A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO LAND USE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that there are many
- 2 examples across the country of agricultural tourism incorporated
- 3 within productive farms and ranches. For example, several sites
- 4 in Napa valley in northern California are well-known
- 5 agricultural tourism destinations. Agricultural tourism serves
- 6 as a means to provide not only additional income for farmers and
- 7 ranchers but also serves as a learning experience for many
- 8 people who do not have a connection to agriculture.
- 9 The legislature further finds that there are agricultural
- 10 tourism opportunities in areas such as the Hamakua coast on the
- 11 island of Hawaii, upcountry Maui, and the north and west sides
- 12 of Kauai. Additional economic activity in those areas will also
- 13 benefit neighboring communities. Although the legislature finds
- 14 that agricultural tourism can be a profitable marketing tool for
- 15 the agricultural industry, the legislature recognizes that each
- 16 county may have differing priorities regarding land use,
- 17 particularly regarding permissible uses on agricultural lands.
- 18 The intent of this Act is to enable the counties to make their 2012-2326 SB2341 CD1 SMA-1.doc



- 1 own determinations regarding the allowance of certain activities
- 2 on, or uses of, land in agricultural districts.
- 3 The purpose of this Act is to allow agricultural tourism
- 4 activities, including certain overnight accommodations of
- 5 twenty-one days or less, in agricultural districts for any one
- 6 stay within a county; provided that the county includes at least
- 7 three islands and has adopted an ordinance specifically allowing
- 8 for such activity.
- 9 SECTION 2. Section 141-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 10 amended by amending its title and subsection (a) to read as
- 11 follows:
- "[+] \$141-9[+] Energy feedstock program. (a) There is
- 13 established within the department of agriculture an energy
- 14 feedstock program that shall:
- 15 (1) Maintain cognizance of actions taken by industry and
- 16 by federal, state, county, and private agencies in
- activities relating to the production of energy
- 18 feedstock, and promote and support worthwhile energy
- 19 feedstock production activities in the State;
- 20 (2) Serve as an information clearinghouse for energy
- 21 feedstock production activities;

1	(3)	Coordinate development projects to investigate and
2		solve biological and technical problems involved in
3		raising selected species with commercial energy
4		generating potential;
5	(4)	Actively seek federal funding for energy feedstock
6		production activities;
7	(5)	Undertake activities required to develop and expand
8		the energy feedstock production industry; and
9	(6)	Perform other functions and activities as may be
10		assigned by law, including monitoring the compliance
11		provisions under section [205-4.5(a)(15).]
12		205-4.5(a)(16)."
13	SECT	ION 3. Section 205-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended by	y amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
15	" (d)	Agricultural districts shall include:
16	(1)	Activities or uses as characterized by the cultivation
17		of crops, crops for bioenergy, orchards, forage, and
18		forestry;
19	(2)	Farming activities or uses related to animal husbandry
20		and game and fish propagation;

1	(3)	Aquaculture, which means the production of aquatic
2		plant and animal life within ponds and other bodies of
3		water;
4	(4)	Wind generated energy production for public, private,
5		and commercial use;
6	(5)	Biofuel production, as described in section
7		[205-4.5(a)(15),] $205-4.5(a)(16),$ for public, private,
8		and commercial use;
9	(6)	Solar energy facilities; provided that:
10		(A) This paragraph shall apply only to land with soil
11		classified by the land study bureau's detailed
12		land classification as overall (master)
13		productivity rating class B, C, $D_{\underline{\prime}}$ or E; and
14		(B) Solar energy facilities placed within land with
15		soil classified as overall productivity rating
16		class B or C shall not occupy more than ten per
17		cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
18		acres of land, whichever is lesser;
19	(7)	Bona fide agricultural services and uses that support
20		the agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold
21		owner of the property and accessory to any of the
22		above activities, regardless of whether conducted on

1		the same premises as the agricultural activities to
2		which they are accessory, including farm dwellings as
3		defined in section 205-4.5(a)(4), employee housing,
4		farm buildings, mills, storage facilities, processing
5		facilities, agricultural-energy facilities as defined
6		in section $[205-4.5(a)(16),]$ $205-4.5(a)(17),$ vehicle
7		and equipment storage areas, roadside stands for the
8		sale of products grown on the premises, and plantation
9		community subdivisions as defined in section
10		205-4.5(a)(12);
11	(8)	Wind machines and wind farms;
12	(9)	Small-scale meteorological, air quality, noise, and
13		other scientific and environmental data collection and
14		monitoring facilities occupying less than one-half
15		acre of land; provided that these facilities shall not
16		be used as or equipped for use as living quarters or
17		<pre>dwellings;</pre>
18	(10)	Agricultural parks;
19	(11)	Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a

farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the

enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;

provided that the agricultural tourism activity is

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1		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
2		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
3		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
4		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
5		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
6		section 205-5; [and]
7	(12)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
8		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
9		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
10		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
11		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
12		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
13		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
14		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
15		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
16		fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
17		as defined in section 165-2; and
18	[(12)]	(13) Open area recreational facilities.
19	Agricultu	ral districts shall not include golf courses and golf
20	driving ra	anges, except as provided in section 205-4.5(d).
21	Agricultu:	ral districts include areas that are not used for, or

1	that are	not suited to, agricultural and ancillary activities by
2	reason of	topography, soils, and other related characteristics."
3	SECT	ION 4. Section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
5	"(a)	Within the agricultural district, all lands with soil
6	classifie	d by the land study bureau's detailed land
7	classific	ation as overall (master) productivity rating class A
8	or B shal	l be restricted to the following permitted uses:
9	(1)	Cultivation of crops, including crops for bioenergy,
10		flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruits, forage, and
11		timber;
12	(2)	Game and fish propagation;
13	(3)	Raising of livestock, including poultry, bees, fish,
14		or other animal or aquatic life that are propagated
15		for economic or personal use;
16	(4)	Farm dwellings, employee housing, farm buildings, or
17		activities or uses related to farming and animal
18		husbandry. "Farm dwelling", as used in this
19		paragraph, means a single-family dwelling located on
20		and used in connection with a farm, including clusters
21		of single-family farm dwellings permitted within
22		agricultural parks developed by the State, or where

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1		agricultural activity provides income to the family
2		occupying the dwelling;
3	(5)	Public institutions and buildings that are necessary
4		for agricultural practices;
5	(6)	Public and private open area types of recreational
6		uses, including day camps, picnic grounds, parks, and
7		riding stables, but not including dragstrips,
8		airports, drive-in theaters, golf courses, golf
9		driving ranges, country clubs, and overnight camps;
10	(7)	Public, private, and quasi-public utility lines and
11		roadways, transformer stations, communications
12		equipment buildings, solid waste transfer stations,
13		major water storage tanks, and appurtenant small
14		buildings such as booster pumping stations, but not
15		including offices or yards for equipment, material,
16		vehicle storage, repair or maintenance, treatment
17		plants, corporation yards, or other similar
18		structures;
19	(8)	Retention, restoration, rehabilitation, or improvement
20		of buildings or sites of historic or scenic interest;
21	(9)	Roadside stands for the sale of agricultural products
22		grown on the premises;

1	(10)	Buildings and uses, including mills, storage, and
2		processing facilities, maintenance facilities, and
3		vehicle and equipment storage areas that are normally
4		considered directly accessory to the above-mentioned
5		uses and are permitted under section 205-2(d);
6	(11)	Agricultural parks;
7	(12)	Plantation community subdivisions, which as used in
8		this chapter means an established subdivision or
9		cluster of employee housing, community buildings, and
10		agricultural support buildings on land currently or
11		formerly owned, leased, or operated by a sugar or
12		pineapple plantation; provided that the existing
13		structures may be used or rehabilitated for use, and
14		new employee housing and agricultural support
15		buildings may be allowed on land within the
16		subdivision as follows:
17		(A) The employee housing is occupied by employees or
18		former employees of the plantation who have a
19		property interest in the land;
20		(B) The employee housing units not owned by their
21		occupants shall be rented or leased at affordable
22		rates for agricultural workers; or

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1		(C) The agricultural support buildings shall be
2		rented or leased to agricultural business
3		operators or agricultural support services;
4	(13)	Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a
5		farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
6		enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;
7		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
8		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
9		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
10		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
11		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
12		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
13		section 205-5;
14	(14)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
15		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
16		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
17		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
18		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
19		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
20		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
21		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
22		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona

1		fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
2		as defined in section 165-2;
3	[(14)]	(15) Wind energy facilities, including the
4		appurtenances associated with the production and
5		transmission of wind generated energy; provided that
6		the wind energy facilities and appurtenances are
7		compatible with agriculture uses and cause minimal
8		adverse impact on agricultural land;
9	[(15)]	(16) Biofuel processing facilities, including the
10		appurtenances associated with the production and
11		refining of biofuels that is normally considered
12		directly accessory and secondary to the growing of the
13		energy feedstock; provided that biofuels processing
14		facilities and appurtenances do not adversely impact
15		agricultural land and other agricultural uses in the
16		vicinity.
17		For the purposes of this paragraph:
18		"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
19		of the appropriate type and scale for economic
20		commercial storage and distribution, and other similar
21		handling of feedstock, fuels, and other products of
22		biofuels processing facilities.

1		"Blotuel processing facility" means a facility
2		that produces liquid or gaseous fuels from organic
3		sources such as biomass crops, agricultural residues,
4		and oil crops, including palm, canola, soybean, and
5		waste cooking oils; grease; food wastes; and animal
6		residues and wastes that can be used to generate
7		energy;
8	[(16)]	(17) Agricultural-energy facilities, including
9		appurtenances necessary for an agricultural-energy
10		enterprise; provided that the primary activity of the
11		agricultural-energy enterprise is agricultural
12		activity. To be considered the primary activity of an
13		agricultural-energy enterprise, the total acreage
14		devoted to agricultural activity shall be not less
15		than ninety per cent of the total acreage of the
16		agricultural-energy enterprise. The agricultural-
17		energy facility shall be limited to lands owned,
18		leased, licensed, or operated by the entity conducting
19		the agricultural activity.
20		As used in this paragraph:
21		"Agricultural activity" means any activity
22		described in paragraphs (1) to (3) of this subsection.

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1		"Agricultural-energy enterprise" means an
2		enterprise that integrally incorporates an
3		agricultural activity with an agricultural-energy
4		facility.
5		"Agricultural-energy facility" means a facility
6		that generates, stores, or distributes renewable
7		energy as defined in section 269-91 or renewable fuel
8		including electrical or thermal energy or liquid or
9		gaseous fuels from products of agricultural activities
10		from agricultural lands located in the State.
11		"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
12		of the appropriate type and scale for the economic
13		commercial generation, storage, distribution, and
14		other similar handling of energy, including equipment,
15		feedstock, fuels, and other products of agricultural-
16		energy facilities;
17	[(17)]	(18) Construction and operation of wireless
18		communication antennas; provided that, for the
19		purposes of this paragraph, "wireless communication
20		antenna" means communications equipment that is either
21		freestanding or placed upon or attached to an already
22		existing structure and that transmits and receives

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1		electromagnetic radio signals used in the provision of
2		all types of wireless communications services;
3		provided further that nothing in this paragraph shall
4		be construed to permit the construction of any new
5		structure that is not deemed a permitted use under
6		this subsection;
7	[(18)]	(19) Agricultural education programs conducted on a
8		farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
9		education and participation of the general public;
10		provided that the agricultural education programs are
11		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
12		use of the parcels or lots on which the agricultural
13		education programs are to occur and do not interfere
14		with surrounding farm operations. For the purposes of
15		this section, "agricultural education programs" means
16		activities or events designed to promote knowledge and
17		understanding of agricultural activities and practices
18		conducted on a farming operation as defined in section
19		165-2; or
20	[(19)]	(20) Solar energy facilities that do not occupy more
21		than ten per cent of the acreage of the parcel, or
22		twenty acres of land, whichever is lesser; provided

1	that this use shall not be permitted on lands with		
2	soil classified by the land study bureau's detailed		
3	land classification as overall (master) productivity		
4	rating class A."		
5	SECTION 5. Section 205-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
6	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:		
7	"(b) Within agricultural districts, uses compatible to the		
8	activities described in section 205-2 as determined by the		
9	commission shall be permitted; provided that accessory		
10	agricultural uses and services described in sections 205-2 and		
11	205-4.5 may be further defined by each county by zoning		
12	ordinance. Each county shall adopt ordinances setting forth		
13	procedures and requirements, including provisions for		
14	enforcement, penalties, and administrative oversight, for the		
15	review and permitting of agricultural tourism uses and		
16	activities as an accessory use on a working farm, or farming		
17	operation as defined in section 165-2[; provided that		
18	agricultural tourism activities shall not be permissible in the		
19	absence of a bona fide farming operation]. Ordinances shall		
20	include but not be limited to:		
21	(1) Requirements for access to a farm, including road		
22	width, road surface, and parking;		

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1	(2)	Requirements and restrictions for accessory facilities	
2		connected with the farming operation, including gift	
3		shops and restaurants; [provided that overnight	
4		accommodations shall not be permitted;	
5	(3)	Activities that may be offered by the farming	
.6		operation for visitors;	
7	(4)	Days and hours of operation; and	
8	(5)	Automatic termination of the accessory use upon the	
9		cessation of the farming operation.	
10	Each county may require an environmental assessment under		
11	chapter 343 as a condition to any agricultural tourism use and		
12	activity.	Other uses may be allowed by special permits issued	
13	pursuant to this chapter. The minimum lot size in agricultural		
14	districts shall be determined by each county by zoning		
15	ordinance, subdivision ordinance, or other lawful means;		
16	provided that the minimum lot size for any agricultural use		
17	shall not be less than one acre, except as provided herein. If		
18	the county finds that unreasonable economic hardship to the		
19	owner or lessee of land cannot otherwise be prevented or where		
20	land utilization is improved, the county may allow lot sizes of		
21	less than the minimum lot size as specified by law for lots		
22	created by a consolidation of existing lots within an		

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- 1 agricultural district and the resubdivision thereof; provided
- 2 that the consolidation and resubdivision do not result in an
- 3 increase in the number of lots over the number existing prior to
- 4 consolidation; and provided further that in no event shall a lot
- 5 which is equal to or exceeds the minimum lot size of one acre be
- 6 less than that minimum after the consolidation and resubdivision
- 7 action. The county may also allow lot sizes of less than the
- 8 minimum lot size as specified by law for lots created or used
- 9 for plantation community subdivisions as defined in section
- 10 205-4.5(a)(12), for public, private, and quasi-public utility
- 11 purposes, and for lots resulting from the subdivision of
- 12 abandoned roadways and railroad easements."
- 13 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 14 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 15 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Report Title:

Zoning; Agricultural Tourism

Description:

Authorizes, within an agricultural district, agricultural tourism activities, including overnight accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one stay within a county; provided that the activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural activity and the county includes at least three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating agricultural tourism activities. (CD1)

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