A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO COMMUNICATION SERVICE PROVIDERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 803-42, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 3 "(b) (1) It shall not be unlawful under this part for an operator of a switchboard, or an officer, employee, or 5 agent of a provider of wire or electronic communication services, whose facilities are used in the transmission of a wire communication, to intercept, disclose, or use that communication in the 8 9 normal course of the officer's, employee's, or agent's 10 employment while engaged in any activity that is 11 either a necessary incident to the rendition of the 12 officer's, employee's, or agent's service or to the 13 protection of the rights or property of the provider 14 of that service; provided that providers of wire 15 communication service to the public shall not utilize 16 service observing or random monitoring except for **17** mechanical or service quality control checks[-];

1	(2)	It shall not be unlawful under this part for an
2		officer, employee, or agent of the Federal
3		Communications Commission, in the normal course of the
4		officer's, employee's, or agent's employment and in
5		discharge of the monitoring responsibilities exercised
6		by the Commission in the enforcement of Title 47,
7		chapter 5, of the United States Code, to intercept a
8		wire or electronic communication, or oral
9		communication transmitted by radio, or to disclose or
10		use the information thereby obtained[\div];
11	(3)	(A) It shall not be unlawful under this part for a
12		person not acting under color of law to intercept
13		a wire, oral, or electronic communication when
14		the person is a party to the communication or
15		when one of the parties to the communication has
16		given prior consent to the interception unless
17		the communication is intercepted for the purpose
18		of committing any criminal or tortious act in
19		violation of the Constitution or laws of the
20		United States or of this State[-]; and

(B) It shall not be unlawful for a person acting

under color of law to install in any private

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place, without consent of the person or persons
entitled to privacy therein, any device for
recording, amplifying, or broadcasting sounds or
events in that place, or use of any such
unauthorized installation, or installation or use
outside a private place of such device to
intercept sounds originating in that place which
would not ordinarily be audible or comprehensible
outside[-];

- (4) It shall not be unlawful under this part for a person acting under color of law to intercept a wire, oral, or electronic communication, when the person is a party to the communication or one of the parties to the communication has given prior consent to the interception[-];
- (5) It shall not be unlawful under this part for any person to intercept a wire, oral, or electronic communication or to disclose or use the contents of an intercepted communication, when such interception is pursuant to a valid court order under this chapter or as otherwise authorized by law; provided that a communications provider with knowledge of an

Ţ		interception of communications accomplished through
2		the use of the communications provider's facilities
3		shall report the fact and duration of the interception
4		to the administrative director of the courts of this
5		State[+];
6	(6)	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,
7		providers of wire or electronic communication service,
8		their officers, employees, and agents, landlords,
9		custodians, or other persons, are authorized to
10		provide information, facilities, or technical
11		assistance to persons authorized by law to intercept
12		or access wire, oral, or electronic communications, to
13		conduct electronic surveillance, or to install a pen
14		register or trap and trace device if such provider,
15		its officers, employees, or agents, landlord,
16		custodian, or other specified person, has been

- (A) A court order directing such assistance signed by the designated judge; or
- (B) A certification in writing from the Attorney

 General of the United States, the Deputy Attorney

 General of the United States, the Associate

provided with:

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Attorney General of the United States, the
attorney general of the State of Hawaii, or the
prosecuting attorney for each county that no
warrant or court order is required by law, that
all statutory requirements have been met, and
that the specific assistance is required, setting
forth the period of time during which the
providing of the information, facilities, or
technical assistance is authorized and specifying
the information, facilities, or technical
assistance required.

No provider of wire or electronic communication service, officer, employee, or agent thereof, or landlord, custodian, or other specified person shall disclose the existence of any access, interception, or surveillance or the device used to accomplish the interception or surveillance for which the person has been furnished a court order or certification under this part, except as may otherwise be required by legal process and then only after prior

1			notification to the party that provided the court
2			order or certification.
3			No cause of action shall lie in any court
4			against any provider of wire or electronic
5			communication service, its officers, employees,
6			or agents, landlord, custodian, or other
7			specified person for providing information,
8			facilities, or assistance in accordance with the
9 -			terms of a court order or certification under
10			this part[+];
11	(7)	It s	hall not be unlawful under this part for any
12		pers	on:
13		(A)	To intercept or access an electronic
14			communication made through an electronic
15			communication system configured so that the
16			electronic communication is readily accessible to
17			the general public[-];
18		(B)	To intercept any radio communication that is
19			transmitted:
20			(i) By any station for the use of the general
21			public, or that relates to ships, aircraft,
22			vehicles, or persons in distress;

1	(ii)	By any governmental, law enforcement, civil
2		defense, private land mobile, or public
3		safety communications system, including
4		police and fire, readily accessible to the
5		general public;
6	(iii)	By a station operating on an authorized
7		frequency within the bands allocated to the
8		amateur, citizens band, or general mobile
9		radio services; or
10	(iv)	By any marine or aeronautical communications
11		system[-];
12	(C) To e	ngage in any conduct that:
13	(i)	Is prohibited by section 633 of the
14		Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. §553);
15		or
16	(ii)	Is excepted from the application of section
17		705(a) of the Communications Act of 1934 by
18		section 705(b) of that Act (47 U.S.C.
19		§605) [÷] <u>;</u>
20	(D) To i	ntercept any wire or electronic communication
21	the	transmission of which is causing harmful
22	inte	rference to any lawfully operating station or

1			consumer electronic equipment to the extent
2			necessary to identify the source of the
3			interference; and
4		(E)	For other users of the same frequency to
5			intercept any radio communication made through a
6			system that uses frequencies monitored by
7			individuals engaged in the providing or the use
8			of the system, if the communication is not
9			scrambled or encrypted[-];
10	(8)	It s	hall not be unlawful under this part:
11		(A)	To use a pen register or a trap and trace device
12			as specified in this part[-];
13		(B)	For a provider of electronic communication
14			service to record the fact that a wire or
15			electronic communication was initiated or
16			completed in order to protect the provider,
17			another provider furnishing service toward the
18			completion of the wire or electronic
19			communication, or a user of that service, from
20			the fraudulent, unlawful, or abusive use of such
21			service[-];

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2		communication service to use a pen register or a
3		trap and trace device for purposes relating to
4		the operation, maintenance, and testing of the
5		wire or electronic communication service or to
6		the protection of the rights or property of the
7		provider, or to the protection of users of that
8		service from abuse of service or unlawful use of
9		service[-]; and
10		(D) To use a pen register or a trap and trace device
l1		where consent of the user of the service has been
12		obtained[-];
13	(9)	Good faith reliance upon a court order shall be a
14		complete defense to any criminal prosecution for
15		illegal interception, disclosure, or use[-];
16	(10)	Except as provided in this section, a person or entity
17		providing an electronic communication service to the
18		public shall not intentionally divulge the contents of
19		any <u>such</u> communication (other than a communication to
20		the person or entity or an agent thereof) while in
21		transmission on that service to any person or entity
22		other than an addressee or intended recipient of the

(C) For a provider of electronic or wire

1		communication or an agent of the addressee or intended		
2		recipient[-];		
3	(11)	A pe	rson or entity providing electronic communication	
4		serv	ice to the public may divulge the contents of any	
5		such	communication:	
6		(A)	As otherwise authorized by a court order or under	
7			this part;	
8		(B)	With the lawful consent of the originator,	
9			addressee, or intended recipient of the	
10			communication;	
11		(C)	To a person employed or authorized, or whose	
12			facilities are used, to forward the communication	
13			to its destination; [or]	
14		(D)	That was inadvertently obtained by the service	
15			provider and that appears to pertain to the	
16			commission of a crime, if divulged to a law	
17			enforcement agency[→]; or	
18		<u>(E)</u>	To a governmental entity, if the provider, in	
19			good faith, believes that an emergency involving	
20	,		danger of death or serious physical injury to any	
21			person requires disclosure without delay of	
22			communications relating to the emergency, and is	

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1	provided with a certification in writing from the
2	governmental entity that provides the facts and
3	circumstances establishing the existence of the
4	emergency, that the specific disclosure is
5	required, setting forth the period of time during
6	which the providing of the information,
7	facilities, or technical assistance is authorized
8	and specifying the information, facilities, or
9	technical assistance required.
10	No cause of action shall lie in any court against any
11	provider of wire or electronic communication service, its
12	officers, employees, or agents, landlord, custodian, or other
13	specified person for providing information, facilities, or
14	assistance in accordance with the terms of a certification under
15	this part."
16	SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
17	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
18	SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on January 7, 2059.

Report Title:

Communication; Service Providers; Privacy; Disclosure; Prosecuting Attorney's Office Package

Description:

Allows electronic communication service providers to voluntarily disclose electronic communications to a governmental agency where an emergency involving danger of death or serious physical injury to any person requires such disclosure without delay. Requires written certification of the emergency by the governmental entity. Effective January 7, 2059. (HB1776 HD1)

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