A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CONVERSIONS BY NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Section 414D-207, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	repealed.
3	["§414D-207 Conversions into and from corporations. (a)
4	A domestic corporation may adopt a plan of conversion and
5	convert to a foreign corporation or any other business entity
6	if:
7	(1) The board of directors and members of the domestic
8	corporation approve a plan of conversion in the manner
9	prescribed by section 414D-202 and if the conversion
10	is treated as a merger to which the converting entity
11	is a party and not the surviving entity;
12	(2) The conversion is permitted by and complies with the
13	laws of the state or country in which the converted
14	entity is to be incorporated, formed, or organized;
15	and the incorporation, formation, or organization of
16	the converted entity complies with those laws;
17	(3) At the time the conversion becomes effective, each
18	member of the converting entity, unless otherwise

1		agreed to by the member of directors, owns an equity
2		interest or other ownership interest in, and is a
3		shareholder, partner, member, or other owner of, the
4		converted entity;
5	(4)	The members of the domestic corporation, as a result
6		of the conversion, shall not become personally liable
7		without the members' consent, for the liabilities or
8		obligations of the converted entity; and
9	(5)	The converted entity is incorporated, formed, or
10		organized as part of or pursuant to the plan of
11		conversion.
12	(b)	Any foreign corporation or other business entity may
13	adopt a p	lan of conversion and convert to a domestic corporation
14	if the co	nversion is permitted by and complies with the laws of
15	the state	or country in which the foreign corporation or other
16	business	entity is incorporated, formed, or organized.
17	(c)	A plan of conversion shall set forth:
18	(1)	The name of the converting entity and the converted
19		entity;
20	(2)	A statement that the converting entity is continuing
21		its existence in the organizational form of the
22		converted entity;

1	(3) A statement describing the organizational form of the
2	converted entity and the state or country under the
3	laws of which the converted entity is to be
4	incorporated, formed, or organized; and
5	(4) The manner and basis of converting the shares or other
6	forms of ownership, of the converting entity into
7	shares or other forms of ownership, of the converted
8	entity, or any combination thereof.
9	(d) A plan of conversion may set forth any other
10	provisions relating to the conversion that are not prohibited by
11	law, including without limitation the initial bylaws and
12	officers of the converted entity.
13	(e) After the conversion of a domestic corporation is
14	approved, and at any time before the conversion becomes
15	effective, the plan of conversion may be abandoned by the
16	domestic corporation in accordance with the procedures set forth
17	in the plan of conversion or, if these procedures are not
18	provided in the plan, in the manner determined by the board of
19	directors. If articles of conversion have been filed with the
20	department director but the conversion has not become effective,
21	the conversion may be abandoned if a statement, executed on
22	behalf of the converting entity by an officer or other duly

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    authorized representative and stating that the plan of
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    conversion has been abandoned in accordance with applicable law,
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    is filed with the department director prior to the effective
    date of the conversion. If the department director finds that
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    the statement satisfies the requirements provided by law, the
    department director, after all fees have been paid, shall:
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         (1) Stamp the statement and include the date of the
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              filing;
         (2) File the document in the department director's office;
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              and
         (3) Issue a certificate of abandonment to the converting
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              entity or its authorized representatives.
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         (f) Once the statement provided in subsection (e) is filed
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    with the department director, the conversion shall be deemed
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    abandoned and shall not be effective."]
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         SECTION 2. Section 414D-208, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    repealed.
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         ["§414D-208 Articles of conversion. (a) If a plan of
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    conversion has been approved in accordance with section 414D-202
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    and has not been abandoned, articles of conversion shall be
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    executed by an officer or other duly authorized representative
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    of the converting entity and shall set forth:
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1	(1) A statement certifying the following:
2	(A) The name, form of entity, and state or country of
3	incorporation, formation, or organization of the
4	converting and converted entities;
5	(B) That a plan of conversion has been approved;
6	(C) That an executed plan of conversion is on file at
7	the principal place of business of the
8	converting entity and stating the address
9	thereof; and
10	(D) That a copy of the plan of conversion shall be
11	furnished by the converting entity prior to the
12	conversion or by the converted entity after the
13	conversion on written request and without cost,
14	to any member or director, as the case may be, of
15	the converting entity or the converted entity;
16	and
17	(2) If the converting entity is a domestic or foreign
18	corporation or other entity, a statement that the
19	approval of the plan of conversion was duly authorized
20	and complied with the laws under which it was
21	incorporated, formed, or organized.

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(b) The articles of conversion shall be delivered to the
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    department director. The converted entity, if a domestic
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    corporation, domestic professional corporation, domestic
    nonprofit corporation, domestic general partnership, domestic
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    limited partnership, or domestic limited liability company shall
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    attach a copy of its respective registration documents with the
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    articles of conversion.
         (c) If the department director finds that the articles of
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    conversion satisfy the requirements provided by law, and that
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    all required documents are filed, the department director, after
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    all fees have been paid shall:
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         (1) Stamp the articles of conversion and include the date
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              of the filing;
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         (2) File the document in the department director's office;
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              and
         (3) Issue a certificate of conversion to the converted
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              entity or its authorized representatives."]
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         SECTION 3. Section 414D-210, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    repealed.
         ["§414D-210 Effect of conversion. When a conversion
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    becomes effective:
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1	(1) The converting entity shall continue to exist without
2	interruption, but in the organizational form of the
3	converted entity;
4	(2) All rights, title, and interest in all real estate and
5	other property owned by the converting entity shall
6	automatically be owned by the converted entity without
7	reversion or impairment, subject to any existing liens
8	or other encumbrances;
9	(3) All liabilities and obligations of the converting
10	entity shall automatically be liabilities and
11	obligations of the converted entity without impairment
12	or diminution due to the conversion;
13,	(4) The rights of creditors of the converting entity shall
14	continue against the converted entity and shall not be
15	impaired or extinguished by the conversion;
16	(5) Any action or proceeding pending by or against the
17	converting entity may be continued by or against the
18	converted entity without any need for substitution of
19	parties;
20	(6) The shares and other forms of ownership in the
21	converting entity that are to be converted into
22	shares, or other forms of ownership, in the converted

1		entity as provided in the plan of conversion shall be
2		converted;
3	(7)	A shareholder, partner, member, or other owner of the
4		converted entity shall be liable for the debts and
5		obligations of the converting entity that existed
6		before the conversion takes effect; provided that the
7		shareholder, partner, member, or other owner:
8		(A) Agreed in writing to be liable for the debts or
9		obligations;
10		(B) Was liable under applicable law prior to the
11		effective date of the conversion for the debts or
12		obligations; or
13		(C) Becomes liable under applicable law for existing
14		debts and obligations of the converted entity by
15		becoming a shareholder, partner, member, or other
16		owner of the converted entity.
17	(8)	If the converted entity is a foreign corporation or
18		other business entity incorporated, formed, or
19		organized under a law other than the law of this
20		State, the converted entity shall file with the
21		director:

1	(A) An agreement that the converted entity may be
2	served with process in this State in any action
3	or proceeding for the enforcement of any
4	liability or obligation of the converting
5	domestic corporation;
6	(B) An irrevocable appointment of a resident of this
7	State, including the street address, as its agent
8	to accept service of process in any such
9	proceeding; and
10	(C) An agreement for the enforcement, as provided in
11	this chapter, of the right of any dissenting
12	shareholder, partner, member, or other owner to
13	receive payment for their interest against the
14	converted entity."]
15	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
16	and stricken.
17	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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19	INTRODUCED BY:
20	BY REQUEST

Report Title:

Nonprofit Corporations; Conversions

Description:

Repeals provisions regarding conversions by nonprofit corporations.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Attorney General

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO CONVERSIONS BY

NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS.

PURPOSE:

The purposes of this bill are to amend chapter 414D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to repeal provisions that authorize nonprofit corporations to convert to other legal

entities.

MEANS:

Repeal sections 414D-207, 414D-208, and 414D-

210, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS).

JUSTIFICATION:

These provisions are not consistent with the Revised Model Nonprofit Corporations Act upon which chapter 414D, HRS, is based, and allow

for the conversion of the assets of

charitable corporations to non-charitable purposes. The existing conversion provisions are inconsistent with the "nondistribution"

constraint" imposed on nonprofit corporations. For example, section 414D-19 provides, "no part of the income or profit of a corporation shall be distributed to its members, directors, or officers." The existing provisions also allow charitable corporations to do an "end run" on provisions that require notice to and consent by the Attorney General for mergers, dissolutions, and the sale of substantially all of the assets of such corporations. The conversion of charitable corporations to non-charitable

entities would allow for the diversion of donor restricted gifts and endowments held by such corporations, in a manner inconsistent with section 517E-6, HRS. To the extent that a nonprofit corporation is exempt from federal tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, such a conversion

would not be permissible.

Impact on the public: None.

Impact on the department and other agencies:

None.

GENERAL FUND:

None.

OTHER FUNDS:

None

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

ATG-100

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

None.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval.