obtaining a college 1 degrees can cost tens of thousands of dollars and often 2 represents a significant commitment of a family's financial 3 4 resources; and 5 WHEREAS, the United States Department of Education relies, 6 7 among other things, on an institution's accreditation from a recognized accrediting agency to determine eligibility for 8 certain federal funds; and 9 10 WHEREAS, many employers require a degree from an accredited 11 12 educational institution as a condition of employment; and 13 WHEREAS, many educational institutions will not recognize a 14 student's degrees or credits unless the degree or credits were 15 earned through an accredited institution; and 16 17 18 WHEREAS, prospective students may be unaware of the significance of an institution's accreditation status when 19 20 selecting a college or university, particularly if the institution offers a degree through distance education; and 21 22 WHEREAS, the State of Hawaii is one of a small number of 23 states that does not license, approve, or prohibit unaccredited 24 degree-granting institutions; and 25 26 WHEREAS, unaccredited degree granting universities and 27 28 colleges that operate in the State are subject to the 29 Unaccredited Degree Granting Institutions law, codified in chapter 446E, Hawaii Revised Statutes; and 30 31 WHEREAS, the State Office of Consumer Protection has been 32 active in enforcing chapter 446E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 33 through the filing of numerous lawsuits; and 34 35





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1 2 3 4 5 6	WHEREAS, House Bill No. 1200, H.D. 2 (2013), proposes, among other things, to revise the state unaccredited degree granting institution law, chapter 446E, Hawaii Revised Statutes, by transferring oversight to the Postsecondary Education Commission; and						
7	WHEREAS, section 26H-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, requires						
8 9	the Auditor to review proposals to regulate professions, vocations, or occupations that are currently unregulated and to						
10		ternative forms of regulation; and					
11		5					
12	WHEREAS, although unaccredited degree granting institutions						
13	are currently subject to chapter 446E, Hawaii Revised Statutes,						
14 15		redited degree granting institutions may not be ally considered a profession or vocation, a sunrise					
16		under chapter 26H, Hawaii Revised Statutes, may be					
17		evaluating the current and alternative forms of					
18	regulatio	n; now, therefore,					
19							
20 21		T RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the venth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular					
21		f 2013, that the Auditor is respectfully requested to					
23		sunrise review of the regulation of unaccredited					
24		anting institutions, as proposed under House Bill No.					
25	2000/2000 Di 0000.000 Di 000	. 2 (2013), including an assessment of the current and					
26		ve forms of regulation, pursuant to section 26H-6,					
27 28	Hawall Re	vised Statutes; and					
28	BE I	T FURTHER RESOLVED that the Auditor is requested that					
30		w include:					
31							
32	(1)	An estimate of the number of unaccredited degree					
33 34		granting institutions operating under chapter 446E, Hawaii Revised Statutes;					
34 35		nawall Revised Statutes;					
36	(2)	An estimate of the number of unaccredited degree					
37		granting institutions physically located in the State;					
38							
39	(3)	An estimate of the number of students enrolled in each					
40 41		unaccredited degree granting institution;					
42	(4)	A review of the level of compliance by unaccredited					
43	, ,	degree granting institutions with chapter 446E, Hawaii					
44		Revised Statutes, including a review of:					
	HR LRB 13	-1948-2.doc					





1							
2 3		(A)	The types of enforcement actions brought by the Office of Consumer Protection; and				
4							
5		(B)	The number of enforcement actions brought by the Office of Consumer Protection;				
7							
8	(5)	A re	view of the laws governing unaccredited degree				
9	(-7	granting institutions in other states, including those					
10		state laws that require all degree granting					
11		institutions to be accredited;					
12							
13	(6)	A review of best practices available for the					
14		-	lation of unaccredited degree granting				
15		inst	itutions;				
16	(-)						
17	(7)		termination of whether regulation of unaccredited				
18 19			degree granting institutions should also apply to				
20			ne unaccredited degree granting institutions rdless of whether the institutions are:				
20		rega.	diess of whether the institutions are.				
22		(A)	Located in Hawaii; or				
23		()					
24		(B)	Located out-of-state, but enroll students who are				
25			Hawaii residents; and				
26							
27	(8)		xamination of the findings in the 1993 report of				
28			Legislative Reference Bureau, entitled Private				
29			editation and State Authorization of Degree				
30			ting and Non-Degree Granting Limitations in				
31			ii, to determine whether the recommendations in				
32		the i	report were carried out; and				
33 34	יד יםס	יסוזים יו	THER RESOLVED that the Auditor is requested to				
34 35			t of its findings and recommendations to the				
35 36	Legislature not later than twenty days prior to the convening of						
37	the Regular Session of 2014; and						
38							





BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 1 Resolution be transmitted to the Auditor and the Director of 2 3 Commerce and Consumer Affairs. 4

OFFERED BY: Frdald

MAR 1 2 2013

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