JAN 2 0 2012

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that agricultural
- 2 commodities thieves are a threat to Hawaii's food self-
- 3 sufficiency by driving local farmers out of business and further
- 4 finds that existing law intended to criminalize the theft of
- 5 agricultural products from farms is inadequate to deter thefts
- 6 of agricultural commodities. Farmers have resorted to
- 7 barricading and fencing farm fields, as well as posting security
- 8 guards on a twenty-four hour basis to catch thieves in the act
- 9 in the middle of the night. The intent of this Act is to deter
- 10 thieves by making it more difficult for thieves to sell stolen
- 11 agricultural commodities.
- 12 The purpose of this Act is to clarify the requirements for
- 13 agricultural commodities certificates and to include theft of
- 14 agricultural commodities under existing law for theft of
- 15 agricultural products.
- 16 SECTION 2. Section 145-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:



1	<b>"§14</b>	5-22 Agricultural commodities; ownership and movement
2	certifica	tion. (a) Every person, upon sale of any agricultural
3	commodity	or upon transportation of lots of any agricultural
4	commodity	of more than two hundred pounds or with a value of at
5	least \$10	O that is marketed for commercial purposes, shall
6	complete	a certificate describing the commodity and
7	indicatin	g[+] the following information about the commodity:
8	(1)	The seller, owner, buyer, or consignee[ $+$ ] and the
9		respective residential and business address and
10		telephone number of each;
11	(2)	The origin[; and], including the name of the farm
12		owner and address of the farm from which the commodity
13		originated;
14	(3)	The <u>address of the</u> destination[-];
15	(4)	The amount and value;
16	(5)	The license plate number of any vehicle used to
17		deliver the commodity to the place of purchase;
18		and
19	(6)	The signature of the seller and buyer or consignee on
20		an invoice;
21	provided	that, in addition to paragraphs (1) to (6), the seller
22	shall pro	vide to the buyer or consignee a valid and current
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## S.B. NO. 2374

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    photo identification of the seller issued by a state or federal
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    agency authorized to issue photo identifications and, if the
    agricultural commodity being sold has a value of $300 or more, a
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4
    photocopy of the photo identification.
         (b) No agricultural commodity may be bought or transferred
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6
    unless the seller produces to the buyer or consignee a valid and
7
    current agricultural commodity certificate with the required
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    information, identification, and signatures under subsection
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    (a). The prospective buyer or transferee shall notify the
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    county law enforcement agency of any seller who has attempted to
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    sell an agricultural commodity without an agricultural commodity
12
    certificate.
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              [Two] Three copies of the certificate shall accompany
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    the shipment[, -and a] -- one copy shall be retained by the
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    [person completing the certificate. One of the copies of the
16
    certificate] seller, one copy shall be retained by the buyer or
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    consignee, and one copy shall be presented upon request to a
    state or county law enforcement officer or other officer,
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    employee, or any other person as described in section 145-25.
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         [+b+] (d) This section shall not apply to the retail sale
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    of an agricultural commodity to the final consumer."
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         SECTION 3. Section 145-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
    amended to read as follows:
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         "§145-23 Lack of proof of ownership as a violation.
                                                                The
    failure of any person who sells, transports, or possesses after
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    sale or transport, agricultural commodities to maintain a
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    certificate of ownership or other written proof of ownership of
    the agricultural commodity, as described in section 145-22, is a
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    violation of this part. Violation of this section shall
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9
    constitute prima facie evidence proving a lack of ownership for
    purposes of an offense of theft in the second degree under
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    section 708-831."
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         SECTION 4. Section 708-831, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended by amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
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         "(1) A person commits the offense of theft in the second
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    degree if the person commits theft:
15
              Of property from the person of another;
16
        (a)
17
              Of property or services the value of which exceeds
        (b)
              $300;
18
              Of an aquacultural product or part thereof from
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        (C)
              premises that is fenced or enclosed in a manner
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              designed to exclude intruders or there is prominently
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              displayed on the premises a sign or signs sufficient
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1 to give notice and reading as follows: "Private 2 Property"; [or] 3 (d) Of agricultural equipment, supplies, or products, or 4 part thereof, the value of which exceeds \$100 but does 5 not exceed \$20,000, or of agricultural products that exceed twenty-five pounds, from premises that are 6 7 fenced, enclosed, or secured in a manner designed to 8 exclude intruders or there is prominently displayed on 9 the premises a sign or signs sufficient to give notice 10 and reading as follows: "Private Property". The sign 11 or signs, containing letters not less than two inches 12 in height, shall be placed along the boundary line of 13 the land in a manner and in such position as to be 14 clearly noticeable from outside the boundary line. Possession of agricultural products without ownership 15 16 and movement certificates, when a certificate is 17 required pursuant to chapter 145, is prima facie 18 evidence that the products are or have been stolen[-]; 19 or 20 (e) Of agricultural commodities marketed for commercial 21 purposes and for which the person has failed to 22 maintain a certificate of ownership as required

1	pursuant to section 145-22. Possession of
2	agricultural commodities without ownership and
3	movement certificates, when a certificate is required
4	pursuant to chapter 145, is prima facie evidence that
5	the agricultural commodities are or have been stolen."
6	SECTION 5. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
7	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
8	begun before its effective date.
9	SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
10	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
11	SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
12	INTRODUCED BY:
	Malare from

# S.B. NO. 2374

#### Report Title:

Agricultural Commodities

### Description:

Clarifies requirements for agricultural commodities certificates. Specifies that lack of agricultural commodity certificate to show proof of ownership is prima facie evidence of theft in the second degree. Makes theft of certain agricultural commodities for which the person has failed to maintain a certificate of ownership as required by law an offense of theft in the second degree.

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