### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 805, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
3	and to read as follows:
4	"§805- Dismissal. (a) By prosecutor. The prosecutor,
5	by leave of court, may dismiss a charge and the prosecution
6	shall thereupon terminate. Such a dismissal may not be filed
7	during the trial without the consent of the defendant.
8	(b) By court. Except in the case of traffic offenses that
9	are not punishable by imprisonment, the court, on motion of the
10	defendant, shall dismiss the charge, with or without prejudice
11	in its discretion, if trial is not commenced within six months:
12	(1) From the date of arrest if bail is set or from the
13	filing of the charge, whichever is sooner, on any
14	offense based on the same conduct or arising from the
15	same criminal episode for which the arrest or charge
16	was made;

1	(2)	From the date of re-arrest or re-filing of the charge,
2		in cases where an initial charge was dismissed upon
3		motion of the defendant; or
4	(3)	From the date of mistrial, order granting a new trial
5		or remand, in cases where such events require a new
6		<u>trial.</u>
7	Subsection	n (b)(1) and (b)(2) shall not be applicable to any
8	offense f	or which the arrest was made or the charge was filed
9	before the	e effective date of this Act.
10	<u>(c)</u>	Excluded periods. The following periods shall be
11	excluded	in computing the time for trial commencement:
12	(1)	Periods that delay the commencement of trial and are
13		caused by collateral or other proceedings concerning
14		the defendant, including but not limited to penal
15		irresponsibility examinations and periods during which
16		the defendant is incompetent to stand trial, pretrial
17		motions, interlocutory appeals, and trials of other
18		charges;
19	(2)	Periods that delay the commencement of trial and are
20		caused by congestion of the trial docket when the
21		congestion is attributable to exceptional
22		circumstances;

1	<u>(3)</u>	Peri	ods that delay the commencement of trial and are
2		caus	ed by a continuance granted at the request or with
3		the	consent of the defendant or defendant's counsel;
4	(4)	Peri	ods that delay the commencement of trial and are
5		caus	ed by a continuance granted at the request of the
6		pros	ecutor if:
7		(A)	The continuance is granted because of the
8			unavailability of evidence material to the
9			prosecution's case, when the prosecutor has
10			exercised due diligence to obtain such evidence
11			and there are reasonable grounds to believe that
12			such evidence will be available at a later date;
13			<u>or</u>
14		(B)	The continuance is granted to allow the
15			prosecutor additional time to prepare the
16			prosecutor's case and additional time is
17			justified because of the exceptional
18			circumstances of the case;
19	(5)	Peri	ods that delay the commencement of trial and are
20		caus	ed by the absence or unavailability of the
21		defe	ndant;

1	(6)	The period between a dismissal of the charge by the
2		prosecutor to the time of arrest or filing of a new
3		charge, whichever is sooner, for the same offense or
4		an offense required to be joined with that offense;
5	(7)	A reasonable period of delay when the defendant is
6		joined for trial with a codefendant as to whom the
7		time for trial has not run and there is good cause for
8		not granting a severance; and
9	(8)	Other periods of delay for good cause.
10	(d)	Per se excludable and includable periods of time for
11	purposes	of subsection (c)(1).
12	(1)	For purposes of subsection (c)(1), the period of time,
13		from the filing through the prompt disposition of the
14		following motions filed by a defendant, shall be
15		deemed to be periods of delay resulting from
16		collateral or other proceedings concerning the
17		defendant: motions to dismiss, to suppress, for
18		voluntariness hearing heard before trial, to sever
19		counts or defendants, for disqualification of the
20		prosecutor, for withdrawal of counsel including the
21		time period for appointment of new counsel if so
22		ordered, for mental examination, to continue trial,

1		for transfer to the circuit court, for remand from the
2		circuit court, for change of venue, to secure the
3		attendance of a witness by a material witness order,
4		and to secure the attendance of a witness from without
5		the state.
6	(2)	For purposes of subsection (c)(1), the period of time,
7		from the filing through the prompt disposition of the
8		following motions or court papers, shall be deemed not
9		to be excluded in computing the time for trial
10		commencement: notice of alibi, requests/motions for
11		discovery, and motions in limine, for voluntariness
12		hearing heard at trial, for bail reduction, for
13		release pending trial, for bill of particulars, to
14		strike surplusage from the charge, for return of
15		property, for discovery sanctions, for litigation
16		expenses and for depositions.
17	(3)	The criteria provided in subsection (c) shall be
18		applied to motions that are not listed in subsection
19		(d)(1) and (d)(2) in determining whether the
20		associated periods of time may be excluded in
21		computing the time for trial commencement.
22	(e)	This section shall not apply to section 709-906."

1	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 806, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended b	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
3	and to re	ad as follows:
4	" <u>§80</u>	6- Dismissal. (a) By prosecutor. The prosecutor
5	may, by l	eave of court, file a dismissal of a charge and the
6	prosecuti	on shall thereupon terminate. Such a dismissal may not
7	be filed	during the trial without the consent of the defendant.
8	(b)	By court. Except in the case of traffic offenses that
9	are not p	unishable by imprisonment, the court, on motion of the
10	defendant	, shall dismiss the charge, with or without prejudice
11	in its di	scretion, if trial is not commenced within 6 months:
12	(1)	From the date of arrest if bail is set or from the
13		filing of the charge, whichever is sooner, on any
14		offense based on the same conduct or arising from the
15		same criminal episode for which the arrest or charge
16		was made;
17	(2)	From the date of re-arrest or re-filing of the charge,
18		in cases where an initial charge was dismissed upon
19		motion of the defendant; or
20	(3)	From the date of mistrial, order granting a new trial
21		or remand, in cases where such events require a new
22	•	trial.

1	Subsection	n (b)(1) and (b)(2) shall not be applicable to any
2	offense f	or which the arrest was made or the charge was filed
3	before th	e effective date of this Act.
4	(c)	Excluded periods. The following periods shall be
5	excluded	in computing the time for trial commencement:
6	(1)	Periods that delay the commencement of trial and are
7		caused by collateral or other proceedings concerning
.8		the defendant, including but not limited to penal
9		irresponsibility examinations and periods during which
10		the defendant is incompetent to stand trial, pretrial
11		motions, interlocutory appeals, and trials of other
12		charges;
13	(2)	Periods that delay the commencement of trial and are
14		caused by congestion of the trial docket when the
15		congestion is attributable to exceptional
16		circumstances;
17	(3)	Periods that delay the commencement of trial and are
18		caused by a continuance granted at the request or with
19		the consent of the defendant or defendant's counsel;
20	(4)	Periods that delay the commencement of trial and are
21		caused by a continuance granted at the request of the
22		prosecutor if:



1		(A) The continuance is granted because of the
2		unavailability of evidence material to the
3		prosecution's case, when the prosecutor has
4		exercised due diligence to obtain such evidence
5		and there are reasonable grounds to believe that
6		such evidence will be available at a later date
7		<u>or</u>
8		(B) The continuance is granted to allow the
9		prosecutor additional time to prepare the
10		prosecutor's case and additional time is
11		justified because of the exceptional
12		circumstances of the case;
13	<u>(5)</u>	Periods that delay the commencement of trial and are
14		caused by the absence or unavailability of the
15		<pre>defendant;</pre>
16	(6)	The period between a dismissal of the charge by the
17		prosecutor to the time of arrest or filing of a new
18		charge, whichever is sooner, for the same offense or
19		an offense required to be joined with that offense;
20	(7)	A reasonable period of delay when the defendant is
21		joined for trial with a codefendant as to whom the

1		time for trial has not run and there is good cause for
2		not granting a severance; and
3	(8)	Other periods of delay for good cause.
4	(d)	Per se excludable and includable periods of time for
5	purposes	of subsection (c)(1).
6	(1)	For purposes of subsection (c)(1), the period of time,
7		from the filing through the prompt disposition of the
8		following motions filed by a defendant, shall be
9		deemed to be periods of delay resulting from
10		collateral or other proceedings concerning the
11		defendant: motions to dismiss, to suppress, for
12		voluntariness hearing heard before trial, to sever
13		counts or defendants, for disqualification of the
14		prosecutor, for withdrawal of counsel including the
15		time period for appointment of new counsel if so
16		ordered, for mental examination, to continue trial,
17		for transfer to the circuit court, for remand from the
18		circuit court, for change of venue, to secure the
19		attendance of a witness by a material witness order,
20		and to secure the attendance of a witness from without
21		the state.

1	(2)	For purposes of subsection (c)(1), the period of time,
2		from the filing through the prompt disposition of the
3		following motions or court papers, shall be deemed not
4		to be excluded in computing the time for trial
5		commencement: notice of alibi, requests for discovery,
6		motions for discovery, and motions in limine, for
7		voluntariness hearing heard at trial, for bail
8		reduction, for release pending trial, for bill of
9		particulars, to strike surplusage from the charge, for
10		return of property, for discovery sanctions, for
11		litigation expenses and for depositions.
12	(3)	The criteria provided in subsection (c) shall be
13		applied to motions that are not listed in paragraphs
14		(d)(1) and (d)(2) in determining whether the
15		associated periods of time may be excluded in
16		computing the time for trial commencement.
17	(e)	This section shall not apply to section 709-906."
18	SECT	ION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
19	SECT	ION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2012.
20		INTRODUCED BY: Coling May By Request

JAN 1 3 2012

### H.B. NO. /774

#### Report Title:

Criminal Procedure; Dismissal; Abuse of Family or Household Member; Honolulu Prosecutor's Package

#### Description:

Codifies dismissals pursuant to Rule 48, Hawaii rules of penal procedure. Exempts cases for abuse of family or household members charges from the dismissal rule.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

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