JAN 2 5 2012

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO STATE FINANCES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended to read as follows:
4	"§237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and
5	shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
6	persons on account of their business and other activities in the
7	State measured by the application of rates against values of
8	products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
9	specified, as follows:
10	(1) Tax on manufacturers.
11	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
12	the State in the business of manufacturing,
13	including compounding, canning, preserving,
14	packing, printing, publishing, milling,
15	processing, refining, or preparing for sale,
16	profit, or commercial use, either directly or
17	through the activity of others, in whole or in
18	part, any article or articles, substance or



1		substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
2		of the tax to be equal to the value of the
3		articles, substances, or commodities,
4		manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,
5		packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
6		prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
7		derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer
8		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
9		them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent.
10	(B)	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
11		value of the entire product for sale, regardless

- (B) The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the value of the entire product for sale, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries may be made to points outside the State.
- (C) If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers ships or transports the person's product, or any part thereof, out of the State, whether in a finished or unfinished condition, or sells the same for delivery to points outside the State (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of the products in the condition or form in which they exist immediately before entering interstate

1	or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter
2	provided, shall be the basis for the assessment
3	of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax
4	shall be due and payable as of the date of entry
5	of the products into interstate or foreign
6	commerce, whether the products are then sold or
7	not. The department shall determine the basis
8	for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
9	follows:
10	(i) If the products at the time of their entry
11	into interstate or foreign commerce already
12	have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,
13	less the transportation expenses, if any,
14	incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
15	transportation from the time of entry of the
16	products into interstate or foreign
17	commerce, including insurance and storage in
18	transit, shall be the measure of the value
19	of the products;
20	ii) If the products have not been sold at the
21	time of their entry into interstate or
22	foreign commerce, and in cases governed by

1		clause (i) in which the products are sold
2		under circumstances such that the gross
3		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
4		true value of the products, the value of the
5		products constituting the basis for
6		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
7		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
8		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
9		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
10		data are not available, sales in the State,
11		of similar products of like quality and
12		character and in similar quantities, made by
13		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
14		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
15		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
16		may be considered when they constitute the
17		best available data. The department shall
18		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
19		ascertaining the values;
20	(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
21		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
22		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)

1				even though the products have not been sold
2				at the time of their entry into interstate
3				or foreign commerce; and
4			(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
5				State in an unfinished condition, the basis
6				for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
7				deduct the portion of the value as is
8				attributable to the finishing of the goods
9				outside the State.
10	(2)	Tax	on bu	siness of selling tangible personal property;
11		prod	ucing	
12		(A)	Upon	every person engaging or continuing in the
13			busi	ness of selling any tangible personal
14			prop	erty whatsoever (not including, however,
15			bond	s or other evidence of indebtedness, or
16			stoc	ks), there is likewise hereby levied, and
17			shal	l be assessed and collected, a tax equivalent
18			to [	four] five per cent of the gross proceeds of
19			sale	s of the business; provided that insofar as

the sale of tangible personal property is a

wholesale sale under section [+]237-4(a)(8)[+],

the sale shall be subject to section 237-13.3.

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Upon every person engaging or continuing within this State in the business of a producer, the tax shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the business, or the value of the products, for sale, if sold for delivery outside the State or shipped or transported out of the State, and the value of the products shall be determined in the same manner as the value of manufactured products covered in the cases under paragraph (1)(C).

Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute a part of the measure of the tax imposed on persons in the business of selling tangible personal property, to the extent, under the conditions, and in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and the Acts of the Congress of the United States which may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted, and whenever there occurs in the State an activity to which, under the Constitution and Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross

(B)

proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so
attributed.

- (C) No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such business in the State and selling the manufacturer's or producer's products for delivery outside of the State (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of so selling the products, and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products shall be included only in determining the measure of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or producer.
- (D) When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in such business in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or producer's products in the State at wholesale, retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling the products in the State shall apply to the manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for the privilege of

1	manufacturing or producing in the State, and the
2	manufacturer or producer shall make the returns
3	of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail,
4	or other sales required for the privilege of
5	selling in the State, as well as making the
6	returns of the value or gross proceeds of sales
7	of the products required for the privilege of
8	manufacturing or producing in the State. The
9	manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax
10	imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
11	selling its products in the State, and the value
12	or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus
13	subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as
14	duplicated as to the same products by the measure
15	of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for
16	the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
17	the State; provided that no producer of
18	agricultural products who sells the products to a
19	purchaser who will process the products outside
20	the State shall be required to pay the tax
21	imposed in this chapter for the privilege of
22	producing or selling those products.

•		(1)	n ca	spayer berring to a reactar cope prab
2			cont	ractor may make the election provided for by
3			para	graph (3)(C), and in that case the tax shall
4			be c	omputed pursuant to the election,
5			notw	ithstanding this paragraph or paragraph (1)
6			to t	he contrary.
7		(F)	The	department, by rule, may require that a
8			sell	er take from the purchaser of tangible
9			pers	onal property a certificate, in a form
10			pres	cribed by the department, certifying that the
11			sale	is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
12			(i)	Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
13				shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
14				upon demand, the amount of the additional
15				tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
16				the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
17			(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
18				give rise to the presumption that the sale
19				is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
20				business are exclusively at wholesale.
21	(3)	Tax	upon	contractors.

1	(A)	opon	every person engaging of concinuing within
2		the	State in the business of contracting, the tax
3		shal	l be equal to [ <del>four</del> ] <u>five</u> per cent of the
4		gros	s income of the business.
5	(B)	In c	omputing the tax levied under this paragraph,
6		ther	e shall be deducted from the gross income of
7		the	taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
8		in t	he measure of the tax levied under
9		subp	aragraph (A), on:
10		(i)	Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
11			defined in section 237-6;
12		(ii)	A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
13			department of commerce and consumer affairs
14			pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
15			specialty contractor's business; or
16	(	iii)	A specialty contractor who is not licensed
17			by the department of commerce and consumer
18			affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
19			performs contracting activities on federal
20			military installations and nowhere else in
21			this State;

1	ŗ	provided that any person claiming a deduction
2	ι	under this paragraph shall be required to show in
3	t	the person's return the name and general excise
4	r	number of the person paying the tax on the amount
5	Ċ	leducted by the person.
6	(C) 3	In computing the tax levied under this paragraph
7	ā	gainst any federal cost-plus contractor, there
8	٤	hall be excluded from the gross income of the
9	C	contractor so much thereof as fulfills the
10	· f	following requirements:
11	(	i) The gross income exempted shall constitute
12		reimbursement of costs incurred for
13		materials, plant, or equipment purchased
14		from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter,
15		not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of
16		the taxpayer on account of the transaction;
17		and
18	(i	i) The taxpayer making the sale shall have
19		certified to the department that the
20		taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
21		gross proceeds of the sale, and that the

taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross

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income computed the same as upon a sale to the state government.

A person who, as a business or as a part of a (D) business in which the person is engaged, erects, constructs, or improves any building or structure, of any kind or description, or makes, constructs, or improves any road, street, sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other improvements on land held by the person (whether held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise), upon the sale or other disposition of the land or improvements, even if the work was not done pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the same tax as if engaged in the business of contracting, unless the person shows that at the time the person was engaged in making the improvements the person intended, and for the period of at least one year after completion of the building, structure, or other improvements the person continued to intend to hold and not sell or otherwise dispose of the land or improvements. The tax in respect of the

1	improvements shall be measured by the amount of
2	the proceeds of the sale or other disposition
3	that is attributable to the erection,
4	construction, or improvement of such building or
5	structure, or the making, constructing, or
6	improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer,
7	or water system, or other improvements. The
8	measure of tax in respect of the improvements
9	shall not exceed the amount which would have been
10	taxable had the work been performed by another,
11	subject as in other cases to the deductions
12	allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the election
13	of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied
14	notwithstanding that the improvements were not
15	made by the taxpayer, or were not made as a
16	business or as a part of a business, or were made
17	with the intention of holding the same. However,
18	this paragraph shall not apply in respect of any
19	proceeds that constitute or are in the nature of
20	rent; all such gross income shall be taxable
21	under paragraph (9); provided that insofar as the
22	business of renting or leasing real property

1		under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5,
2		the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5.
3	(4) T	Cax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting
4	S	stations, etc.
5	(	A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
6		the State in the business of operating a theater,
7		opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville,
8		amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio
9		broadcasting station, or any other place at which
10		amusements are offered to the public, the tax
11		shall be equal to [four] five per cent of the
12		gross income of the business, and in the case of
13		a sale of an amusement at wholesale under section
14		237-4(a)(13), the tax shall be subject to section
15		237-13.3.
16	(	B) The department may require that the person
17		rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the
18		licensed seller a certificate, in a form
19		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
20		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
21		(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a

certificate shall be obligated to pay to the

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1		person rendering the amusement, upon demand,
2		the amount of additional tax that is imposed
3		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
4		wholesale; and
5		(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
6		give rise to the presumption that the sale
7		is not at wholesale unless the person
8		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
9		the amusement at wholesale.
10	(5)	Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
11		person classified as a representative or purchasing
12		agent under section 237-1, engaging or continuing
13		within the State in the business of performing
14		services for another, other than as an employee, there
15		is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
16		collected a tax equal to [four] five per cent of the
17		commissions and other compensation attributable to the
18		services so rendered by the person.
19	(6)	Tax on service business.
20		(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
21		the State in any service business or calling
22		including professional services not otherwise

fically taxed under this chapter, there is
ise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
cted a tax equal to [four] five per cent of
coss income of the business, and in the case
wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10), the
nall be equal to one-half of one per cent of
coss income of the business.
thstanding the foregoing, a wholesaler under
on 237-4(a)(10) shall be subject to section
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epartment may require that the person ring a service at wholesale take from the sed seller a certificate, in a form ribed by the department, certifying that the is a sale at wholesale; provided that:  Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the

wholesale; and

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1	(ii)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall
2	,	give rise to the presumption that the sale
3		is not at wholesale unless the person
4		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
5		services at wholesale.

(C)	Where any person is engaged in the business of
	selling interstate or foreign common carrier
	telecommunication services within and without the
	State, other than as a home service provider, the
	tax shall be imposed on that portion of gross
	income received by a person from service which is
	originated or terminated in this State and is
	charged to a telephone number, customer, or
	account in this State notwithstanding any other
	state law (except for the exemption under section
	237-23(a)(1)) to the contrary. If, under the
	Constitution and laws of the United States, the
	entire gross income as determined under this
	paragraph of a business selling interstate or
	foreign common carrier telecommunication services
	cannot be included in the measure of the tax, the
	gross income shall be apportioned as provided in

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section 237-21; provided that the apportionment factor and formula shall be the same for all persons providing those services in the State.

Where any person is engaged in the business of a home service provider, the tax shall be imposed on the gross income received or derived from providing interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications services to a customer with a place of primary use in this State when such services originate in one state and terminate in another state, territory, or foreign country; provided that all charges for mobile telecommunications services which are billed by or for the home service provider are deemed to be provided by the home service provider at the customer's place of primary use, regardless of where the mobile telecommunications originate, terminate, or pass through; provided further that the income from charges specifically derived from interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications services, as determined by books and records that are kept in the regular course of business by the

1	home s	service provider in accordance with section	
2	239-24, shall be apportioned under any		
3	apportionment factor or formula adopted under		
4	subpar	ragraph (C). Gross income shall not	
5	includ	de:	
6	(i) G	Fross receipts from mobile	
7	t	celecommunications services provided to a	
8	C	customer with a place of primary use outside	
9	t	chis State;	
10	(ii) G	Fross receipts from mobile	
11	t	elecommunications services that are subject	
12	t	to the tax imposed by chapter 239;	
13	(iii) G	Gross receipts from mobile	
14	, t	celecommunications services taxed under	
15	S	section 237-13.8; and	
16	(iv) (	Fross receipts of a home service provider	
17	a	acting as a serving carrier providing mobile	
18	· t	celecommunications services to another home	
19	S	service provider's customer.	
20	For th	ne purposes of this paragraph, "charges for	
21	mobile	e telecommunications services", "customer",	
22	"home	service provider", "mobile	

1	telecommunications	services", "place	of primary
2	use", and "serving	carrier" have the	same meaning
3	as in section 239-	22.	

- (7) Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to that activity.
- (8) Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the amounts received from the United States government by any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal representative or heirs), as defined under and by virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other Acts of the Congress of the United States relating thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of one per cent of the gross amount received; provided that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so received and actually disbursed to another by a producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim

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on the producer's return a deduction from the gross
amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so
disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph
shall not be taxable under any other paragraph,
subsection, or section of this chapter.

(9) Tax on other business. Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling not included in the preceding paragraphs or any other provisions of this chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected, a tax equal to [four] five per cent of the gross income thereof. In addition, the rate prescribed by this paragraph shall apply to a business taxable under one or more of the preceding paragraphs or other provisions of this chapter, as to any gross income thereof not taxed thereunder as gross income or gross proceeds of sales or by taxing an equivalent value of products, unless specifically exempted."

SECTION 2. Section 237-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows:

1 "§237-15 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists or 2 physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and similar items [which] that have been prepared by the technician 3 in accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or 4 5 physician, and [such] the items are to be used by the dentist or 6 physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice 7 for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician 8 for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's 9 professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though 10 the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a 11 licensed retailer, rather than at the rate of [four] five per 12 cent [which] that is generally applied to professions and 13 services." 14 SECTION 3. Section 237-16.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 15 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 16 This section relates to the leasing of real property by a lessor to a lessee. There is hereby levied, and shall be 17 assessed and collected annually, a privilege tax against persons 18 19 engaging or continuing within the State in the business of leasing real property to another, equal to [four] five per cent 20 of the gross proceeds or gross income received or derived from 21 22 the leasing; provided that where real property is subleased by a

- 1 lessee to a sublessee, the lessee, as provided in this section,
- 2 shall be allowed a deduction from the amount of gross proceeds
- 3 or gross income received from its sublease of the real property.
- 4 The deduction shall be in the amount allowed under this section.
- 5 All deductions under this section and the name and general
- 6 excise tax number of the lessee's lessor shall be reported on
- 7 the general excise tax return. Any deduction allowed under this
- 8 section shall only be allowed with respect to leases and
- 9 subleases in writing and relating to the same real property."
- 10 SECTION 4. Section 237-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 11 amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:
- "(f) Where tourism related services are furnished through
- 13 arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager and the
- 14 gross income is divided between the provider of the services and
- 15 the travel agency or tour packager, the tax imposed by this
- 16 chapter shall apply to each [such] person with respect to [such]
- 17 the person's respective portion of the proceeds, and no more.
- 18 As used in this subsection, "tourism related services"
- 19 means catamaran cruises, canoe rides, dinner cruises, lei
- 20 greetings, transportation included in a tour package,
- 21 sightseeing tours not subject to chapter 239, admissions to
- 22 luaus, dinner shows, extravaganzas, cultural and educational



- 1 facilities, and other services rendered directly to the customer
- 2 or tourist, but only if the providers of the services other than
- 3 air transportation are subject to a [four] five per cent tax
- 4 under this chapter or chapter 239."
- 5 SECTION 5. Section 237-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 "§237-31 Remittances. (a) All remittances of taxes
- 8 imposed by this chapter shall be made by money, bank draft,
- 9 check, cashier's check, money order, or certificate of deposit
- 10 to the office of the department of taxation to which the return
- 11 was transmitted.
- 12 (b) The department shall issue its receipts therefor to
- 13 the taxpayer and shall pay the moneys into the state treasury as
- 14 a state realization, to be kept and accounted for as provided by
- 15 law; provided that:
- 16 (1) The sum from all general excise tax revenues realized
- by the State that represents the difference between
- 18 \$45,000,000 and the proceeds from the sale of any
- 19 general obligation bonds authorized for that fiscal
- year for the purposes of the state educational
- 21 facilities improvement special fund shall be deposited
- in the state treasury in each fiscal year to the



1		credit of the state educational facilities improvement
2		special fund;
3	(2)	A sum, not to exceed \$5,000,000, from all general
4		excise tax revenues realized by the State shall be
5		deposited in the state treasury in each fiscal year to
6		the credit of the compound interest bond reserve fund;
7		and
8	(3)	A sum from all general excise tax revenues realized by
9		the State that is equal to one-half of the total
10		amount of funds appropriated or transferred out of the
11		hurricane reserve trust fund under sections 4 and 5 of
12		Act 62, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, shall be
13		deposited into the hurricane reserve trust fund in
14		fiscal year 2013-2014 and in fiscal year 2014-2015;
15		provided that the deposit required in each fiscal year
16		shall be made by October 1 of that fiscal year.
17	<u>(c)</u>	Notwithstanding subsection (b), beginning on July 1,
18	2012, the	additional revenues generated and collected from the
19	increase	in general excise tax rates imposed by sections 1, 2,
20	3, and 4	of Act , Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, shall be
21	distribut	ed as follows:

1	(1)	\$80,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into a
2		special account in the general fund for appropriation
3		to and expenditure for operations of the department of
4		education under chapter 302A;
5	(2)	\$25,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into a
6		special account in the general fund for appropriation
7		to and expenditure for operations of the University of
8	·	Hawaii under chapter 304A;
9	(3)	\$40,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into a
10		special account in the general fund for appropriation
11		to and expenditure for operations, including grants-
12		in-aid, of the department of human services under
13		chapter 346;
14	(4)	\$25,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into
15		the Hawaii hurricane relief fund under chapter 431P-2;
16	<u>(5·)</u>	\$20,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into
17		the pension accumulation fund established under
18		section 88-114; and
19	(6)	\$10,000,000 of the revenues shall be deposited into
20		the emergency and budget reserve fund under section
21		328L-3."

1	PART II
2	SECTION 6. Chapter 235, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
4	and to read as follows:
5	"§235- Food tax credit. (a) Each resident individual
6	taxpayer, who files an individual income tax return for a
7	taxable year, and who is not claimed or is not otherwise
8	eligible to be claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer for
9	federal or Hawaii state individual income tax purposes, may
10	claim a food tax credit against the resident taxpayer's
11	individual income tax liability for the taxable year for which
12	the individual income tax return is being filed; provided that a
13	resident individual who has no income or no income taxable under
14	this chapter and who is not claimed or is not otherwise eligible
15	to be claimed as a dependent by a taxpayer for federal or Hawaii
16	state individual income tax purposes may claim this credit.
17	(b) Each resident individual taxpayer may claim a food tax
18	credit in an amount equal to \$50 multiplied by the number of
19	qualified exemptions to which the taxpayer is entitled; provided
20	that a husband and wife filing separate tax returns for a
21	taxable year for which a joint return could have been filed by

1	them shall claim only the tax credit to which they would have
2	been entitled had a joint return been filed.
3	(c) For the purposes of this section, a qualified
4	exemption is defined to include those exemptions permitted under
5	this chapter; provided that no additional exemption may be
6	claimed by a taxpayer who is sixty-five years of age or older;
7	provided that a person for whom exemption is claimed has
8	physically resided in the State for more than nine months during
9	the taxable year; and provided further that multiple exemptions
10	shall not be granted because of deficiencies in vision or
11	hearing, or other disability. For purposes of claiming this
12	credit only, a minor child receiving support from the department
13	of human services of the State, social security survivor's
14	benefits, and the like, may be considered a dependent and a
15	qualified exemption of the parent or guardian.
16	(d) The tax credit under this section shall not be
17	available to:
18	(1) Any person who has been convicted of a felony and who
19	has been committed to prison and has been physically
20	confined for the full taxable year;
21	(2) Any person who would otherwise be eligible to be

claimed as a dependent but who has been committed to a

22

1		youth correctional facility and has resided at the
2		facility for the full taxable year; or
3	(3)	Any misdemeanant who has been committed to jail and
4		has been physically confined for the full taxable
5		year.
6	(e)	If the tax credit under this section exceeds the
7	taxpayer'	s income tax liability, the excess of the credit over
8	liability	may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's income
9	tax liabi	lity in subsequent years until exhausted.
10	<u>(f)</u>	All claims for tax credits under this section,
11	including	any amended claims, shall be filed on or before the
12	end of the	e twelfth month following the close of the taxable year
13	for which	the credits may be claimed. Failure to comply with
14	the foreg	oing provision shall constitute a waiver of the right
15	to claim	the credit."
16		PART III
17	SECT	ION 7. Act 61, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009, is amended
18	by amendi	ng section 4 to read as follows:
19	"SEC	FION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2009[ $_{ au}$
20	and]; pro	vided that:
21	(1)	Section 1 of this Act shall be repealed on June 30,
22		2012, and section 237D-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes,

1	shall be reenacted in the form in which it read on
2	June 30, 2009; and
3	(2) Section 2 of this Act shall be repealed on June 30,
4	2015[; provided that sections 237D-2], and section
5	237D-6.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be reenacted
6	in the form in which [they] it read on June 30, 2009."
7	PART IV
8	SECTION 8. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
9	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
10	begun before its effective date.
11	SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
12	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
13	SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
14	provided that:
15	(1) Part II shall apply to taxable years beginning after
16	December 31, 2011; and
17	(2) Part I shall take effect on July 1, 2012.
18	INTRODUCED BY:

#### Report Title:

General Excise Tax; Increase; Food Tax Credit; Transient Accommodations Tax

#### Description:

Increases the general excise tax by 1% to provide a dedicated funding source for the department of education, University of Hawaii, department of human services, employees' retirement systems pension accumulation fund, Hawaii hurricane relief fund, and emergency and budget reserve fund. Establishes a food tax credit. Reduces the transient accommodations tax.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.