

## GOV. MSG. NO. 1147

## EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS HONOLULU

NEIL ABERCROMBIE GOVERNOR

April 23, 2012

The Honorable Shan Tsutsui, President and Members of the Senate Twenty-Sixth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

The Honorable Calvin Say, Speaker and Members of the House Twenty-Sixth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear President Tsutsui, Speaker Say and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on April 23, 2012, the following bill was signed into law:

SB2874 SD1

RELATING TO AIRPORT REVENUE. **Act 047 (12)** 

NEIL ABERCROMBIE

Governor, State of Hawaii

THE SENATE TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2012 STATE OF HAWAII

ACT 0 4 S.B. NO. 2874 S.D. 1

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AIRPORT REVENUE.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- SECTION 1. Under both state law and federal regulation, the 1
- 2 State's airport system is required to be economically self-
- 3 supporting. To meet this requirement, the department of
- 4 transportation relies on revenue from airline operations,
- 5 facility and space rental from aeronautical and airport-related
- 6 users, revenues from concessions, and, to a very small extent,
- 7 facility and space rentals from non-aeronautical or non airport
- 8 related users.
- In the late 1980s and early 1990s, Hawaii was a prime 9
- 10 destination for Japanese travelers and Hawaii's airports
- 11 benefited from unprecedented concession revenues due primarily
- 12 to almost \$2,000,000,000 in revenue from the in-bond (duty free)
- 13 concession over a thirteen-year period. At the very height of
- the in-bond boom in 1993, revenue from this single concession 14
- 15 was over \$300,000,000. From June 1, 1994, through May 31, 2001,
- 16 the annual fiscal year revenue from the in-bond concession never
- 17 dropped below \$100,000,000.

- 1 All of that changed with the contract that began in June 2 2001. Due to changes in the Japanese market, the minimum annual 3 quaranteed concession fee from the in-bond concession contract 4 dropped to \$60,000,000 per year. The events of September 11, 5 2001, caused a further reduction in concession revenue across 6 the board. Today, while the in-bond concession is still the largest single revenue generating concession, the guaranteed 7 8 revenue from that concession is now \$35,300,000 annually. 9 Over time, revenues from other concessions have increased, 10 but not enough to offset the change in the in-bond concession. 11 In fiscal year 2009-2010, overall concession revenue was more 12 than \$127,000,000, but that still is more than \$100,000,000 less 13 than at the peak of the in-bond concession. 14 To help offset the decline in concession revenues, revenues from landing fees, aeronautical and airport-related rentals, and 15 16 non-aeronautical rentals have increased. While aeronautical and 17 airport-related revenues have increased, the recent merger of 18 airlines, e.g., Delta and Northwest, and United and Continental, 19 and the loss of Aloha Airlines and ATA in 2008, reduced the 20 overall amount of real estate rented by the airlines. 21 The smallest of the revenue generators is by far non
  - aeronautical rentals. This revenue segment could be increased, 2012-1015 SB2874 SD1 SMA.doc

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- 1 without changing the nature of airports, by allowing additional
- 2 flexibility in contracting with such users. For example, the
- 3 department of transportation acquired portions of Ualena street
- 4 in the 1990s for expansion of Honolulu International Airport.
- 5 The acquisition was made subject to the existing land leases
- 6 that terminate at the end of 2012.
- 7 Some of the lessees at the time of the acquisition were
- 8 relocated, with the vacated space being rented to others. Since
- 9 the acquisition, several entities inquired about renting space
- 10 but wanted to have the security of a five-year, or longer,
- 11 lease. Given the nature of the proposed non-aeronautical use of
- 12 the property, the department of transportation was prohibited
- 13 from directly negotiating such an agreement by section 171-59,
- 14 Hawaii Revised Statutes. Similar circumstances have arisen at
- 15 other airports as well.
- 16 Given the challenges in the economy and the continuing
- 17 efforts by the airlines to reduce costs throughout their
- 18 operations, increasing the opportunities for revenue generation
- 19 at airports from non-aeronautical users is essential to the
- 20 maintenance of a healthy and self-supporting airport system.
- 21 SECTION 2. Section 171-59, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 22 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

1	" (b)	Dis	position of public lands for airline, aircraft,		
2	airport-related, agricultural processing, cattle feed				
3	production, aquaculture, marine, maritime, and maritime-related				
4	operations may be negotiated without regard to the limitations				
5	set forth	in s	ubsection (a) and section 171-16(c); provided		
6	that:				
7	(1)	The	disposition encourages competition within the		
8		aero	nautical, airport-related, agricultural,		
9		aqua	culture, maritime, and maritime-related		
10		oper	ations;		
11	(2)	The	disposition shall not exceed a maximum term of		
12		thir	ty-five years, except in the case of:		
13		(A)	Maritime and maritime-related operations, which		
14			may provide for a maximum term of seventy years;		
15			and		
16		(B)	Aquaculture operations, which may provide for a		
17			maximum term of sixty-five years; provided that		
18			aquaculture operations in good standing may seek		
19			to renew a lease issued under this section and,		
20			during the lease term, may engage in supportive		
21			activities that are related to or integrated with		
22			aquaculture; and		

- The method of disposition of public lands for cattle 1 (3) feed production as set forth in this subsection shall 2 3 not apply after December 31, 1988. For the purposes of this subsection: 4 5 "Agricultural processing" means the processing of 6 agricultural products, including dairying, grown, raised, or 7 produced in Hawaii. "Airport-related" means a purpose or activity that requires 8 9 air transportation to achieve that purpose or activity [-]; or an 10 activity that generates revenue for the airport system as 11 provided in section 261-7. "Aquaculture" means the propagation, cultivation, or 12 13 farming of aquatic plants and animals in controlled or selected environments for research, commercial, or stocking purposes, 14 including aquaponics or any growing of plants or animals with 15 aquaculture effluents. 16 17 "Maritime-related" means a purpose or activity that requires and is directly related to the loading, off-loading, 18 storage, or distribution of goods and services of the maritime 19 20 industry." SECTION 3. Section 261-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes is 21 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 22
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1	"(a)	In operating an airport or air navigation facility
2	owned or	controlled by the department of transportation, or in
3	which it	has a right or interest, the department may enter into
4	contracts	, leases, licenses, and other arrangements with any
5	person:	
6	(1)	Granting the privilege of using or improving the
7		airport or air navigation facility or any portion or
8		facility thereof or space therein for commercial
9		purposes;
10	(2)	Conferring the privilege of supplying goods,
11		commodities, things, services, or facilities at the
12		airport or air navigation facility;
13	(3)	Making available services, facilities, goods,
14		commodities, or other things to be furnished by the
15		department or its agents at the airport or air
16		navigation facility; or
17	(4)	Granting the use and occupancy [on a temporary basis
18		by license or otherwise] of any portion of the land
19		under its jurisdiction [which for the time being] that
20		may not be required by the department for aeronautics
21		purposes so that it may instead put the area to

economic use and thereby derive revenue therefrom.

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1	[All the arrangements shall contain a clause that the land				
2	may be repossessed by the department when needed for aeronauties				
3	purposes upon giving the tenant temporarily occupying the same				
4	not less than thirty days' notice in writing of intention to				
5	reposses.]				
6	The term "airport purpose" or "airport purposes" contained				
7	in any governor's executive order transferring jurisdiction and				
8	control of real property to the department of transportation				
9	shall be considered to include entering into contracts, leases,				
10	licenses, and other arrangements pursuant to this section."				
11	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed				
12	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.				
13	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on June 29, 2012;				
14	provided that the amendments made to section 261-7(a), Hawaii				
15	Revised Statutes, by section 3 of this Act, shall not be				
16	repealed when section 261-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is				
17	reenacted on June 30, 2012, pursuant to Act 104, Session Laws of				
18	Hawaii 2011.				

APPROVED this 23 day of APR , 2012

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII