A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FORECLOSURES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Act 162, Session
3	Laws of Hawaii 2010, established a mortgage foreclosure task
4	force to develop policies and procedures to improve the way
5	mortgage foreclosures are conducted in the State. Act 162
6	required the task force to submit its findings and
7	recommendations, including any proposed legislation, to the
8	legislature for the regular sessions of 2011 and 2012.
9	The task force held several public meetings over the
10	legislative interim of 2010 to discuss the various items for
11	review raised under Act 162. Based upon these discussions, the
12	task force adopted recommendations, including proposed
13	legislation, in its report to the legislature for the regular
14	session of 2011. Some of the task force's recommendations were
15	included in Act 48, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, a far-reaching
16	mortgage foreclosure reform measure that, among other things:

1	(1)	Temporarily authorized mortgagors who are occupying,
2		as a primary residence, real property that is subject
3		to nonjudicial foreclosure to either:
4		(A) Participate in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
5		resolution program established under Act 48; or
6		(B) Convert the nonjudicial foreclosure to a judicial
7		foreclosure;
8	(2)	Imposed a temporary moratorium on all new nonjudicial
9		foreclosures conducted under part I of chapter 667,
10		Hawaii Revised Statutes; and
11	(3)	Specified prohibited conduct and consequences of
12		violations for foreclosing mortgagees, including
13		making any violation of the mortgage foreclosure law
14		under chapter 667, Hawaii Revised Statutes, an unfair
15		or deceptive act or practice subject to the enhanced
16		penalties under chapter 480, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
17	The	task force met again over several public meetings
18	during th	e legislative interim of 2011 to continue its work
19	under Act	162. The focus of these meetings was divided among
20	these maj	or issues:
21	(1)	The new mortgage foreclosure provisions of Act 48,

HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc

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Session Laws of Hawaii 2011;

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1	(2) Matters involving condominium and other homeowner
2	associations, including association liens and the
3	collection of unpaid assessments; and
4	(3) Mortgage foreclosure counseling and dispute resolution
5	issues.
6	Based upon its deliberations on these issues, the task force
7	adopted further recommendations in its report to the legislature
8	for the regular session of 2012.
9	The purpose of this Act is to implement the recommendations
10	of the mortgage foreclosure task force submitted to the
11	legislature for the regular session of 2012, and other best
12	practices to address mortgage foreclosures and related issues.
13	PART II
14	SECTION 2. Chapter 421J, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended as follows:
16	1. By adding two new sections to be appropriately
17	designated and to read:
18	"§421J-A Association fiscal matters; lien for assessments.
19	(a) All sums assessed by the association but unpaid for the
20	share of the assessments chargeable to any unit shall constitute
21	a lien on the unit with the priority stated in the association

documents. If the association documents do not provide for a

1	lien, the	association's lien on the unit shall have priority
2	over all	other liens, except:
3	(1)	Liens for taxes and assessments lawfully imposed by
4		governmental authority against the unit;
5	(2)	All sums unpaid on any mortgage of record that was
6		recorded prior to the recordation of a notice of a
7		lien by the association and any costs and expenses,
8		including attorneys' fees, provided in such mortgages;
9		and
10	(3)	Liens of a condominium association that are secured by
11		the unit;
12	provided	that a lien recorded by the association shall expire
13	two years	from the date of recordation unless renewed by the
14	associati	on prior to the expiration of the lien.
15	The	lien of the association may be foreclosed by action or
16	by nonjud	dicial or power of sale foreclosure procedures set forth
17	in chapte	er 667, by the managing agent or board, acting on behalf
18	of the as	sociation; provided that no association may foreclose a
19	<u>lien agai</u>	nst any unit that arises solely from fines, penalties,
20	legal fee	s, or late fees. In any association foreclosure, the
21	unit owne	er shall be required to pay a reasonable rental for the
22	unit, if	so provided in the association documents or the law,
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1 and the plaintiff in the foreclosure shall be entitled to the appointment of a receiver to collect the rental owed by the unit 2 owner or any tenant of the unit. If the association is the 3 plaintiff, it may request that its managing agent be appointed 4 as receiver to collect the rental from the tenant. The managing 5 agent or board, acting on behalf of the association, may bid on 6 7 the unit at foreclosure sale and acquire and hold, lease, 8 mortgage, and convey the unit. Action to recover a money judgment for unpaid assessments shall be maintainable without 9 10 foreclosing or waiving the lien securing the unpaid assessments 11 owed. (b) Except as provided in subsection (e), when the 12 mortgagee of a mortgage of record or other purchaser of a unit 13 14 obtains title to the unit as a result of foreclosure of the mortgage, the acquirer of title and the acquirer's successors 15 and assigns shall not be liable for the share of the assessments 16 by the association chargeable to the unit that became due prior 17 18 to the acquisition of title to the unit by the acquirer. The unpaid share of assessments shall be deemed to be assessments 19 collectible from all of the unit owners, including the acquirer 20 21 and the acquirer's successors and assigns. The mortgagee of 22 record or other purchaser of the unit shall be deemed to acquire



1	title and	shall be required to pay the unit's share of
2	assessmen	ts beginning:
3	(1)	Thirty-six days after the order confirming the sale to
4		the purchaser has been filed with the court;
5	(2)	Sixty days after the hearing at which the court grants
6		the motion to confirm the sale to the purchaser;
7	(3)	Thirty days after the public sale in a nonjudicial
8		power of sale foreclosure conducted pursuant to
9		chapter 667; or
10	(4)	Upon the recording of the instrument of conveyance;
11	whichever	occurs first; provided that the mortgagee of record or
12	other pur	chaser of the unit shall not be deemed to acquire title
13	under par	agraph (1), (2), or (3), if transfer of title is
14	delayed pa	ast the thirty-six days specified in paragraph (1), the
15	sixty day:	s specified in paragraph (2), or the thirty days
16	specified	in paragraph (3), when a person who appears at the
17	hearing or	n the motion or a party to the foreclosure action
18	requests	reconsideration of the motion or order to confirm sale,
19	objects to	o the form of the proposed order to confirm sale,
20	appeals th	he decision of the court to grant the motion to confirm
21	sale, or	the debtor or mortgagor declares bankruptcy or is
22	involunta	rily placed into bankruptcy. In any such case, the
		1 LRB 12-1127.doc

1	mortgagee	of record or other purchaser of the unit shall be
2	deemed to	acquire title upon recordation of the instrument of
3	conveyance	<u>e.</u>
4	<u>(c)</u>	Except as provided in section 667-B(c), no unit owner
5	shall with	nhold any assessment claimed by the association. A
6	unit owner	r who disputes the amount of an assessment may request
7	a written	statement clearly indicating:
8	(1)	The amount of regular and special assessments included
9		in the assessment, including the due date of each
10		amount claimed;
11	(2)	The amount of any penalty, late fee, lien filing fee,
12		and any other charge included in the assessment;
13	(3)	The amount of attorneys' fees and costs, if any,
14		included in the assessment;
15	(4)	That under Hawaii law, a unit owner has no right to
16		withhold assessments for any reason;
17	(5)	That a unit owner has a right to demand mediation to
18	•	resolve disputes about the amount or validity of an
19		association's assessment; provided that the unit owner
20		immediately pays the assessment in full and keeps
21		assessments current; and

1	(6) That payment in full of the assessment does not
2	prevent the unit owner from contesting the assessment
3	or receiving a refund of amounts not owed.
4	Nothing in this section shall limit the rights of a unit owner
5	to the protection of all fair debt collection procedures
6	mandated under federal and state law.
7	(d) A unit owner who pays an association the full amount
8	claimed by the association may file a claim against the
9	association in court or require the association to mediate under
10	section 421J-13 to resolve any disputes concerning the amount or
11	validity of the association's claim.
12	(e) In conjunction with or as an alternative to
13	foreclosure proceedings under subsection (a), where a unit is
14	owner-occupied, the association may authorize its managing agent
15	or board, after sixty days written notice to the unit owner and
16	to the unit's first mortgagee of the nonpayment of the unit's
17	share of the assessments, to terminate the delinquent unit's
18	access to the common elements and cease supplying a delinquent
19	unit with any and all services normally supplied or paid for by
20	the association. Any terminated services and privileges shall
21	be restored upon payment of all delinquent assessments, but need
22	not be restored until payment in full is received.
	HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc

1	<u>(f)</u>	Before the board or managing agent may take the
2	actions p	ermitted under subsection (e), the board shall adopt a
3	written p	olicy providing for such actions and have the policy
4	approved	by a majority vote of the unit owners at an annual or
5	special m	eeting of the association or by the written consent of
6	a majorit	y of the unit owners unless the association documents
7	already p	ermit the process.
8	<u>(g)</u>	Subject to this subsection and subsections (h) and
9	(i), the	board may specially assess the amount of the unpaid
10	regular m	onthly common assessments for assessments against a
11	person wh	o, in a judicial or nonjudicial power of sale
12	foreclosu	re, purchases a delinquent unit; provided that:
13	(1)	A purchaser who holds a mortgage on a delinquent unit
14		that was recorded prior to the filing of a notice of
15		lien by the association and who acquires the
16		delinquent unit through a judicial or nonjudicial
17		foreclosure proceeding, including purchasing the
18		delinquent unit at a foreclosure auction, shall not be
19		obligated to make, nor be liable for, payment of the
20		special assessment as provided for under this
21		subsection; and

1	(2)	A person who subsequently purchases the delinquent
2		unit from the mortgagee referred to in paragraph (1)
3		shall be obligated to make, and shall be liable for,
4		payment of the special assessment provided for under
5		this subsection; and provided further that the
6		mortgagee or subsequent purchaser may require the
7		association to provide, at no charge, a notice of the
8		association's intent to claim a lien against the
9		delinquent unit for the amount of the special
10		assessment, prior to the subsequent purchaser's
11		acquisition of title to the delinquent unit. The
12		notice shall state the amount of the special
13		assessment, how that amount was calculated, and the
14		legal description of the unit.
15	(h)	The amount of the special assessment assessed under
16	subsection	n (g) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid
17	regular m	onthly common assessments that were assessed during the
18	twelve mo	nths immediately preceding the completion of the
19	judicial	or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure.
20	<u>(i)</u>	For purposes of subsections (g) and (h), the following
21	definition	ns shall apply, unless the context requires otherwise:
22	"Com	pletion" means:

HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc

1	(1)	in a nonjudicial power of sale forecrosure, when the
2		affidavit required under section 667-33 is recorded;
3		<u>and</u>
4	(2)	In a judicial foreclosure, when a purchaser is deemed
5		to acquire title pursuant to subsection (b).
6	"Reg	ular monthly common assessments" does not include:
7	(1)	Any other special assessment, except for a special
8		assessment imposed on all units as part of a budget
9		adopted pursuant to the association documents;
10	(2)	Late charges, fines, or penalties;
11	(3)	Interest assessed by the association;
12	(4)	Any lien arising out of the assessment; or
13	(5)	Any fees or costs related to the collection or
14		enforcement of the assessment, including attorneys'
15		fees and court costs.
16	<u>(j)</u>	The cost of a release of any lien filed pursuant to
17	this sect	ion shall be paid by the party requesting the release.
18	<u>§421</u>	J-B Association fiscal matters; collection of unpaid
19	assessmen	ts from tenants or rental agents. (a) If a unit owner
20	rents or	leases the unit and is in default for thirty days or
21	more in the	he payment of the unit's share of the regular
22	assessmen	ts, the board, for as long as the default continues,
		1 LRB 12-1127.doc

- 1 may demand in writing and receive each month from any tenant 2 occupying the unit or rental agent renting the unit, an amount sufficient to pay all sums due from the unit owner to the 3 association, including interest, if any, but the amount shall 4 not exceed the tenant's rent due each month. The tenant's 5 6 payment under this section shall discharge that amount of payment from the tenant's rent obligation, and any contractual 7 provision to the contrary shall be void as a matter of law. 8 9 (b) Before taking any action under this section, the board 10 shall give to the delinquent unit owner written notice of its intent to collect the rent owed. The notice shall: 11 Be sent both by first-class and certified mail; 12 (1) Set forth the exact amount the association claims is 13 (2) due and owing by the unit owner; and 14 Indicate the intent of the board to collect such 15 (3) amount from the rent, along with any other amounts 16 that become due and remain unpaid. 17 The unit owner shall not take any retaliatory action 18
- 20 (d) The payment of any portion of the unit's share of
 21 regular assessments by the tenant pursuant to a written demand
 22 by the board is a complete defense, to the extent of the amount

against the tenant for payments made under this section.

HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc

1	demanded and paid by the tenant, in an action for nonpayment of
2	rent brought by the unit owner against a tenant.
3	(e) The board may not demand payment from the tenant
4	pursuant to this section if:
5	(1) A commissioner or receiver has been appointed to take
6	charge of the premises pending a mortgage foreclosure;
7	(2) A mortgagee is in possession pending a mortgage
8	foreclosure; or
9	(3) The tenant is served with a court order directing
10	payment to a third party.
11	(f) In the event of any conflict between this section and
12	any provision of chapter 521, the conflict shall be resolved in
13	favor of this section; provided that if the tenant is entitled
14	to an offset of rent under chapter 521, the tenant may deduct
15	the offset from the amount due to the association, up to the
16	limits stated in chapter 521. Nothing herein precludes the unit
17	owner or tenant from seeking equitable relief from a court of
18	competent jurisdiction or seeking a judicial determination of
19	the amount owed.
20	(g) Before the board may take the actions permitted under
21	subsection (a), the board shall adopt a written policy providing

for the actions and have the policy approved by a majority vote



H.B. NO. 1875

- 1 of the unit owners at an annual or special meeting of the
- 2 association or by the written consent of a quorum of the unit
- 3 owners."
- 4 2. By adding a new definition to section 421J-2 to be
- 5 appropriately inserted and to read:
- 6 ""Assessment" means funds collected by an association from
- 7 association members to operate and manage the association,
- 8 maintain property within the planned community for the common
- 9 use or benefit of association members, or provide services to
- 10 association members."
- 11 SECTION 3. Chapter 667, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 12 amended as follows:
- 13 1. By adding a new part I to read:
- 14 "PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 15 §667-1 Definitions. As used in this chapter:
- 16 "Approved budget and credit counselor" means a Hawaii-based
- 17 budget and credit counseling agency that has received approval
- 18 from a United States trustee or bankruptcy administrator to
- 19 provide instructional courses concerning personal financial
- 20 management pursuant to title 11 United States Code section 111.
- 21 "Approved housing counselor" means a Hawaii-based housing
- 22 counseling agency that has received approval from the United



- 1 States Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide
- 2 housing counseling services pursuant to section 106(a)(2) of the
- 3 Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, title 12 United
- 4 States Code section 1701x, as the agency appears on the United
- 5 States Department of Housing and Urban Development website.
- 6 "Assessment" has the same meaning as "assessment" in
- 7 chapter 421J and "common expense" in chapter 514B.
- 8 "Association" has the same meaning as defined in sections
- 9 421J-2 and 514B-3.
- 10 "Association documents" has the same meaning as defined in
- 11 section 421J-2 and includes the "declaration" defined in section
- 12 514B-3 and the "bylaws" described in section 514B-108,
- 13 respectively.
- "Association lien" has the same meaning as the lien
- 15 established under section 421J-A or 514B-146.
- 16 "Borrower" means the borrower, maker, cosigner, or
- 17 guarantor under a mortgage agreement.
- 18 "Department" means the department of commerce and consumer
- 19 affairs.
- 20 "Director" means the director of commerce and consumer
- 21 affairs.

H.B. NO. H.D. 1

- 1 "Dispute resolution" means a facilitated negotiation under
- 2 part V between a mortgagor and mortgagee for the purpose of
- 3 reaching an agreement for mortgage loan modification or other
- 4 agreement in an attempt to avoid foreclosure or to mitigate
- 5 damages if foreclosure is unavoidable.
- 6 "Foreclosure notice" means notice of default and intention
- 7 to foreclose prepared pursuant to section 667-22.
- 8 "Mailed" means to be sent by first class mail, postage
- 9 prepaid, unless otherwise expressly directed in this chapter.
- 10 "Mortgage" means a mortgage, security agreement, or other
- 11 document under which property is mortgaged, encumbered, pledged,
- 12 or otherwise rendered subject to a lien for the purpose of
- 13 securing the payment of money or the performance of an
- 14 obligation.
- 15 "Mortgage agreement" includes the mortgage, the note or
- 16 debt document, or any document amending any of the foregoing.
- 17 "Mortgaged property" means the property that is subject to
- 18 the lien of the mortgage.
- 19 "Mortgagee" means the current holder of record of the
- 20 mortgagee's or the lender's interest under the mortgage or the
- 21 current mortgagee's or lender's duly authorized agent.

H.B. NO. 1875

1	"Mortgagor" means the mortgagor or borrower named in the
2	mortgage and, unless the context otherwise indicates, includes
3	the current owner of record of the mortgaged property whose
4	interest is subject to the mortgage.
5	"Neutral" means a person who is a dispute resolution
6	specialist assigned to facilitate the dispute resolution proces
7	required by part V.
8	"Nonjudicial foreclosure" means foreclosure under power of
9	sale.
10	"Open house" means a public showing of the mortgaged
11	property during a scheduled time period.
12	"Owner-occupant" means a person, at the time that a notice
13	of default and intention to foreclose is served on the mortgagor
14	under the power of sale:
15	(1) Who owns an interest in the residential property, and
16	the interest is encumbered by the mortgage being
17	foreclosed; and
18	(2) For whom the residential property is and has been the
19	person's primary residence for a continuous period of
20	not less than two hundred days immediately preceding

the date on which the notice is served.

- 1 "Power of sale" or "power of sale foreclosure" means a
- 2 nonjudicial foreclosure when the mortgage contains, authorizes,
- 3 permits, or provides for a power of sale, a power of sale
- 4 foreclosure, a power of sale remedy, or a nonjudicial
- 5 foreclosure.
- 6 "Property" means property (real, personal, or mixed), an
- 7 interest in property (including fee simple, leasehold, life
- 8 estate, reversionary interest, and any other estate under
- 9 applicable law), or other interests that can be subject to the
- 10 lien of a mortgage.
- 11 "Record" means to record or file a document in the office
- 12 of the assistant registrar of the land court under chapter 501
- 13 or to record a document in the bureau of conveyances under
- 14 chapter 502, or both, as applicable.
- "Residential property" means real property that is improved
- 16 and used for residential purposes.
- "Serve", when referring to providing notice of intention to
- 18 foreclose or notice of default and intention to foreclose
- 19 pursuant to a nonjudicial foreclosure, means to have service of
- 20 the notice of default and intention to foreclose made in
- 21 accordance with the service of process or the service of summons
- 22 under the Hawaii rules of civil procedure and under sections



- 1 634-35 and 634-36, excluding however, any return or affidavit of
- 2 service obligations required therein.
- 3 "Time share interest" has the same meaning as in section
- 4 514E-1.
- 5 "Unit" has the same meaning as in sections 421J-2 and 514B-
- **6** 3.
- 7 "Unit owner" has the same meaning as "member" in section
- 8 421J-2 and "unit owner" in section 514B-3."
- 9 2. By adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 10 to read:
- 11 "PART . ASSOCIATION ALTERNATE POWER OF SALE
- 12 FORECLOSURE PROCESS
- 13 §667-A Alternate power of sale process. The process in
- 14 this part is an alternative power of sale process for
- 15 associations to the foreclosure by action and the foreclosure by
- 16 power of sale in part IA.
- 17 §667-B Notice of default and intention to foreclose;
- 18 contents; distribution; alternative remedies for failure to
- 19 serve. (a) When a unit owner has failed to pay an assessment,
- 20 and when the association intends to conduct a power of sale
- 21 foreclosure under this part, the association shall prepare a
- 22 written notice of default and intention to foreclose addressed

1	to the un:	it owner. The notice of default and intention to
2	foreclose	shall state:
3	(1)	The name and address of the association;
4	(2)	The name and last known address of the unit owners;
5	(3)	With respect to the unit, the address or a description
6		of its location, tax map key number, and certificate
7		of title or transfer certificate of title number if
8		registered in the land court;
9	(4)	The description of the default or, if the default is a
10		monetary default, an itemization of the delinquent
11		amount;
12	(5)	The action required to cure the default, including the
13		delinquent amount and the estimated amount of the
14		association's attorney's fees and costs, and all other
15		fees and costs related to the default estimated to be
16		incurred by the association by the deadline date;
17	(6)	The date by which the default must be cured, which
18		shall be within sixty days after service of the notice
19		of default and intention to foreclose;
20	(7)	A statement that if the default is not cured by the
21		deadline date stated in the notice of default and
22		intention to foreclose, the entire unpaid balance of

1		the moneys owed to the association will become due,
2		that the association intends to conduct a power of
3		sale foreclosure to sell the unit at a public sale
4		without any court action and without going to court,
5		and that the association or any other person may
6		acquire the unit at the public sale;
7	(8)	The name, address, electronic address, and telephone
8		number of the attorney who is representing the
9		association; provided that the attorney shall be
10		licensed to practice law in the State and physically
11		located in the State; and
12	(9)	Notice of the right of the unit owner to submit a
13		payment plan within thirty days pursuant to subsection
14		(c).
15	(b)	The notice of default and intention to foreclose shall
16	also cont	ain wording substantially similar to the following in
17	all capit	al letters and printed in not less than fourteen-point
18	font:	
19		"IF THE DEFAULT ON THE PAYMENT OF ASSESSMENTS
20		CONTINUES AFTER THE DEADLINE DATE IN THIS NOTICE, THE
21	•	UNIT MAY BE FORECLOSED AND SOLD WITHOUT ANY COURT
22		ACTION AND WITHOUT GOING TO COURT.

1	YOU MAY HAVE CERTAIN LEGAL RIGHTS OR DEFENSES.
2	FOR ADVICE, YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH AN ATTORNEY
3	LICENSED IN THIS STATE.
4	ALL FUTURE NOTICES AND CORRESPONDENCE WILL BE
5	MAILED TO YOU AT THE ADDRESS AT WHICH YOU RECEIVED
6	THIS NOTICE UNLESS YOU SEND WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS TO
7	THIS OFFICE INFORMING THIS OFFICE OF A DIFFERENT
8	ADDRESS. THE WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE SENT TO
9	THIS OFFICE BY CERTIFIED MAIL, REGISTERED MAIL, OR
10	EXPRESS MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID AND RETURN RECEIPT
11	REQUESTED."
12	(c) A unit owner may submit a payment plan within thirty
13	days after service of a notice of default and intention to
14	foreclose on the unit owner. The unit owner shall submit the
15	payment plan to the association or its attorney by certified
16	mail return receipt requested or by hand delivery. A unit owner
17	may also cure the default within sixty days after service of a
18	notice of default and intention to foreclose on the unit owner
19	by paying the association the full amount of the default,
20	including the foreclosing association's attorneys' fees and
21	costs, and all other fees and costs related to the default that
22	are incurred or estimated to be incurred by the foreclosing

1	associati	on. The association shall not reject a reasonable		
2	payment p	lan. From and after the date that the unit owner gives		
3	written n	otice to the association of its intent to cure the		
4	default c	r timely submits a payment plan, any nonjudicial		
5	foreclosu	re of the lien shall be stayed during the sixty-day		
6	period to	cure the default or during the term of the payment		
7	plan or a	longer period that is agreed upon by the parties. A		
8	unit owne	r's failure to strictly perform any agreed-upon payment		
9	plan shal	l entitle the association to pursue its remedies		
10	without f	urther delay.		
11	For purposes of this section, "reasonable payment plan"			
12	means a p	lan that provides for:		
13	(1)	Timely payment of all assessments that become due		
14		after the date that the payment plan is proposed; and		
15	(2)	Additional monthly payments of an amount sufficient to		
16		cure the default, within a reasonable period under the		
17		circumstances as determined by the board of directors		
18		in its discretion; provided that a period of up to		
19		twelve months shall be deemed reasonable; and provided		
20		further that the board of directors shall have the		
21		discretion to agree to a navment plan in excess of		

twelve months.

H.B. NO. H.D. 1

- 1 (d) The notice of default and intention to foreclose shall
- 2 also include contact information for approved housing counselors
- 3 and approved budget and credit counselors.
- 4 (e) The association shall have the notice of default and
- 5 intention to foreclose served on:
- 6 (1) The unit owner;
- 7 (2) Any prior or junior creditors who have a recorded lien
- 8 on the unit before the recordation of the notice of
- 9 default and intention to foreclose under section
- 10 667-C;
- 11 (3) The state director of taxation;
- 12 (4) The director of finance of the county where the unit
- is located; and
- 14 (5) Any other person entitled to receive notice under
- 15 section 667-5.5.
- 16 (f) If the association is unable to serve the notice of
- 17 default and intention to foreclose on the unit owner or any
- 18 other party listed in subsection (e)(2) to (5) within sixty
- 19 days, the association may:
- 20 (1) File a special proceeding in the circuit court of the
- 21 circuit in which the unit is located, for permission

Į.	to proce	ed with	a nor	njudicial	foreclosu	ire by	serving
2	the unit	owner	only b	y publica	ation and	postin	ıg;

- (2) Proceed with a nonjudicial foreclosure of the unit; provided that if the association proceeds without the permission of the court, the association shall not be entitled to obtain a deficiency judgment against the unit owner, and the unit owner shall have one year from the date the association records the deed in the nonjudicial foreclosure to redeem the unit; or
- (3) Take control of the unit if the unit is unoccupied, after giving notice to the unit owner at the unit owner's last known address as shown on the records of the association or as determined by the association as part of its due diligence to serve notice to the owner. The association's authority to take control of the unit pursuant to this paragraph shall be exercised solely for the purpose of renting the unit to generate rental income to pay the unit owner's delinquency, and the association shall acquire no legal title to the unit. In addition, the association shall credit the net rental proceeds generated from the rental of the unit to the owner's delinquency. For purposes of this

Ţ	paragraph, "net rental proceeds" means the rental
2	proceeds remaining each month after deducting:
3	(A) The unit's regular monthly assessments that come
4	due while the association controls the unit
5	pursuant to this subsection;
6	(B) Any rental agent commissions; and
7	(C) Expenses incurred by the association in
8	maintaining the unit in rentable condition.
9	If the unit owner pays the full amount of the unit
10	owner's delinquency to the association, the
11	association shall return control of the unit to the
12	unit owner; provided that the full amount of the
13	owner's delinquency shall be calculated by deducting
14	the net rental proceeds, if any, from the owner's
15	delinquency.
16	§667-C Recordation of notice of default and intention to
17	foreclose. Before the deadline date in the notice of default
18	and intention to foreclose, the notice may be recorded in a
19	recordable form in a manner similar to recordation of notices of
20	pendency of action under section 501-151 or section 634-51, or
21	both, as applicable. The recorded notice of default and
22	intention to foreclose shall have the same effect as a notice of
	WR1875 HD1 LRR 12-1127 doc

- 1 pendency of action. From and after the recordation of the
- 2 notice of default and intention to foreclose, any person who
- 3 becomes a purchaser or encumbrancer of the unit shall be deemed
- 4 to have constructive notice of the power of sale foreclosure and
- 5 shall be bound by the foreclosure.
- 6 §667-D Cure of default. (a) If the default is cured as
- 7 required by the notice of default and intention to foreclose, or
- 8 if the parties have agreed on a payment plan, the association
- 9 shall rescind the notice of default and intention to foreclose.
- 10 Within fourteen days of the date of the cure or an agreement on
- 11 a payment plan, the association shall so notify any person who
- 12 was served with the notice of default and intention to
- 13 foreclose. If the notice of default and intention to foreclose
- 14 . was recorded, a release of the notice of default and intention
- 15 to foreclose shall be recorded.
- 16 (b) If the default is not cured as required by the notice
- 17 of default and intention to foreclose, or the parties have not
- 18 agreed on a payment plan, the association, without filing a
- 19 court action and without going to court, may foreclose the
- 20 association's lien under power of sale to sell the unit at a
- 21 public sale.

1	§667	-E Date of public sale of unit; place of sale. (a)
2	The publi	c sale of the unit shall take place on the later of the
3	following	: :
4	(1)	At least sixty days after the public notice of the
5		public sale is distributed under section 667-F; or
6	(2)	At least fourteen days after the date of the
7		publication of the third public notice advertisement
8		under section 667-F(d).
9	(b)	The public sale of the unit shall be held only in the
10	county wh	ere the unit is located; provided that the public sale
11	shall be	held only on grounds or at facilities under the
12	administr	ation of the State, as follows:
13	(1)	At the state capitol, for a public sale of a unit
14		located in the city and county of Honolulu;
15	(2)	At a state facility in Hilo, for a public sale of a
16		unit located in the districts of Hamakua, North Hilo,
17		South Hilo, or Puna;
18	(3)	At a state facility in Kailua-Kona, for a public sale
19		of a unit located in the districts of North Kohala,

South Kohala, North Kona, South Kona, or Kau;

- 1 (4) At a state facility in the county seat of Maui, for a public sale of a unit located in the county of Maui;
- 3 and
- 4 (5) At a state facility in the county seat of Kauai, for a
- 5 public sale of a unit located in the county of Kauai;
- 6 as designated by the department of accounting and general
- 7 services; provided further that no public sale shall be held on
- 8 grounds or at facilities under the administration of the
- 9 judiciary. The public sale shall be held during business hours
- 10 on a business day.
- 11 (c) The public sale of the unit shall be conducted by the
- 12 association on the date, at the time, and at the place described
- in the public notice of the public sale.
- 14 §667-F Public notice of public sale; contents;
- 15 distribution; publication. (a) The association shall prepare
- 16 the public notice of the public sale. The public notice shall
- 17 state:
- 18 (1) The date, time, and place of the public sale;
- 19 (2) The unpaid balance of the moneys owed to the
- 20 association;
- 21 (3) A description of the unit, including the address and
- the tax map key number of the unit;

1	(4)	The name of the unit owner;
2	(5)	The name of the association;
3	(6)	The name of any prior or junior creditors having a
4		recorded lien on the unit before the recordation of
5		the notice of default and intention to foreclose under
6		section 667-C;
7	(7)	The name, the address in the State, and the telephone
8		number in the State of the person in the State
9		conducting the public sale; and
10	(8)	The terms and conditions of the public sale.
11	(b)	The public notice shall also contain wording
12	substanti	ally similar to the following in all capital letters:
13		"THE DEFAULT UNDER THE ASSOCIATION
14		DOCUMENTS MAY BE CURED NO LATER THAN THREE
15		BUSINESS DAYS BEFORE THE DATE OF THE PUBLIC
16		SALE OF THE UNIT BY PAYING THE ENTIRE AMOUNT
17		THAT WOULD BE OWED TO THE ASSOCIATION PLUS
18		THE ASSOCIATION'S ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS,
19		AND ALL OTHER FEES AND COSTS INCURRED BY THE
20		FORECLOSING ASSOCIATION RELATED TO THE
21		DEFAULT, UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED TO BETWEEN
22		THE ASSOCIATION AND THE UNIT OWNER. THERE

1		IS NO RIGHT TO CURE THE DEFAULT OR ANY RIGHT
2		OF REDEMPTION AFTER THAT TIME. IF THE
3		DEFAULT IS SO CURED, THE PUBLIC SALE SHALL
4		BE CANCELED."
5	(c)	If the default is not cured as required by the notice
6	of defaul	t and intention to foreclose, the association shall
7	have a co	py of the public notice of the public sale of the unit:
8	(1)	Mailed or delivered to the unit owners at their
9		respective last known addresses;
10	(2)	Mailed or delivered to any prior or junior creditors
11		having a recorded lien on the unit before the
12		recordation of the notice of default and intention to
13		foreclose under section 667-C;
14	(3)	Mailed or delivered to the state director of taxation;
15	(4)	Mailed or delivered to the director of finance of the
16		county where the unit is located;
17	(5)	Posted on the unit or on such other real property of
18		which the unit is a part; and
19	(6)	Mailed or delivered to any other person entitled to
20		receive notice under section 667-5.5 or 667-21.5.
21	(d)	The association shall have the public notice of the
22	public sa	le printed in not less than seven-point font and
		1 LRB 12-1127.doc

1	published in the classified section of a newspaper of general
2	circulation in the specific county in which the mortgaged
3	property is located. For the purposes of this subsection, a
4	newspaper is of general circulation if the newspaper:
5	(1) Contains news of a general nature; and
6	(2) Is distributed within the county where the mortgaged
7	property is located:
8	(A) At least weekly;
9	(B) For a minimum of six months unless interrupted by
10	strike, natural disaster, or act of war or
11	terror; and
12	(C) To a minimum of one per cent of the residents of
13	the county, as determined by the last decennial
14	United States census and as verified by an
15	independent audit.
16	A person may apply to the circuit court for an order confirming
17	a newspaper to be of general circulation for purposes of this
18	subsection, which the court shall grant upon proof of compliance
19	with this subsection. The public notice shall be published once
20	each week for three consecutive weeks, constituting three
21	publications. The public sale shall take place no sooner than

- 1 fourteen days after the date of the publication of the third
- 2 public notice advertisement.
- 3 §667-G Postponement, cancellation of sale. (a) The
- 4 public sale may be either postponed or canceled by the
- 5 association. Notice of the postponement or the cancellation of
- 6 the public sale shall be:
- 7 (1) Announced by the association at the date, time, and
- 8 place of the last scheduled public sale; and
- 9 (2) Provided to any other person who is entitled to
- 10 receive the notice of default under section 667-B.
- 11 (b) If there is a postponement of the public sale of the
- 12 unit, a new public notice of the public sale shall be published
- 13 once in the format described in section 667-F. The new public
- 14 notice shall state that it is a notice of a postponed sale. The
- 15 public sale shall take place no sooner than fourteen days after
- 16 the date of the publication of the new public notice. Not less
- 17 than fourteen days before the date of the public sale, a copy of
- 18 the new public notice shall be posted on the unit or on another
- 19 real property of which the unit is a part, and it shall be
- 20 mailed or delivered to the unit owner $[\tau]$ and to any other person
- 21 entitled to receive notice under section 667-B(e).

1 (c) Upon the fourth postponement of every series of four 2 consecutive postponements, the association shall follow all of 3 the public notice of public sale requirements of section 667-F, including the requirements of mailing and posting under section 4 5 667-F(c) and of publication under section 667-F(d). 6 The default under the association documents may be 7 cured no later than three business days before the date of the public sale of the unit by paying the entire amount that would 8 9 be owed to the association if the payments under the association 10 documents had not been accelerated, plus the association's attorney's fees and costs, and all other fees and costs incurred 11 12 by the association related to the default, unless otherwise agreed to between the association and the unit owner. There is 13 no right to cure the default or any right of redemption after 14 15 that time. If the default is so cured, the public sale shall be 16 canceled. **17** §667-H Authorized bidder; successful bidder. Any person, 18 including the association, shall be authorized to bid for the 19 unit at the public sale and to purchase the unit. The highest 20 bidder who meets the requirements of the terms and conditions of 21 the public sale shall be the successful bidder. The public sale

shall be considered as being held when the unit is declared by

- 1 the association as being sold to the successful bidder. When
- 2 the public sale is held, the successful bidder at the public
- 3 sale, as the purchaser, shall make a nonrefundable downpayment
- 4 to the association of not less than ten per cent of the highest
- 5 successful bid price. If the successful bidder is the
- 6 association, the downpayment requirement may be satisfied by
- 7 offset and a credit bid up to the amount of the lien debt.
- 8 §667-I Successful bidder's failure to comply; forfeiture
- 9 of downpayment. If the successful bidder later fails to comply
- 10 with the terms and conditions of the public sale or fails to
- 11 complete the purchase within forty-five days after the public
- 12 sale is held, the downpayment shall be forfeited by that bidder.
- 13 The forfeited downpayment shall be credited by the association
- 14 first towards the association's attorney's fees and costs, then
- 15 towards the fees and costs of the power of sale foreclosure, and
- 16 any balance towards the moneys owed to the association. The
- 17 association, in its discretion, may then accept the bid of the
- 18 next highest bidder who meets the requirements of the terms and
- 19 conditions of the public sale or may begin the public sale
- 20 process again.
- 21 §667-J Conveyance of property on payment of purchase
- 22 price; distribution of sale proceeds. (a) After the purchaser



- 1 completes the purchase by paying the full purchase price and the
- 2 costs for the purchase, the unit shall be conveyed to the
- 3 purchaser by a conveyance document. The conveyance document
- 4 shall be in a recordable form and shall be signed by the
- 5 association in the association's name. The unit owner shall not
- 6 be required to sign the conveyance document.
- 7 (b) From the sale proceeds, after paying:
- 8 (1) Liens for taxes and assessments lawfully imposed by
- 9 governmental authority against the unit;
- 10 (2) The association's attorney's fees and costs;
- 11 (3) The fees and costs; of the power of sale foreclosure;
- 12 (4) The moneys owed to the association; and
- 13 (5) All other liens and encumbrances in the order of
- 14 priority as a matter of law,
- 15 the balance of the sale proceeds shall be distributed by the
- 16 association to junior creditors having valid liens on the unit
- 17 in the order of their priority and not pro rata. Any remaining
- 18 surplus after payment in full of all valid lien creditors shall
- 19 be distributed to the unit owner.
- 20 (c) Lien creditors prior to the association shall not be
- 21 forced to their right of recovery. However, the association and
- 22 any prior lien creditor may agree in writing that the proceeds



1 from the sale will be distributed by the association to the 2 prior lien creditor towards the payment of moneys owed to the prior lien creditor before any moneys are paid to the 3 association. 5 §667-K Affidavit after public sale; contents. (a) After 6 the public sale is held, the association shall sign an affidavit 7 under penalty of perjury: 8 Stating that the power of sale foreclosure was made (1) 9 pursuant to the power of sale provision in the law or 10 association documents; Stating that the power of sale foreclosure was 11 (2)conducted as required by this part; 12 13 Summarizing what was done by the association; (3) Attaching a copy of the recorded notice of default and 14 (4) 15 intention to foreclose; and Attaching a copy of the last public notice of the 16 (5) 17 public sale. 18 (b) The recitals in the affidavit required under 19 subsection (a) may, but need not, be substantially in the 20 following form: 21 I am duly authorized to represent or act on behalf of (1)

(name of association)

1		("association") regarding the following power of sale
2		foreclosure. I am signing this affidavit in
3		accordance with the alternate power of sale
4		foreclosure law (Chapter 667, Part , Hawaii Revised
5		Statutes);
6	(2)	The association is a "association" as defined in the
7		power of sale foreclosure law;
8	(3)	The power of sale foreclosure is of an association
9		lien. If the lien was recorded, the lien was dated
10		, and recorded in the
11		(bureau of conveyances or office
12		of the assistant registrar of the land court) as
13		(recordation information). The
14		unit is located at: (address or
15		description of location) and is identified by tax map
16		key number: The legal
17		description of the property, including the certificate
18		of title or transfer certificate of title number if
19		registered with the land court, is attached as Exhibit
20		"A";
21	(4)	Pursuant to the power of sale provision of law or
22		association documents, the power of sale foreclosure

1	was	conducted as required by the power of sale
2	fore	closure law. The following is a summary of what
3	was	done:
4	(A)	A notice of default and intention to foreclose
5		was served on the mortgagor, the borrower, and
6		the following person: The
7		notice of default and intention to foreclose was
8		served on the following date and in the following
9		manner:;
10	(B)	The date of the notice of default and intention
11		to foreclose was (date).
12		The deadline in the notice for curing the default
13		was (date), which deadline
14		date was at least sixty days after the date of
15		the notice;
16	(C)	The notice of default and intention to foreclose
17		was recorded before the deadline date in the
18		(bureau of conveyances or
19		office of the assistant registrar of the land
20		court). The notice was recorded on
21		(date) as document no.
22		A copy of the recorded

1		notice is attached as Exhibit "1";
2	(D)	The default was not cured by the deadline date in
3		the notice of default and intention to foreclose;
4	(E)	A public notice of the public sale was initially
5		published in the classified section of the
6		, in accordance with section
7		667-F(d), Hawaii Revised Statutes, once each week
8		for three consecutive weeks on the following
9		dates: A copy of the
10		affidavit of publication for the last public
11		notice of the public sale is attached as Exhibit
12		"2". The date of the public sale was
13		(date). The last
14		publication was not less than fourteen days
15		before the date of the public sale;
16	(F)	The public notice of the public sale was sent to
17		the unit owner, to the state director of
18		taxation, to the director of finance of the
19		county where the unit is located, and to the
20		following: The public
21		notice was sent on the following dates and in the
22		following manner: Those

1		dates were after the deadline date in the notice
2		of default and intention to foreclose, and those
3		dates were at least sixty days before the date of
4		the public sale;
5	(G)	The public notice of the public sale was posted
6		on the unit or on such other real property of
7		which the unit is a part on
8		(date). That date was at least sixty days before
9		the date of the public sale;
10	(H)	A public sale of the unit was held on a business
11		day during business hours on:
12		(date), at (time), at the
13		following location: The
14		highest successful bidder was
15		(name) with the highest
16		successful bid price of \$;
17		and
18	(I)	At the time the public sale was held, the default
19		was not cured; and
20	(5) This	affidavit is signed under penalty of perjury.
21	§667-L R	ecordation of affidavit, conveyance document;
22	effect. (a)	The affidavit required under section 667-K and the
	UR1075 UN1 1.DR	12-1127 dog

- 1 conveyance document shall be recorded no earlier than ten days
- 2 after the public sale is held but not later than forty-five days
- 3 after the public sale is held. The affidavit and the conveyance
- 4 document may be recorded separately and on different days.
- 5 After the recordation, the association shall mail or deliver a
- 6 recorded copy to those persons entitled to receive the public
- 7 notice of the public sale under section 667-F(c).
- 8 (b) When both the affidavit and the conveyance document
- 9 are recorded:
- 10 (1) The sale of the unit is considered completed;
- 11 (2) All persons claiming by, through, or under the
- 12 mortgagor and all other persons having liens on the
- unit junior to the lien of the association shall be
- forever barred of and from any and all right, title,
- interest, and claims at law or in equity in and to the
- 16 unit and every part of the unit, except as otherwise
- 17 provided by law;
- 18 (3) The lien of the association and all liens junior in
- 19 priority to the lien of a association shall be
- 20 automatically extinguished from the unit; and
- 21 (4) The purchaser shall be entitled to immediate and
- 22 exclusive possession of the unit.

H.B. NO. 1875 H.D. 1

- 1 (c) The mortgagor and any person claiming by, through, or 2 under the mortgagor and who is remaining in possession of the unit after the recordation of the affidavit and the conveyance 3 document shall be considered a tenant at sufferance subject to 4 5 eviction or ejectment. The purchaser may bring an action in the 6 nature of summary possession under chapter 666, ejectment, or trespass or may bring any other appropriate action in a court 7 where the unit is located to obtain a writ of possession, a writ 8 9 of assistance, or any other relief. In any such action, the court shall award the prevailing party its reasonable attorneys' 10 fees and costs and all other reasonable fees and costs, all of 11 which are to be paid for by the non-prevailing party. 12 13 §667-M Recordation; full satisfaction of debt by borrower. 14 The recordation of both the conveyance document and the 15 affidavit shall not operate as full satisfaction of the debt 16 owed by the unit owner to the association unless the sale proceeds from the unit or the amounts paid by a purchaser under 17 the special assessment permitted by section 421J-A or 514B-146 18 19 are sufficient to satisfy the unit owner's debt to the 20 association, including the association's legal fees and costs. 21 The debts of other lien creditors are unaffected except as
 - HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc

provided in this part.

1	§667	7-N P	rohibited	conduct	. It s	hall be	a proh	ibited	
2	practice	for a	ny associa	ation to	engage	in any	of the	followi	ng
3	practices	3:							
4	(1)	Hold	ing a publ	lic sale	on a d	ate, at	a time	, or at a	a
5		plac	e other th	nan that	descri	bed in	the pub	lic notio	ce
6		of t	ne public	sale or	a prop	erly no	ticed p	ostponeme	ent;
7	(2)	Spec	ifying a f	ictitio	us plac	e in th	e publi	c notice	of
8		the j	public sal	le;					
9	(3)	Cond	ucting a p	ostpone	d publi	c sale	on a da	te other	
10		than	the date	describ	ed in t	he new	public	notice o	f
11		the j	public sal	e; or					
12	(4)	Comp	leting or	attempt	ing to	complet	e nonju	dicial	
13		fore	closure pr	coceedin	gs agai	nst a u	nit own	er in	
14		viola	ation of s	section	667-B(c)."			
15	3.	By add	ding a nev	sectio	n to pa	rt III	to be d	esignate	d as
16	section 6	67-60	and to re	ead:					
17	" <u>\$66</u>	57-60	Unfair or	decept	ive act	or pra	ctice;	transfer	of
18	title.	(a) Aı	ny foreclo	sing mo	rtgagee	who en	gages i	n any of	the
19	following	y viola	ations of	this ch	apter s	hall ha	ve comm	itted an	
20	unfair or	dece	ptive act	or prac	tice un	der sec	tion 48	0-2:	

1	(1)	Failing to provide a borrower or mortgagor with, or
2		failing to serve as required, the information required
3		by section 667-22 or 667-55;
4	(2)	Failing to publish, or to post, information on the
5		mortgaged property, as required by section 667-27 or
6		667-28;
7	(3)	Failing to take any action required by section 667-24
8		if the default is cured or an agreement is reached;
9	(4)	Engaging in conduct prohibited under section 667-56;
10	(5)	Holding a public sale in violation of section 667-25
11		or 667-26;
12	(6)	Failing to include the information required by section
13		667-27 or 667-28 in a public notice of public sale;
14	<u>(7)</u>	Failing to provide the public information required by
15		section 667-41;
16	(8)	Completing a nonjudicial foreclosure while a stay is
17		in effect under section 667-83, as that section read
18		at any time prior to its repeal on September 30, 2014,
19		pursuant to Act 48, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011;
20	<u>(9)</u>	Failing to distribute sale proceeds as required by
21		section 667-31;

1	(10)	Making any false statement in the affidavit of public
2		sale required by section 667-32; or
3	(11)	Attempting to collect a deficiency in violation of
4		section 667-38;
5	(b)	Notwithstanding subsection (a), the transfer of title
6	to the pu	rchaser of the property as a result of a foreclosure
7	under thi	s chapter shall only be subject to avoidance under
8	section 4	80-12 for a violation described in subsection (a)(1) to
9	(8) if th	e violation is shown to be substantial and material;
10	provided	that a foreclosure sale shall not be subject to
11	avoidance	under section 480-12 for a violation of section 667-
12	<u>56(5).</u>	
13	(c)	Any action to void the transfer of title to the
14	purchaser	of property under this chapter shall be filed in the
15	circuit c	ourt of the circuit within which the foreclosed
16	property	is situated no later than one hundred eighty days
17	following	the recording of the affidavit after public sale
18	pursuant	to section 667-33. If no such action is filed within
19	the one h	undred eighty-day period, title to the property shall
20	be deemed	conclusively vested in the purchaser free and clear of
21	any claim	by the mortgagor or any person claiming by, through,
22	or under	the mortgagor."

HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc

1	4. By adding a new section to part IA, as designated in
2	section 11 of this Act, to be appropriately designated and to
3	read:
4	"§667- Attorney affirmation in judicial foreclosure.
5	Any attorney who files on behalf of a plaintiff seeking to
6	foreclose on a residential property under this part shall sign
7	and submit an affirmation that the attorney has verified the
8	accuracy of the documents submitted, under penalty of perjury
9	and subject to applicable rules of professional conduct. The
10	affirmation shall be in substantially the following form:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF HAWAII Plaintiff, AFFIRMATION V.
18 19	Defendant(s)
20 21 22 23	Mortgaged Premises:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Note: During and after August 2010, numerous and widespread insufficiencies in foreclosure filings in various courts around the nation were reported by major mortgage lenders and other authorities, including failure to review documents and files to establish standing and other foreclosure requisites; filing of notarized affidavits which falsely attest to such review and to other critical facts in the foreclosure process; and "robosignature" of documents. * * * [
35	penalties of perjury, affirms as follows:

HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc

1.	I am an attorney at law dul	ly licensed to pr	actice in the state of Hawaii and am a	ffiliated
	with the Law Firm of	foreclosure acti	_, the attorneys of record for Plaintif on. As such, I am fully aware of the u	f in the
2.	Plaintiff, who informed me and records relating to this accuracy of the allegations	e that he/she/the s case for factual s set forth in the Court, as well a	ring representative or representatives of (a) personally reviewed plaintiff's deaccuracy; and (b) confirmed the factor Complaint and any supporting affidates the accuracy of the notarizations con	locument ual vits or
	Name		Title	
•	 Based upon my communic 	ation with Iners	ons specified in item 21, as well as up	on mv
3.	own inspection and other rebest of my knowledge, information papers filed or submitted to law and that plaintiff has left.	reasonable inqui ormation, and be o the Court in the egal standing to	ons specified in item 2], as well as up ry under the circumstances, I affirm the elief, the Summons, Complaint, and o is matter contain no false statements of bring this foreclosure action. I under nation in light of newly discovered ma	nat, to the ther of fact or stand my
4.	own inspection and other rebest of my knowledge, information papers filed or submitted to law and that plaintiff has lead to continuing obligation to are facts following its filing.	reasonable inqui formation, and be to the Court in the egal standing to mend this Affirn	ry under the circumstances, I affirm the elief, the Summons, Complaint, and o is matter contain no false statements bring this foreclosure action. I under	nat, to the ther of fact or stand my
	own inspection and other rebest of my knowledge, information papers filed or submitted to law and that plaintiff has lecontinuing obligation to an facts following its filing. I am aware of my obligation	reasonable inqui formation, and be to the Court in the egal standing to mend this Affirn	ry under the circumstances, I affirm the elief, the Summons, Complaint, and o is matter contain no false statements of bring this foreclosure action. I under nation in light of newly discovered ma	nat, to the ther of fact or stand my
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1 "§454M-10 Penalty. Any person who violates any provision of this chapter may be subject to an administrative fine of [at 2 least \$1,000 and] not more than \$7,000 for each violation; 3 provided that \$1,000 of the aggregate fine amount shall be 4 deposited into the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution 5 6 special fund established pursuant to section 667-86." SECTION 5. Section 501-151, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 7 8 amended to read as follows: "§501-151 Pending actions, judgments; recording of, 9 10 notice. No writ of entry, action for partition, or any action affecting the title to real property or the use and occupation 11 thereof or the buildings thereon, and no judgment, nor any 12 appeal or other proceeding to vacate or reverse any judgment, 13 14 shall have any effect upon registered land as against persons other than the parties thereto, unless a full memorandum 15 thereof, containing also a reference to the number of 16 certificate of title of the land affected is filed or recorded 17 and registered. Except as otherwise provided, every judgment 18 19 shall contain or have endorsed on it the State of Hawaii general 20 excise taxpayer identification number, the federal employer identification number, or the last four digits only of the 21 social security number for persons, corporations, partnerships, 22

- 1 or other entities against whom the judgment is rendered. If the
- 2 judgment debtor has no social security number, State of Hawaii
- 3 general excise taxpayer identification number, or federal
- 4 employer identification number, or if that information is not in
- 5 the possession of the party seeking registration of the
- 6 judgment, the judgment shall be accompanied by a certificate
- 7 that provides that the information does not exist or is not in
- 8 the possession of the party seeking registration of the
- 9 judgment. Failure to disclose or disclosure of an incorrect
- 10 social security number, State of Hawaii general excise taxpayer
- 11 identification number, or federal employer identification number
- 12 shall not in any way adversely affect or impair the lien created
- 13 upon recording of the judgment. This section does not apply to
- 14 attachments, levies of execution, or to proceedings for the
- 15 probate of wills, or for administration in a probate court;
- 16 provided that in case notice of the pendency of the action has
- 17 been duly registered it is sufficient to register the judgment
- 18 in the action within sixty days after the rendition thereof.
- 19 As used in this chapter "judgment" includes an order or
- 20 decree having the effect of a judgment.
- 21 Notice of the pendency of an action in a United States
- 22 District Court, as well as a court of the State of Hawaii, may



H.B. NO. 1875 H.D. 1

- 1 be recorded.
- 2 Notice of opening a dispute resolution case as provided in
- 3 section 667-79 may be recorded.
- 4 Foreclosure notice as provided in section [667 14] 667-23
- 5 may be recorded.
- 6 The party seeking registration of a judgment shall redact
- 7 the first five digits of any social security number by blocking
- 8 the numbers out on the copy of the judgment to be filed or
- 9 recorded."
- 10 SECTION 6. Section 501-241, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 11 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
- "(b) Without limiting the generality of subsection (a),
- 13 the following instruments need not be registered pursuant to
- 14 this chapter to be effective and shall be recorded in the bureau
- 15 of conveyances pursuant to chapter 502:
- 16 (1) An assignment or other instrument transferring a
- 17 leasehold time share interest;
- 18 (2) A mortgage or other instrument granting a lien on a
- 19 leasehold time share interest;
- 20 (3) An agreement of sale for the sale of a leasehold time
- share interest. Any such agreement of sale shall be

Ţ		subject to section 502-85 and sharr not be subject to
2		section 501-101.5;
3	(4)	A lien or notice of lien pertaining to a leasehold
4		time share interest in favor of a time share owners
5		association, an association of owners under chapter
6		514A or 514B, or a similar homeowner's association;
7	(5)	A judgment, decree, order of court, attachment, writ,
8		or other process against a leasehold time share
9		interest;
10	(6)	A mechanic's or materialman's lien or other lien upon
11		a leasehold time share interest;
12	(7)	A lis pendens or notice of pendency of action, notice
13		affidavit, demand, certificate, execution, copy of
14		execution, officer's return, or other instrument
15		relating to a leasehold time share interest and
16		otherwise required or permitted to be recorded or
17		registered in connection with the enforcement or
18		foreclosure of any lien, whether by way of power of
19		sale pursuant to [section 667-5,] chapter 667 or

(8) A power of attorney given by the owner of a leasehold

time share interest or the vendor or vendee under an

otherwise;

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1		agreement of sale for the sale of a leasehold time
2		share interest, a mortgagee or other lienor having a
3		mortgage or lien upon a leasehold time share interest,
4		or another party holding a claim or encumbrance
5		against or an interest in a leasehold time share
6		interest; or
7	(9)	An instrument assigning, extending, continuing,
8		dissolving, discharging, releasing in whole or in
9		part, reducing, canceling, extinguishing, or otherwise
10		modifying or amending any of the foregoing
11		instruments."
12	SECT	ION 7. Section 501-263, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended t	o read as follows:
14	" [+]	§501-263[] Effect of deregistration in specific
15	cases. No	twithstanding section 501-262(a)(3), the following
16	documents	, instruments, and papers need not be registered
17	pursuant	to this chapter to be effective and shall be recorded
18	in the bu	reau of conveyances pursuant to chapter 502:
19	(1)	Any document, instrument, or paper assigning,
20		extending, continuing, dissolving, discharging,
21		releasing in whole or in part, reducing, canceling,
22		extinguishing, or otherwise modifying or amending any

-	OI C	ine lottowing documents, imperaments, or papers
2	that	have been registered pursuant to this chapter and
3	that	pertain to deregistered land:
4	(A)	A mortgage;
5	(B)	An agreement of sale for the sale of a fee time
['] 6		share interest or interest in other deregistered
7		land. After the recordation of the certificate
8		of title, any agreement of sale shall be subject
9		to section 502-85 and shall not be subject to
10		section 501-101.5;
11	(C)	A correction deed, correction mortgage, or other
12		document, instrument, or paper correcting a
13		document, instrument, or paper registered
14		pursuant to this chapter;
15	(D)	A lien or claim of lien on a fee time share
16		interest held or claimed by a time share owners
17		association, an association of apartment owners,
18		or other homeowners' association or a lien or
19		claim on an interest in other deregistered land
20		held by a lienor or person claiming a lien;
21	(E)	A lease that demises a fee time share interest or
22		interest in other deregistered land;

1	(F)	An order of court, attachment, writ, or other
2		process against a fee time share interest or
3		interest in other deregistered land;
4	(G)	A mechanic's or materialman's lien or other lien
5		upon a fee time share interest or interest in
6		other deregistered land;
7	(H)	A lis pendens or notice of pendency of action,
8		notice, affidavit, demand, certificate,
9		execution, copy of execution, officer's return,
10		or other instrument relating to a fee time share
11		interest or interest in other deregistered land
12		and otherwise required or permitted to be
13		recorded or registered in connection with the
14		enforcement or foreclosure of any lien, whether
15		by way of power of sale pursuant to [a power of
16		sale under section 667-5,] chapter 667 or
17		otherwise; or
18	(I)	A power of attorney given by the owner of a fee
19		time share interest or interest in other
20		deregistered land or the vendor or vendee under
21		an agreement of sale for the sale of a fee time
22		share interest or interest in other deregistered

1		land, a mortgagee or other lienor having a
2		mortgage or lien upon a fee time share interest
3		or interest in other deregistered land, or
4		another party holding a claim or encumbrance
5		against or an interest in a fee time share
6		interest or interest in other deregistered land;
7	(2)	A lis pendens or notice of pendency of action, notice,
8		affidavit, demand, certificate, execution, copy of
9		execution, officer's return, or other instrument
10		relating to a fee time share interest or interest in
11		other deregistered land and otherwise required or
12		permitted to be recorded or registered in connection
13		with the enforcement or foreclosure of any lien,
14		whether by way of power of sale pursuant to [a power
15		of sale under section 667-5,] chapter 667 or
16		otherwise; and
17	(3)	Any declaration annexing property to, any declaration
18		deannexing property from, any amendment or supplement
19		to, correction of, or release or termination of, any
20		of the following documents, instruments, or papers
21		that have been registered pursuant to this chapter and
22		that pertain to deregistered land:

1	(A)	A declaration of covenants, conditions,
2		restrictions, or similar instrument, by whatever
3		name denominated, establishing or governing a
4		time share plan, or the bylaws of a time share
5		owners association, notice of time share plan, or
6		other time share instrument;
7	(B)	A declaration of condominium property regime or
8		similar declaration by whatever name denominated,
9		the bylaws of the association of apartment
10		owners, the condominium map, any declaration of
11		merger and any instrument effecting a merger;
12		provided that if only some of the condominium
13		apartments are included in the time share plan,
14		then it shall be necessary to register, and to
15		note on the certificate of title for any
16		apartment not included in the time share plan:
17		(i) Any declaration annexing property to the
18		condominium property regime;
19		(ii) Any declaration deannexing property from the
20		condominium property regime;

1	(111)	Any instrument effecting a merger of two or
2		more condominium projects or two or more
3		phases of a condominium project; and
4	(iv)	Any document, instrument, or paper amending,
5		supplementing, correcting, releasing, or
6		terminating any of the documents listed in
7		subparagraph (B)(i) through (iii), the
8		declaration of condominium property regime,
9		the bylaws of the association of apartment
10	•	owners, the condominium map, or any
11		declaration of merger; and
12	(C) A dec	claration of covenants, conditions,
13	rest	rictions, or similar instrument, by whatever
14	name	denominated, the bylaws of any homeowners
15	assoc	ciation, any declaration of annexation or
16	deanı	nexation, any amendments and supplements
17	there	eto, and any cancellation or extinguishment
18	there	eof, any declaration of merger and any
19	inst	rument effecting a merger; provided that if
20	only	some of the parcels of land covered by the
21	decla	aration constitutes deregistered land, and if
22	one o	or more of the remaining parcels constitute

1	registered land, then it shall be necessary to
2	register, and to note on the certificate of title
3	for any registered land:
4	(i) Any declaration annexing property to the
5	declaration;
6	(ii) Any declaration deannexing property from the
7	operation of the declaration; and
8	(iii) Any document, instrument, or paper amending,
9	supplementing, correcting, releasing, or
10	terminating any of the documents listed in
11	subparagraph (C)(i) or (ii), the declaration
12	of covenants, conditions, restrictions, or
13	the bylaws of the homeowners association."
14	SECTION 8. Section 514A-90, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended as follows:
16	1. By amending subsections (a) and (b) to read:
17	"(a) All sums assessed by the association of apartment
18	owners but unpaid for the share of the common expenses chargeable
19	to any apartment constitute a lien on the apartment prior to all
20	other liens, except:
21	(1) Liens for taxes and assessments lawfully imposed by
22	governmental authority against the apartment; and

1	(2) All sums unpaid on any mortgage of record that was
2	recorded prior to the recordation of notice of a lien
3	by the association of apartment owners, and costs and
4	expenses including attorneys' fees provided in such
5	mortgages[-];
6	provided that a lien recorded by the association of apartment
7	owners shall expire two years from the date of recordation
8	unless renewed by the association of apartment owners prior to
9	the expiration of the lien.
10	The lien of the association of apartment owners may be
11	foreclosed by action or by nonjudicial or power of sale
12	foreclosure procedures set forth in chapter 667, by the managing
13	agent or board of directors, acting on behalf of the association
14	of apartment owners[, in like manner as a mortgage of real
15	property.]; provided that no association of apartment owners may
16	foreclose a lien against any apartment that arises solely from
17	fines, penalties, legal fees, or late fees. In any such
18	foreclosure, the apartment owner shall be required to pay a
19	reasonable rental for the apartment, if so provided in the
20	bylaws[$_{7}$] or the law, and the plaintiff in the foreclosure shall
21	be entitled to the appointment of a receiver to collect the rental
22	owed[-] by the apartment owner or any tenant of the apartment. If

- 1 the association of apartment owners is the plaintiff, it may
- 2 request that its managing agent be appointed as receiver to
- 3 collect the rent from the tenant. The managing agent or board of
- 4 directors, acting on behalf of the association of apartment
- 5 owners, unless prohibited by the declaration, may bid on the
- 6 apartment at foreclosure sale, and acquire and hold, lease,
- 7 mortgage, and convey the apartment. Action to recover a money
- 8 judgment for unpaid common expenses shall be maintainable without
- 9 foreclosing or waiving the lien securing the unpaid common
- 10 expenses owed.
- 11 (b) Except as provided in subsection (q), when the mortgagee
- 12 of a mortgage of record or other purchaser of an apartment obtains
- 13 title to the apartment as a result of foreclosure of the mortgage,
- 14 the acquirer of title and the acquirer's successors and assigns
- 15 shall not be liable for the share of the common expenses or
- 16 assessments by the association of apartment owners chargeable to
- 17 the apartment [which] that became due prior to the acquisition of
- 18 title to the apartment by the acquirer. The unpaid share of
- 19 common expenses or assessments shall be deemed to be common
- 20 expenses collectible from all of the apartment owners, including
- 21 the acquirer and the acquirer's successors and assigns. The
- 22 mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the apartment shall be



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- 1 deemed to acquire title and shall be required to pay the
- 2 apartment's share of common expenses and assessments beginning:
- 3 (1) Thirty-six days after the order confirming the sale to
 4 the purchaser has been filed with the court;
- 5 (2) Sixty days after the hearing at which the court grants 6 the motion to confirm the sale to the purchaser;
- 7 (3) Thirty days after the public sale in a nonjudicial
 8 power of sale foreclosure conducted pursuant to
 9 [section 667 5;] chapter 667; or
 - (4) Upon the recording of the instrument of conveyance, whichever occurs first; provided that the mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the apartment shall not be deemed to acquire title under paragraph (1), (2), or (3), if transfer of title is delayed past the thirty-six days specified in paragraph (1), the sixty days specified in paragraph (2), or the thirty days specified in paragraph (3), when a person who appears at the hearing on the motion or a party to the foreclosure action requests reconsideration of the motion or order to confirm sale, objects to the form of the proposed order to confirm sale, appeals the decision of the court to grant the motion to confirm

sale, or the debtor or mortgagor declares bankruptcy or is

involuntarily placed into bankruptcy. In any such case, the

1	mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the apartment shall be
2	deemed to acquire title upon recordation of the instrument of
3	conveyance."
4	2. By amending subsections (h) and (i) to read:
5	"(h) The amount of the special assessment assessed under
6	subsection (g) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid
7	regular monthly common assessments that were assessed during the
8	twelve months immediately preceding the completion of the
9	judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure. [In no event
10	shall the amount of the special assessment exceed the sum of
11	\$7,200.]
12	(i) For purposes of subsections (g) and (h), the following
13	definitions shall apply:
14	"Completion" means:
15	(1) In a nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, when
16	the affidavit [required under section 667 5 is
17	filed; after public sale is recorded pursuant to
18	section 667-33; and
19	(2) In a judicial foreclosure, when a purchaser is
20	deemed to acquire title pursuant to subsection
21	(d).
22	"Regular monthly common assessments" shall not include:



1	(1)	Any other special assessment, except for a
2		special assessment imposed on all apartments as
3		part of a budget adopted pursuant to section
4		514A-83.6;
5	(2)	Late charges, fines, or penalties;
6	(3)	Interest assessed by the association of apartment
7		owners;
8	(4)	Any lien arising out of the assessment; or
9	(5)	Any fees or costs related to the collection or
10		enforcement of the assessment, including
11		attorneys' fees and court costs."
12	SECTION 9	. Section 514B-146, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended as fol	lows:
14	1. By ame	ending subsections (a) and (b) to read:
15	"(a) All	sums assessed by the association but unpaid for
16	the share of the	ne common expenses chargeable to any unit shall
17	constitute a 1:	ien on the unit with priority over all other
18	liens, except:	
19	(1) Liens	for taxes and assessments lawfully imposed by
20	gove	rnmental authority against the unit; and
21	(2) All s	sums unpaid on any mortgage of record that was
22	reco	rded prior to the recordation of a notice of a

1	lien by the association, and costs and expenses
2	including attorneys' fees provided in such
3	mortgages [÷] ;
4	provided that a lien recorded by the association shall expire
5	two years from the date of recordation unless renewed by the
6	association prior to the expiration of the lien.
7	The lien of the association may be foreclosed by action or
8	by nonjudicial or power of sale foreclosure procedures set forth
9	in chapter 667, by the managing agent or board, acting on behalf
10	of the association[, in like manner as a mortgage of real
11	property.]; provided that no association may foreclose a lien
12	against any unit that arises solely from fines, penalties, legal
13	fees, or late fees. In any such foreclosure, the unit owner
14	shall be required to pay a reasonable rental for the unit, if so
15	provided in the bylaws $[\tau]$ or the law, and the plaintiff in the
16	foreclosure shall be entitled to the appointment of a receiver
17	to collect the rental owed[-] by the unit owner or any tenant of
18	the unit. If the association is the plaintiff, it may request
19	that its managing agent be appointed as receiver to collect the
20	rent from the tenant. The managing agent or board, acting on
21	behalf of the association, unless prohibited by the declaration,
22	may bid on the unit at foreclosure sale, and acquire and hold,

H.B. NO. 1875 H.D. 1

- 1 lease, mortgage, and convey the unit. Action to recover a money
- 2 judgment for unpaid common expenses shall be maintainable
- 3 without foreclosing or waiving the lien securing the unpaid
- 4 common expenses owed.
- 5 (b) Except as provided in subsection (g), when the
- 6 mortgagee of a mortgage of record or other purchaser of a unit
- 7 obtains title to the unit as a result of foreclosure of the
- 8 mortgage, the acquirer of title and the acquirer's successors
- 9 and assigns shall not be liable for the share of the common
- 10 expenses or assessments by the association chargeable to the
- 11 unit [which] that became due prior to the acquisition of title
- 12 to the unit by the acquirer. The unpaid share of common
- 13 expenses or assessments shall be deemed to be common expenses
- 14 collectible from all of the unit owners, including the acquirer
- 15 and the acquirer's successors and assigns. The mortgagee of
- 16 record or other purchaser of the unit shall be deemed to acquire
- 17 title and shall be required to pay the unit's share of common
- 18 expenses and assessments beginning:
- 19 (1) Thirty-six days after the order confirming the sale to
- 20 the purchaser has been filed with the court;
- 21 (2) Sixty days after the hearing at which the court grants
- the motion to confirm the sale to the purchaser;



1	(3) Thirty days after the public sale in a nonjudicial
2	power of sale foreclosure conducted pursuant to
3	[section 667-5;] chapter 667; or
4	(4) Upon the recording of the instrument of conveyance;
5	whichever occurs first; provided that the mortgagee of record or
6	other purchaser of the unit shall not be deemed to acquire title
7	under paragraph (1), (2), or (3), if transfer of title is
8	delayed past the thirty-six days specified in paragraph (1), the
9	sixty days specified in paragraph (2), or the thirty days
10	specified in paragraph (3), when a person who appears at the
11	hearing on the motion or a party to the foreclosure action
12	requests reconsideration of the motion or order to confirm sale,
13	objects to the form of the proposed order to confirm sale,
14	appeals the decision of the court to grant the motion to confirm
15	sale, or the debtor or mortgagor declares bankruptcy or is
16	involuntarily placed into bankruptcy. In any such case, the
17	mortgagee of record or other purchaser of the unit shall be
18	deemed to acquire title upon recordation of the instrument of
19	conveyance."
20	2. By amending subsections (h) and (i) to read:
21	"(h) The amount of the special assessment assessed under

subsection (g) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid



1 regular monthly common assessments that were assessed during the twelve months immediately preceding the completion of the 2 3 judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure. [In no event 4 shall the amount of the special assessment exceed the sum of 5 \$7,200. 6 For purposes of subsections (g) and (h), the following 7 definitions shall apply, unless the context requires otherwise: 8 "Completion" means: In a nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, when the 9 10 affidavit [required under section 667 5 is filed;] after public sale is recorded pursuant to section 667-11 12 33; and In a judicial foreclosure, when a purchaser is deemed 13 (2) 14 to acquire title pursuant to subsection (b). "Regular monthly common assessments" does not include: 15 Any other special assessment, except for a special 16 (1) assessment imposed on all units as part of a budget 17 18 adopted pursuant to section 514B-148; 19 (2) Late charges, fines, or penalties;

Interest assessed by the association;

Any lien arising out of the assessment; or

(3)

(4)

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1 (5) Any fees or costs related to the collection or 2 enforcement of the assessment, including attorneys' 3 fees and court costs." SECTION 10. Section 607-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 5 amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows: 6 The fees prescribed by the schedule in this section 7 shall be paid to the clerk of the circuit court as costs of court by the person instituting the action or proceeding, or 8 9 offering the paper for filing, or causing the document to be 10 issued or the services to be performed in the circuit court; 11 provided that nothing in the schedule shall apply to cases of 12 adults charged with commission of a crime, or to proceedings under section 571-11(1), (2), or (9), to proceedings under 13 14 chapter 333F or 334, to small estates including decedents' 15 estates and protection of property of minors and persons under 16 disability when the amount payable is fixed by another statute[7 or to nonjudicial foreclosures converted to judicial proceedings 17 pursuant to section 667-53; and]; provided further that the fees 18 19 prescribed by subsection (c)(32) shall be deposited by the clerk 20 of the circuit court into the judiciary computer system special fund pursuant to section 601-3.7[+]; and provided further that 21 the fees prescribed by subsection (b)(1a) shall be deposited by 22

1	the clerk of the circuit court as provided in section 667-
2	53(a)(6).
3	For the purpose of this section, "judgment" includes a
4	decree and any order from which an appeal lies.
5	SCHEDULE
6	In the application of this schedule, each case assigned a
7	new number or filed under the number previously assigned to a
8	probate, trust, guardianship, or conservatorship, shall carry a
9	fee for the institution or transfer of the action or proceeding
10	as prescribed by part I, and in addition the fees prescribed by
11	part II unless otherwise provided.
12	(b) PART I
13	Action or proceeding, general:
14	(1) Civil action or special proceeding, unless
15	another item in part I applies\$20
16	(1a) Petition for conversion of nonjudicial
17	foreclosure to judicial foreclosure\$25
18	(2) Appeal to a circuit court\$10
19	(3) Transfer of action to circuit court from district
20	court, in addition to district court fees\$12
21	Trusts:

1	(4)	Proceeding for (A) appointment of trustee; (B)
2		appointment of successor; (C) resignation of
3		trustee; (D) instructions; (E) approval of
4		investment; (F) approval of sale, mortgage,
5		lease, or other disposition of property; (G)
6		approval of compromise of claim, for each such
7		matter \$100
8	(5)	Proceeding for (A) removal of trustee; (B) order
9		requiring accounting; (C) invalidation of action
10		taken by trustee; (D) termination of trust, for
11		each such matter \$100
12	(6)	Accounting, this fee to be paid for each account
13		filed and to include the settlement of the
14		account \$10
15	(7)	Vesting orderno charge under part I
16	(8)	Allowance of fees of trustees, attorneys, or
17		other fees for services incurred in a
18		proceeding for which a fee has been paid
19		under this section no charge under part I
20	(8a)	Registration of a trust, or release of
21		registration, under chapter 560\$3
22	(9)	Any other proceeding relating to a trust\$15

1	Conservatorship:	
2	(10)	Proceeding for (A) appointment; (B) appointment
3		of successor; (C) resignation; (D) instructions,
4		unless included in one of the foregoing
5		proceedings; (E), (F), (G) approval of any matter
6		listed in (E), (F), or (G) of item (4) in
7		relation to a trust, for each such matter \$100
8	(11)	Proceeding of the nature listed in (A), (B), (C),
9		or (D) of item (5) in relation to a trust, for
10		each such matter\$15
11	(12)	Accounting, same as provided by item (6) in
12		relation to a trust\$10
13	(13)	Any other proceeding relating to a
14		conservatorship no charge under part I
15	Guardianship:	
16	(13a)	Guardianship, including all matters of the nature
17		listed in items (4) to (9), whether in family or
18		circuit court\$100
19	Probate (decedents' estates). These fees include all matters of
20	the nature listed in items (4) to (9), without additional	
21	charge:	

1	(14)	Probate, administration, domiciliary foreign
2		personal representative, or ancillary
3		administration, this fee to be paid once only for
4		each decedent's estate\$100
5	Family co	urt cases:
6	(15)	Matrimonial action (annulment, divorce,
7		separation, or separate maintenance)\$100
8	(16)	Adoption \$100
9	(17)	Guardianship, including all matters of the nature
10		listed in items (4) to (9) As provided in item 13(a)
11	(18)	Termination of parental rights no charge under part I
12	(19)	Any other family court proceeding, except motions or
13		other pleadings in matrimonial, adoption, and
14		guardianship actions, but including without limitation
15		custody proceedings even if in the form of an habeas
16		corpus proceeding\$15"
17	SECT	ION 11. Chapter 667, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended a	s follows:
19	1.	By designating part I as part IA and amending the title
20	of that p	art to read:
21		"PART [1.] IA. FORECLOSURE BY ACTION [OR
22		

```
1
             By designating section 667-1 as section 667-1.5; and
         2.
2
             By amending the title of part II to read:
3
                      "[-[] PART II.[] ALTERNATE] POWER OF
4
                        SALE FORECLOSURE PROCESS"
5
         SECTION 12. Section 667-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6
    amended to read as follows:
7
         "§667-3 Proceeds, how applied. Mortgage and other
    creditors shall be entitled to payment according to the priority
8
9
    of their liens, and not pro rata; and judgments of foreclosure
10
    [and foreclosures by power of sale] that are conducted in
    compliance with this part [and for which an affidavit is
11
    recorded as required under section 667-5] shall operate to
12
    extinguish the liens of subsequent mortgages and liens of the
13
    same property, without forcing prior mortgagees or lienors to
14
15
    their right of recovery. The surplus after payment of the
    mortgage foreclosed, shall be applied pro tanto to the next
16
17
    junior mortgage or lien, and so on to the payment, wholly or in
    part, of mortgages and liens junior to the one assessed."
18
19
         SECTION 13. Section 667-5.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20
    amended to read as follows:
         "[+] §667-5.5[+] Foreclosure notice; planned communities;
21
```

condominiums; cooperative housing projects. Notwithstanding any



- 1 law or agreement to the contrary, any person who forecloses on a
- 2 property under this part within a planned community, a
- 3 condominium apartment or unit, or an apartment in a cooperative
- 4 housing project shall notify, by registered or certified mail,
- 5 the board of directors of the planned community association, the
- 6 association of owners of the condominium project, or the
- 7 cooperative housing project in which the property to be
- 8 foreclosed is located, of the following:
- 9 (1) The foreclosure at the time foreclosure proceedings
- 10 are begun [-]; and
- 11 (2) Any election by an owner-occupant of the property that
- is the subject of the foreclosure to participate in
- the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program
- under part V.
- 15 The notice, at a minimum, shall identify the property,
- 16 condominium apartment or unit, or cooperative apartment that is
- 17 the subject of the foreclosure and identify the name or names of
- 18 the person or persons bringing foreclosure proceedings. [This
- 19 section Paragraph (1) shall not apply if the planned community
- 20 association, condominium association of owners, or cooperative
- 21 housing corporation is a party in a foreclosure action. This
- 22 section shall not affect civil proceedings against parties other



- 1 than the planned community association, association of owners,
- 2 or cooperative housing corporation."
- 3 SECTION 14. Section 667-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 "§667-10 Power unaffected by transfer; surplus after sale.
- 6 No sale or transfer by the mortgagor shall impair or annul any
- 7 right or power of attorney given in the mortgage to the
- 8 mortgagee to sell or transfer the mortgaged property, as
- 9 attorney or agent of the mortgagor, except as otherwise provided
- 10 by chapters 501 and 502. When public sale is made of the
- 11 mortgaged property under this part, distribution of the proceeds
- 12 of the sale shall be as specified in section 667-3, and the
- 13 remainder of the proceeds, if any, shall be paid over to the
- 14 owner of the mortgaged property, after deducting the amount of
- 15 [claim] all claims and all expenses attending the same."
- 16 SECTION 15. Section 667-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 "§667-21 [Alternate power] Power of sale process[+
- 19 definitions]. [(a)] The power of sale process in this part is
- 20 an alternative [power of sale process] to the foreclosure by
- 21 action [and the foreclosure by power of sale] in part [I.] IA.
- 22 [(b)—As used in this part:

HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc

1	"Approved budget and credit counselor" means a budget and
2	credit counseling agency that has received approval from a
3	United States trustee or bankruptey administrator to provide
4	instructional courses concerning personal financial management
5	pursuant to Title 11 United States Code, section 111.
6	"Approved housing counselor" means a housing counseling
7	agency that has received approval from the United States
8	Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide housing
9	counseling services pursuant to section 106-(a)(2) of the Housing
10	and Urban Development Act of 1968, Title 12 United States Code,
11	section 1701x.
12	"Association" has the same meaning as the term is defined
13	in section 514B-3.
14	"Borrower" means-the-borrower, maker, cosigner, or
15	guarantor under a mortgage agreement.
16	"Foreclosing mortgagee" means the mortgagee that intends to
17	conduct a power of sale foreclosure; provided that the mortgaged
18	is a federally insured bank, a federally insured savings and
19	loan association, a federally insured savings bank, a depository
20	financial services loan company, a nondepository financial
21	services loan company, a credit union insured by the National
22	Credit Union Administration, a bank holding company, a foreign

1	lender as	-defined in section 207-11, or an institutional				
2	investor as defined in section 454 1.					
3	Unle	Unless the context-clearly indicates otherwise, as used in				
4	this part	, a "foreclosing mortgagee" shall encompass all of the				
5	following	-entities:				
6	(1)	The foreclosing mortgagee;				
7	(2)	Any person that has an ownership interest in the				
8		promissory note on the mortgage agreement or a				
9		security interest represented by the mortgage for the				
10		subject property;				
11	(3)	Any mortgage servicer, who services the mortgage loan				
12		of the mortgagor; and				
13	(4)	The agents, employees, trustees, and representatives				
14		of a lender, the foreclosing mortgagee, a mortgagee,				
15		and a mortgage servicer.				
16	"Mai	led" means to be sent by regular mail, postage prepaid,				
17	and by ce	rtified, registered, or express mail, postage prepaid				
18	and retur	n receipt requested.				
19	"Mor	tgage" means a mortgage, security agreement, or other				
20	document	under which property is mortgaged, encumbered, pledged,				
21	or otherw.	ise rendered subject to a lien for the purpose of				

1 securing the payment of money or the performance of an 2 obligation. 3 "Mortgage agreement" includes the mortgage, the note or 4 debt document, or any document amending any of the foregoing. 5 "Mortgaged property" means the property that is subject to 6 the lien of the mortgage. 7 "Mortgagee" means the current holder of record of the 8 mortgagee's or the lender's interest under the mortgage, or the 9 current mortgagee's or lender's duly authorized agent. 10 "Mortgagor" means the mortgagor or borrower named in the 11 mortgage and, unless the context otherwise indicates, includes 12 the current owner of record of the mortgaged property whose 13 interest is subject to the mortgage. 14 "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means foreclosure under power of 15 sale. 16 "Open house" means a public showing of the mortgaged **17** property during a scheduled time period. "Owner-occupant" means a person, at the time that a notice 18 19 of default and intention to foreclose is served on the mortgagor 20 under the power of sale:

1	(1)	Who owns an interest in the residential property, and		
2		the interest is encumbered by the mortgage being		
3		foreclosed; and		
4	(2)	For whom the residential-property is and has been the		
5		person's primary residence for a continuous period of		
6		not less than two hundred days immediately preceding		
7		the date on which the notice is served.		
8	л БОМ	er of sale" or "power of sale foreclosure" means a		
9	nonjudici	al-foreclosure under this part when the mortgage		
10	contains,	-authorizes, permits, or provides for a power of sale,		
11	a-power of sale foreclosure, a power of sale remedy, or a			
12	nonjudici	al foreclosure.		
13	π b ≭Θ	perty" means property (real, personal, or mixed), an		
14	interest	in-property (including fee simple, leasehold, life		
15	estate, r	eversionary interest, and any other estate under		
16	applicabl	e law), or other interests that can be subject to the		
17	lien of a	mortgage.		
18	п Бес	ord" or "recorded" means a document is recorded or		
19	filed wit	h-the office of the assistant registrar of the land		
20	court und	er chapter 501 or recorded with the registrar of		
21	conveyanc	es under chapter 502, or both, as applicable.		

1 "Residential property" means real property that is improved 2 and used for residential purposes. 3 "Served" means to have service of the notice of default and intention to foreclose made in accordance with the service of 4 5 process or the service of summons under the Hawaii rules of 6 civil procedure, and under sections 634-35 and 634-36.] " 7 SECTION 16. Section 667-21.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended to read as follows: 9 "[+] §667-21.5[+] Foreclosure notice; planned communities; 10 condominiums; cooperative housing projects. Notwithstanding any 11 law or agreement to the contrary, any person who forecloses on a 12 property under this part within a planned community, a 13 condominium apartment or unit, or an apartment in a cooperative 14 housing project shall notify, by way of registered or certified 15 mail, the board of directors of the planned community 16 association, the association of owners of the condominium 17 project, or the cooperative housing project in which the property to be foreclosed is located, of the following: 18 19 (1) The foreclosure at the time foreclosure proceedings 20 are begun [-]; and 21 (2) Any election by an owner-occupant of the property that

is the subject of the foreclosure to participate in

1	the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program
2	under part V.
3	The notice, at a minimum, shall identify the property,
4	condominium apartment or unit, or cooperative apartment that is
5	the subject of the foreclosure and identify the name or names of
6	the person or persons bringing foreclosure proceedings. [This
7	section] Paragraph (1) shall not apply when the planned
8	community association, condominium association of owners, or
9	cooperative housing corporation is a party in a foreclosure
10	action. This section shall not affect civil proceedings against
11	parties other than the planned community association,
12	association of owners, or cooperative housing corporation."
13	SECTION 17. Section 667-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended as follows:
15	1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
16	"(a) When the mortgagor or the borrower has breached the
17	mortgage agreement, and when the foreclosing mortgagee intends
18	to conduct a power of sale foreclosure under this part, the
19	foreclosing mortgagee shall prepare a written notice of default
20	and intention to foreclose addressed to the mortgagor, the

borrower, and any guarantor. The notice of default and

intention to foreclose shall state:

21

1	(1)	The name and address of the current mortgagee;
2	(2)	The name and last known address of [all] the
3		mortgagors, the borrowers, and any guarantors;
4	(3)	[The] With respect to the mortgaged property, the
5		address or a description of [the] its location [of the
6		mortgaged property], [the] tax map key number, and
7		[the] certificate of title or transfer certificate of
8		title number if [within the jurisdiction of]
9		registered in the land court[, of the mortgaged
10		property];
11	(4)	The description of the default or, if the default is a
12		monetary default, an itemization of the delinquent
13		amount;
14	(5)	The action required to cure the default, including the
15		delinquent amount and the estimated amount of the
16		foreclosing mortgagee's attorney's fees and costs, and
17		all other fees and costs related to the default
18		estimated to be incurred by the foreclosing mortgagee
19		by the deadline date;
20	(6)	The date by which the default must be cured, which
21		shall be at least sixty days after the date of the
22		notice of default and intention to foreclose;

H.B. NO. 4875 H.D. 1

1	(7)	A statement that if the default is not cured by the
2		deadline date stated in the notice of default and
3		intention to foreclose, the entire unpaid balance of
4		the moneys owed to the mortgagee under the mortgage
5		agreement will become due, that the mortgagee intends
6		to conduct a power of sale foreclosure to sell the
7		mortgaged property at a public sale without any court
8		action and without going to court, and that the
9		mortgagee or any other person may acquire the
10		mortgaged property at the public sale;
11	(8)	The name, address, electronic address, and telephone
12		number of the attorney who is representing the
13		foreclosing mortgagee; provided that the attorney
14		shall be licensed to practice law in the State and
15		physically located in the State; and
16	(9)	Notice of the right of the owner-occupant to elect to
17		participate in any other process as established by
18		law."
19	2.]	By amending subsections (d) and (e) to read:
20	"(d)	The notice of default and intention to foreclose
21	shall also	o include contact information for [local] approved
22	housing co	ounselors and approved budget and credit counselors.

1	(e)	The foreclosing mortgagee shall have the notice of
2	default a	nd intention to foreclose served on:
3	(1)	The mortgagor and the borrower [in the same manner as
4		service of a civil complaint under chapter 634 or the
5		Hawaii rules of civil procedure, as they may be
6		amended—from—time to time];
7	(2)	Any prior or junior creditors who have a recorded lier
8		on the mortgaged property before the recordation of
9		the notice of default and intention to foreclose under
10		section 667-23;
11	(3)	The state director of taxation;
12	(4)	The director of finance of the county where the
13		mortgaged property is located;
14	(5)	The department of commerce and consumer affairs, by
15		filing the notice with the department when required;
16		and
17	(6)	Any other person entitled to receive notice under this
18		part."
19	SECT	ION 18. Section 667-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended to	o read as follows:
21	"§66	7-24 Cure of default. (a) If the default is cured as
22	required	by the notice of default and intention to foreclose, or

- 1 if the parties have reached [a settlement document,] an
- 2 agreement to resolve the nonjudicial foreclosure, the
- 3 foreclosing mortgagee shall rescind the notice of default and
- 4 intention to foreclose. Within fourteen days of the date of the
- 5 cure or [a settlement document reached by the parties,] an
- 6 agreement to resolve the nonjudicial foreclosure, the
- 7 foreclosing mortgagee shall so notify any person who was served
- 8 with the notice of default and intention to foreclose. If the
- 9 notice of default and intention to foreclose was recorded, a
- 10 release of the notice of default and intention to foreclose
- 11 shall be recorded.
- 12 (b) If the default is not cured as required by the notice
- 13 of default and intention to foreclose, the parties have not
- 14 reached [a settlement document pursuant to part V] an agreement
- 15 to resolve the nonjudicial foreclosure and no report of
- 16 noncompliance has been issued against the mortgagee under
- 17 section 667-82, and the mortgagor has not elected to convert the
- 18 foreclosure to a judicial action, the foreclosing mortgagee,
- 19 without filing a court action and without going to court, may
- 20 foreclose the mortgage under power of sale to sell the mortgaged
- 21 property at a public sale."

1	SECT	ION 19. Section 667-25, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended b	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
3	" (b)	The public sale of the mortgaged property shall be
4	held only	in the county where the mortgaged property is located;
5	provided	that the public sale shall be held only on grounds or
6	at facili	ties under the administration of the State, as follows:
7	(1)	At the state capitol, for a public sale of mortgaged
8		property located in the city and county of Honolulu;
9	(2)	At a state facility in Hilo, for a public sale of
10		mortgaged property located in the [eastern portion of
11		the county of Hawaii; districts of Hamakua, North
12		Hilo, South Hilo, or Puna;
13	(3)	At a state facility in Kailua-Kona, for a public sale
14		of mortgaged property located in the [western portion
15		of the county of Hawaii; districts of North Kohala,
16		South Kohala, North Kona, South Kona, or Kau;
17	(4)	At a state facility in the county seat of Maui, for a
18		public sale of mortgaged property located in the
19		county of Maui; and
20	(5)	At a state facility in the county seat of Kauai, for a
21		public sale of mortgaged property located in the
22		county of Kauai;

- 1 as designated by the department of accounting and general
- 2 services; provided further that no public sale shall be held on
- 3 grounds or at facilities under the administration of the
- 4 judiciary. The public sale shall be held during business hours
- 5 on a business day."
- 6 SECTION 20. Section 667-27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended as follows:
- 8 1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
- 9 "(a) The foreclosing mortgagee shall prepare the public
- 10 notice of the public sale. The public notice shall state:
- 11 (1) The date, time, and place of the public sale;
- 12 (2) The dates and times of the two open houses of the
- mortgaged property, or if there will not be any open
- houses, the public notice shall so state;
- 15 (3) The unpaid balance of the moneys owed to the mortgagee
- under the mortgage agreement;
- 17 (4) A description of the mortgaged property, including the
- 18 address and the tax map key number of the mortgaged
- 19 property;
- 20 (5) The name of the mortgagor and the borrower;
- 21 (6) The name of the foreclosing mortgagee;
- 22 (7) The name of any prior or junior creditors having a

1		recorded lien on the mortgaged property before the
2		recordation of the notice of default and intention to
3		foreclose under section 667-23;
4	(8)	The name, the address in the State, and the telephone
5		number in the State of the person in the State
6		conducting the public sale; and
7	(9)	The terms and conditions of the public sale[; and
8	(10)	An-estimate of the opening bid]."
9	2.	By amending subsection (d) to read:
10	" (d)	The foreclosing mortgagee shall have the public
11	notice of	the public sale printed in not less than seven-point
12	font and	published in the classified section of a [daily]
13	newspaper	[having the largest] of general circulation
14	[specific	ally] in the specific county where the mortgaged
15	property	is located[, provided that for property located in a
16	county wi-	th a population of more than one hundred thousand but
17	less than	three hundred thousand, the public notice shall be
18	published	in the newspaper having the largest general
19	circulati	on specifically in the western or eastern half of the
20	county, a	s the case may be, in which the property is located].
21	For the p	urposes of this subsection, a newspaper is of general
22	circulati	on if the newspaper:

HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc

1	(1)	Cont	ains news of a general nature; and
2	(2)	Is d	istributed within the county where the mortgaged
3		prop	erty is located:
4		(A)	At least weekly;
5		<u>(B)</u>	For a minimum of six months unless interrupted by
6			strike, natural disaster, or act of war or
7			terror; and
8		<u>(C)</u>	To a minimum of one per cent of the residents of
9			the county, as determined by the last decennial
10			United States census and as verified by an
11			independent audit.
12	A person	may a	pply to the circuit court for an order confirming
13	a newspape	er to	be of general circulation for purposes of this
14	subsection	n, wh	ich the court shall grant upon proof of compliance
15	with this	subs	ection. The public notice shall be published once
16	each week	for	three consecutive weeks, constituting three
17	publication	ons.	The public sale shall take place no sooner than
18	fourteen o	days	after the date of the publication of the third
19	public not	tice	advertisement."
20	SECT:	ION 2	1. Section 667-28, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21	amended by	y ame	nding subsection (a) to read as follows:

1	"(a)	The public sale may be either postponed or canceled	
2	by the fo	reclosing mortgagee. Notice of the postponement or the	
3	cancellat	ion of the public sale shall be [announced]:	
4	(1)	Announced by the foreclosing mortgagee at the date,	
5		time, and place of the last scheduled public sale $[-]$;	
6		and	
7	(2)	Provided to any other person who is entitled to	
8		receive the notice of default under section 667-22."	
9	SECT	ION 22. Section 667-32, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
10	amended b	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:	
11	" (b)	The recitals in the affidavit required under	
12	subsection (a) may, but need not, be substantially in the		
13	following	form:	
14	"(1)	I am duly authorized to represent or act on behalf of	
15		(name of mortgagee) ("foreclosing	
16		mortgagee") regarding the following power of sale	
17		foreclosure. I am signing this affidavit in	
18		accordance with the [alternate] power of sale	
19		foreclosure law (Chapter 667, Part II, Hawaii Revised	
20		Statutes);	
21	(2)	The foreclosing mortgagee is a ["foreclosing	
22		mortgagee"] mortgagee as defined in [the power of sale	

1		foreclosure law; section 667-1, Hawaii Revised
2		Statutes, conducting a power of sale foreclosure;
3	(3)	The power of sale foreclosure is of a mortgage made by
4		(name of mortgagor)
5		("mortgagor"), dated, and
6		recorded in the (bureau of
7		conveyances or office of the assistant registrar of
8		the land court) as (recordation
9		information). The mortgaged property is located at:
10		(address or description of
11		location) and is identified by tax map key number:
12		The legal description of the
13		mortgaged property, including the certificate of title
14		or transfer certificate of title number if registered
15		in the land court, is attached as Exhibit "A". The
16		name of the borrower, if different from the mortgagor,
17		is("borrower");
18	(4)	Pursuant to the power of sale provision of the
19		mortgage, the power of sale foreclosure was conducted
20		as required by the power of sale foreclosure law. The
21		following is a summary of what was done:
22		(A) A notice of default and intention to foreclose

1		was served on the mortgagor, the borrower, and
2		the following person: The
3		notice of default and intention to foreclose was
4		served on the following date and in the following
5		manner: ;
6	(B)	The date of the notice of default and intention
7		to foreclose was (date).
8		The deadline in the notice for curing the default
9		was (date), which deadline
10		date was at least sixty days after the date of
11		the notice;
12	(C)	The notice of default and intention to foreclose
13		was recorded before the deadline date in the
14		(bureau of conveyances or
15		office of the assistant registrar of the land
16		court). The notice was recorded on
17		(date) as document no.
18		A copy of the recorded
19		notice is attached as Exhibit "1";
20	(D)	The default was not cured by the deadline date in
21		the notice of default and intention to foreclose;
22	(E)	A public notice of the public sale was initially

1		published in the classified section of the
2		, [a daily newspaper of
3		general circulation in the county where the
4		mortgaged property is located, in accordance
5		with section 667-27(d), Hawaii Revised Statutes,
6		once each week for three consecutive weeks on the
7		following dates: A copy
8		of the affidavit of publication for the last
9		public notice of the public sale is attached as
10		Exhibit "2". The date of the public sale was
11		(date). The last
12		publication was not less than fourteen days
13		before the date of the public sale;
14	(F)	The public notice of the public sale was sent to
15		the mortgagor, to the borrower, to the state
16		director of taxation, to the director of finance
17		of the county where the mortgaged property is
18		located, and to the following:
19		The public notice was sent
20		on the following dates and in the following
21		manner: Those dates were
22		after the deadline date in the notice of default

1		and intention to foreclose, and those dates were
2		at least sixty days before the date of the public
3		sale;
4	(G)	The public notice of the public sale was posted
5		on the mortgaged property or on such other real
6		property of which the mortgaged property is a
7		part on (date). That date
8		was at least sixty days before the date of the
9		public sale;
10	(H)	Two public showings (open houses) of the
11		mortgaged property were held (or were not held
12		because the mortgagor did not cooperate);
13	(I)	A public sale of the mortgaged property was held
14		on a business day during business hours on:
15		(date), at
16		(time), at the following
17		location: The highest
18		successful bidder was (name)
19		with the highest successful bid price of
20		\$; and
21	(J)	At the time the public sale was held, the default
22		was not cured and there was no circuit court

1	foreclosure action pending in the circuit where
2	the mortgaged property is located; and
3	(5) This affidavit is signed under penalty of perjury."
4	SECTION 23. Section 667-33, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
6	"(a) The affidavit required under section 667-32 and the
7	conveyance document shall be recorded [at any time] no earlier
8	than ten days after the public sale is held but not later than
9	forty-five days after the public sale is held. The affidavit
10	and the conveyance document may be recorded separately and on
11	different days. After the recordation, the foreclosing
12	mortgagee shall mail or deliver a recorded copy to those persons
13	entitled to receive the public notice of the public sale under
14	section 667-27(c)."
15	SECTION 24. Section 667-37, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended to read as follows:
17	"§667-37 Judicial action of foreclosure before public
18	sale. This part shall not prohibit [the borrower,] the
19	foreclosing mortgagee, or any other creditor having a recorded
20	lien on the mortgaged property before the recordation of the
21	notice of default under section 667-23, from filing an action
22	for the judicial foreclosure of the mortgaged property in the

- 1 circuit court of the circuit where the mortgaged property is
- 2 located[-]; provided that the action is filed before the public
- 3 sale is held. The power of sale foreclosure process shall be
- 4 stayed during the pendency of the circuit court foreclosure
- 5 action."
- 6 SECTION 25. Section 667-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 "§667-41 Public information notice requirement.
- 9 [Beginning on September 1, 2011, all] (a) All financial
- 10 institutions, mortgagees, lenders, business entities and
- 11 organizations without limitation, and persons, who intend to use
- 12 the power of sale foreclosure under this part, under the
- 13 conditions required by this part, shall [also develop
- 14 informational materials to educate and inform borrowers and
- 15 mortgagors. These materials shall be made available to the
- 16 public and provided to the mortgagers of all mortgage agreements
- 17 entered into, including the borrowers at the time of application
- 18 for a mortgage or loan, or other contract containing a power of
- 19 sale foreelosure provision. These materials, among other
- 20 things, shall inform the borrower that the financial institution
- 21 and other business-entities and persons who are authorized under
- 22 this part to exercise the power of sale foreclosure, in the



event of the borrower's default, have the option of pursuing 1 2 either a judicial or nonjudicial foreclosure as provided by law. These informational materials shall fully and completely explain 3 these remedies in simple and understandable terms.] provide the 4 public information notice described in subsection (b) to the 5 6 public, upon request, and to any applicant submitting a loan application where residential property is required to be used to 7 secure the loan. The notice shall be provided to all applicants 8 9 and all owners of the residential property (if different from the applicants) within three business days after the submission 10 of a written loan application, or within three business days 11 after the time residential property is required to be used to 12 secure a loan, whether or not there is a written loan 13 14 application. The purpose of the public information notice is to inform the public, applicants, and others that the financial 15 institutions, mortgagees, lenders, organizations, and other 16 business entities and persons who are authorized under this part 17 to enforce the foreclosure rights in a mortgage, in the event of 18 19 the borrower's default, have the option of pursuing either a 20 judicial or nonjudicial foreclosure in the manner provided by 21 law.

1	(b) The public information notice requirement shall be
2	satisfied by the delivery of a separate notice that contains the
3	following wording and is printed in not less than fourteen-point
4	font:
5	PUBLIC INFORMATION NOTICE PURSUANT TO
6	HAWAII REVISED STATUTES SECTION 667-41
7	WHAT IS FORECLOSURE?
8	This notice informs you regarding a lender's
9	right to foreclose in the event of a default on the
10	loan you have applied for or are considering if your
11	home is used to secure its repayment.
12	The mortgage agreement or contract that you may
13	enter into states that in the event the amounts due
14	under the loan are not paid when they are due, or for
15	other reasons you do not perform your promises in the
16	note and mortgage, all of which are known as defaults,
17	the lender shall have the option to foreclose the
18	mortgage, which will result in a sale of your home.
19	The entity or person who holds your mortgage
20	("Mortgagee") may send you a notice informing you that
21	the Mortgagee is starting foreclosure proceedings.
22	You should not wait for that to happen; take steps to

1	prevent a foreclosure as soon as you are having
2	trouble paying your mortgage. You should contact your
3	lender or your lender's loan servicer, or you may
4	contact a budget and credit counselor or housing
5	counselor, to discuss your situation.
6	STEP ONE: NOTICE OF DEFAULT. The first step in
7	the foreclosure process is the Mortgagee usually sends
8	you a written notice of default, which occurs after
9	you are past due on your mortgage payment. The
10	Mortgagee will tell you in the notice how much time
11	you have to pay the required amount that is past due
12	and, by paying, will return your loan to good
13	standing.
14	STEP TWO: PROCEEDING TO FORECLOSURE. If you do
15	not pay the required amount past due by the deadline
16	in the notice of default, the Mortgagee may elect to
17	proceed to collect the balance due on your loan
18	through foreclosure. In Hawaii, there are two types
19	of foreclosures: judicial and nonjudicial.
20	In a JUDICIAL FORECLOSURE, the Mortgagee files a
21	lawsuit against you in order to obtain a court
22	judgment that you owe the balance due under your loan

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2	initial legal document you will receive in the lawsuit
3	is called the complaint. You should consult an
4	attorney of your choice who can advise you as to the
5	steps needed to protect your rights. Judicial
6	foreclosure involves the sale of the mortgaged
7	property under the supervision of the court. You will
8	receive notice of the foreclosure case hearings and
9	the sale date and the judicial decision is announced
10	after a hearing in court. The sale of the property
11	must be approved by the court before it can be
12	completed.
13	In a NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE, the process follows
14	the procedures spelled out in Chapter 667 of the
15	Hawaii Revised Statutes and in your mortgage. The
16	nonjudicial procedures allow a Mortgagee to foreclose
17	on and sell the property identified in the mortgage
18	without filing a lawsuit or court supervision. This
19	nonjudicial foreclosure is also called a power of sale
20	foreclosure. The Mortgagee starts the process by
21	giving you a written notice of default and of the
22	Mortgagee's intent to sell the property.

and to obtain an order to sell the property. The

1	After the required time has elapsed, you will be
2	sent a notice of nonjudicial foreclosure sale, which
3	will tell you the date and location of the sale.
4	In a NONJUDICIAL foreclosure, if you own an
5	interest in the property you may have the right to
6	participate in the Mortgage Foreclosure Dispute
7	Resolution Program or to convert the nonjudicial
8	foreclosure into a judicial foreclosure. The
9	nonjudicial foreclosure may not proceed during the
10	dispute resolution process or after it has been
11	converted to a judicial foreclosure.
12	PLEASE NOTE: Even if a judicial or nonjudicial
13	foreclosure has commenced, you may be able to
14	reinstate the loan and keep your home if you pay the
15	delinquent amount then due and the foreclosure
16	expenses that your Mortgagee has incurred. You must
17	contact the Mortgagee as soon as possible to determine
18	whether reinstatement is possible.
19	STEP THREE: PUBLIC SALE. The sale of a
20	foreclosed home is usually made through a public
21	auction, where the highest bidder who can make a cash
22	deposit of up to 10% of the bid can buy the property.

1	In a judicial foreclosure, the court appoints a third
2	party commissioner to advertise and conduct the sale.
3	In a nonjudicial foreclosure, the Mortgagee advertises
4	and conducts the sale. In both types of sales, the
5	Mortgagee has the right to buy the property by
6	submitting a credit bid based upon the balance owed on
7	the mortgage, so long as its bid is higher than any
8	other bids. If the Mortgagee buys the property, the
9	Mortgagee has the right to re-sell it in a private
10	sale at a later date.
11	STEP FOUR: DISBURSEMENT OF PROCEEDS; POTENTIAL
12	DEFICIENCY JUDGMENT. After the foreclosure sale is
13	completed, the proceeds are paid out to lien holders,
14	including the Mortgagee, in the order set by law and
15	lastly to you if there are any proceeds left.
16	In a JUDICIAL FORECLOSURE, the court tells the
17	commissioner whom to pay and how much. If the
18	property did not sell for enough to pay off the
19	balance due under your loan, the Mortgagee has the
20	right to ask the court for a deficiency judgment
21	against you for the difference.

1	In a NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE, the Mortgagee
2	distributes the proceeds from the sale. If the
3	mortgaged property does not sell for enough to pay off
4	the balance due under your loan, the Mortgagee may
5	have the right to file a lawsuit against you to
6	collect the deficiency. In many cases, after a
7	nonjudicial foreclosure, a Mortgagee cannot or will
8	not choose to file a lawsuit for a deficiency.
9	READ THE NOTE AND MORTGAGE CAREFULLY TO
10	UNDERSTAND WHAT IS REQUIRED AND HOW TO AVOID
11	FORECLOSURE, AND CONSULT WITH AN ATTORNEY REGARDING
12	YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS.
13	(c) The requirements of this section shall apply only to
14	written loan applications submitted, or to loans where
15	residential property is required to be used as security, after
16	August 31, 2012."
17	SECTION 26. Section 667-53, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:
19	"(a) An owner-occupant of a residential property that is
20	subject to nonjudicial foreclosure under part [I or] II may
21	convert the action to a judicial foreclosure provided that:
22	(1) A petition conforming to section 667-54 shall be filed

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with the circuit court in the circuit where the residential property is located, stating that the owner-occupant of the property elects to convert the nonjudicial foreclosure to a judicial foreclosure proceeding no later than thirty days after the foreclosure notice is served on the owner-occupant as required by section [667-5 or] 667-22;

Within forty-five days of the filing of the petition, (2) all owner-occupants and mortgagors of an interest in the residential property whose interests are pledged or otherwise encumbered by the mortgage that is being foreclosed and all persons who have signed the promissory note or other instrument evidencing the debt secured by the mortgage that is being foreclosed, including without limitation co-obligors and quarantors, shall file a statement in the circuit court action that they agree to submit themselves to the judicial process and the jurisdiction of the circuit court; provided further that if this condition is not satisfied, the circuit court action may be dismissed with prejudice as to the right of any owneroccupant to convert the action to a judicial

•	proceeding, and the mortgagee may proceed
	nonjudicially;
3)	Filing a petition pursuant to paragraph (1) shall
	automatically stay the nonjudicial foreclosure action
	unless and until the judicial proceeding has been
	dismissed;
4)	The person filing the petition pursuant to paragraph
	(1) shall have an affirmative duty to promptly notify
	the Hawaii attorney who is handling the nonjudicial
	foreclosure about the filing of the complaint for
	conversion;
5) .	All parties joined in the converted judicial
	proceeding may assert therein any claims and defenses
	that they could have asserted had the action
	originally been commenced as a judicial foreclosure
	action; and
6)	[Notwithstanding chapter 607, the] The fee for filing
	the petition shall be [not more than \$525, of which]
	\$250 <u>, which</u> shall be deposited into the mortgage
	foreclosure dispute resolution special fund
	established under section 667-86[+ provided that if
-	the mortgage foreclosure-dispute resolution program
	3) 4)

1	under part V has not yet been implemented, the filir		
2	fee shall be not more than \$300].		
3	(b)	This section shall not apply to foreclosures of	
4	association liens that arise under a declaration filed pursuant		
5	to chapter <u>421J,</u> 514A, or 514B."		
6	SECTION 27. Section 667-54, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
7	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:		
8	" [-[]	(a) [+] A petition filed pursuant to section 667-53	
9	shall contain at a minimum:		
10	(1)	A caption setting forth the name of the court, the	
11		title of the action, and the file number; provided	
12		that the title of the action shall include the names	
13		of the filing party as petitioner and the foreclosing	
14		party as the respondent;	
15	(2)	The name, mailing address, and telephone number of the	
16		filing party;	
17	(3)	The address or tax map key number, and the certificate	
18		of title or transfer certificate of title number if	
19		[within the land court's jurisdiction,] registered in	
20		the land court, of the property subject to the	
21		foreclosure action;	

(4) A statement identifying all other owner-occupants and

1		mortgagors of the property whose interests are pledged
2		or otherwise encumbered by the mortgage that is being
3		foreclosed and all persons who have signed the
4		promissory note or other instrument evidencing the
5		debt secured by the mortgage that is being foreclosed,
6		including without limitation co-obligors and
7		guarantors;
8	(5)	A certification under penalty of perjury that the
9		filing party is an owner-occupant of the subject
10		property and seeks to convert the nonjudicial
11		foreclosure to a judicial proceeding;
12	(6)	A statement certifying that the filing party served a
13		copy of the petition on the attorney identified in the
14		foreclosure notice under section [667 5 or] 667-22
15		either by personal delivery at, or by postage prepaid
16		United States mail to, the address of the attorney as
17		set forth in the foreclosure notice under section
18		[667 5 or] 667-22; and
19	(7)	A copy of the foreclosure notice that was served on
20		the filing party pursuant to section [667-5-or] 667-22
21		and for which the filing party is seeking to convert

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to a judicial proceeding."

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         SECTION 28. Section 667-55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended to read as follows:
3
         "[+] §667-55[+] Notice of default and intention to
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    foreclose; residential property; required statement on
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    conversion. (a) The foreclosure notice that is served as
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    required under section [667-5 or] 667-22 shall include, in
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    addition to the contents required under section [667-5-ex] 667-
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    22, a statement printed in not less than fourteen-point font as
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    follows:
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              "IF THE PROPERTY BEING FORECLOSED IS
         IMPROVED AND USED FOR RESIDENTIAL PURPOSES, AN
11
12
         OWNER-OCCUPANT OF THE PROPERTY (DEFINED IN
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         CHAPTER 667 OF THE HAWAII REVISED STATUTES AS A
         PERSON WHO, AT THE TIME THIS NOTICE IS SERVED,
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15
         OWNS AN INTEREST IN THE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY THAT
         IS SUBJECT TO THE MORTGAGE BEING FORECLOSED AND
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17
         THE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY HAS BEEN THE PRIMARY
18
         RESIDENCE CONTINUOUSLY FOR NOT LESS THAN TWO
19
         HUNDRED DAYS) HAS THE RIGHT TO CONVERT A
         NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE PROCEEDING TO A JUDICIAL
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21
         FORECLOSURE WHERE CLAIMS AND DEFENSES MAY BE
22
         CONSIDERED BY A COURT OF LAW. TO EXERCISE THIS
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1	RIGHT, THE OWNER-OCCUPANT SHALL COMPLETE AND FILE
2	THE ATTACHED FORM WITH THE CIRCUIT COURT IN THE
3	CIRCUIT WHERE THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN
4	THIRTY DAYS AFTER SERVICE OF THIS NOTICE.
5	IN ADDITION, ALL OWNER-OCCUPANTS AND
6	MORTGAGORS OF THE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY WHOSE
7	INTERESTS HAVE BEEN PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE
8	ENCUMBERED BY THE MORTGAGE THAT IS BEING
9	FORECLOSED AND ALL PERSONS WHO HAVE SIGNED THE
10	PROMISSORY NOTE OR OTHER INSTRUMENT EVIDENCING
11	THE DEBT SECURED BY THE MORTGAGE THAT IS BEING
12	FORECLOSED, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, CO-
13	OBLIGORS AND GUARANTORS, SHALL FILE A STATEMENT
14	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT ACTION THAT THEY AGREE TO
15	SUBMIT TO THE JUDICIAL PROCESS AND THE
16	JURISDICTION OF THE CIRCUIT COURT WITHIN FORTY-
17	FIVE DAYS OF THE FILING OF THE ATTACHED FORM.
18	FAILURE TO SATISFY THIS CONDITION MAY RESULT IN
19	DISMISSAL OF THE CIRCUIT COURT ACTION WITH
20	PREJUDICE.
21	AN OWNER-OCCUPANT SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE
22	HAWAII ATTORNEY LISTED IN THIS NOTICE ABOUT THE

1	FILING OF THE CONVERSION FORM.
2	MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE DISPUTE RESOLUTION MAY
3	BE AVAILABLE IN NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE ACTIONS
4	AS AN ALTERNATIVE FOR OWNER-OCCUPANTS ATTEMPTING
5	TO AVOID FORECLOSURE OR TO MITIGATE THE EFFECTS
6	OF FORECLOSURE ON AN OWNER-OCCUPANT. HOWEVER, IF
7	AN OWNER-OCCUPANT FILES FOR CONVERSION, DISPUTE
8	RESOLUTION MAY NOT BE AVAILABLE UNLESS ORDERED BY
9	A JUDGE.
10	A FORECLOSING LENDER WHO COMPLETES A
11	NONJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY
12	[SHALL] COULD BE PROHIBITED UNDER HAWAII LAW FROM
13	PURSUING A DEFICIENCY JUDGMENT AGAINST A
14	MORTGAGOR [UNLESS THE DEBT IS SECURED BY OTHER
15	COLLATERAL, OR AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW]. IF
16	THIS ACTION IS CONVERTED TO A JUDICIAL
17	PROCEEDING, HOWEVER, THEN ALL REMEDIES AVAILABLE
18	TO A LENDER MAY BE ASSERTED, INCLUDING THE RIGHT
19	TO SEEK A DEFICIENCY JUDGMENT.
20	(b) The statement required by this section shall not be
21	required to be included in [the notice of sale published
22	pursuant to 667 5(a)(1) or] the public notice of public sale

1 published pursuant to section 667-27." 2 SECTION 29. Section 667-56, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 3 amended to read as follows: 4 "[+] §667-56[+] Prohibited conduct. It shall be a prohibited practice for any foreclosing mortgagee to engage in 5 6 any of the following practices: Holding a public sale on a date, at a time, or at a 7 (1) place other than that described in the public notice 8 of the public sale or a properly noticed postponement; 9 Specifying a fictitious place in the public notice of 10 (2) the public sale; 11 Conducting a postponed public sale on a date other 12 (3) than the date described in the new public notice of 13 14 the public sale; Delaying the delivery of the recorded, conformed copy 15 (4)of the conveyance document to a bona fide purchaser 16 who purchases in good faith for more than [forty-five] 17 sixty days after the completion of the public sale; 18 19 Completing nonjudicial foreclosure proceedings during (5) 20 short sale escrows with a bona fide purchaser if the

short sale offer is at least [five] ten per cent

greater than the public sale price; provided that

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1		escrow is opened within ten days and closed within
2		forty-five days of the public sale; and provided
3		further that a bona fide short sale purchaser shall
4		have priority over any other purchaser;
5	(6)	Completing nonjudicial foreclosure proceedings during
6		bona fide loan modification negotiations with the
7		mortgagor; or
8	(7)	Completing nonjudicial foreclosure proceedings against
9		a mortgagor who has been accepted or is being
10		evaluated for consideration for entry into a federal
11		loan modification program before obtaining a
12		certificate or other documentation confirming that the
13		mortgagor is no longer eligible for, or an active
14		participant of, that federal program."
15	SECT	ION 30. Section 667-57, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended t	o read as follows:
17	" [+]	§667-57[] Suspension of foreclosure actions by junior
18	lienholde	rs. (a) Upon initiation of a foreclosure action
19	pursuant	to part $[\pm]$ <u>IA</u> or part II by a foreclosing mortgagee
20	[as-defin	ed in section 667-21(b)], no junior lienholder shall be
21	permitted	to initiate or continue a nonjudicial foreclosure
22	pursuant	to part $[\pm]$ II until the foreclosure initiated by the
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1	foreclosing mortgagee has been concluded by a judgment issued by
2	a court pursuant to section $[\frac{667}{1},]$ $\underline{667-1.5}$, the recording of
3	an affidavit after public sale pursuant to section [667-5 or]
4	667-33, or the filing of [a settlement document] an agreement
5	under the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution provisions of
6	section 667-81.
7	(b) Upon initiation of a foreclosure action pursuant to
8	part [\pm] IA or part II by a foreclosing mortgagee [as defined in
9	section 667-21(b)], no junior lienholder shall be permitted to
10	initiate a nonjudicial foreclosure pursuant to part II during
11	the pendency of a stay pursuant to section 667-83; provided that
12	a junior lienholder may initiate or continue with a nonjudicial
13	foreclosure pursuant to part II if [the]:
14	(1) The junior lien foreclosure was initiated before the
15	foreclosure action by the foreclosing mortgagee $[-]$; or
16	(2) The junior lienholder is an association and has not
17	been provided notice of the foreclosure action,
18	pursuant to section 667-21.5, or has not received
19	written notification of a case opening pursuant to
20	section 667-79."
21	SECTION 31. Section 667-58, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is



amended to read as follows:

- "[f] §667-58[f] Valid notice[f]; affiliate statement. (a)

 Any notices made pursuant to this chapter may be issued only by

 persons authorized by a foreclosing mortgagee or lender pursuant

 to an affiliate statement signed by that foreclosing mortgagee

 or lender and recorded at the bureau of conveyances identifying

 the agency or affiliate relationship and the authority granted

 or conferred to that agent or representative.
- 8 (b) The bureau of conveyances document number for the
 9 affiliate statement required under subsection (a) shall be
 10 included in any notice required to be personally served upon the
 11 mortgagor or borrower under this chapter.
- (c) Any notice provided by a mortgage servicer, including 12 an agent, employee, or representative of that mortgage servicer, 13 shall be issued only by a mortgage servicer that has been listed 14 in the affiliate statement filed by the foreclosing mortgagee or 15 16 lender under subsection (a); provided further that the mortgage 17 servicer shall be licensed under or otherwise exempt from The agency relationship or affiliation of the 18 chapter 454M. 19 mortgage servicer and the foreclosing mortgagee or lender and 20 any authority granted or conferred to that mortgage servicer shall be described in the affiliate statement filed under both 21 22 subsection (a) and section 454M-5(a)(4)(F).

1 (d) No attorney of a mortgage servicer, foreclosing 2 mortgagee, or lender shall be required to be included in any 3 affiliate statement of a foreclosing mortgagee or lender. No notice or other correspondence made by any attorney for the 4 foreclosing mortgagee or lender shall be required to reference 5 6 any affiliate statement made by the foreclosing mortgagee or 7 lender. Any notice or other correspondence made by any attorney 8 for a mortgage servicer shall reference, in accordance with 9 subsection (b), the appropriate affiliate statement of the 10 foreclosing mortgagee or lender authorizing the mortgage servicer to act." 11 SECTION 32. Section 667-59, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 12 amended to read as follows: 13 "[+] §667-59[+] Actions and communications with the 14 15 mortgagor in connection with a foreclosure. A foreclosing 16 mortgagee shall be bound by all agreements, obligations, representations, or inducements made on its behalf by its **17** agents, including but not limited to its employees, 18 19 representatives, mortgage servicers, or persons authorized by a 20 foreclosing mortgagee or lender pursuant to an affiliate 21 statement recorded in the bureau of conveyances pursuant to

section 667-58.

1	[For purposes of this section, "foreclosing mortgagee" has		
2	the same meaning as in section 667-21.] "		
3	SECTION 33. Section 667-63, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
4	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:		
5	"(a) A mortgage creditor having a mortgage lien on a time		
6	share interest who desires notice that another mortgage creditor		
7	having a mortgage lien on the time share interest intends to		
8	foreclose and sell the mortgaged time share interest, pursuant		
9	to the power of sale under section 667-62, may submit a written		
10	request to the mortgagee who is foreclosing or who may foreclose		
11	the mortgage by power of sale, asking to receive notice of the		
12	mortgagee's intention to foreclose the mortgage under section		
13	667-62. The request for notice:		
14	(1) May be submitted any time after the recordation [ΘF		
15	filing of the subject mortgage [at the bureau of		
16	conveyances or the land court, but shall be]; provided		
17	that the request is submitted prior to completion of		
18	publication of notice of the intention to foreclose		
19	the mortgage and of the sale of the mortgaged time		
20	share interest;		
21	(2) Shall be signed by the mortgage creditor desiring to		
22	receive notice, or its authorized representative; and		

H.B. NO. 1875 H.D. 1

- 1 (3) Shall specify the name and address of the person to
 2 whom the notice is to be mailed."
- 3 SECTION 34. Section 667-71, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:
- 5 "(a) This part shall apply to nonjudicial foreclosures
 6 conducted by power of sale under [parts I and] part II, of
 7 residential real property that is occupied by one or more
- 8 mortgagors who are owner-occupants.
- 9 (b) This part shall not apply to actions by an association
- $10\,$ to foreclose on a lien for amounts owed to the association that
- 11 arise under a declaration filed pursuant to chapter $421J_{L}$ $514A_{L}$
- 12 or 514B, or to a mortgagor who has previously participated in
- 13 dispute resolution under this part for the same property on the
- 14 same mortgage loan."
- 15 SECTION 35. Section 667-73, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 amended as follows by amending subsection (c) to read as
- 17 follows:
- 18 "(c) The department is authorized to contract with county,
- 19 state, or federal agencies, and with private organizations $\underline{\text{or}}$
- 20 approved housing counselors or approved budget and credit
- 21 counselors for the performance of any of the functions of this

- 1 part. These contracts shall not be subject to chapter 103D or
- 2 103F."
- 3 SECTION 36. Section 667-74, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 "[+] §667-74[+] Availability of dispute resolution required
- 6 before foreclosure. Before a public sale may be conducted
- 7 pursuant to section [667-5 or] 667-25 for a residential property
- 8 that is occupied by an owner-occupant [as a primary residence],
- 9 the foreclosing mortgagee [shall], at the election of the owner-
- 10 occupant, shall participate in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
- 11 resolution program under this part to attempt to negotiate an
- 12 agreement that avoids foreclosure or mitigates damages in cases
- 13 where foreclosure is unavoidable."
- 14 SECTION 37. Section 667-75, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 "[+] §667-75[+] Notice of dispute resolution availability
- 17 required. (a) A foreclosure notice served pursuant to section
- 18 [667-5-or] 667-22(e) shall include notice that the mortgagee is
- 19 required, at the election of an owner-occupant, to participate
- 20 in the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program pursuant
- 21 to this part to attempt to avoid foreclosure or to mitigate
- 22 damages where foreclosure is unavoidable.



1	(1)	The notice required by subsection (a) sharr be princed
2	in not le	ss than fourteen-point font and include:
3	(1)	The name and contact information of the mortgagor and
4		the mortgagee;
5	(2)	The subject property address and legal description,
6		including tax map key number and the certificate of
7		title or transfer certificate of title number if
8		[within the land court's jurisdiction;] registered in
9		the land court;
10	(3)	The name and contact information of a person or entity
11		authorized to negotiate a loan modification on behalf
12		of the mortgagee;
13	(4)	A statement that the mortgagor shall consult with an
14		approved housing counselor or an approved budget and
15		credit counselor at least thirty days prior to the
16		first day of a scheduled dispute resolution session;
17	(5)	Contact information for all [local] approved housing
18		counselors;
19	(6)	Contact information for all [local] approved budget
20		and credit counselors;
21	(7)	A statement that the mortgagor electing to participate
22		in the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program

1		shall provide a certification under penalty of perjury
2		to the department that the mortgagor is an owner-
3		occupant of the subject property, including supporting
4		documentation;
5	(8)	A general description of the information that an
6		owner-occupant electing to participate in the mortgage
7		foreclosure dispute resolution program is required to
8		provide to participate in the program as described
9		under section 667-80(c)(2);
10	(9)	A statement that the owner-occupant shall elect to
11		participate in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
12		resolution program pursuant to this part no later than
13		thirty days after the department's mailing of the
14		notice or the right shall be waived."
15	SECT	ION 38. Section 667-76, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended by	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
17	"(a)	Within three days after a mortgagee serves a
18	foreclosu	re notice on an owner-occupant pursuant to section
19	[667-5-or]	667-22, the mortgagee shall file the foreclosure
20	notice wit	th the department and pay a filing fee of \$250, which
21	shall be	deposited into the mortgage foreclosure dispute
22	resolution	special fund established under section 667-86."

1	SECT	ION 39. Section 667-77, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
2	amended t	o read as follows:	
3	" [-£]	§667-77[] Notification to mortgagor by department.	
4	Within te	n days after the mortgagee's filing of a notice of	
5	default a	nd intention to foreclose with the department, the	
6	departmen	t shall mail a written notification by registered or	
7	certified	mail to the mortgagor that a notice of default and	
8	intention to foreclose has been filed with the department. The		
9	notificat	ion shall inform the mortgagor of an owner-occupant's	
10	right to	elect to participate in the foreclosure dispute	
11	resolutio	n program and shall include:	
12	(1)	Information about the mortgage foreclosure dispute	
13		resolution program;	
14	(2)	A form for an owner-occupant to elect or to waive	
15		participation in the mortgage foreclosure dispute	
16		resolution program pursuant to this part that shall	
17		contain instructions for the completion and return of	
18		the form to the department and the department's	
19		mailing address;	
20	(3)	A statement that the mortgagor electing to participate	
21		in the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program	

shall provide a certification under penalty of perjury

1		to the department that the mortgagor is an owner-
2		occupant of the subject property, including a
3		description of acceptable supporting documentation as
4		required by section 667-78(a)(2);
5	(4)	A statement that the owner-occupant shall elect to
6		participate in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
7		resolution program pursuant to this part no later than
8		thirty days after the department's mailing of the
9		notice or the owner-occupant shall be deemed to have
10		waived the option to participate in the mortgage
11		foreclosure dispute resolution program;
12	(5)	A description of the information required under
13		section 667-80(c)(2) that the owner-occupant shall
14		provide to the mortgagee and the neutral assigned to
15		the dispute resolution;
16	(6)	A statement that the owner-occupant shall consult with
17		an approved housing counselor or approved budget and
18		credit counselor at least thirty days prior to the
19		first day of a scheduled dispute resolution session;
20	(7)	Contact information for all [local] approved housing
21		counselors;
22	(8)	Contact information for all [local] approved budget

1	and credit counselors; and		
2	(9) Contact information for the department.		
3	The notification shall be mailed to the subject property address		
4	and any other addresses for the mortgagor as provided in the		
5	mortgagee's notice of dispute resolution under [+] section[+] 667		
6	75 and the foreclosure notice under section [667 5 or] 667-		
7	22(a)."		
8	SECTION 40. Section 667-78, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
9	amended as follows:		
10	1. By amending subsection (a) to read:		
11	"(a) An owner-occupant elects to participate in the		
12	mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program by returning to		
13	the department:		
14	(1) The completed program election form provided		
15	[pursuant]:		
16	(A) Pursuant to section 667-77(2); or		
17	(B) On a website maintained by the department;		
18	(2) Certification under penalty of perjury that the		
19	mortgagor is an owner-occupant, accompanied with any		
20	supporting documentation, including copies of recent		
21	utility billing statements, voter registration		
22	records, real estate property tax records, or state		

- 1 identification forms; and
- 2 (3) A program fee of \$300.
- 3 The completed form and fees shall be received by the department
- 4 no later than thirty days after mailing of the department's
- 5 notification pursuant to section 667-77."
- 6 2. By amending subsection (c) to read:
- 7 "(c) If the owner-occupant does not elect to participate
- 8 in dispute resolution pursuant to this part, the department
- 9 shall notify the mortgagee within ten days of receiving an
- 10 election form indicating nonelection or the termination of the
- 11 thirty-day time period for election. After receiving the
- 12 department's notification, the mortgagee may proceed with the
- 13 nonjudicial foreclosure process according to the process
- 14 provided in [part I or] part II of this chapter[, as
- 15 applicable]."
- 16 SECTION 41. Section 667-79, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended as follows:
- 18 1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
- 19 "(a) If an owner-occupant elects to participate in the
- 20 mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program, the department
- 21 shall open a dispute resolution case. Within twenty days of
- 22 receipt of the owner-occupant's election form and fee in



- 1 accordance with section 667-78, the department shall mail
- 2 written notification of the case opening to the parties and, if
- 3 applicable, the condominium or other homeowner association of
- 4 the project where the owner-occupant's property is located, by
- 5 registered mail, return receipt requested, which shall include:
- $\mathbf{6}$ (1) Notification of the date, time, and location of the
- 7 dispute resolution session;
- 8 (2) An explanation of the dispute resolution process;
- 9 (3) Information about the dispute resolution program
- 10 requirements; and
- 11 (4) Consequences and penalties for noncompliance.
- 12 The dispute resolution session shall be scheduled for a date no
- 13 less than [thirty] forty and no more than [sixty] seventy days
- 14 from the date of the notification of case opening, unless
- 15 mutually agreed to by the parties and the neutral."
- 16 2. By amending subsection (c) to read:
- 17 "(c) The written notification of a case opening under this
- 18 section shall operate as a stay of the foreclosure proceeding in
- 19 accordance with section 667-83[$_{7}$] and may be [filed or]
- 20 recorded[, as appropriate, at the land court or bureau of
- 21 conveyances]."

1	SECT	TION 42. Section 667-80, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended a	s follows:
3	1.	By amending subsection (a) to read:
4	" (a)	The parties to a dispute resolution process conducted
5	under thi	s part shall consist of the owner-occupant or the
6	owner-occ	upant's representative, and the mortgagee or the
7	mortgagee	's representative; provided that:
8	(1)	A representative of the mortgagee who participates in
9		the dispute resolution shall be authorized to
10		negotiate a loan modification on behalf of the
11		mortgagee or shall have, at all stages of the dispute
12		resolution process, direct access by telephone,
13		videoconference, or other immediately available
14		contemporaneous telecommunications medium to a person
15		who is so authorized;
16	(2)	The mortgagee and owner-occupant may be represented by
17		[counsel;] an attorney; and
18	(3)	The owner-occupant may be assisted by an approved
19		housing counselor or approved budget and credit
20		counselor."
21	2.	By amending subsection (c) to read:

"(c) The parties shall comply with all information

H.B. NO. 4875 H.D. 1

1	requests fro	m the department or neutral. No less than fifteen
2	days prior t	o the first day of the scheduled dispute resolution
3	session:	
4	(1) Th	e mortgagee shall provide to the department and the
5	mc	rtgagor:
6	(A) A copy of the promissory note, signed by the
7		mortgagor, including any endorsements, allonges,
8		amendments, or riders to the note evidencing the
9		mortgage debt;
10	(B) A copy of the mortgage document and any
11		amendments, riders, or other documentation
12		evidencing the mortgagee's right of nonjudicial
13		foreclosure and interest in the property
14		including any interest as a successor or
15		assignee; and
16	(0) Financial records and correspondence that confirm
17		the mortgage loan is in default.
18	(2) Th	e owner-occupant shall provide to the department and
19	th	e mortgagee:
20	(A) Documentation showing income qualification for a
21		loan modification, including any copies of pay
22		stubs, W-2 forms, social security or disability

1		income, retirement income, child support income,
2		or any other income that the owner-occupant deems
3		relevant to the owner-occupant's financial
4		ability to repay the mortgage;
5	(B)	Any records or correspondence available which may
6		dispute that the mortgage loan is in default;
7	(C)	Any records or correspondence available
8		evidencing a loan modification or amendment;
9	(D)	Any records or correspondence available that
10		indicate the parties are currently engaged in
11		bona fide negotiations to modify the loan or
12		negotiate a settlement of the delinquency;
13	(E)	Names and contact information for approved
14		housing counselors, approved budget and credit
15	-	counselors, or representatives of the mortgagee,
16		with whom the owner-occupant may have or is
17		currently working with to address the
18		delinquency; and
19	(F)	Verification of counseling by an approved housing
20		counselor or approved budget and credit
21		counselor."

- 1 SECTION 43. Section 667-81, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended by amending subsections (b), (c), and (d) to read as
- 3 follows:
- 4 "(b) If, despite the parties' participation in the dispute
- 5 resolution process and compliance with the requirements of this
- 6 part, the parties are not able to come to an agreement, the
- 7 neutral shall file a closing report with the department that the
- 8 parties met the program requirements. The mortgagee may [file
- 9 or] record the report [at the bureau of conveyances or the land
- 10 court, as appropriate]. Upon recording of the report pursuant
- 11 to this subsection, the foreclosure process shall resume along
- 12 the timeline as it existed on the date before the mortgagor
- 13 elected dispute resolution, and may proceed as otherwise
- 14 provided by law. The mortgagee shall notify the mortgagor of
- 15 the recording date and document number of this report and the
- 16 deadline date to cure default in an amended foreclosure notice.
- 17 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the
- 18 neutral to wait the full sixty days allotted for dispute
- 19 resolution to determine that the parties were unable to reach an
- 20 agreement and file a report.
- 21 (c) If the parties have complied with the requirements of
- 22 this part and have reached an agreement, the agreement shall be



- 1 memorialized in [a settlement document] writing and signed by
- 2 the parties or their authorized representatives. [If the
- 3 parties or their authorized representatives participate in the
- 4 dispute resolution-session in person, the settlement document
- 5 shall be signed in the presence of the neutral. If any of the
- 6 parties-or-their authorized representatives participate in the
- 7 dispute resolution through telephone, videoconference, or other
- 8 immediately-available contemporaneous telecommunications medium,
- 9 the settlement document shall be signed and returned to the
- 10 neutral no later than ten-days after the conclusion of the
- 11 dispute resolution session.] The parties shall be responsible
- 12 for drafting any agreement reached[, and for filing or recording
- 13 with the land court or the bureau of conveyances, as
- 14 appropriate, and enforcing the [settlement document.]
- 15 agreement. [The neutral shall file the settlement document with
- 16 the neutral's closing report.] The [settlement document]
- 17 agreement shall be a contract between the parties and shall be
- 18 enforceable in a private contract action in a court of
- 19 appropriate jurisdiction in the event of breach by either party.
- 20 If the [settlement document] agreement allows for foreclosure or
- 21 other transfer of the subject property, the stay of the
- 22 foreclosure under section 667-83 shall be released upon [filing



- 1 or recording] the [settlement document] recordation of the
- 2 neutral's closing report [with the land court or bureau of
- 3 conveyances, as appropriate]. Thereafter, the office of the
- 4 assistant registrar of the land court or bureau of conveyances
- 5 may record a notice of sale or other conveyance document, as
- 6 appropriate.
- 7 (d) If the parties to a dispute resolution process reach
- 8 an agreement which resolves the matters at issue in the dispute
- 9 resolution before the first day of the scheduled dispute
- 10 resolution session scheduled pursuant to this section, the
- 11 parties shall notify the neutral by that date. The neutral
- 12 shall thereafter issue a closing report that the parties have
- 13 reached an agreement prior to the commencement of a dispute
- 14 resolution session. If the agreement provides for foreclosure,
- 15 the parties shall memorialize the agreement in a writing signed
- 16 by both parties [and-provided to the neutral. Any agreement
- 17 authorizing foreclosure shall be attached to the neutral's
- 18 closing report]. The parties may [file or] record the report
- 19 [at the bureau of conveyances or the land court, as
- 20 appropriate]. If the agreement authorizes foreclosure, the stay
- 21 of the foreclosure under section 667-83 shall be released upon
- 22 [filing or recording with the land court or bureau of



a.

1	conveyances, as appropriate.] the recordation of the report.
2	Thereafter, the land court or bureau of conveyances may record a
3	notice of sale or other conveyance document, as appropriate. No
4	fees shall be refunded if the parties come to an agreement prior
5	to a dispute resolution session conducted pursuant to this
6	part."
7	SECTION 44. Section 667-82, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
9	"(a) The neutral's closing report shall indicate if the
10	mortgagee or the owner-occupant failed to comply with
11	requirements of the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution
12	program.
13	(1) In the case of the mortgagee, failure to comply with
14	the requirements of the program may consist of:
15	(A) Participation in dispute resolution without the
16	authority to negotiate a loan modification or
17	without access at all stages of the dispute
18	resolution process to a person who is so
19	authorized;
20	(B) Failure to provide the required information or
21	documents;
22	(C) Refusal to cooperate or participate in dispute

1			resolution; or
2		(D)	Refusal or failure to pay program fees under
3			section 667-79 in a timely manner.
4	(2)	In t	he case of the owner-occupant, failure to comply
5		with	the requirements of the program may consist of:
6		(A)	Failure to provide the required information or
7			documents; or
8		(B)	Refusal to cooperate or participate in dispute
9			resolution[+];
10		prov	ided that failure by the mortgagee and the owner-
11		occu	pant to reach an agreement to resolve the dispute
12		shal	l not constitute failure by the mortgagee or the
13		owne	r-occupant to comply with the requirements of the
14		mort	gage foreclosure dispute resolution program."
15	SECT	ION 4	5. Section 667-83, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended by	y ame	nding subsection (a) to read as follows:
17	"(a)	The	written notification of a case opening under
18	section 60	57-79	shall operate as a stay of the foreclosure
19	proceeding	g [-]	and may be [filed-or] recorded[, as appropriate,
20	at the lar	id co	urt or bureau of conveyances.]; provided that the
21	written no	otifi	cation shall not act as a stay on a foreclosure
22	proceeding	g by	an association unless the association has been

- 1 provided notice pursuant to sections 667-5.5, 667-21.5, or 667-
- **2** 79."
- 3 SECTION 46. Section 667-86, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
- 5 "(b) All persons who record an affidavit in the office of
- 6 the assistant registrar of the land court, pursuant to section
- 7 501-118, or who record a conveyance document in the bureau of
- 8 conveyances for an owner-occupied property subject to a
- 9 nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure shall pay a fee of \$100,
- 10 which shall be deposited into the mortgage foreclosure dispute
- 11 resolution special fund on a quarterly basis."
- 12 PART IV
- 13 SECTION 47. Section 421J-A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 14 amended by amending subsection (h) to read as follows:
- 15 "(h) The amount of the special assessment assessed under
- 16 subsection (q) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid
- 17 regular monthly common assessments that were assessed during the
- 18 [twelve] six months immediately preceding the completion of the
- 19 judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure."
- 20 SECTION 48. Section 454M-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 21 amended to read as follows:

- 1 "§454M-10 Penalty. Any person who violates any provision
- 2 of this chapter may be subject to an administrative fine of not
- 3 more than \$7,000 for each violation[; provided-that \$1,000 of
- 4 the aggregate fine amount shall be deposited into the mortgage
- 5 foreclosure dispute resolution special fund established pursuant
- 6 to section 667-86]."
- 7 SECTION 49. Section 514A-90, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 amended by amending subsection (h) to read as follows:
- 9 "(h) The amount of the special assessment assessed under
- 10 subsection (g) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid
- 11 regular monthly common assessments that were assessed during the
- 12 [twelve] six months immediately preceding the completion of the
- 13 judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure."
- 14 SECTION 50. Section 514B-146, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended by amending subsection (h) to read as follows:
- 16 "(h) The amount of the special assessment assessed under
- 17 subsection (g) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid
- 18 regular monthly common assessments that were assessed during the
- 19 [twelve] six months immediately preceding the completion of the
- 20 judicial or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure."
- 21 SECTION 51. Section 667-53, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 22 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:



H.B. NO. 1875 H.D. 1

1	"(a) An owner-occupant of a residential property that is
2	subject to nonjudicial foreclosure under part II may convert the
3	action to a judicial foreclosure provided that:

