S.B. NO. 3062 S.D. 1 H.D. 2

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
3	as follows:
4	"CHAPTER
5	LIFE SETTLEMENTS
6	PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS
7	§ -1 Short title. This chapter may be cited as the Life
8	Settlements Act.
9	§ -2 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
10	content otherwise requires:
11	"Advertisement" means any written, electronic, or printed
12	communication or any communication by means of recorded
13	telephone messages or transmitted on radio, television, the
14	Internet, or similar communications media, including film
15	strips, motion pictures, and videos, that is published,
16	disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, directly
17	or indirectly, for the purpose of creating an interest in or
18	inducing a person to purchase or sell, assign, devise, bequest,
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- 1 or transfer the death benefit or ownership of a policy or an
- 2 interest in a policy pursuant to a life settlement contract.
- 3 "Broker" means a person who, on behalf of an owner and for
- 4 a fee, commission, or other valuable consideration, offers or
- 5 attempts to negotiate life settlement contracts between an owner
- 6 and providers, represents only the owner, and owes a fiduciary
- 7 duty to the owner to act according to the owner's instructions,
- 8 and in the best interest of the owner, notwithstanding the
- 9 manner in which the broker is compensated. "Broker" does not
- 10 include an attorney, certified public accountant, or financial
- 11 planner retained in the type of practice customarily performed
- 12 in their professional capacity to represent the owner, whose
- 13 compensation is not paid directly or indirectly by the provider
- 14 or any other person, except the owner.
- 15 "Business of life settlements" means an activity involved
- 16 in but not limited to offering to enter into the soliciting,
- 17 negotiating, procuring, effectuating, monitoring, or tracking of
- 18 life settlement contracts.
- "Certificate" means a certificate issued pursuant to a
- 20 group policy.
- "Chronically ill" means:

1	(1)	Being unable to perform at least two activities of
2		daily living, such as eating, toileting, transferring,
3		bathing, dressing, or continence;
4	(2)	Requiring substantial supervision to protect the
5		individual from threats to health and safety due to
6		severe cognitive impairment; or
7	(3)	Having a level of disability similar to that described
8		in paragraph (1) as determined by the United States
9		Secretary of Health and Human Services.
10	"Com	missioner" means the insurance commissioner.
11	"Fin	ancing entity" means an underwriter, placement agent,
12	lender, p	urchaser of securities, purchaser of a policy or
13	certifica	te from a provider, credit enhancer, or any entity that
14	has a dir	ect ownership in a policy or certificate that is the
15	subject o	f a life settlement contract, but:
16	(1)	Whose principal activity related to the transaction is
17		providing funds to effect the life settlement contract
18		or purchase of one or more policies; and
19	(2)	Who has an agreement in writing with one or more
20		providers to finance the acquisition of life
21		settlement contracts.

- 1 The term shall not include a non-accredited investor or
- 2 purchaser.
- 3 "Financing transaction" means a transaction in which a
- 4 licensed provider obtains financing from a financing entity
- 5 including, without limitation, any secured or unsecured
- 6 financing, any securitization transaction, or any securities
- 7 offering that is either registered or exempt from registration
- 8 under federal and state securities law.
- 9 "Insured" means the person covered under the policy being
- 10 considered for sale in a life settlement contract.
- 11 "Life expectancy" means the arithmetic mean of the number
- 12 of months the insured under the policy to be settled can be
- 13 expected to live as determined by a life expectancy company
- 14 considering medical records and appropriate experiential data.
- "Life insurance producer" means any person licensed in this
- 16 State as a resident or nonresident insurance producer who has
- 17 received qualification for life insurance pursuant to article 9A
- **18** of chapter 431.
- "Life settlement contract" means:
- 20 (a) (1) A written agreement entered into between a
- 21 provider and an owner, establishing the terms under
- which compensation or any thing of value will be paid,

1		which compensation or thing of value is less than the
2		expected death benefit of the owner's policy or
3		certificate, in return for the owner's assignment,
4		transfer, sale, devise, or bequest of the death
5		benefit or any portion of the policy or certificate
6		for compensation, where the minimum value of the
7		contract is greater than a cash surrender value or
8		accelerated death benefit available under the policy
9		or certificate at the time of an application for a
10		life settlement contract;
11	(2)	The transfer for compensation or value of ownership or
12		beneficial interest in a trust or other entity that
13		owns such policy or certificate if the trust or other
14		entity was formed or availed of for the principal
15		purpose of acquiring one or more life insurance
16		contracts, which life insurance contract insures the
17		life of a person residing in this State; or
18	(3)	(A) A written agreement for a loan or other lending
19		transaction, secured primarily by an individual
20		or group policy; or
21		(B) A premium finance loan made for a policy on or

before the date of issuance of the policy where:

1	(\(\(\) \)	The toan proceeds are not used solely to pay
2		premiums for the policy and any costs or
3		expenses incurred by the lender or the
4		borrower in connection with the financing;
5	(ii)	The owner receives on the date of the
6		premium finance loan a guarantee of the
7		future life settlement value of the policy;
8		or
9	(iii)	The owner agrees on the date of the premium
10		finance loan to sell the policy or any
11	·	portion of its death benefit on any date
12		following the issuance of the policy.
13	"Life settlemen	nt contract" does not include:
14	(b) (1) A po	licy loan by a life insurance company
15	pursuant	to the terms of the policy or accelerated
16	death pro	visions contained in the policy, whether
17	issued wi	th the original policy or as a rider;
18	(2) A premium	finance loan, as defined herein, or any loan
19	made by a	bank or other licensed financial
20	instituti	on, so long as neither default on such loan
21	nor the t	ransfer of the policy in connection with such
22	default i	s pursuant to an agreement or understanding

1		with any other person for the purpose of evading
2		regulation under this chapter;
3	(3)	A collateral assignment of a policy by an owner;
4	(4)	A loan made by a lender that does not violate any
5		insurance premium finance law of this State; provided
6		that the loan does not qualify as a life settlement
7		contract;
8	(5)	An agreement where all the parties:
9		(A) Are closely related to the insured by blood or
10		law; or
11		(B) Have a lawful substantial economic interest in
12		the continued life, health, and bodily safety of
13		the person insured, or are trusts established
14		primarily for the benefit of such parties;
15	(6)	Any designation, consent, or agreement by an insured
16		who is an employee of an employer in connection with
17		the purchase by the employer, or trust established by
18		the employer, of life insurance on the life of the
19		employee;
20	(7)	A bona fide business succession planning arrangement:
21		(A) Between one or more shareholders in a corporation
22		or between a corporation and one or more of its

T			sharehorders of one of more crusts established by
2			its shareholders;
3		(B)	Between one or more partners in a partnership or
4			between a partnership and one or more of its
5			partners or one or more trusts established by its
6			partners; or
7		(C)	Between one or more members in a limited
8			liability company or between a limited liability
9	,	ı	company and one or more of its members or one or
10			more trusts established by its members;
11	(8)	An a	greement entered into by a service recipient, or a
12		trus	t established by the service recipient, and a
13		serv	ice provider, or a trust established by the
14		serv	ice provider, who performs significant services
15		for	the service recipient's trade or business; or
16	(9)	Any	other contract, transaction, or arrangement that
17		is a	life settlement contract and that the
18		comm	issioner determines is not of the type intended to
19		be r	egulated by this chapter.
20	"Net	deat	h benefit" means the amount of the policy or
21	certifica	te to	be settled less any outstanding debts or liens.

- 1 "Owner" means the owner of a policy or a certificate holder 2 under a group policy, with or without a terminal illness, who 3 enters or seeks to enter into a life settlement contract, but 4 shall not be limited to an owner of a policy or a certificate 5 holder under a group policy that insures the life of an 6 individual with a terminal or chronic illness or condition, 7 except where specifically addressed. "Owner" does not include: 8 9 Any provider or other licensee under this chapter; (1)10 A qualified institutional buyer as defined in Rule (2)11 144A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended; **12** (3) A financing entity; 13 (4)A special purpose entity; or 14 (5) A related provider trust. "Patient identifying information" means an insured's 15 **16** address, telephone number, facsimile number, electronic mail 17 address, photograph or likeness, employer, employment status, social security number, or any other information that is likely 18 19 to lead to the identification of the insured. "Person" means any natural person or legal entity, 20 21 including but not limited to a partnership, limited liability
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company, association, trust, or corporation.

1	"Policy" means an individual or group policy, certificate,
2	contract, or arrangement of life insurance owned by a resident
3	of this State, regardless of whether delivered or issued for
4	delivery in this State.
5	"Premium finance loan" means a loan made primarily for the
6	purposes of making premium payments on a policy, which loan is
7	secured by an interest in such policy.
8	"Provider" means a person, other than an owner, who enters
9	into or effectuates a life settlement contract with an owner.
10	The term does not include:
11	(1) Any bank, savings bank, savings and loan association,
12	or credit union;
13	(2) A licensed lending institution or creditor or secured
14	party pursuant to a premium finance loan agreement
15	that takes an assignment of a policy or certificate as
16	collateral for a loan;
17	(3) The insurer of a policy or rider to the extent of
18	providing accelerated death benefits, riders, or cash
19	surrender value;
20	(4) Any natural person who enters into or effectuates no
2.1	more than one agreement in a calendar year for the

transfer of a policy or certificate for compensation

1		or anything of value less than the expected death
2		benefit payable under the policy;
3	(5)	A purchaser;
4	(6)	Any authorized or eligible insurer that provides stop
5		loss coverage to a provider, purchaser, financing
6		entity, special purpose entity, or related provider
7		trust;
8	(7)	A financing entity;
9	(8)	A special purpose entity;
10	(9)	A related provider trust;
11	(10)	A broker; or
12	(11)	An accredited investor or qualified institutional
13		buyer as defined respectively in Rule 501 of
14		Regulation D and Rule 144A of the Securities Act of
15		1933, as amended, who purchases a life settlement
16		contract from a provider.
17	"Pur	chased policy" means a policy or certificate that has
18	been acqu	ired by a provider pursuant to a life settlement
19	contract.	
20	"Pur	chaser" means a person who pays compensation or
21	anything	of value as consideration for a beneficial interest in
22	a trust t	hat is vested with, or for the assignment, transfer, or

- 1 sale of, an ownership or other interest in a policy or a
- 2 certificate that has been the subject of a life settlement
- 3 contract.
- 4 "Related provider trust" means a titling trust or other
- 5 trust established by a licensed provider or a financing entity
- 6 for the sole purpose of holding the ownership or beneficial
- 7 interest in purchased policies in connection with a financing
- 8 transaction, that includes a written agreement with the licensed
- 9 provider under which the licensed provider is responsible for
- 10 ensuring compliance with all statutory and regulatory
- 11 requirements and under which the trust agrees to make all
- 12 records and files relating to life settlement transactions
- 13 available to the insurance division as if those records and
- 14 files were maintained directly by the licensed provider.
- 15 "Settled policy" means a policy or certificate that has
- 16 been acquired by a provider pursuant to a life settlement
- 17 contract.
- 18 "Special purpose entity" means a corporation, partnership,
- 19 trust, limited liability company, or other legal entity formed
- 20 solely to provide either directly or indirectly access to
- 21 institutional capital markets for a financing entity or provider

1	in connec	tion with a transaction in which the securities in the
2	special p	urpose entity:
3	(1)	Are acquired by the owner or by a "qualified
4		institutional buyer" as defined in Rule 144A of the
5		Securities Act of 1933, as amended; or
6	(2)	Pay a fixed rate of return commensurate with
7		established asset-backed institutional capital
8		markets.
9	"Str	anger-originated life insurance" means a practice or
10	plan to i	nitiate a policy for the benefit of a third party
11	investor	who, at the time of policy origination, has no
12	insurable	interest in the insured, and includes:
13	(1)	Arrangements in which life insurance is purchased with
14		resources or guarantees from or through a person or
15		entity who at the time of policy inception, could not
16		lawfully initiate the policy by oneself or itself, and
17		where, at the time of inception, there is an
18		arrangement or agreement, whether verbal or written,
19		to directly or indirectly transfer the ownership of

the policy, the policy benefits, or both, to a third

party; and

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- 1 (2) Trusts created to give the appearance of insurable
- 2 interest and used to initiate policies for investors.
- 3 "Stranger-originated life insurance" does not include those
- 4 practices set forth in subsection (b) of the definition of "life
- 5 settlement contract".
- 6 "Terminally ill" means having an illness or sickness that
- 7 can reasonably be expected to result in death in twenty-four
- months or less. 8
- -3 Licensing requirements. (a) No person, wherever 9
- 10 located, shall act as a provider or broker with an owner who is
- 11 a resident of this State, without first having obtained a
- 12 license from the commissioner.
- 13 (b) Application for a provider or broker license shall be
- 14 made to the commissioner by the applicant on a form prescribed
- 15 by the commissioner, and the application shall be accompanied by
- 16 a fee in the amount provided by section 431:7-101.
- 17 (c) A person, wherever located, may act as a broker with
- 18 an owner who is a resident of this State, if the person is a
- 19 life insurance producer who has been duly licensed as a resident
- 20 insurance producer with a life line of authority in this State
- or the producer's home state for at least one year and is issued 21
- 22 a broker license in this State.

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- 1 (d) Not later than thirty days from the first day of
 2 operating as a broker, the life insurance producer shall notify
 3 the commissioner that the life insurance producer is acting as a
 4 broker on a form prescribed by the commissioner, and shall pay a
 5 fee in the amount provided by section 431:7-101. Notification
 6 shall include an acknowledgment by the life insurance producer
 7 that the life insurance producer will operate as a broker in
- 9 (e) The insurer that issued the policy that is the subject
 10 of a life settlement contract shall not be responsible for any
 11 act or omission of a broker, provider, or purchaser, arising out
 12 of or in connection with the life settlement transaction, unless
 13 the insurer receives compensation for the placement of a life
 14 settlement contract from the provider, purchaser, or broker in
 15 connection with the life settlement contract.
- (f) A person licensed as an attorney, certified public
 accountant, or financial planner accredited by a nationally
 recognized accreditation agency, who is retained to represent
 the owner in the type of practice customarily performed in the
 person's professional capacity, and whose compensation is not
 paid directly or indirectly by the provider or purchaser, may

accordance with this chapter.

- 1 negotiate life settlement contracts on behalf of the owner
- 2 without obtaining a license as a broker.
- 3 (g) Licenses are issued and renewed in accordance with
- 4 article 9A of chapter 431 upon payment of fees in the amounts
- 5 required under section 431:7-101. Failure to pay the fees
- 6 within the terms prescribed shall result in the automatic
- 7 inactivation of the license.
- 8 (h) The applicant shall provide such information as the
- 9 commissioner may require on forms prepared by the commissioner.
- 10 The commissioner shall have authority, at any time, to require
- 11 such applicant to fully disclose the identity of its
- 12 stockholders, other than stockholders owning fewer than ten per
- 13 cent of the shares of an applicant whose shares are publicly
- 14 traded, and the identity of its partners, officers, and
- 15 employees. The commissioner may, in the exercise of the
- 16 commissioner's sole discretion, refuse to issue such a license
- 17 in the name of any person if not satisfied that any officer,
- 18 employee, identified stockholder, or partner thereof who may
- 19 materially influence the applicant's conduct meets the standards
- 20 under subsection (j).
- (i) A provider license issued to a partnership,
- 22 corporation, or other entity authorizes all members, officers,



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- 1 and designated employees to act as a licensee under the license,
- 2 if those persons are named in the application and any
- 3 supplements to the application. A business entity licensed
- 4 pursuant to this subsection shall designate an individual who is
- 5 responsible for the actions of the entity and its agents. The
- 6 designated individual shall be licensed pursuant to this
- 7 chapter.
- **8** (j) Upon the filing of an application and the payment of
- 9 the license fee, the commissioner shall make an investigation of
- 10 each applicant and may issue a provider or a broker license if
- 11 the commissioner finds that the applicant:
- 12 (1) If a provider, has provided a detailed plan of
- 13 operation;
- 14 (2) Is competent and trustworthy and intends to transact
- its business in good faith;
- 16 (3) Has a good business reputation and has had experience,
- training, or education so as to be qualified in the
- 18 business for which the license is applied;
- 19 (4) If a legal entity, is formed or organized pursuant to
- the laws of this State or is a foreign legal entity
- 21 authorized to transact business in this State, or

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1	•	provides a	a certi	ficate	of	good	standing	from	the	state
2		of its dor	micile;	and						

- (5) Has provided to the commissioner an anti-fraud plan that meets the requirements of section -48.
- 5 (k) Each licensed nonresident broker or provider shall 6 appoint the commissioner as its agent to receive service of 7 legal process issued against the broker or provider in this 8 State upon causes of action arising within this State. Service 9 upon the commissioner as agent shall constitute effective legal 10 service upon the broker or provider. The appointment shall be 11 irrevocable for as long as there could be any cause of action 12 against the broker or provider arising out of the broker's or 13 provider's insurance transactions in this State. Service of 14 process on the commissioner shall be made in accordance with section 431:2-206. 15
- 16 (1) Each licensee shall file with the commissioner on or
 17 before the first day of March of each year an annual statement
 18 containing the information as the commissioner by rule may
 19 prescribe.
- 20 (m) A provider may not use any person to perform the
 21 functions of a broker unless the person holds a current, valid
 22 license as a broker.

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1	(n) A broker may not use any person to perform the
2	functions of a provider as defined in this chapter unless such
3	person holds a current, valid license as a provider, and as
4	provided in this section.
5	(o) A provider or broker shall provide to the commissione:
6	new or revised information about officers, ten per cent or more
7	stockholders, partners, directors, members, or designated
8	employees within thirty days of the change.
9	§ -4 License suspension, revocation, or refusal to
10	renew. (a) The commissioner may suspend, revoke, or refuse to
11	renew the license of any licensee if the commissioner finds
12	that:
13	(1) There was any material misrepresentation in the
14	application for the license;
15	(2) The licensee or any officer, partner, member, or
16	director has been guilty of fraudulent or dishonest
17	practices, is subject to a final administrative
18	action, or is otherwise shown to be untrustworthy or

incompetent to act as a licensee;

withholding payments to policy owners;

(3) The provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonably

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1	(4)	The licensee no longer meets the requirements for
2		initial licensure;
3	(5)	The licensee or any officer, partner, member, or
4		director has been convicted of a felony, or of any
5		misdemeanor of which criminal fraud is an element or
6		has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere with respect to
7		any felony or any misdemeanor of which criminal fraud
8		or moral turpitude is an element, regardless of
9		whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by
10		the court;
11	(6)	The provider has entered into any life settlement
12		contract that has not been approved pursuant to this
13		chapter;
14	(7)	The provider has failed to honor contractual
15		obligations set out in a life settlement contract;
16	(8)	The provider has assigned, transferred, or pledged a
17		settled policy to a person other than a provider
18	*	licensed in this State, a purchaser, an accredited
19		investor or qualified institutional buyer as defined

respectively in Rule 501 of Regulation D or Rule 144A

of the federal Securities Act of 1933, as amended, a

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1	financing entity, a special purpose entity, or a
2	related provider trust; or
3	(9) The licensee or any officer, partner, member, or key
4	management personnel has violated this chapter.
5	(b) Before the commissioner may deny a license application
6	or suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of any
7	licensee under this chapter, the commissioner shall conduct a
8	hearing in accordance with chapter 91.
9	S -5 Contract requirements. (a) No person may use any
10	form of life settlement contract in this State unless it has
11	been filed with and approved, if required, by the commissioner
12	in a manner that conforms with the filing procedures and any
13	time restrictions or deeming provisions, if any, for life
14	insurance forms, policies, and contracts.
15	(b) No insurer may, as a condition of responding to a
16	request for verification of coverage or in connection with the
17	transfer of a policy pursuant to a life settlement contract,
18	require that the owner, insured, provider, or broker sign any
19	form, disclosure, consent, waiver, or acknowledgment that has

not been expressly approved by the commissioner for use in

connection with life settlement contracts in this State.

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1	(c) A person shall not use a life settlement contract form		
2	or provide to an owner a disclosure statement form in this State		
3	unless first filed with and approved by the commissioner. The		
4	commissioner shall disapprove a life settlement contract form or		
5	disclosure statement form if, in the commissioner's opinion, the		
6	contract or provisions contained therein fail to meet the		
7	requirements of sections -21 , -31 , -33 , and -43 or		
8	are unreasonable, contrary to the interests of the public, or		
9	otherwise misleading or unfair to the owner. At the		
10	commissioner's discretion, the commissioner may require the		
11	submission of advertising material.		
12	§ -6 Reporting requirements and privacy. (a) For any		
13	policy settled within five years of policy issuance, each		
14	provider shall file with the commissioner on or before March 1		
15	of each year an annual statement containing the information as		
16	the commissioner may prescribe by rule. In addition to any		
17	other requirements, the annual statement shall:		
18	(1) Specify the total number, aggregate face amount, and		
19	life settlement proceeds of policies settled during		
20	the immediately preceding calendar year, together with		
21	a breakdown of the information by policy issue year;		

and

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1	(2) Include the names of the insurance companies whose
2	policies have been settled and the brokers who have
3	settled said policies.
4	The information shall be limited to only those transactions
5	where the insured is a resident of this State and shall not
6	include individual transaction data regarding the business of
7	life settlements or information that there is a reasonable basi
8	to believe could be used to identify the owner or the insured.
9	Every provider that wilfully fails to file an annual
10	statement as required in this section, or wilfully fails to
11	reply within thirty days to a written inquiry by the
12	commissioner in connection therewith, in addition to other
13	penalties provided by this chapter, and upon due notice and
14	opportunity to be heard, shall be subject to a penalty of up to
15	\$250 per day of delay, not to exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate,
16	for each such failure.
17	(b) Except as otherwise allowed or required by law, a

(b) Except as otherwise allowed or required by law, a provider, broker, insurance company, insurance producer, information bureau, rating agency or company, or any other person with actual knowledge of an insured's identity, shall not disclose the identity of an insured or information that there is a reasonable basis to believe could be used to identify the

1	insured or t	he insured's	financial or	medical :	information	to	any
2	other person	unless the d	disclosure:				•

- (1) Is necessary to effect a life settlement contract between the owner and a provider, and the owner and insured have provided prior written consent to the disclosure;
- (2) Is necessary to effectuate the sale of life settlement contracts, or interests therein, as investments, so long as the sale is conducted in accordance with applicable state and federal securities law and the owner and the insured have both provided prior written consent to the disclosure;
 - (3) Is provided in response to an investigation or examination by the commissioner pursuant to the requirements of section -17 or any other governmental officer or agency;
 - (4) Is a term or condition to the transfer of a policy by one provider to another provider, in which case the receiving provider shall be required to comply with the confidentiality requirements of this section;
- (5) Is necessary to allow the provider or broker or theirauthorized representatives to make contacts for the

1	purpose of determining health status. For the
2	purposes of this paragraph, the term "authorized
3	representative" shall not include any person who has
4	or may have any financial interest in the life
5	settlement contract other than a provider, licensed
6	broker, financing entity, related provider trust, or
7	special purpose entity. A provider or broker shall
8	require its authorized representative to agree in
9	writing to adhere to the privacy provisions of this
10	section; or

- (6) Is required to purchase stop loss coverage.
- 12 (c) Non-public personal information solicited or obtained
 13 in connection with a proposed or actual life settlement contract
 14 shall be subject to the provisions applicable to financial
 15 institutions under the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, P.L. 10616 102, and all other applicable state and federal laws relating to
 17 confidentiality of non-public personal information.

18 PART II. EXAMINATIONS

19 § -11 Examination. (a) The commissioner may, when the
20 commissioner deems it reasonably necessary to protect the
21 interests of the public, examine the business and affairs of any
22 licensee or applicant for a license. The commissioner may order
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- 1 any licensee or applicant to produce any records, books, files
- 2 or other information reasonably necessary to ascertain whether
- 3 such licensee or applicant is acting or has acted in violation
- 4 of the law or otherwise contrary to the interests of the public.
- 5 The expenses incurred in conducting any examination shall be
- 6 paid by the licensee or applicant.
- 7 (b) In lieu of an examination under this chapter of any
- 8 foreign or alien licensee licensed in this State, the
- 9 commissioner may, at the commissioner's discretion, accept an
- 10 examination report on the licensee as prepared by the
- 11 commissioner or the chief insurance regulatory official for the
- 12 licensee's state of domicile or port-of-entry state.
- (c) Records of all consummated transactions and life
- 14 settlement contracts shall be maintained by the provider for
- 15 three years after the death of the insured and shall be
- 16 available to the commissioner for inspection during reasonable
- 17 business hours.
- 18 § -12 Conduct of examinations. (a) Upon determining
- 19 that an examination under section -11 should be conducted,
- 20 the commissioner shall issue an examination warrant appointing
- 21 one or more examiners to perform the examination and instructing
- 22 them as to the scope of the examination. In conducting the



- 1 examination, the examiner shall use methods common to the
- 2 examination of any life settlement licensee and shall use the
- 3 guidelines and procedures set forth in an examiners' handbook
- 4 adopted by a national organization.
- 5 (b) Every licensee or person from whom information is
- 6 sought, including its officers, directors, employees, and
- 7 agents, shall provide to the examiners timely, convenient, and
- 8 free access at all reasonable hours at its offices to all books,
- 9 records, accounts, papers, documents, assets, and computer or
- 10 other recordings relating to the property, assets, business, and
- 11 affairs of the licensee being examined. The officers,
- 12 directors, employees, and agents of the licensee or person shall
- 13 facilitate the examination and aid in the examination so far as
- 14 it is in their power to do so. The refusal of a licensee, by
- 15 its officers, directors, employees, or agents, to submit to
- 16 examination or to comply with any reasonable written request of
- 17 the commissioner shall be grounds for suspension or refusal of,
- 18 or nonrenewal of any license or authority held by the licensee
- 19 to engage in the life settlement business or other business
- 20 subject to the commissioner's jurisdiction. Any proceedings for
- 21 suspension, revocation, or refusal of any license or authority
- 22 shall be conducted pursuant to chapter 91.

- 1 (c) The commissioner shall have the power to issue
- 2 subpoenas, to administer oaths, and to examine under oath any
- 3 person as to any matter pertinent to the examination. Upon the
- 4 failure or refusal of a person to obey a subpoena, the
- 5 commissioner may petition a court of competent jurisdiction, and
- 6 upon proper showing, the court may enter an order compelling the
- 7 witness to appear and testify or produce documentary evidence.
- 8 (d) When making an examination under this chapter, the
- 9 commissioner may retain attorneys, appraisers, independent
- 10 actuaries, independent certified public accountants, or other
- 11 professionals and specialists as examiners, the reasonable cost
- 12 of which shall be borne by the licensee that is the subject of
- 13 the examination.
- 14 (e) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit
- 15 the commissioner's authority to terminate or suspend an
- 16 examination to pursue other legal or regulatory action pursuant
- 17 to the insurance laws of this State. Findings of fact and
- 18 conclusions made pursuant to any examination shall be prima
- 19 facie evidence in any legal or regulatory action.
- (f) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit
- 21 the commissioner's authority to use and, if appropriate, to make
- 22 public any final or preliminary examination report, any examiner

- 1 or licensee work papers or other documents, or any other
- 2 information discovered or developed during the course of any
- 3 examination in the furtherance of any legal or regulatory action
- 4 that the commissioner may, in the commissioner's sole
- 5 discretion, deem appropriate.
- 6 § -13 Examination reports. (a) Examination reports
- 7 shall be comprised of only facts appearing upon the books, from
- 8 the testimony of its officers, directors, employees, or agents
- 9 or other persons examined concerning its affairs, and such
- 10 conclusions and recommendations as the examiners find reasonably
- 11 warranted from the facts.
- 12 (b) No later than sixty days following completion of the
- 13 examination, the examiner in charge shall file with the
- 14 commissioner a verified written report of examination under
- 15 oath. Upon receipt of the verified report, the commissioner
- 16 shall transmit the report to the licensee examined, together
- 17 with a notice that shall afford the licensee examined a
- 18 reasonable opportunity of not more than thirty days to make a
- 19 written submission or rebuttal with respect to any matters
- 20 contained in the examination report and which shall become part
- 21 of the report or to request a hearing on any matter in dispute.

- (c) In the event the commissioner determines that 1 2 regulatory action is appropriate as a result of an examination, 3 the commissioner may initiate any proceedings or actions provided by law. 4 5 -14 Confidentiality of examination information. 6 Names and individual identification data for all owners, 7 purchasers, and insureds shall be considered private and 8 confidential information and shall not be disclosed by the 9 commissioner, unless the disclosure is to another regulator or 10 is required by law. 11 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all 12 examination reports, working papers, recorded information, 13 documents and copies thereof produced by, obtained by, or 14 disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in the course 15 of an examination made under this chapter, or in the course of **16** analysis or investigation by the commissioner of the financial **17** condition or market conduct of a licensee, shall be confidential 18 by law and privileged, shall not be subject to chapter 92F, 19 shall not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to 20 discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil action.
 - or other information in the furtherance of any regulatory or

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- 1 legal action brought as part of the commissioner's official
- 2 duties. The licensee being examined may have access to all
- 3 documents used to make the report.
- 4 § -15 Examiner; conflict of interest. (a) An examiner
- 5 shall not be appointed by the commissioner if the examiner,
- 6 either directly or indirectly, has a conflict of interest or is
- 7 affiliated with the management of or owns a pecuniary interest
- 8 in any person subject to examination under this chapter. This
- 9 section shall not be construed to automatically preclude an
- 10 examiner from being:
- 11 (1) An owner;
- 12 (2) An insured in a policy or life settlement contract; or
- 13 (3) A beneficiary in a policy that is proposed for a life
- 14 settlement contract.
- 15 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, the
- 16 commissioner may retain from time to time, on an individual
- 17 basis, qualified actuaries, certified public accountants, or
- 18 other similar individuals who are independently practicing their
- 19 professions, even though these persons may from time to time be
- 20 similarly employed or retained by persons subject to examination
- 21 under this chapter.

- 1 -16 Immunity from liability. (a) No cause of action S 2 shall arise nor shall any liability be imposed against the 3 commissioner, the commissioner's authorized representatives, or 4 any examiner appointed by the commissioner for any statements 5 made or conduct performed in good faith while carrying out the 6 provisions of this chapter. 7 No cause of action shall arise, nor shall any 8 liability be imposed against any person for the act of 9 communicating or delivering information or data to the 10 11
- communicating or delivering information or data to the
 commissioner or the commissioner's authorized representative or
 examiner pursuant to an examination made under this chapter, if
 the act of communication or delivery was performed in good faith
 and without fraudulent intent or the intent to deceive. This
 subsection does not abrogate or modify in any way any common law
 or statutory privilege or immunity heretofore enjoyed by any
 person identified in subsection (a).
- (c) A person identified in subsection (a) or (b) shall be entitled to an award of attorney's fees and costs if the person is the prevailing party in a civil cause of action for libel, slander, or any other relevant tort arising out of activities in carrying out the provisions of this chapter and the party bringing the action was not substantially justified in doing so.

- 1 For purposes of this section, a proceeding is "substantially
- 2 justified" if it had a reasonable basis in law or fact at the
- 3 time that it was initiated.
- 4 § -17 Investigative authority of the commissioner. The
- 5 commissioner may investigate suspected fraudulent life
- 6 settlement acts and persons engaged in the business of life
- 7 settlements.
- 8 PART III. ADVERTISING
- 10 pursuant to this chapter may conduct or participate in
- 11 advertisements within this State. Such advertisements shall
- 12 comply with all advertising and marketing laws or rules adopted
- 13 by the commissioner that are applicable to life insurers or to
- 14 brokers and providers licensed pursuant to this chapter.
- 15 (b) Advertisements shall be accurate, truthful, and not
- 16 misleading in fact or by implication.
- (c) No person or trust shall:
- 18 (1) Directly or indirectly market, advertise, solicit, or
- 19 otherwise promote the purchase of a policy for the
- sole purpose of or with an emphasis on settling the
- 21 policy; or

1	(2)	Use the words "free", "no cost", or words of similar
2		import in the marketing, advertising, soliciting, or
3		otherwise promoting of the purchase of a policy.
4		PART IV. DISCLOSURES AND GENERAL PROCEDURES
5	\$	-31 Disclosures to owners. (a) The provider shall
6	provide i	n writing, in a separate document that is signed by the
7	owner and	provider, the following information to the owner no
8	later tha	n the date the life settlement contract is signed by
9	all parti	es:
10	(1)	The fact that possible alternatives to life settlement
11		contracts exist, including but not limited to
12		accelerated benefits offered by the issuer of the
13		policy;
14	(2)	The fact that some or all of the proceeds of a life
15		settlement contract may be taxable and that assistance
16		should be sought from a professional tax advisor;
17	(3)	The fact that the proceeds from a life settlement
18		contract could be subject to the claims of creditors;
19	(4)	The fact that receipt of proceeds from a life
20		settlement contract may adversely affect the
21		recipients' eligibility for public assistance or other

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1		government benefits or entitlements and that advice
2		should be obtained from the appropriate agencies;
3	(5)	The fact that the owner has a right to terminate a
4		life settlement contract within fifteen days of the
5		date it is executed by all parties and the owner has
6		received the disclosures contained herein.
7		Rescission, if exercised by the owner, is effective
8		only if both notice of the rescission is given, and
9		the owner repays all proceeds and any premiums, loans
10		and loan interest paid on account of the provider
11		within the rescission period. If the insured dies
12		during the rescission period, the contract shall be
13		deemed to have been rescinded subject to repayment by
14		the owner or the owner's estate of all proceeds and
15		any premiums, loans, and loan interest to the
16		provider;
17	(6)	The fact that proceeds will be sent to the owner
18		within three business days after the provider has
19		received the insurer or group administrator's
20		acknowledgment that ownership of the policy or

interest in the certificate has been transferred and

1		the beneficiary has been designated in accordance with
2		the terms of the life settlement contract;
3	(7)	The fact that entering into a life settlement contract
4		may cause other rights or benefits, including
5		conversion rights and waiver of premium benefits that
6		may exist under the policy or certificate, to be
7		forfeited by the owner and that assistance should be
8		sought from a professional financial advisor;
9	(8)	The amount and method of calculating the compensation
10		paid or to be paid to the broker, or any other person
11		acting for the owner in connection with the
12		transaction, wherein the term compensation includes
13		anything of value paid or given;
14	(9)	The date by which the funds will be available to the
15		owner and the transmitter of the funds;
16	(10)	The fact that the commissioner shall require delivery
17 .		of a buyer's guide or a similar consumer advisory
18		package in the form prescribed by the commissioner to
19		owners during the solicitation process;
20	(11)	The following language:
21		"All medical, financial, or personal information
22		solicited or obtained by a provider or broker about an

1		insured, including the insured's identity or the
2		identity of family members, a spouse, or a significant
3		other may be disclosed as necessary to effect the life
4		settlement contract between the owner and provider.
5		If you are asked to provide this information, you will
6		be asked to consent to the disclosure. The
7	•	information may be provided to someone who buys the
8		policy or provides funds for the purchase. You may be
9		asked to renew your permission to share information
10		every two years.";
11	(12)	The fact that the commissioner shall require providers
12		and brokers to print separate signed fraud warnings on
13		their applications and on their life settlement
14		contracts as follows:
15		"Any person who knowingly presents false information
16		in an application for insurance or life settlement
17		contract is guilty of a crime and may be subject to
18		fines and confinement in prison.";
19	(13)	The fact that the owner may be contacted by either the
20		provider or broker or its authorized representative
21		for the purpose of determining the owner's health
22		status or to verify the owner's address;

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	(14)	The affiliation, if any, between the provider and the
2		issuer of the policy to be settled;
3	(15)	That a broker represents exclusively the owner, and
4		not the insurer or the provider or any other person,
5		and owes a fiduciary duty to the owner, including a
6		duty to act according to the owner's instructions and
7		in the best interest of the owner;
8	(16)	The name, address, and telephone number of the
9		provider;
10	(17)	The name, business address, and telephone number of
11		the independent third party escrow agent, and the fact
12		that the owner may inspect or receive copies of the
13		relevant escrow or trust agreements or documents; and
14	(18)	The fact that a change of ownership could in the
15		future limit the insured's ability to purchase future
16		insurance on the insured's life because there is a
17		limit to how much coverage insurers will issue on one
18	•	life.
19	(b)	The written disclosures, including any affiliations or
20	contractu	al arrangements between the provider and the broker,
21	shall be	conspicuously displayed in any life settlement contract
22	furnished	to the owner by a provider.

1	(C)	A broker shall provide the owner and the provider with
2	at least	the following disclosures no later than the date the
3	life sett	lement contract is signed by all parties. The
4	disclosur	es shall be conspicuously displayed in the life
5	settlemen	t contract or in a separate document signed by the
6	owner and	provide the following information:
7	(1)	The name, business address, and telephone number of
8		the broker;
9	(2)	A full, complete, and accurate description of all the
10		offers, counter-offers, acceptances, and rejections
11		relating to the proposed life settlement contract;
12	(3)	A written disclosure of any affiliations or
13		contractual arrangements between the broker and any
14		person making an offer in connection with the proposed
15		life settlement contract;
16	(4)	The name of each broker who receives compensation and
17		the amount of compensation received by that broker,
18		which compensation includes anything of value paid or
19		given to the broker in connection with the life
20		settlement contract;
2.1	(5)	A complete reconciliation of the gross offer or hid by

the provider to the net amount of proceeds or value to

1	be received by the owner. For the purpose of this
2	paragraph, "gross offer or bid" means the total amount
3	or value offered by the provider for the purchase of
4	one or more life insurance policies, inclusive of
5	commissions and fees; and
6	(6) The fact that the failure to provide the disclosures
7	or rights described in this section shall be deemed an
8	unfair trade practice under section 480-2.
9	§ -32 Disclosure to insurer. (a) Without limiting the
10	ability of an insurer from assessing the insurability of a
11	policy applicant and determining whether or not to issue the
12	policy, and in addition to other questions an insurance carrier
13	may lawfully pose to a life insurance applicant, insurance
14	carriers may inquire in the application for insurance whether
15	the proposed owner intends to pay premiums with the assistance
16	of financing from a lender that will use the policy as
17	collateral to support the financing.
18	(b) If, as described in subsection (a)(3) of the
19	definition of "life settlement contract" in section -2, a
20	loan provides funds that can be used for a purpose other than
21	paying for the premiums, costs, and expenses associated with
22	obtaining and maintaining the policy and loan, the application

shall be	rejected a	s a violation of the prohibited practices in
section	-41.	
(c)	If the fi	nancing does not violate section -41 in
this mann	er, the in	surance carrier:
(1)	May make	disclosures to the applicant and the insured,
	either on	the application or an amendment to the
	applicati	on to be completed no later than the delivery
	of the po	licy, including the following:
	"If	you have entered into a loan arrangement
	wher	e the policy is used as collateral, and the
	poli	cy does change ownership at some point in the
	futu	re in satisfaction of the loan, the following
	may	be true:
	(1)	A change of ownership could lead to a
		stranger owning an interest in the insured's
		life;
	(2)	A change of ownership could in the future
		limit your ability to purchase future
		insurance on the insured's life because
		there is a limit to how much coverage
	section (c) this mann	section -41. (c) If the filthis manner, the information (1) May make either on application of the polification (1) application (1) applicatio

insurers will issue on one life;

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1	(3)	Should there be a change of ownership and
. 2		you wish to obtain more insurance coverage
3		on the insured's life in the future, the
4		insured's higher issue age, a change in
5		health status, and/or other factors may
6		reduce the ability to obtain coverage and/or
7		may result in significantly higher premiums;
8	(4)	You should consult a professional advisor,
9		since a change in ownership in satisfaction
10		of the loan may result in tax consequences
11		to the owner, depending on the structure of
12		the loan"; and
13	(2) May requ	ire certifications, such as the following,
14	from the	applicant or the insured:
15	"(1)	I have not entered into any agreement or
16		arrangement providing for the future sale of
17	•	this life insurance policy;
18	(2)	My loan arrangement for this policy provides
19		funds sufficient to pay for some or all of
20		the premiums, costs, and expenses associated
21		with obtaining and maintaining my life
22		insurance policy, but I have not entered

•		into any agreement by which I am to receive
2		consideration in exchange for procuring thi
3		policy; and
4		(3) The borrower has an insurable interest in
5		the insured."
6	§	-33 General rules. (a) A provider entering into a
.7	life sett	lement contract with any owner of a policy, wherein th
8	insured i	s terminally or chronically ill, shall first obtain:
9	(1)	If the owner is the insured, a written statement from
10		a licensed attending physician that the owner is of
11		sound mind and under no constraint or undue influence
12		to enter into a life settlement contract; and
13	(2)	A document in which the insured consents to the
14		release of the insured's medical records to a
15		provider, broker, or insurance producer and, if the
16		policy was issued less than two years from the date of
17		application for a life settlement contract, to the
18		insurance company that issued the policy.
19	The provi	der, broker, or its authorized representative shall be
20	limited t	o contact for the purpose of determining the owner's
21	health st	atus or to verify the owner's address, once every thre
22	months if	the insured has a life expectancy of more than one
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- 1 year, and no more than once per month if the insured has a life
- 2 expectancy of one year or less.
- 3 (b) The insurer shall respond to a request for
- 4 verification of coverage submitted by a provider, broker, or
- 5 life insurance producer, not later than thirty calendar days of
- 6 the date the request is received. The request for verification
- 7 of coverage shall be made on a form approved by the
- 8 commissioner. The insurer shall complete and issue the
- 9 verification of coverage or indicate in which respects it is
- 10 unable to respond. In its response, the insurer shall indicate
- 11 whether, based on the medical evidence and documents provided,
- 12 the insurer intends to pursue an investigation at this time
- 13 regarding the validity of the insurance contract.
- (c) Before or at the time of execution of the life
- 15 settlement contract, the provider shall obtain a witnessed
- 16 document in which the owner:
- 17 (1) Consents to the life settlement contract;
- 18 (2) Represents that the owner has a full and complete
- understanding of the life settlement contract;
- 20 (3) Represents that the owner has a full and complete
- 21 understanding of the benefits of the policy;

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1	(4)	Acknowledge	s that	the	owner	is	entering	into	the	life
2		settlement	contra	ct fi	reely	and	voluntari	ily;	and	

- (5) For persons with a chronic or terminal illness or condition, acknowledges that the insured has a chronic or terminal illness and that the chronic or terminal illness or condition was diagnosed after the policy was issued.
- 8 (d) An insurer shall not unreasonably delay effecting
 9 change of ownership or beneficiary in connection with any life
 10 settlement contract lawfully entered into in this State or with
 11 a resident of this State.
- (e) If a broker or life insurance producer performs any of the activities required of the provider under this section, the provider shall be deemed to have fulfilled the requirements of this section.
- (f) If a broker performs those verification of coverage activities required of the provider, the provider is deemed to have performed those activities.
- 19 (g) Within twenty days after an owner executes the life 20 settlement contract, the provider shall give written notice to 21 the insurer that issued that policy that the policy has become

- 1 subject to a life settlement contract. The notice shall be
- 2 accompanied by the documents required by section -32(c).
- 3 (h) All life settlement contracts entered into in this
- 4 State shall provide that the owner may rescind the contract on
- 5 or before fifteen days after the date it is executed by all
- 6 parties thereto. Rescission, if exercised by the owner, is
- 7 effective only if both notice of the rescission is given, and
- 8 the owner repays all proceeds and any premiums, loans, and loan
- 9 interest paid on account of the provider within the rescission
- 10 period. If the insured dies during the rescission period, the
- 11 contract shall be deemed to have been rescinded subject to
- 12 repayment by the owner or the owner's estate of all proceeds and
- 13 any premiums, loans, and loan interest to the provider.
- 14 (i) Within three business days after receipt from the
- 15 owner of documents to effect the transfer of the policy, the
- 16 provider shall pay the proceeds of the settlement to an escrow
- 17 or trust account managed by a trustee or escrow agent in a state
- 18 or federally chartered financial institution pending
- 19 acknowledgment of the transfer by the issuer of the policy. The
- 20 trustee or escrow agent shall be required to transfer the
- 21 proceeds due to the owner within three business days of
- 22 acknowledgment of the transfer from the insurer.



- 1 (j) Failure to tender the life settlement contract
- 2 proceeds to the owner by the date disclosed to the owner shall
- 3 render the contract voidable by the owner for lack of
- 4 consideration until the time the proceeds are tendered to and
- 5 accepted by the owner. A failure to give written notice of the
- 6 right of rescission hereunder shall toll the right of rescission
- 7 until thirty days after the written notice of the right of
- 8 rescission has been given.
- 9 (k) Any fee paid by a provider, party, individual, or an
- 10 owner to a broker in exchange for services provided to the owner
- 11 pertaining to a life settlement contract shall be computed as a
- 12 percentage of the offer obtained, not the face value of the
- 13 policy. Nothing in this section shall be construed as
- 14 prohibiting a broker from reducing such broker's fee below this
- 15 percentage if the broker so chooses.
- 16 (1) The broker shall disclose to the owner anything of
- 17 value paid or given to a broker and that relates to a life
- 18 settlement contract.
- 19 (m) No person at any time prior to or at the time of the
- 20 application for, or issuance of, a policy, or during a two-year
- 21 period commencing with the date of issuance of the policy, shall
- 22 enter into a life settlement contract regardless of the date the



1	compensat	ion is to be provided and regardless of the date the
2	assignmen	t, transfer, sale, devise, bequest, or surrender of the
3	policy is	to occur. This prohibition shall not apply if the
4	owner cer	tifies to the provider that:
5	(1)	The policy was issued upon the owner's exercise of
6		conversion rights arising out of a group or individual
7		policy; provided that the total of the time covered
8		under the conversion policy plus the time covered
9		under the prior policy is at least two years. The
10		time covered under a group policy shall be calculated
11		without regard to a change in insurance carriers;
12	•	provided further that the coverage has been continuous
13		and under the same group sponsorship; or
14	(2)	The owner submits independent evidence to the provider
15		that one or more of the following conditions have been
16		met within the two-year period:
17		(A) The owner or insured is chronically or terminally
18		ill;

The owner or insured disposes of ownership

to the terms of a buyout or other similar

interests in a closely-held corporation, pursuant

(B)

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1		agreement in effect at the time the policy was
2		initially issued;
3	(C)	The owner's spouse dies;
4	(D)	The owner divorces the owner's spouse;
5	(E)	The owner retires from full-time employment;
6	(F)	The owner becomes physically or mentally disabled
7		and a physician determines that the disability
8		prevents the owner from maintaining full-time
9		employment; or
10	(G)	A final order, judgment, or decree is entered by
11		a court of competent jurisdiction, on the
12		application of a creditor of the owner,
13		adjudicating the owner bankrupt or insolvent, or
14		approving a petition seeking reorganization of
15		the owner or appointing a receiver, trustee, or
16		liquidator to all or a substantial part of the
17		owner's assets.
18	Copies of	the independent evidence required by paragraph
19	(2) shall be s	ubmitted to the insurer when the provider submits
20	a request to t	he insurer for verification of coverage. The
21	copies shall b	e accompanied by a letter of attestation from the
22	provider that	the copies are true and correct copies of the
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- 1 documents received by the provider. Nothing in this section
- 2 shall prohibit an insurer from exercising its right to contest
- 3 the validity of any policy.
- 4 If the provider submits to the insurer a copy of
- 5 independent evidence required by paragraph (2) when the provider
- 6 submits a request to the insurer to effect the transfer of the
- 7 policy to the provider, the copy shall be deemed to establish
- 8 that the life settlement contract satisfies the requirements of
- 9 this section.
- 10 § -34 Buyer's guide. The commissioner by rule shall
- 11 require delivery of a buyer's guide or a similar consumer
- 12 advisory package to owners during the process of soliciting a
- 13 life settlement contract.
- 14 PART V. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
- 15 § -41 Prohibited practices. (a) It is unlawful for any
- 16 person to:
- 17 (1) Enter into a life settlement contract if the person
- 18 knows or reasonably should have known that the policy
- was obtained by means of a false, deceptive, or
- 20 misleading application for such policy;
- 21 (2) Engage in any transaction, practice, or course of
- business if the person knows or reasonably should have

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1	known	that	the	intent	was	to	avoid	the	notice
2	requir	rement	s of	this	chapt	er,	;		

- (3) Engage in any fraudulent act or practice in connection with any transaction relating to any life settlement contract involving an owner who is a resident of this State;
- (4) Issue, solicit, market, or otherwise promote the purchase of a policy for the purpose of or with an emphasis on settling the policy;
- or agency, or any person affiliated with the person or agency, or any person affiliated with the person or agency, pursuant to which the person shall receive any proceeds, fees, or other consideration, directly or indirectly, from the policy or owner of the policy or any other person with respect to the premium finance agreement or any life settlement contract or other transaction related to such policy that are in addition to the amounts required to pay the principal, interest, and service charges related to policy premiums pursuant to the premium finance agreement or subsequent sale of such agreement; provided that any payments, charges, fees or other amounts in addition

1		to the amounts required to pay the principal,
2		interest, and service charges related to policy
3		premiums paid under the premium finance agreement
4		shall be remitted to the original owner of the policy
5		or to the owner's estate if the owner is not living at
6		the time of the determination of the overpayment;
7	(6)	With respect to any policy or life settlement contract
8	,	and a broker, knowingly solicit an offer from,
9		effectuate a life settlement contract with or make a
10		sale to any provider, financing entity, or related
11		provider trust that is controlling, controlled by, or
12		under common control with such broker;
13	(7)	With respect to any policy or life settlement contract
14		and a provider, knowingly enter into a life settlement
15		contract with an owner, if, in connection with such
16		life settlement contract, anything of value will be
17		paid to a broker that is controlling, controlled by,
18		or under common control with such provider or the
19		financing entity or related provider trust that is
20		involved in such life settlement contract;
21	(8)	With respect to a provider, enter into a life

settlement contract unless the life settlement

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1		person convicted of a felony involving dishonesty or
2		breach of trust to participate in the business of life
3		settlements.
4	(b)	A violation of this section shall be deemed a
5	fraudulent	life settlement act.
6	§ -	42 Fraudulent life settlement acts prohibited. It is
7	a violatio	n of this chapter for any person, provider, broker, or
8	any other	party related to the business of life settlements, to
9	commit a f	raudulent life settlement act.
10	For t	he purposes of this part, "fraudulent life settlement
11	act" inclu	des:
12	(1)	Acts or omissions committed by any person who,
13		knowingly and with intent to defraud, for the purpose
14		of depriving another of property or for pecuniary
15		gain, commits or permits its employees or agents to
16		engage in acts, including but not limited to:
17		(A) Presenting, causing to be presented, or preparing
18		with knowledge and belief that it will be
19		presented to or by a provider, premium finance
20		lender, broker, insurer, insurance producer, or
21		any other person, false material information, or

concealing material information, as part of, in

1	supp	ort of, or concerning a fact material to one
2	or m	ore of the following:
3	(i)	An application for the issuance of a policy
4		or life settlement contract;
5	(ii)	The underwriting of a policy or life
6		settlement contract;
7	(iii)	A claim for payment or benefit pursuant to a
8		policy or life settlement contract;
9	(iv)	Premiums paid on a policy;
10	(v)	Payments and changes in ownership or
11		beneficiary made in accordance with the
12		terms of a policy or life settlement
13		contract;
14	(vi)	The reinstatement or conversion of a policy;
15	(vii)	The solicitation, offer to enter into, or
16		effectuation of a policy or life settlement
17		contract;
18	(viii)	The issuance of written evidence of a policy
19		or life settlement contract;
20	(ix)	Any application for or the existence of or
21		any payments related to a loan secured

1			directly or indirectly by any interest in a
2			policy; or
3			(x) Entering into any practice or plan that
4			involves stranger-originated life insurance;
5		(B)	Failing to disclose to the insurer, where the
6			insurer requests such disclosure, that the
7			prospective insured has undergone a life
8			expectancy evaluation by any person or entity
9			other than the insurer or its authorized
10			representatives in connection with the issuance
11			of the policy;
12		(C)	Employing any device, scheme, or artifice to
13			defraud in the business of life settlements; or
14		(D)	In the solicitation, application, or issuance of
15			a policy, employing any device, scheme, or
16			artifice in violation of state insurable interest
17			laws;
18	(2)	Acts	or omissions committed by any person who, in the
19		furt	herance of a fraud or to prevent the detection of
20		a fr	aud, commits or permits its employees or its
21		agen	ts to engage in to:

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1	(A)	Remove, conceal, alter, destroy, or sequester
2		from the commissioner the assets or records of a
3		licensee or other person engaged in the business
4		of life settlements;
5	(B)	Misrepresent or conceal the financial condition
6		of a licensee, financing entity, insurer, or
7		other person;
8	(C)	Transact the business of life settlements in
9		violation of laws requiring a license,
10		certificate of authority, or other legal
11		authority for the transaction of the business of
12		life settlements;
13	(D)	File with the commissioner or the chief insurance
14		regulatory official of another jurisdiction a
15		document containing false information or
16		otherwise concealing information about a material
17		fact from the commissioner;
18	(E)	Engage in embezzlement, theft, misappropriation,
19		or conversion of moneys, funds, premiums,
20		credits, or other property of a provider,
21		insurer, insured, owner, insurance, policy owner,

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1		of any other person engaged in the business of
2		life settlements or insurance;
3	(F)	Knowingly and with intent to defraud, enter into,
4		broker, or otherwise deal in a life settlement
5		contract, the subject of which is a policy that
6		was obtained by presenting false information
7		concerning any fact material to the policy or by
8		concealing, for the purpose of misleading
9		another, information concerning any fact material
10		to the policy, where the owner or the owner's
11		agent intended to defraud the policy's issuer;
12	(G)	Attempt to commit, assist, aid, or abet in the
13		commission of, or conspire to commit the acts or
14		omissions specified in this section; or
15	(H)	Misrepresent the state of residence of an owner
16		to be a state or jurisdiction that does not have
17		a law substantially similar to this chapter for
18		the purpose of evading or avoiding the provisions
19		of this chapter.
20	§ -43	Fraud warning required. (a) Life settlement
21	contracts and	applications for life settlement contracts,
22	regardless of	the form of transmission, shall contain the
22	regardless of	the form of transmission, shall contain the

- 1 following statement or a substantially similar statement: "Any
- 2 person who knowingly presents false information in an
- 3 application for insurance or life settlement contract is guilty
- 4 of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in
- 5 prison."
- **6** (b) The lack of a statement as required in subsection (a)
- 7 shall not constitute a defense in any prosecution for a
- 8 fraudulent life settlement act.
- 9 S -44 Mandatory reporting of fraudulent life settlement
- 10 acts. (a) Any person engaged in the business of life
- 11 settlements having knowledge or a reasonable belief that a
- 12 fraudulent life settlement act is being, will be, or has been
- 13 committed shall provide to the commissioner the information
- 14 required by, and in a manner prescribed by, the commissioner.
- 15 (b) Any other person having knowledge or a reasonable
- 16 belief that a fraudulent life settlement act is being, will be,
- 17 or has been committed may provide to the commissioner the
- 18 information required by, and in a manner prescribed by, the
- 19 commissioner.
- 20 S -45 Immunity from liability. (a) No civil liability
- 21 shall be imposed on and no cause of action shall arise from a
- 22 person's furnishing information concerning suspected,

- 1 anticipated, or completed fraudulent life settlement acts or
- 2 suspected or completed fraudulent insurance acts, if the
- 3 information is provided to or received from:
- 4 (1) The commissioner or the commissioner's employees,
- 5 agents, or representatives;
- 6 (2) Federal, state, or local law enforcement or regulatory
- 7 officials or their employees, agents, or
- 8 representatives;
- 9 (3) A person involved in the prevention and detection of
- fraudulent life settlement acts or that person's
- agents, employees, or representatives;
- 12 (4) Any regulatory body or their employees, agents, or
- representatives, overseeing life insurance, life
- 14 settlements, securities, or investment fraud;
- 15 (5) The life insurer that issued the policy covering the
- life of the insured; or
- 17 (6) The licensee and any agents, employees, or
- 18 representatives.
- 19 (b) Subsection (a) shall not apply to statements made with
- 20 actual malice. In an action brought against a person for filing
- 21 a report or furnishing other information concerning a fraudulent
- 22 life settlement act or a fraudulent insurance act, the party

- 1 bringing the action shall plead specifically any allegation that
- 2 subsection (a) does not apply because the person filing the
- 3 report or furnishing the information did so with actual malice.
- 4 (c) A person identified in subsection (a) shall be
- 5 entitled to an award of attorney's fees and costs if the person
- 6 is the prevailing party in a civil cause of action for libel,
- 7 slander, or any other relevant tort arising out of activities in
- 8 carrying out the provisions of this chapter and the party
- 9 bringing the action was not substantially justified in doing so.
- 10 For purposes of this section, a proceeding is "substantially
- 11 justified" if it had a reasonable basis in law or fact at the
- 12 time that it was initiated.
- 13 (d) This section does not abrogate or modify common law or
- 14 statutory privileges or immunities enjoyed by a person
- 15 identified in subsection (a).
- 16 § -46 Confidentiality. (a) The documents and evidence
- 17 provided pursuant to section -45 or obtained by the
- 18 commissioner in an investigation of suspected or actual
- 19 fraudulent life settlement acts shall be privileged and
- 20 confidential and shall not be a public record and shall not be
- 21 subject to discovery or subpoena in a civil or criminal action.

1	(b)	Subsection (a) does not prohibit release by the
2	commissio	ner of documents and evidence obtained in an
3	investiga	tion of suspected or actual fraudulent life settlement
4	acts:	
5	(1)	In administrative or judicial proceedings to enforce
6		laws administered by the commissioner;
7	(2)	To federal, state, or local law enforcement or
8		regulatory agencies, to an organization established
9		for the purpose of detecting and preventing fraudulent
10		life settlement acts, or to the National Association
11		of Insurance Commissioners; or
12	(3)	At the discretion of the commissioner, to a person in
13		the business of life settlements that is aggrieved by
14		a fraudulent life settlement act.
15	(c)	Release of documents and evidence under subsection (b)
16	does not	abrogate or modify the privilege granted in subsection
17	(a).	
18	\$	-47 Other law enforcement or regulatory authority.
19	This chap	ter shall not:
20	(1)	Preempt the authority or relieve the duty of other law
21		enforcement or regulatory agencies to investigate,

examine, and prosecute suspected violations of law;

1	(2)	Preempt, supersede, or limit any provision of any
2		state securities law or any rule, order, or notice
3		issued thereunder;
4	(3)	Prevent or prohibit a person from voluntarily
5		disclosing information concerning life settlement
6		fraud to a law enforcement or regulatory agency other
7		than the insurance division; or
8	(4)	Limit the powers granted elsewhere by the laws of this
9		State to the commissioner or the insurance fraud
10		investigations unit to investigate and examine
11		possible violations of law and to take appropriate
12		action against wrongdoers.
13	\$	-48 Life settlement anti-fraud initiatives. (a)
14	Providers	and brokers shall have in place anti-fraud initiatives
15	reasonabl	y calculated to detect, prosecute, and prevent
16	fraudulen	t life settlement acts. At the discretion of the
17	commissio	ner, the commissioner may order, or a licensee may
18	request a	nd the commissioner may grant, such modifications of
19	the follo	wing required initiatives as necessary to ensure an
20	effective	anti-fraud program. The modifications may be more or

less restrictive than the required initiatives so long as the

	1	modificat	ions	may reasonably be expected to accomplish the
	2	purpose o	f thi	s section. Anti-fraud initiatives shall include:
	3	(1)	Frau	d investigators, who may be provider or broker
	4		empl	oyees or independent contractors; and
	5	(2)	An a	nti-fraud plan that shall be submitted to the
	6		comm	issioner. The anti-fraud plan shall include but
	7		not	be limited to:
	8		(A)	A description of the procedures for detecting and
	9			investigating possible fraudulent life settlement
	10			acts and procedures for resolving material
	11			inconsistencies between medical records and
	12			insurance applications;
	13		(B)	A description of the procedures for reporting
	14			possible fraudulent life settlement acts to the
	15			commissioner;
	16		(C)	A description of the plan for anti-fraud
	17			education and training of underwriters and other
	18			personnel; and
	19		(D)	A description or chart outlining the
,	20			organizational arrangement of the anti-fraud
,	21			personnel who are responsible for the
,	22			investigation and reporting of possible

17

18

19

1	fraudulent	life sett	lement	acts	and	investigating
2	unresolved	material	inconsi	stenc	cies	between
3	medical red	cords and	insuran	ce ap	plic	cations.

- 4 (b) Anti-fraud plans submitted to the commissioner shall 5 be privileged and confidential and shall not be a public record 6 and shall not be subject to discovery or subpoena in a civil or 7 criminal action.
- 9 In addition to the penalties and other enforcement **10** provisions of this chapter, if any person violates this chapter 11 or any rule implementing this chapter, the commissioner may seek 12 an injunction in a court of competent jurisdiction in the county 13 in which the person resides or has a principal place of business 14 and may apply for temporary and permanent orders that the 15 commissioner determines necessary to restrain the person from 16 further committing the violation.
 - (b) Any person damaged by the acts of another person in violation of this chapter or any rule implementing this chapter, may bring a civil action for damages against the person committing the violation in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (c) The commissioner may issue a cease and desist orderupon a person who violates any provision of this chapter, any



- 1 rule or order adopted by the commissioner, or any written
- 2 agreement entered into with the commissioner, in accordance with
- 3 chapter 91.
- 4 (d) When the commissioner finds that such an action
- 5 presents an immediate danger to the public and requires an
- 6 immediate final order, the commissioner may issue an emergency
- 7 cease and desist order reciting with particularity the facts
- 8 underlying such findings. The emergency cease and desist order
- 9 shall be effective immediately upon service of a copy of the
- 10 order on the respondent and shall remain effective for ninety
- 11 days. If the commissioner begins non-emergency cease and desist
- 12 proceedings under subsection (a), the emergency cease and desist
- 13 order shall remain effective, absent an order by an appellate
- 14 court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to chapter 91. In the
- 15 event of a wilful violation of this chapter, the trial court may
- 16 award statutory damages in addition to actual damages in an
- 17 additional amount up to three times the actual damage award.
- 18 The provisions of this chapter may not be waived by agreement.
- 19 No choice of law provision may be used to prevent the
- 20 application of this chapter to any life settlement contract in
- 21 which a party to the settlement is a resident of this State.

- 1 § -50 Penalties. (a) The commissioner may levy a civil
- 2 penalty not exceeding \$10,000 and the amount of the claim for
- 3 each violation upon any person, including those persons and
- 4 their employees licensed pursuant to this chapter, who is found
- 5 to have committed a fraudulent life settlement act or violated
- 6 any other provision of this chapter.
- 7 (b) The license of a person licensed under this chapter
- 8 who commits a fraudulent life settlement act shall be revoked
- 9 for a period of at least one year.
- 10 (c) The penalties under this chapter are cumulative and
- 11 may be imposed in addition to any other penalties authorized by
- 12 law.
- 13 § -51 Unfair trade practices. A violation of this
- 14 chapter shall be considered an unfair trade practice pursuant to
- 15 section 480-2 and subject to the penalties under chapter 480.
- 16 § -52 Conflict of laws. (a) If there is more than one
- 17 owner of a single policy, and the owners are residents of
- 18 different states, the life settlement contract shall be governed
- 19 by the law of the state in which the owner having the largest
- 20 percentage ownership resides or, if the owners hold equal
- 21 ownership, the state of residence of one owner agreed upon in
- 22 writing by all of the owners. The law of the state of the



- 1 insured shall govern in the event that equal owners fail to
- 2 agree in writing upon a state of residence for jurisdictional
- 3 purposes.
- 4 (b) A provider from this State who enters into a life
- 5 settlement contract with an owner who is a resident of another
- 6 state that has enacted statutes or adopted regulations governing
- 7 life settlement contracts, shall be governed in the effectuation
- 8 of that life settlement contract by the statutes and regulations
- 9 of the owner's state of residence. If the state in which the
- 10 owner is a resident has not enacted statutes or regulations
- 11 governing life settlement contracts, the provider shall give the
- 12 owner notice that neither that state nor this State regulates
- 13 the transaction upon which the owner is entering. For
- 14 transactions in those states, however, the provider shall
- 15 maintain all records required if the transactions were executed
- 16 in the state of residence. The forms used in those states need
- 17 not be approved by the insurance division.
- 18 (c) If there is a conflict in the laws that apply to an
- 19 owner and a purchaser in any individual transaction, the laws of
- 20 the state that apply to the owner shall take precedence and the
- 21 provider shall comply with those laws.

1	\$ -	-53 Authority to adopt rules. The commissioner may
2	adopt rule	es to implement this chapter pursuant to chapter 91."
^t 3	SECT	ION 2. Section 431:7-101, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by	y amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:
5	"(a)	The commissioner shall collect in advance the
6	following	fees:
7	(1)	Certificate of authority: Issuance\$1,800
8	(2)	Organization of domestic insurers and affiliated
9		corporations:
10		(A) Application and all other papers required for
11		issuance of solicitation permit, filing \$3,000
12		(B) Issuance of solicitation permit\$300
13	(3)	Producer's license:
14		(A) Issuance, regular license\$100
15		(B) Issuance, temporary license\$100
16	(4)	Nonresident producer's license: Issuance\$150
17	(5)	<pre>Independent adjuster's license: Issuance\$150</pre>
18	(6)	Public adjuster's license: Issuance\$150
19	(7)	Claims adjuster's limited license: Issuance\$150
20	(8)	Independent bill reviewer's license:
21		Issuance\$160
22	(9)	Limited producer's license: Issuance\$120
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1	(10)	Managing general agent's license: Issuance\$150
2	(11)	Reinsurance intermediary's license:
3		Issuance\$150
4	(12)	Surplus lines broker's license: Issuance\$300
5	(13)	Service contract provider's registration:
6		Issuance\$150
7	(14)	Approved course provider certificate:
8		Issuance\$200
9	(15)	Approved continuing education course certificate:
10		Issuance\$60
11	(16)	Vehicle protection product warrantor's registration:
12		Issuance\$150
13	(17)	Criminal history record check; fingerprinting: For
14		each criminal history record check and fingerprinting
15		check, a fee to be established by the commissioner.
16	(18)	Limited line motor vehicle rental company producer's
17		license: Issuance\$2,000
18.	(19)	Legal service plan certificate of authority:
19		Issuance before July 1, 2014\$1,000
20		Issuance on or after July 1, 2014\$500
21	(20)	Life settlement provider's license:
22		Issuance before July 1, 2014\$150

1		Issuance on or after July 1, 2014\$75
2	(21)	Life settlement broker's license:
3		Issuance before July 1, 2014\$150
4		Issuance on or after July 1, 2014\$75
5	[(20)]	(22) Examination for license: For each examination,
6		a fee to be established by the commissioner.
7	(b)	The fees for services of the department of commerce
8	and consur	mer affairs subsequent to the issuance of a certificate
9	of author:	ity, license, or other certificate are as follows:
10	(1)	\$1,200 per year for all services (including extension
11		of the certificate of authority) for an authorized
12		insurer;
13	(2)	\$100 per year for all services (including extension of
14		the license) for a regularly licensed producer;
15	(3)	\$150 per year for all services (including extension of
16		the license) for a regularly licensed nonresident
17		producer;
18	(4)	\$90 per year for all services (including extension of
19		the license) for a regularly licensed independent
20		adjuster;
21	(5)	\$90 per year for all services (including extension of
22		the license) for a regularly licensed public adjuster,

1	(0)	poo per year for all services (including excension of
2		the license) for a claims adjuster's limited license;
3	(7)	\$120 per year for all services (including extension of
4		the license) for a regularly licensed independent bill
5		reviewer;
6	(8)	\$90 per year for all services (including extension of
7		the license) for a producer's limited license;
8	(9)	\$150 per year for all services (including extension of
9		the license) for a regularly licensed managing general
10		agent;
11	(10)	\$150 per year for all services (including extension of
12		the license) for a regularly licensed reinsurance
13		<pre>intermediary;</pre>
14	(11)	\$90 per year for all services (including extension of
15		the license) for a licensed surplus lines broker;
16	(12)	\$150 per year for all services (including renewal of
17		registration) for a service contract provider;
18	(13)	\$130 per year for all services (including extension of
19		the certificate) for an approved course provider;
20	(14)	\$40 per year for all services (including extension of
21		the certificate) for an approved continuing education
22		course.

1	(15)	\$150 per year for all services (including renewal of
2		registration) for a vehicle protection product
3		warrantor;
4	(16)	A fee to be established by the commissioner for each
5		criminal history record check and fingerprinting;
6	(17)	\$1,200 per year for all services (including extension
7		of the license) for a regularly licensed limited line
8		motor vehicle rental company producer;
9	(18)	\$1,000 per year for all services provided before July
10		1, 2014, (including extension of the certificate) for
11		an authorized legal service plan; [and]
12	(19)	\$500 per year for all services provided on or after
13		July 1, 2014, (including extension of the certificate)
14		for an authorized legal service plan[.];
15	(20)	\$1,200 per year for all services (including extension
16		of the license) for a regularly licensed life
17		settlement provider; and
18	(21)	\$150 per year for all services (including extension of
19		the license) for a regularly licensed life settlement
20		broker.
21	The	services referred to in paragraphs (1) to $[\frac{(19)}{(21)}]$
22	shall not	include services in connection with examinations,
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- 1 investigations, hearings, appeals, and deposits with a
- 2 depository other than the department of commerce and consumer
- 3 affairs."
- 4 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 5 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 6 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2012;
- 7 provided that the amendments made to section 431:7-101, Hawaii
- 8 Revised Statutes, shall not be repealed when that section is
- 9 reenacted on July 1, 2014, pursuant to section 7 of Act 59,
- 10 Session Laws of Hawaii 2010, and the amendments relating to life
- 11 settlement contracts made by section 4 of Act 81, Session Laws
- 12 of Hawaii 2011, and section 8 of Act 186, Session Laws of Hawaii
- 13 2011, shall not apply.

Report Title:

Insurance; Life Settlements Model Act; Stranger-Originated Life Insurance

Description:

Enacts the Life Settlements Model Act, which establishes consumer protections in life settlement transactions in which the owner of a life insurance policy transfers the death benefit for compensation that is more than the policy's cash surrender value but less than its expected death benefit. (CD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.