

GOV. MSG. NO. 1241

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS HONOLULU

NEIL ABERCROMBIE GOVERNOR

June 20, 2012

The Honorable Shan Tsutsui, President and Members of the Senate Twenty-Sixth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

The Honorable Calvin Say, Speaker and Members of the House Twenty-Sixth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear President Tsutsui, Speaker Say and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 20, 2012, the following bill was signed into law:

SB2776 SD2 HD2 CD1

RELATING TO PUBLIC SAFETY. **Act 139 (12)**

NEIL ABERCROMBIE Governor, State of Hawaii Approved by the Governor
on JUN 2 0 2012
THE SENATE
TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2012
STATE OF HAWAII

ACT 1 3 9

S.B. NO. 2776
S.D. 2
H.D. 2
C.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC SAFETY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 PART I 2 SECTION 1. In June 2011, the governor, chief justice, senate president, house speaker, and director of public safety 3 joined together to begin developing a data-driven justice 4 5 reinvestment strategy to bring out-of-state prisoners back to Hawaii, reduce spending on corrections, and reinvest savings 6 7 generated in strategies that would reduce recidivism and crime and increase public safety. To this end, they sought assistance 8 9 from the Bureau of Justice Assistance, a division of the United 10 States Department of Justice, and the Pew Center on the States. 11 The state leaders established a bipartisan, inter-branch justice 12 reinvestment working group comprising leading state and local 13 officials to receive intensive technical assistance from the 14 Council of State Governments Justice Center. The Council of 15 State Governments Justice Center assisted the working group in 16 analyzing data from every aspect of Hawaii's criminal justice 17 and corrections systems.

1 The analysis revealed that crime and victimization rates 2 have declined, as have arrests and felony convictions for 3 violent and property crimes. However, the population under 4 probation supervision and incarceration has not declined, and in 5 some cases has increased. From fiscal year 2000 to fiscal year 6 2011, the State's prison and jail population grew eighteen per 7 cent, from 5,118 inmates to 6,043 inmates. Expenditures for the 8 corrections division of the department of public safety 9 increased seventy per cent from \$112,000,000 in fiscal year 2000 10 to \$190,000,000 in fiscal year 2011. Approximately one-third of Hawaii's incarcerated population is housed in out-of-state 11 12 facilities. The cost of housing offenders out-of-state was 13 \$45,000,000 in fiscal year 2011. 14 The analysis of the data from Hawaii's criminal justice and 15 corrections systems identified three areas for improvement: 16 pretrial process, parole, and payment of restitution. This Act 17 establishes a statutory structure to improve the criminal 18 justice system, relying on the department of public safety, 19 Hawaii paroling authority, and adult probation services to 20 effectively implement changes to policies and practices. The implementation of these changes to address the target 21

areas is expected to gradually reduce the current incarcerated

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- 1 population and generate savings of approximately five hundred
- 2 beds and \$9,000,000 by the end of fiscal year 2013, eight
- 3 hundred fifty beds and \$19,000,000 in fiscal year 2014, and one
- 4 thousand fifty beds and \$26,000,000 in fiscal year 2015.
- 5 Realizing these savings will require initial and continued
- 6 reinvestment in expanding and strengthening victim services,
- notification, and restitution collection; reentry and community-7
- 8 based treatment programs for pre-trial, probation, and parole
- 9 populations; pretrial and risk assessments; probation and parole
- 10 officers; and research and planning staff in the department of
- 11 public safety.
- 12 This Act will improve the State's criminal justice system
- and increase public safety by focusing on incarceration, 13
- supervision, and treatment in a manner that most efficiently 14
- 15 addresses the recidivism rate, thereby increasing public safety.
- 16 The purpose of this Act is to address the areas of pretrial
- 17 process, parole, and payment of restitution to reduce costly
- 18 inefficiencies, hold offenders more accountable, and reinvest
- 19 savings in more effective public safety strategies.
- 20 PART II
- The pretrial population has increased due to 21 SECTION 2.
- 22 longer lengths of stay. The purpose of this part is to require

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- 1 that an objective assessment be conducted within the first three
- 2 working days of a person's commitment to a community
- 3 correctional center to allow the courts to more quickly exercise
- 4 discretion in determining whether to release a pre-trial
- 5 offender.
- 6 SECTION 3. Section 353-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 "\$353-10 Reentry intake service centers. (a) There shall
- 9 be within the department of public safety, a reentry intake
- 10 service center for adults in each of the counties $[\tau]$ to screen,
- 11 evaluate, and classify the admission of persons to community
- 12 correctional centers and to provide for the successful reentry
- 13 of persons back into the community. Each center shall be
- 14 directed and managed by a manager and shall be staffed by a team
- 15 of psychiatrists, social workers, technicians, and other
- 16 personnel as may be necessary. The director of public safety
- 17 may appoint full-time or part-time professional and clerical
- 18 staff or contract for professional services to carry out the
- 19 duties of the centers as identified in this section.
- 20 (b) The centers shall:
- 21 (1) Provide orientation, guidance, and technical services;

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(2)	Provide social-medical-psychiatric-psychological
	diagnostic evaluation;
(3)	[Provide] Conduct internal pretrial risk assessments
	on adult offenders [for the courts and assist in the
	conduct of presentence assessments on adult offenders
	and the preparation of presentence reports when
	requested by the courts; within three working days of
	admission to a community correctional center which
	shall then be provided to the court for its
	consideration; provided that this paragraph shall not
	apply to persons subject to county or state detainers,
	holds, or persons detained without bail, persons
	detained for probation violation, persons facing
	revocation of bail or supervised release, and persons
	who have had a pretrial risk assessment completed
•	prior to admission to a community correctional center.
	For purposes of this paragraph, "pretrial risk
	assessment" means an objective, research-based,
	validated assessment tool that measures a defendant's
	risk of flight and risk of criminal conduct while on
	pretrial release pending adjudication;

1	(4)	Assist in the conduct of presentence assessments on
2		adult offenders and the preparation of presentence
3		reports when requested by the courts;
4	[(4)]	(5) Provide correctional prescription program
5		planning and security classification;
6	[(5)]	(6) Provide [such] other personal and correctional
7		services as needed for both detained and committed
8		persons;
9	[(6)]	(7) Monitor and record the progress of persons
10	•	assigned to correctional facilities who undergo
i 1		further treatment or who participate in prescribed
12		correctional programs;
13	[(7)]	(8) Ensure that the present and future reentry needs
14		of persons committed to correctional facilities are
15		being evaluated and met in an effective and
16		appropriate manner;
17	[-(8) -]	(9) Provide additional reentry services to include
18		working closely and collaborating with the furlough
19		programs in each county that are currently managed by
20		the department's institutions division;
21	[-(9)]	(10) Work closely and collaborate with the Hawaii
22		paroling authority; and

Ţ	(11) Work Closely and Collaborate with the
2	corrections program services division."
3	PART III
4	SECTION 4. The number of prisoners denied parole has
5	increased. The purpose of this part is to: increase the number
6	of members of the Hawaii paroling authority; require the Hawaii
7	paroling authority to use an objective risk assessment to
8	determine the programs that offenders shall be required to
`9	complete prior to release in order to focus resources on the
10	offenders most likely to benefit from programming and
11	supervision; and reduce recidivism by using swift and certain,
12	yet less costly and severe, responses to parole condition
13	violations.
14	SECTION 5. Section 353-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	"§353-61 Hawaii paroling authority; appointment; tenure;
17	qualifications. (a) Members of the paroling authority shall be
18	nominated by a panel composed of the chief justice of the Hawaii
19	supreme court, the director, the president of the [bar
20	association of Hawaii, Hawaii State Bar Association, a
21	representative designated by the head of the Interfaith Alliance
22	Hawaii, a member from the general public to be appointed by the
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- 1 governor, and the president of the Hawaii chapter of the
- 2 National Association of Social Workers. The panel shall submit
- 3 to the governor the names of not less than three persons,
- 4 designated as the nominees, for chairperson or as a member, for
- 5 each vacancy. The requirement for nomination by the panel
- 6 established under this section shall only apply to a nominee's
- 7 nomination by the governor to an initial term on the paroling
- 8 authority and not to any subsequent consecutive term of a
- 9 sitting paroling authority member or chairperson whose initial
- 10 appointment to office was made pursuant to a nomination by the
- 11 panel.
- 12 (b) The governor shall appoint, in [f] the [f] manner
- 13 prescribed by section 26-34, a paroling authority to be known as
- 14 the Hawaii paroling authority, to consist of [three] five
- 15 members, one of whom shall be designated chairperson.
- 16 Appointments shall be made for terms of four years, commencing
- 17 from the date of expiration of the last preceding term. Any
- 18 vacancy in an unexpired term shall be filled by appointment for
- 19 the [+] remainder [+] of the unexpired term. Nominees to the
- 20 authority shall be selected on the basis of their qualifications
- 21 to make decisions that will be compatible with the welfare of
- 22 the community and of individual offenders, including their

- 1 background and ability for appraisal of offenders and the
- 2 circumstances under which offenses were committed."
- 3 SECTION 6. Section 353-63, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 "§353-63 Service of Hawaii paroling authority members;
- 6 compensation; expenses. The chairperson of the Hawaii paroling
- 7 authority shall serve on a full-time basis. The other [two]
- 8 four members shall serve on a part-time basis. Effective July
- 9 1, [2005] 2012, the chairperson of the Hawaii paroling
- 10 authority shall be paid a salary set at eighty-seven per cent of
- 11 the salary of the director of public safety. The compensation
- 12 of each of the part-time members shall be eighty per cent of the
- 13 hourly wage paid the chairperson. For each hour engaged in the
- 14 official duties of the authority, each part-time member of the
- 15 authority shall be paid an hourly wage at the percentage rate
- 16 specified in this section based on the hourly wage paid the
- 17 chairperson; provided that compensation shall not exceed eighty
- 18 per cent of the total regular working hours in a month; provided
- 19 further that part-time members shall not be entitled to any
- 20 vacation, sick leave, or other benefits except as provided in
- 21 this section. All paroling authority members shall receive
- 22 their necessary expenses for travel and incidentals [which] that

1	shall be paid from appropriations provided the authority for	
2	such purposes, on vouchers approved by the director of public	
3	safety."	
4	SECTION 7. Section 353-66, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
5	amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:	
6	"(e) Any paroled prisoner retaken and reimprisoned as	
7	provided in this chapter shall be confined according to the	
8	paroled prisoner's sentence for that portion of the paroled	
9	prisoner's term remaining unserved at time of parole, but	
10	successive paroles may, in the discretion of the paroling	
11	authority, be granted to the prisoner during the life and in	
12	respect of the sentence. If the paroled prisoner is retaken and	
13	reimprisoned for violating a condition of parole but has not:	
14	(1) Been charged with a new felony offense or a new	
15	misdemeanor offense under chapter 707 or section 709-	
16	906;	
17	(2) Absconded or left the State without permission from	
18	the paroling authority;	
19	(3) Violated conditions applicable to sex offenders, such	
20	as registering as a sex offender or conditions related	
21	to proximity to specified locations or persons; or	

1	(4) Been previously reimprisoned for violating the
2	conditions of parole on the current offense,
3	the paroled prisoner shall be confined for no more than six
4	months or for that portion of the paroled prisoner's term
5	remaining unserved at the time of parole, whichever is shorter,
6	so long as the paroling authority has approved a parole plan as
7	set forth under section 706-670(3) and (4). The minimum term of
8	imprisonment shall be as determined by the court or the paroling
9	authority, as the case may be. The prisoner shall be given
10	credit for time served in custody pending a hearing on
11	revocation of parole as it relates to the six-month parole
12	revocation. No prisoner shall be incarcerated beyond the
13	expiration of the prisoner's maximum term of imprisonment."
14	SECTION 8. Section 706-670, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended by amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
16	"(1) Parole hearing. A person sentenced to an
17	indeterminate term of imprisonment shall receive an initial
18	parole hearing at least one month before the expiration of the
19	minimum term of imprisonment determined by the Hawaii paroling
20	authority pursuant to section 706-669. If the person has been
21	sentenced to multiple terms of imprisonment, the parole hearing
22	shall not be required until at least one month before the

1	expiration of the minimum term that expires last in time. A
2	validated risk assessment shall be used to determine the
3	person's risk of re-offense and suitability for community
4	supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "validated risk
5	assessment" means an actuarial tool to determine a person's
6	likelihood of engaging in future criminal behavior. The
7	department of public safety shall select a research-based risk
8	assessment tool and shall validate the accuracy of the risk
9	assessment tool at least every five years in consultation with
10	the paroling authority. Assessments shall be performed by
11	department of public safety staff who are trained in the use of
12	the risk assessment tool. Except for good cause shown to the
13	paroling authority, a person who is assessed as low risk for re
14	offending shall be granted parole upon completing the minimum
15	sentence, unless the person:
16	(a) Is found to have an extensive criminal history record
17	that is indicative of a likelihood of future criminal
18	behavior in spite of the finding by the risk
19	assessment by the paroling authority;
20	(b) Is found to have committed misconduct while in prison
21	that is equivalent to a misdemeanor or felony crime

1		within thirty-six months of the expiration of the
2		minimum term of imprisonment;
3	<u>(c)</u>	Has any pending felony charges in the State;
4	(d)	Is incarcerated for a sexual offense under part V of
5		chapter 707 or child abuse under part VI of chapter
6	·	707; or
7	<u>(e)</u>	Does not have a parole plan as set forth under section
8		706-670(3) and (4), as approved by, and at the
9		discretion of, the paroling authority.
10	If parole	is not granted at [that time,] the initial parole
11	hearing,	additional hearings shall be held at twelve-month
12	intervals	or less until parole is granted or the maximum period
13	of impris	onment expires. The State shall have the right to be
14	represent	ed at the initial parole hearing and all subsequent
15	parole he	arings by the prosecuting attorney, who may present
16	written t	estimony and make oral comments[and the]. The
17	authority	shall consider the testimony and comments in reaching
18	its decis	ion. The authority shall notify the appropriate
19	prosecuti	ng attorney of the hearing at the time the prisoner is
20	given not	ice of the hearing."
21		PART IV

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- 1 SECTION 9. The purpose of this part is to ensure accountability for victims and offenders by improving the 2 3 collection of restitution by the department of public safety and 4 ensuring that all felony offenders are supervised for a minimum 5 period of time after their release from incarceration. 6 SECTION 10. Section 353-22.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 7 amended to read as follows: "§353-22.6 Victim restitution. The director of public 8 9 safety shall enforce victim restitution orders against all 10 moneys earned by the [prisoner] inmate or deposited or credited 11 to the inmate's individual account while incarcerated. 12 amount deducted [and paid once annually to the victim] shall be 13 [ten] twenty-five per cent of the [prisoner's annual earnings.] total of all moneys earned, new deposits, and credits to the 14 inmate's individual account. The moneys intended for victim 15 16 restitution shall be deducted monthly and paid to the victim once the amount reaches \$25, or annually, whichever is sooner. 17 18 This section shall not apply to moneys earned on work furlough
- 20 SECTION 11. Section 353-69, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 21 amended to read as follows:

pursuant to section 353-17."

1	"§353-69 Parole when. [No] Except as provided in section
2	706-670, no parole shall be granted unless it appears to the
3	Hawaii paroling authority that there is a reasonable probability
4	that the prisoner concerned will live and remain at liberty
5	without violating the law and that the prisoner's release is no
. 6	incompatible with the welfare and safety of society."
7	SECTION 12. Section 706-670, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by amending subsection (3) to read as follows:
9	"(3) Prisoner's plan and participation. Each prisoner
10	shall be given reasonable notice of the prisoner's parole
11	hearing and shall prepare a parole plan, setting forth the
12	manner of life the prisoner intends to lead if released on
13	parole, including specific information as to where and with who
14	the prisoner will reside [and], a phone contact where the
15	prisoner can be reached, and what occupation or employment the
16	prisoner will follow[-], if any. The prisoner shall be paroled
17	in the county where the prisoner had a permanent residence or
18	occupation or employment prior to the prisoner's incarceration,
19	unless the prisoner will: reside in a county in which the
20	population exceeds eight-hundred thousand persons; reside in a
21	county in the State in which the committed person has the
22	greatest family or community support, opportunities for

1	employment,	job training, education, treatment, and other social
2	services, a	s determined by the Hawaii paroling authority; or be
3	released fo	r immediate departure from the State. The
4	institution	al parole staff shall render reasonable aid to the
5	prisoner in	the preparation of the prisoner's plan and in
6	securing in	formation for submission to the authority. In
7	addition, t	he prisoner shall:
8	(a) B	e permitted to consult with any persons whose
9	a	ssistance the prisoner reasonably desires, including
10	t	he prisoner's own legal counsel, in preparing for a
11	h	earing before the authority;
12	(b) B	e permitted to be represented and assisted by counsel
13	a	t the hearing;
14	(c) H	ave counsel appointed to represent and assist the
15	р	risoner if the prisoner so requests and cannot afford
16	t	o retain counsel; and
17	(d) B	e informed of the prisoner's rights as set forth in
18	t	his subsection."
19		PART V

Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed

New statutory material is underscored.

20

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and stricken.

1	SECT	TON 14. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2012;
2	provided	that:
3	(1)	Section 3 shall take effect on January 1, 2013;
4	(2)	Section 7 shall take effect on July 1, 2012, for any
5		individual on parole supervision on or after July 1,
6		2012;
7	(3)	Section 8 shall take effect on July 1, 2012, and shall
8		be applicable to individuals committing an offense on
9		or after that date; and
10	(4)	Sections 3, 7, 8, 10, and 11 shall be repealed on July
11		1, 2018, and sections 353-10, 353-66, 706-670(1), 353-
12	•	22.6, and 353-69, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be
13		reenacted in the form on which it read on June 30,
14		2018.

APPROVED this 20 day of JUN , 2012

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII