# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE AGING AND DISABILITY RESOURCE CENTERS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the aging and
- 2 disability resource centers initiative is a collaborative
- 3 federal and state multi-agency effort with the support of the
- 4 counties led by the United States Administration on Aging and
- 5 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to streamline access
- 6 to long-term supports and services for older adults, persons
- 7 with disabilities, family caregivers, and providers.
- 8 Aging and disability resource centers are designed to
- 9 address the frustrations many consumers and their families
- 10 experience when they need to obtain information and access to
- 11 long-term supports and services. In many communities, long-term
- 12 supports and services are administered by multiple agencies,
- 13 both public and private, and have complex, fragmented, and often
- 14 duplicative intake, assessment, and eligibility functions.
- 15 Determining how to obtain long-term supports and services can be
- 16 difficult. A single, coordinated system of information and
- 17 access for all persons seeking long-term supports and services
- 18 minimizes confusion, enhances individual choice, and fosters



- 1 informed decision-making. It also improves the ability of state
- 2 and county governments to manage resources and monitor program
- 3 quality through centralized data collection and evaluation,
- 4 which will result in the ability to target existing resources
- 5 where they are most needed, better estimate future need, and
- 6 develop long-term strategies for sustainability.
- 7 Aging and disability resource centers use two broad
- 8 strategies to divert persons from unnecessary and costly long-
- 9 term institutional care and ensure that short-term institutional
- 10 stays do not become permanent: (1) intervening with options
- 11 counseling; and (2) expediting eligibility determination
- 12 processes for home- and community-based services. Aging and
- 13 disability resource centers serve a critical role in improving
- 14 the ability of state and county governments to effectively
- 15 manage the long-term supports and services system, monitor
- 16 program quality, and measure responsiveness of state and county
- 17 systems of care.
- 18 The purpose of this Act is to authorize the establishment
- 19 of a statewide aging and disability resource center with sites
- 20 in each county.

SECTION 2. Chapter 349, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 1 2 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and 3 to read as follows: 4 . AGING AND DISABILITY RESOURCE CENTERS PROGRAM "PART 5 §349-Definitions. As used in this part, unless the context otherwise requires: 6 7 "Aging and disability resource centers" means an entity established by the State as part of the state system of long-8 9 term care serving as a highly visible and trusted source where 10 people of all incomes and ages can obtain information on the 11 full range of long-term support options and a single point of 12 entry for access to public long-term support programs and 13 benefits. 14 "Area agency on aging" means the agency in each county 15 designated by the executive office on aging, under section 16 305(a)(2)(A) of the Older Americans Act, P.L. 89-73, as amended, 17 to facilitate the area-wide development and implementation of a 18 comprehensive, coordinated system for providing long-term care 19 in home and community-based settings, in a manner responsive to 20 the needs and preferences of older individuals and their family

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caregivers.

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         "Dementia" means a group of symptoms affecting intellectual
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    and social abilities severely enough to interfere with daily
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    functioning.
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         "Developmental disability" means a severe, chronic
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    disability of an individual that:
 6
         (1)
              Is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or
 7
              combination of mental and physical impairments;
 8
         (2)
              Is manifested before the individual attains age
 9
              twenty-two;
10
         (3)
              Is likely to continue indefinitely;
11
              Results in substantial functional limitations in three
         (4)
12
              or more of the following areas of major life activity:
13
              (A)
                   Self-care:
14
              (B)
                   Receptive and expressive language;
15
              (C)
                   Learning;
16
              (D)
                   Mobility;
17
              (E) Self-direction;
18
                   Capacity for independent living; or
              (F)
19
              (G)
                   Economic self-sufficiency; and
20
         (5)
              Reflects the individual's need for a combination and
21
              sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or generic
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              services, individualized supports, or other forms of
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1 assistance that are of lifelong or extended duration 2 and are individually planned and coordinated. 3 An individual from birth to age nine, inclusive, who has a 4 substantial developmental delay or specific congenital or 5 acquired condition, may be considered to have a developmental 6 disability without meeting three or more of the criteria 7 described in paragraphs (1) through (5) of this definition if the individual, without services and supports, has a high 8 9 probability of meeting three or more of those criteria later in 10 life. "Family caregiver" means a spouse, adult child, other 11 12 relative, partner, or friend who has a personal relationship with, and provides a broad range of unpaid assistance for an **13** 14 older adult with a chronic or disabling condition. "Informal caregiver" means a person who provides care for 15 16 an older person or person with a disability who needs long-term **17** supports and services, but does not receive compensation. 18 "Intellectual disability" is characterized by significant 19 limitations in intellectual functioning and adaptive behavior as

expressed in conceptual, social, and practical skills, which are

apparent prior to the age of eighteen. This definition shall be

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based on the following assumptions:

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1	(1)	Limitations in present functioning shall be considered	
2		within the context of community environments typical	
3		of the individual's age peers and culture;	
4	(2)	Validate assessment considers cultural and linguistic	
5		diversity as well as differences in communication,	
6		sensory, motor, and behavioral factors;	
7	(3)	Within the individual, limitations often coexist with	
8		strengths;	
9	(4)	An important purpose of describing limitations is to	
10		develop a profile of needed supports; and	
11	(5)	With appropriate personalized supports over a	
12		sustained period, the life functioning of the person	
13		with intellectual disability generally will improve.	
14	"Lon	g-term supports and services" means the broad range of	
15	assistance and care needed by older persons or persons with		
16	physical or mental disabilities who have lost or never acquired		
17	the abili	ty to function independently.	
18	"Opt:	ions counseling" means an interactive decision-support	
19	process w	hereby consumers, family members, and significant	
20	others are supported in their deliberations to determine		
21	appropriate long-term care choices in the context of a		

- 1 consumer's needs, preferences, values, and individual
- 2 circumstances.
- 3 "Physical disability" means the broad range of disabilities
- 4 including orthopedic, neuromuscular, cardiovascular, and
- 5 pulmonary disorders, which may be congenital or a result of
- 6 aging or injury.
- 7 "Severe mental illness" means one of several diseases that
- 8 affects the brain and significantly and functionally impairs an
- 9 individual for an indefinite period of time.
- 10 §349- Aging and disability resource centers;
- 11 established. (a) A statewide aging and disability resource
- 12 center may be established with sites in each county to
- 13 streamline access to long-term supports and services by
- 14 integrating the full range of long-term supports and services
- 15 into a single, coordinated system.
- (b) The aging and disability resource center may be the
- 17 single point of entry in every county where persons of all ages,
- 18 incomes, and disabilities may access information in a person-
- 19 centered manner on the full range of long-term supports and
- 20 services options, including but not limited to:
- 21 (1) Federal, state, and county revenue-funded programs and
- 22 services including those funded by medicaid, medicare,

1		the Older Americans Act, the Department of Veterans
2		Affairs, and kupuna care;
3	(2)	A centralized application process for publicly funded
4		long-term services and supports;
5	(3)	Privately administered programs and services;
6	(4)	Supports and services for persons with Alzheimer's
7		disease and other related dementia;
8	(5)	Transportation services;
9	(6)	Housing options;
10	(7)	Elder rights protection;
11	(8)	Hospital and nursing home discharge planning and care
12		transition;
13	(9)	Health, prevention, and wellness programs;
14	(10)	Support for grandparents raising grandchildren and
15		other relatives age fifty-five years or older caring
16		for children;
17	(11)	Informal and family caregiver support services; and
18	(12)	Community resources and services for individuals with
19		disabilities.
20	(c)	The aging and disability resource centers shall target
21	delivery	of services to:
22	(1)	Persons sixty years of age and older;

1	(2)	Persons of any age with physical disabilities, severe	
2		mental illness, dementia, and developmental or	
3		intellectual disabilities;	
4	(3)	Informal and family caregivers providing assistance to	
5		persons needing long-term supports and services;	
6	(4)	Professionals seeking long-term supports and services	
7		on behalf of their clients; and	
8	(5)	Persons planning for their future long-term supports	
9		and services needs.	
10	(d)	The executive office on aging shall coordinate the	
11	implementation of the statewide aging and disability resource		
12	center.		
13	(e)	The aging and disability resource center may be a	
14	function	of each area agency on aging within the respective	
15	geographic service area."		
16	SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general		
17	revenues	of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much	
18	thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2012-2013 for the		
19	executive office on aging of the department of health to		
20	administer and establish a statewide aging and disability		

resource center with sites in each county.

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- 1 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 2 health for the purposes of this Act.
- 3 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2030.

### Report Title:

Aging and Disability Resource Centers; Appropriation

### Description:

Authorizes the establishment of, and appropriates funds for, aging and disability resource centers in each county to streamline access to long-term supports and services for older adults, persons with disabilities, and family caregivers. Effective July 1, 2030. (SB2779 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.