- (1) A petition conforming to section 667-54 shall be filed 4 with the circuit court in the circuit where the 5 6 residential property is located, stating that the owner-occupant of the property elects to convert the 7 nonjudicial foreclosure to a judicial foreclosure 8 9 proceeding no later than thirty days after the 10 foreclosure notice is served on the owner-occupant as 11 required by section 667-22;
- Within forty-five days of the filing of the petition, 12 (2) all owner-occupants and mortgagors of an interest in 13 the residential property whose interests are pledged 14 15 or otherwise encumbered by the mortgage that is being 16 foreclosed and all persons who have signed the 17 promissory note or other instrument evidencing the debt secured by the mortgage that is being foreclosed, 18 19 including without limitation co-obligors and 20 quarantors, shall file a statement in the circuit 21 court action that they agree to submit themselves to the judicial process and the jurisdiction of the 22

1		circuit court; provided further that if this condition
2		is not satisfied, the circuit court action may be
3		dismissed with prejudice as to the right of any owner
4		occupant to convert the action to a judicial
5		proceeding, and the mortgagee may proceed
6		nonjudicially;
7	(3)	Filing a petition pursuant to paragraph (1) shall
8	·	automatically stay the nonjudicial foreclosure action
9		unless and until the judicial proceeding has been
10		dismissed;
11	(4)	The person filing the petition pursuant to paragraph
12		(1) shall have an affirmative duty to promptly notify
13		the Hawaii attorney who is handling the nonjudicial
14		foreclosure about the filing of the complaint for
15		conversion;
16	(5)	All parties joined in the converted judicial
17		proceeding may assert therein any claims and defenses
18		that they could have asserted had the action
19		originally been commenced as a judicial foreclosure
20		action; and
21	(6)	The fee for filing the petition shall be \$250, which
22		shall be deposited into the [mortgage foreclosure

1	dispute resolution special fund established under
2	section 667-86.] compliance resolution fund."
3	PART V
4	SECTION 52. Act 48, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, is
5	amended as follows:
6	1. By amending section 10 to read:
7	"SECTION 10. Section 454M-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
9	"(a) A mortgage servicer licensed or acting under this
10	chapter, in addition to any other duties imposed by law, shall:
11	(1) Safeguard and account for any money handled for the
12	borrower;
13	(2) Act with reasonable skill, care, timeliness,
14	promptness, and diligence;
15	(3) Disclose to the commissioner in the servicer's license
16	application and each yearly renewal a complete,
17	current schedule of the ranges of costs and fees it
18	charges borrowers for its servicing-related
19	activities;
20	(4) File a report with each yearly renewal statement in a
21	form and format acceptable to the director detailing
22	the servicer's activities in this State, including:

1	(A)	The number of mortgage loans the servicer is
2		servicing;
3	(B)	The type and characteristics of loans serviced in
4		this State;
5	(C)	The number of serviced loans in default, along
6		with a breakdown of thirty-, sixty-, and ninety-
7		day delinquencies;
8	(D)	Information on loss mitigation activities,
9		including details on workout arrangements
10		undertaken;
11	(E)	Information on foreclosures commenced in this
12		State;
13	(F)	The affiliations of the mortgage servicer,
14		including any lenders or mortgagees for which the
15		mortgage servicer provides service, any
16		subsidiary or parent entities of the mortgage
17		servicer, and a description of the authority held
18		by the mortgage servicer through its
19		affiliations; and
20	(G)	Any other information that the commissioner may
21		require, and

1	(5)	Maintain an office in the State that is staffed by at
2		least one agent or employee for the purposes of
3		addressing consumer inquiries or complaints and
4		accepting service of process; provided that the
5		mortgage servicer's business constitutes at least a
6		twenty per cent share of the portion of the total
7		mortgage loan service market in the State that was
8		serviced by mortgage servicers licensed under this
9		chapter within the previous calendar year; and
10		provided further that nothing in this section shall
11		prohibit a mortgagee as defined by section [667-21]
12		667-1 or a mortgage servicer from contracting with a
13		licensee that maintains an office in this State in
14		conformity with this section for the purposes of
15		addressing consumer inquiries or complaints and
16		accepting service of process."
17	2.	By amending section 45 to read:
18	"SEC	TION 45. This Act shall take effect upon its approval
19	provided	that:

(1) The mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program established by section 1 of this Act shall be operative no later than October 1, 2011;

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21

1	(2)	[Sections] Section 1[, 13, and 14] shall be repealed
2		on September 30, 2014 [, and sections 514A 90(h) and
3		514B-146(h), Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be
4		reenacted in the form in which they read on the day
5		before the effective date of this Act];
6	(3)	Section 10 shall take effect on July 1, 2012;
7	[-(4) -	Section 5 shall be repealed on December 31, 2012;]
8	[(5)]	(4) Section 7 shall be repealed on September 30,
9		2014, and section 26-9(o), Hawaii Revised Statutes,
10		shall be reenacted in the form in which it read on the
11		day before the effective date of this Act; and
12	[(6)]	(5) Upon the repeal of section 1, all moneys
13		remaining in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
14		resolution special fund established under section 667-
15		P, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be transferred to
16		the compliance resolution fund established under
17		section 26-9(o), Hawaii Revised Statutes."
18		PART VI
19	SECT	ION 53. Section 667-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	repealed.	
21	[" §6 (57-5 Foreclosure under power of sale; notice;
22	affidavit	after sale; deficiency judgments. (a) When a power
	HB1875 HD	1 LRB 12-1127 doc

1	or sale is contained in a moregage, and where the moregagee, end
2	mortgagee's successor in interest, or any person-authorized by
3	the power to act in the premises, desires to foreclose under
4	power of sale upon breach of a condition of the mortgage, the
5	mortgagee, successor, or person shall be represented by an
6	attorney who is licensed to practice law in the State and is
7	physically located in the State. The attorney shall:
8	(1) Give notice of the mortgagee's, successor's, or
9	person's intention to foreclose the mortgage and of
10	the sale of the mortgaged property as follows:
11	(A) By serving, not less than twenty one days before
12	the date of sale, written notice of intent to
13	foreclose-on-all persons-entitled to-notice under
14	this part in the same manner as service of a
15	civil complaint under chapter 634 and the Hawaii
16	rules of civil procedure; provided that in the
17	case of nonjudicial foreclosure of a lien by an
18	association against a mortgagor who is not an
19	owner-occupant, the association shall mail the
20	notice by certified or registered mail, not less
21	than twenty-one days before the date of sale, to
22	(i) The unit owner at the address shown in the

1	records of the association and, if
2	different, at the address of the unit being
3	foreclosed; and
4	(ii) All mortgage creditors whose names are known
5	or can be discovered by the association; and
6	(B) By publication of the notice once in each of
7	three successive weeks, constituting three
8	publications with the last publication to be not
9	less than fourteen days before the day of sale,
10	in a daily newspaper having the largest general
11	circulation in the specific county in which the
12	mortgaged property lies; provided that for
13	property located in a county with a population of
14	more than one hundred thousand but less than
15	three hundred thousand, the public notice shall
16	be published in the newspaper having the largest
17	circulation expressly in the eastern or western
18	half of the county, corresponding to the location
19	of the subject property;
20	(2) Give notice of the mortgagor's right to elect to
21	participate in the mortgage foreclosure dispute
22	resolution program pursuant to section 667 75 or to

1		convert the nonjudicial power of sale foreciosure to a
2		judicial foreclosure pursuant to section 667-53; and
3	(3)	Give any notices and do all acts as authorized or
4		required by the power contained in the mortgage.
5	(d) -	-Copies of the notice required under subsection (a)
6	shall be:	
7	(1)	Filed with the state director of taxation; and
8	-(2-)-	Posted on the premises not less than twenty one days
9		before the day of sale.
10	(c)	Upon the request of any person entitled to notice
11	pursuant	to this section and sections 667 5.5 and 667 6, the
12	attorney,	the mortgagee, successor, or person represented by the
13	attorney	shall disclose to the requestor the following
14	informati	on:
15	(1)	The amount to cure the default, together with the
16		estimated-amount of the foreclosing-mortgagee's
17		attorneys' fees and costs, and all other fees and
18		costs estimated to be incurred by the foreclosing
19		mortgagee related to the default prior to the auction
20		within five business days of the request; and
21	(2)	The sale price of the mortgaged property once
22		auctioned.

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(d) Any sale, of which notice has been given pursuant to
subsections (a) and (b) may be postponed from time to time by
public announcement made by the mortgagee or by a person acting
on the mortgagee's behalf. Upon request made by any person who
is entitled-to-notice-pursuant to section-667-5.5 or 667-6, or
this section, the mortgagee or person acting on the mortgagee's
behalf-shall-provide the date and time-of a postponed auction,
or if the auction is canceled, information that the auction was
canceled. The mortgagee, within thirty days after selling the
property in pursuance of the power, shall file a copy of the
notice of sale and the mortgagee's affidavit, setting forth the
mortgagee's acts in the premises fully and particularly, in the
bureau of conveyances.
     (e) The mortgagee or other person, excluding an
association, who completes the nonjudicial foreclosure of a
mortgage or other lien on residential property pursuant to this
part shall not be entitled to pursue or obtain a deficiency
judgment against an owner occupant of the residential property
who, at the time the notice of intent to foreclose is served,
does not have a fee simple or leasehold ownership interest in any
other real property.
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Nothing in this section shall prohibit any other mortgagee



- 1 or person who holds a lien on the residential property subject to
- 2 the nonjudicial foreclosure, whose lien is subordinate to the
- mortgage being foreclosed and is extinguished by the nonjudicial 3
- foreclosure-sale, from pursuing a monetary-judgment against an 4
- 5 owner-occupant.
- 6 (f) Subject to the requirements of part V, the affidavit and
- copy of the notice shall be recorded and indexed by the 7
- registrar, in the manner provided in chapter 501 or 502, as the 8
- 9 case may be-
- (g) This-section is inapplicable if the mortgagee is 10
- foreclosing as to personal property only."] 11
- SECTION 54. Section 667-5.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 12
- 13 repealed.
- ["[\$667-5.7] Public sale. At any public sale pursuant to 14
- 15 section 667-5, the successful bidder at the public sale, as the
- 16 purchaser, shall not be required to make a downpayment to the
- 17 foreclosing mortgagee of more than ten per cent of the highest
- successful bid-price."] 18
- 19 SECTION 55. Section 667-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 repealed.
- 21 ["§667-6 Notice to mortgage creditors. Whenever a
- 22 mortgage ereditor having a mortgage lien on certain premises





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1
    desires notice that another mortgage creditor having a mortgage
    lien on the same premises intends to forcelose the mortgage and
2
3
    sell the mortgaged property pursuant to a power of sale under
    section 667-5, the mortgage-creditor may submit a written
4
    request to the mortgagee foreclosing or who may foreclose the
5
6
    mortgage by power of sale, to receive notice of the mortgagee's
7
    intention to foreclose the mortgage under power of sale. This
    request for notice may be submitted any time after the
8
    recordation or filing of the subject mortgage at the bureau of
9
10
    conveyances or the land court, but must be submitted prior to
11
    the completion of the publication of the mortgagee's notice of
12
    intention to foreclose the mortgage and of the sale of the
    mortgaged property. This request shall be signed by the
13
14
    mortgage creditor, or its authorized representative, desiring to
    receive notice, specifying the name and address of the person to
15
    whom the notice is to be mailed. The mortgagee receiving the
16
    request shall thereafter give notice to all mortgage creditors
17
18
    who have timely submitted their request. The notice shall be
19
    sent by-mail or otherwise communicated to the mortgage
20
    ereditors, not less than seven calendar days prior to the date
21
    of sale.
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1
         No request for copy of any notice pursuant to this section
2
    nor any statement or allegation in any such request nor any
    record thereof-shall-affect the title to real property or be
3
    deemed notice to any person that any party requesting copy of
4
    the notice has or claims any right, title, or interest in, or
5
6
    lien or charge upon the property described in the mortgage
7
    referred to therein."
8
         SECTION 56. Section 667-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9
    repealed.
10
         ["$667-7 Notice, contents; affidavit. (a) The notice of
11
    intention of forcelosure shall contain:
         (1) A description of the mortgaged property; and
12
         (2) A statement of the time and place proposed for the
13
14
              sale thereof at any time after the expiration of four
15
              weeks from the date when first advertised.
16
         -(b) The affidavit described under section 667 5 may
17
    lawfully be made by any person duly authorized to act for the
    mortgagee, and in such capacity conducting the foreclosure. "]
18
19
         SECTION 57. Section 667-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20
    repealed.
21
         ["§667-8-Affidavit-as-evidence, when. If it appears by
22
    the affidavit that the affiant has in all respects complied with
    HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc
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1
    the requirements of the power of sale and the statute, in
2
    relation to all things to be done by the affiant before selling
    the property, and has sold the same in the manner required by
3
    the power, the affidavit, or a duly certified copy of the record
 4
    thereof, shall be admitted as evidence that the power of sale
5
6
    was-duly executed."]
         SECTION 58. Section 667-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7
8
    repealed.
         ["[§667-14] Recordation of foreclosure notice. The
9
10
    foreclosing mortgagee may record a copy of the foreclosure
    notice-with the assistant registrar of the land court or the
11
    bureau of conveyances, as appropriate, in a manner similar to
12
    recordation of notices of pendency of action under section 501
13
    151 or section 634-51, as applicable. The recorded notice shall
14
    have the same effect as a notice of pendency of action. From
15
16
    and after the recordation of the notice, any person who becomes
    a purchaser or encumbrancer of the mortgaged property shall be
17
18
    deemed to have constructive notice of the power of sale
    foreclosure and shall be bound by the foreclosure.] "
19
20
         SECTION 59. Section 667-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
    repealed.
21
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["[\$667-15] Location of public sale following power of



22

1	sale foreclosure. The public sale of the mortgaged property		
2	shall be held only on grounds or at facilities under the		
3	administr	ration of the State, as follows:	
4	(1)	At the state capitol, for a public sale of mortgaged	
5		property located in the city and county of Honolulu;	
6	(2)	At a state facility in Hilo, for a public-sale-of	
7		mortgaged property located in the eastern portion of	
8		the county of Hawaii;	
9	(3)	At a state facility in Kailua Kona, for a public sale	
10		of mortgaged property located in the western portion	
11		of the county of Hawaii;	
12	-(4)	At a state facility in the county seat of Maui, for a	
13		public sale of mortgaged property located in the	
14		county of Maui; and	
15	(5)	At a state facility in the county seat of Kauai, for a	
16		public sale of mortgaged property located in the	
17		county of Kauai;	
18	as design	ated by the department of accounting and general	
19	services;	provided that no public sale shall be held on grounds	
20	or at-facilities under the administration of the judiciary. Th		
21	public-sale shall be held during business hours on a business		
22	day. "]		

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1
         SECTION 60. Section 667-21.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2
    repealed.
         ["[$667-21.6] Forcelogure of association lien; cure of
3
4
    default. If a unit owner notifies the association or its
5
    attorney by certified mail return receipt requested or by hand-
6
    delivery within five business days following a response to the
    unit-owner's request for the amount to cure a default, together
7
    with an estimated amount of the foreclosing association's
8
    attorneys' fees and costs, and all other fees and costs related
9
    to the default estimated to be incurred by the foreclosing
10
11
    association, that it intends to cure the default, the
    association shall-allow sixty calendar days to the unit owner to
12
    cure the default. The association shall not reject a reasonable
13
14
    payment plan for cure of the default; provided that a reasonable
    plan shall require the owner to pay at a minimum the current
15
    maintenance fee and some amount-owed on the past due balance.
16
    From and after the date that the unit owner gives written notice
17
18
    to the association of its intent to cure the delinquency, any
19
    nonjudicial foreclosure of the lien shall be stayed pending the
20
    sixty day period or a longer period that is agreed upon by the
    parties."]
21
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SECTION 61. Section 667-50, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 1 2 repealed. ["[8667-50] Definitions. For purposes of this chapter, 3 "forcelosure notice" shall mean notice of intention to forcelose 4 5 given pursuant to section 667-5 or notice of default and intention to forcelose prepared pursuant to section 667-22."] 6 7 SECTION 62. Section 667-60, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 repealed. 9 ["[§667-60] Unfair or deceptive act or practice.—Any 10 foreclosing-mortgagee who violates this chapter shall have committed an unfair or deceptive act or practice under section 11 12 480-2."] SECTION 63. Section 667-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 13 14 repealed. 15 ["[\$667-61] Definitions. For the purposes-of-sections 667-62 to 667-65, "time share interest" shall have the same 16 17 meaning as in section 514E-1."] 18 SECTION 64. Section 667-72, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 19 repealed. 20 ["[§667-72] Definitions. As used in this part: 21 "Approved budget and credit counselor" means a budget and 22 credit counseling agency that has received approval from a

- United States trustee or bankruptcy administrator to provide 1 2 instructional courses concerning personal financial management pursuant to Title 11 United States Code section 111. 3 4 "Approved housing counselor" means a housing counseling 5 agency that has received approval from the United States 6 Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide housing 7 counseling-services-pursuant to section 106(a)(2) of the Housing 8 and Urban Development Act of 1968, Title 12 United States Code 9 section 1701x. 10 "Association" has the same meaning as in sections 514B 3 11 and 421J 2. 12 "Department" means the department of commerce and consumer 13 affairs. 14 "Director" means the director of commerce and consumer 15 affairs. "Dispute resolution" means a facilitated negotiation 16 17 between a mortgagor and mortgagee for the purpose of reaching an 18 agreement for mortgage loan modification or other agreement in 19 an attempt to avoid forcelosure or to mitigate damages if foreclosure is unavoidable, 20 21 "Mortgagee" has the same meaning as the term is defined in
 - HB1875 HD1 LRB 12-1127.doc

section 667 21.

22

1	"Mortgagor" has the same meaning as the term is defined in		
2	section 667-21.		
3	"Neutral" means a person who is a dispute resolution		
4	specialist assigned to facilitate the dispute resolution process		
5	required by this part.		
6	"Owner occupant" means a person, at the time that a notice		
7	of default and intention to foreclose is served on the mortgagor		
8	under the power of sale:		
9	(1) Who owns an interest in the residential property, and		
10	the interest is encumbered by the mortgage being		
11	foreclosed; and		
12	(2) For whom the residential property is and has been the		
13	person's primary residence for a continuous period of		
14	not less than two hundred days immediately preceding		
15	the date on which the notice is served."]		
16	SECTION 65. In codifying the new sections added by		
17	sections 2 and 3 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall		
18	substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in		
19	designating the new sections in this Act.		
20	SECTION 66. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed		
21	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		

H.B. NO. H.D. 1

1	SECT	ION 67. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
2	provided	that:
3	(1)	Section 667-60, Hawaii Revised Statutes, in section 3
4		of this Act, shall take effect on October 1, 2014;
5	(2)	Section 10 of this Act, amending section 607-5(a) and
6		(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes, and the amendments made
7		to section 667-53(a)(6), Hawaii Revised Statutes, in
8		section 26 of this Act, shall take effect on August
9		15, 2012;
10	(3)	Section 25 of this Act, amending section 667-41,
11		Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall take effect on
12		September 1, 2012;
13	(4)	Sections 47, 48, 49, 50, and 51 in part IV of this
14		Act, amending sections 421J-A(h), 454M-10, 514A-90,
15		514B-146, and 667-53(a)(6), Hawaii Revised Statutes,
16		shall take effect on September 30, 2014; and
17	(5)	The amendments made to section 10 of Act 48, Session
18		Laws of Hawaii 2011, in section 52 of this Act, shall
19		take effect on June 30, 2012.

Report Title:

Mortgage Foreclosures; Homeowner Association Liens and Assessments

Description:

Implements the 2011 recommendations of the mortgage foreclosure task force to address various issues relating to the mortgage foreclosures law and related issues affecting homeowner association liens and the collection of unpaid assessments. Repeals the nonjudicial foreclosure process under part I of chapter 667, HRS. Repeals the provision automatically making all violations of the mortgage foreclosure law an unfair or deceptive act or practice. Following the expiration of the mortgage foreclosure dispute resolution program in 2014, specifies certain foreclosure violations as unfair or deceptive acts or practices, limits the types of violations that may void a title transfer of foreclosed property, and establishes a time limit for filing actions to void title transfers of foreclosed property.

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