

# GOV. MSG. NO. 1224

### EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS HONOLULU

NEIL ABERCROMBIE GOVERNOR

June 15, 2012

The Honorable Shan Tsutsui, President and Members of the Senate Twenty-Sixth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 The Honorable Calvin Say, Speaker and Members of the House Twenty-Sixth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear President Tsutsui, Speaker Say and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 15, 2012, the following bill was signed into law:

SB2695 SD2 HD2 CD1

RELATING TO LIVESTOCK FEED. **Act 122 (12)** 

NEIL ABERCROMBIE

Governor, State of Hawaii

#### Approved by the Governor

on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 15 2012
THE SENATE
TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2012
STATE OF HAWAII

ACT 1 2 2

S.B. NO. 2695
S.D. 2
H.D. 2
C.D. 1

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO LIVESTOCK FEED.

2012-2328 SB2695 CD1 SMA-2.doc

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The cost of feed for livestock production in		
2	Hawaii can constitute up to seventy per cent of total production		
3	costs, while for mainland producers, this cost amounts to fifty		
4	per cent of total production costs. In Hawaii, in 2007, there		
5	were five dairies and six egg farms of significant size, with		
6	combined gross annual revenues of \$26,400,000. Currently, there		
7	are only two dairies and four egg farms of significant size,		
8	with combined gross annual revenues of \$16,250,000. Since 2007,		
9	two dairies and four egg farms have gone out of business		
10	primarily due to the rising cost of feed for livestock animals		
11	and the resulting increases in production costs. Since October		
12	2010, the cost of poultry feed alone has increased approximately		
13	\$60 per ton and is expected to rise even further.		
14	Currently, the four remaining egg farms are threatened by		
15	closure. Such closures would increase the State's dependence on		
16	imported foods and threaten the State's food security and		
17	ability to achieve adequate levels of agricultural self-		
18	sufficiency. Self-sufficiency is critical to Hawaii's food		

- 1 security and ability to respond effectively in the event of
- 2 natural disasters or disruptions in transportation.
- 3 The closure of local dairies and poultry farms also means
- 4 that children and adults throughout the State will no longer
- 5 have the option of selecting fresh, locally produced milk and
- 6 eggs. Consumers have often expressed interest in obtaining
- 7 locally produced milk, but the dairies do not produce enough
- 8 milk to meet public demand. The public has expressed a similar
- 9 interest in island-fresh beef, pork, chicken, eggs, fish, and
- 10 seafood.
- 11 Locally produced fresh beef, milk, pork, chicken, eggs,
- 12 fish, and seafood provide essential nutrition to consumers.
- 13 However, these kinds of food are perishable, and imported
- 14 products create a greater risk for food spoilage and resultant
- 15 food-borne illnesses due to the increase in time needed to
- 16 transport these products from offshore farms to Hawaii
- 17 consumers.
- 18 Without these local agricultural and aquaculture
- 19 businesses, all beef, milk, pork, chicken, eggs, fish and
- 20 seafood would have to be imported into the State, requiring up
- 21 to ten days of shipping before being sold to consumers. An

#### S.B. NO. S.D. 2 H.D. 2

- 1 increased shipping time reduces the expected shelf life of these
- 2 agricultural commodities.
- 3 The purpose of this Act is to create a livestock feed
- 4 feasibility pilot project to assess the viability of and, to the
- 5 extent feasible, begin growing and processing livestock feed
- 6 within the State.
- 7 SECTION 2. The department of agriculture in collaboration
- 8 with other research institutions shall implement a livestock
- 9 feed feasibility pilot project. The project shall:
- 10 (1) Explore the viability of producing and processing
- 11 livestock feed within the State through scientific
- research; and
- 13 (2) To the extent feasible, produce and process livestock
- 14 feed on land as determined by the chairperson of the
- board of agriculture.
- 16 SECTION 3. (a) After the livestock feed feasibility pilot
- 17 project begins operations, the department of agriculture shall
- 18 assess the implementation of the pilot project pursuant to
- 19 section 2 of this Act and submit a report to the legislature no
- 20 later than December 31, 2014.

1	(1)	The assessment by the department of agriculture sharr
2	consider	the following information regarding livestock feed
3	production	on and processing outcomes:
4	(1)	The inputs and infrastructure required for the
5		processing of livestock feed;
6	(2)	Types of plants required for livestock feed use;
7	(3)	Start-up and yearly operational costs of a livestock
8		feed facility;
9	(4)	Projected revenue stream of a livestock feed facility;
10	(5)	Parcels of land to be used for producing and
11		processing livestock feed; and
12	(6)	Prospective markets for processed feed.
13	(c)	The department of agriculture shall determine whether
14	to contin	ue, expand, or end the livestock feed feasibility pilot
15	project b	pased on the results of the department's assessment.
16	SECT	TION 4. There is appropriated out of the general
17	revenues	of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$250,000 or so much
18	thereof a	s may be necessary for fiscal year 2012-2013 for the
19	livestock	feed feasibility pilot project; provided that a
20	portion o	of the funds shall be used to serve as matching funds
21	for a fed	leral construction grant awarded to build a pilot-scale

- 1 feed mill to assess the operational feasibility of a feed mill
- 2 in the State.
- 3 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 4 agriculture for the purposes of this Act.
- 5 SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general
- 6 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$250,000 or so much
- 7 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2012-2013 for the
- 8 agricultural development division of the department of
- 9 agriculture to reimburse qualified producers of milk, pork,
- 10 eggs, poultry, and beef, for the cost of feed for beef cattle,
- 11 dairy cows or goats, hogs, and poultry up to the lesser of
- 12 \$200,000 or ten per cent of feed costs incurred; provided that
- 13 feed costs shall be limited to only the feed fed to the
- 14 qualifying flock or herd and shall not include the feed
- 15 purchases for resale or gift, or the cost of transportation to
- 16 Hawaii.
- 17 The appropriation made for the purpose authorized under
- 18 this section shall not lapse at the end of the fiscal year for
- 19 which the appropriation is made; provided that any balance of
- 20 the appropriation that is not encumbered as of June 30, 2014,
- 21 shall lapse as of that date.

- 1 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 2 agriculture for the purposes of this Act.
- 3 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2012.

APPROVED this

15

day of

JUN

, 2012

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII