A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the excessive use of 2 single-use checkout bags presents an unnecessary hazard to the 3 natural environment. Single-use checkout bags: Require crude oil, a polluting fossil fuel, for their 4 (1) 5 manufacture: 6 (2) Pose serious health risks to legally protected sea 7 turtles and marine mammals; 8 (3) Contribute to unsightly litter; 9 (4)Burden overcrowded landfills; 10 (5) Are recycled minimally; Contribute to deforestation and greenhouse gas 11 (6) 12 emissions; and (7) Are manufactured using large quantities of water and 13 14 non-renewable energy. 15 An environmentally friendly alternative to the single-use 16 checkout bag is the reusable bag which consumers can easily 17 acquire, clean, and store.

- 1 The legislature finds that the State has a compelling
- 2 interest in protecting its precious natural environment.
- 3 Several countries and both international and domestic cities
- 4 have successfully implemented similar laws that have resulted in
- 5 a significant reduction in single-use checkout bag usage and
- 6 have used collected fees for environmental protection programs.
- 7 Because the people of Hawaii depend on the preservation of the
- 8 natural environment for economic, social, and cultural reasons,
- 9 the public's health and welfare will benefit immensely from a
- 10 significant reduction of single-use checkout bag waste and
- 11 litter.
- 12 The legislature further finds that the improper disposal of
- 13 bags, particularly plastic bags, pollutes Hawaii's streams and
- 14 coral reefs and strangles and starves endangered marine animals.
- 15 Increasing the resilience of these ecosystems to threats
- 16 requires litter removal, strengthening water quality measures
- 17 such as reducing discharge of pollutants in developed areas and
- 18 controlling erosion caused by deforestation and invasive
- 19 species, and reducing erosion and sedimentation of reefs.
- 20 Protecting Hawaii's streams and marine areas from these high-
- 21 priority threats will help offset the damage caused by
- 22 ubiquitous single-use checkout bags.

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1	The legislature also finds that production of both paper
2	and plastic single-use checkout bags requires the consumption
3	and combustion of large quantities of fossil fuels, trees, and
4	water. Plastic bags require large amounts of crude oil to
5	produce, and the production of paper bags can use twenty times
6	more fresh water and four times more energy than plastic bags.
7	In the United States alone, over fourteen million trees are used
8	to create paper bags, causing significant greenhouse gas
9	emissions and removing forests that absorb large quantities of
10	carbon dioxide. Disposing paper and plastic bags by burning
11	further increases greenhouse gas emissions.
12	The legislature further finds that protecting Hawaii's
13	forests from damage from invasive species helps to mitigate the
14	climate change caused by the production and disposal of single-
15	use checkout bags. The intergovernmental panel on climate
16	change considers reducing or preventing deforestation as the
17	climate mitigation option with the largest and most immediate
18	carbon stock impact in the short term.
19	Forest protection also increases Hawaii's resilience to the
20	likely effects of climate change caused by burning fossil fuels
21	worldwide. Major consequences of climate change for Hawaii's
22	water supplies are predicted, including drought from higher

- 1 temperatures, reduced rainfall, and rising sea levels salting
- 2 coastal freshwater aquifers. Climate change may also result in
- 3 severe storm events, causing flooding and erosion. Through Act
- 4 152, Session Laws of Hawaii 2000, the legislature recognized
- 5 that fresh water is not an infinite resource and its high
- 6 quality, quantity, and sustainability depend upon forested
- 7 watersheds. Hawaii's forests significantly increase water
- 8 capture and break the impact of heavy rains, reducing flooding
- 9 and erosion and siltation of reefs and fisheries. Protecting
- 10 watersheds is crucial for Hawaii's resiliency to climate change
- 11 by ensuring water availability and buffering severe storm
- 12 events.
- 13 The purpose of this Act is to reduce the adverse impact of
- 14 single-use checkout bag waste on Hawaii's precious and unique
- 15 natural environment by establishing an offset fee for the
- 16 distribution of single-use checkout bags and funding programs to
- 17 mitigate against damaging effects of single-use checkout bags by
- 18 improving water quality and resilience to climate change.
- 19 SECTION 2. Chapter 342H, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 21 to read as follows:

1	"PART . SINGLE-USE CHECKOUT BAG FEE								
2	§342H-A Definitions. As used in this part, unless the								
3	context otherwise requires:								
4	"Business" means any commercial enterprise or								
5	establishment, including sole proprietorships, joint ventures,								
6	partnerships, and corporations, or any other legally cognizable								
7	entity, whether for profit or not for profit, and includes all								
8	employees of the business or any independent contractors								
9	associated with the business.								
10	"Mil" means one thousandth of one inch.								
11	"Reusable bag" means a bag with handles that is								
12	specifically designed and manufactured for multiple reuse and is								
13	made of:								
14	(1) Cloth or other machine-washable fabric; or								
15	(2) Durable material suitable for reuse, including plastic								
16	that is at least two and a quarter mils thick.								
17	"Single-use checkout bag":								
18	(1) Means a bag made of plastic that is less than two and								
19	a quarter mils thick, or a paper package or sack,								
20	whether recyclable or non-recyclable, that is provided								
21	by a business to a customer, and is designed for one-								
22	time use to contain and transport merchandise; and								

1	(2)	Does	not include:
2		(A)	Bags used by customers inside a business to
3			package loose items, such as fruits, vegetables,
4			nuts, grains, candies, or small hardware items;
5		(B)	Bags used to contain or wrap frozen foods, meat
6			or fish, flowers or potted plants, or other items
7			to contain dampness;
8 .		(C)	Bags used to protect or transport prepared foods
9			or bakery goods;
10		(D)	Bags provided by pharmacists to contain
11			prescription medications;
12		(E)	Newspaper bags for home newspaper delivery;
13		(F)	Door-hanger bags;
14		(G)	Laundry, dry cleaning, or garment bags, including
15			bags provided by hotels to guests to contain wet
16			or dirty clothing;
17		(H)	Bags sold in packages containing multiple bags
18			intended for use as garbage, pet waste, or yard
19			waste bags; or
20		(I)	Bags used to contain live animals, such as fish
21			or insects sold in pet stores.

1	"Sma	ll business" means a business that has grossed \$500,000
2	or less i	n revenues in the previous year.
3	§3 4 2	H-B Distribution of single-use checkout bags; fee.
4	(a) Begi	nning January 1, 2013, all businesses in the State
5	shall cha	rge and collect a fee of 10 cents for each single-use
6	checkout	bag that is provided to customers; provided that:
7	(1)	A business may provide single-use checkout bags free
8		of charge to any customer participating in federally
9		approved nutrition assistance programs, including the
10		supplemental nutrition assistance program and the
11		special supplemental nutrition program for women,
12		infants, and children; and
13	(2)	If after July 1, 2016, the department determines that
14		the statewide distribution of single-use checkout bags
15		has not decreased by at least seventy-five per cent
16		from the effective date of Act , Regular Session of
17		2012, then the fee for each single-use checkout bag
18		shall automatically increase to 25 cents on January 1,
19		2017.

(b) Businesses subject to the requirements of this part

shall indicate on each customer transaction receipt the number

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- 1 of single-use checkout bags provided and the amount of the fee
- 2 charged.
- 3 (c) Nothing in this part shall preclude businesses from
- 4 making reusable bags available for sale to customers.
- 5 (d) Of the fees collected pursuant to subsection (a), a
- 6 business may retain:
- 7 (1) Up to twenty per cent from January 1, 2013, through
- 8 December 31, 2013; and
- 9 (2) Up to ten per cent from January 1, 2014, and
- 10 thereafter;
- 11 provided that all fees retained shall be taxed in accordance
- 12 with chapters 235 and 237.
- (e) Businesses subject to the requirements of this part
- 14 shall conduct educational outreach to their customers regarding
- 15 the single-use checkout bag fee program.
- 16 §342H-C Remittance of fees. (a) No later than the last
- 17 day of each month, each business subject to the requirements of
- 18 this part shall remit to the department the fees collected
- 19 pursuant to section 342H-B(a), less the amount retained pursuant
- 20 to section 342H-B(d), during the immediately preceding month;
- 21 provided that a small business may remit the fees on a quarterly

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$oldsymbol{1}$ basis on the last day of the month following the e	end of a	а
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- 2 quarter.
- 3 (b) Payments and receipts of fees shall be reported on
- 4 forms prescribed by the director. Any proprietary information
- 5 obtained by the department shall be kept confidential and shall
- 6 not be disclosed to any other person.
- 7 (c) Businesses shall be subject to penalties and interest
- 8 for late or underpaid fees.
- 9 (d) All fees collected by the department pursuant to this
- 10 part shall be deposited as follows:
- 11 (1) Sixty per cent of the fee collected from January 1,
- 12 2012, until December 31, 2013, and seventy per cent of
- the fees collected annually thereafter, shall be
- deposited into the natural area reserve fund
- established by section 195-9 to be expended by the
- 16 department of land and natural resources for watershed
- protection, restoration, and reacquisition; and
- 18 (2) Any remaining fees collected shall be deposited in the
- 19 general fund.
- 20 §342H-D Violations. (a) It shall be a violation of this
- 21 part for any business that is subject to the requirements of
- 22 this part to pay or otherwise reimburse a customer for any

- 1 portion of the fee required to be charged and collected pursuant
- 2 to section 342H-B.
- 3 (b) Violations of this part or any rule adopted pursuant
- 4 to this part shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$1,000
- 5 for each violation.
- 6 §342H-E Injunctive and other relief. The director may
- 7 institute a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction
- 8 for injunctive and other relief to correct or abate violation of
- 9 this part or any rule adopted pursuant to this part, to collect
- 10 administrative penalties, or to obtain other relief.
- 11 §342H-F County ordinances. (a) Nothing in this part
- 12 shall be construed to preempt or in any manner affect a county
- 13 ordinance prohibiting or restricting single-use checkout bags;
- 14 provided that the fee established under section 342H-B shall be
- 15 applicable to single-use checkout bags that are not prohibited
- 16 or restricted by a county ordinance.
- 17 (b) Nothing in this part shall prohibit a county from
- 18 enacting ordinances that are more stringent in the control or
- 19 prohibition of single-use checkout bags than this part.
- 20 §342H-G Business reporting. By March 31 of each year, all
- 21 businesses that are required to charge and collect the single-
- 22 use checkout bag fee pursuant to section 342H-B shall submit to



1	the	department.	On	forms	prescribed	hv	the	department,	an	annual
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- 2 report for the previous calendar year containing the following
- 3 information:
- 4 (1) The number of single-use checkout bags provided to
- 5 customers; and
- **6** (2) The number of reusable bags provided to customers.
- 7 §342H-H Audit authority. The records of each business
- 8 subject to this part shall be made available, upon request, for
- 9 inspection by the department or a duly authorized agent of the
- 10 department. Any proprietary information obtained by the
- 11 department or its agents shall be kept confidential and shall
- 12 not be disclosed to any other person, except:
- 13 (1) As may be reasonably required in an administrative or
- 14 judicial proceeding to enforce any provision of this
- part or any rule adopted pursuant to this part; or
- 16 (2) Under an order issued by a court or administrative
- 17 agency hearings officer.
- 18 §342H-I Rules. The director shall adopt rules, pursuant
- 19 to chapter 91, as may be necessary for the purposes of this
- **20** part.
- 21 §342H-J Annual report. The department shall submit to the
- 22 legislature an annual report, no later than twenty days prior to

- 1 the convening of each regular session, which shall include an
- 2 account of the department's efforts to effectuate this chapter,
- 3 the amount of single-use bags distributed, the statewide
- 4 reduction rate in the amount of single-use bags distributed, and
- 5 any recommended policy changes needed to better effectuate the
- 6 purpose of this part.
- 7 §342H-K Administration of part. The department shall
- 8 include in its annual budget request funding to administer the
- 9 single-use checkout bag fee established by this part."
- 10 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general
- 11 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
- 12 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2012-2013 for
- 13 the purpose of initiating and administering all components of
- 14 the single-use checkout bag fee program.
- The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 16 health for the purposes of this Act.
- 17 SECTION 4. No later than March 31, 2013, each business, as
- 18 defined in section 2 of this Act, that is required to charge and
- 19 collect the single-use checkout bag fee pursuant to this Act
- 20 shall submit to the department of health a one-time report
- 21 listing the number of single-use checkout bags and reusable bags

- 1 provided to customers by that business for the portion of the
- 2 2012 calendar year for which this Act is in effect.
- 3 SECTION 5. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 4 application thereof to any person or circumstance is held
- 5 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
- 6 applications of the Act, which can be given effect without the
- 7 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 8 of this Act are severable.
- 9 SECTION 6. Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted or
- 10 applied so as to create any requirement, power, or duty in
- 11 conflict with any federal or state law.
- 12 SECTION 7. In codifying the new sections added by section
- 13 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 14 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 15 the new sections in this Act.
- 16 SECTION 8. The revisor of statutes shall insert the number
- 17 of this Act in the appropriate place in section 2 of this Act.
- 18 SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2012.

Report Title:

Environmental Protection; Single-use Checkout Bags; Fee

Description:

Requires businesses in the State to collect a fee for single-use checkout bags provided to a customer. Allows businesses to keep twenty per cent of the fees for the first year of the program and ten per cent of the fees thereafter, subject to income and general excises taxes. Requires fees to be collected on single-use checkout bags not prohibited by county ordinance. Deposits a percentage of fees collected into the natural area reserves fund, and the remainder into the general fund. Requires reports to the legislature. Effective July 1, 2012. (HB2260 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.