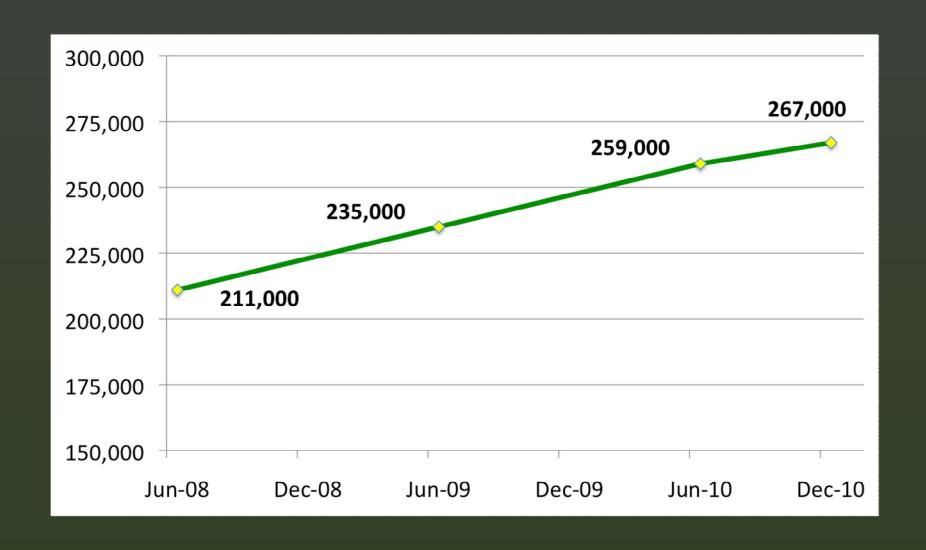


Addressing the Med-QUEST Division's Budget and Moving Forward

July 29, 2011



26% Enrollment Increase June 2008 through December 2010





Increasing Budgeted General Funds





Values

- Prioritize the neediest and most vulnerable
 - Children
 - Pregnant women
 - Disabled
 - Elderly
- Minimize impact on overall population health status
- Recognize impact on already strained safety-net
- Maximize federal funding to supplant general funds
- Community partnership
- Health care system transformation



Community Dialogue

- Held statewide community forums in February 2011 and May 2011
- Participated in legislative meetings
- Had many meetings with stakeholders
- Received numerous suggestions from the public



Strategies to Move Forward

- Focus on neediest
- Improve efficiency
- Support innovation and modernization



Focus on Neediest

- Decrease eligibility for adults from 200% to 133% FPL
 - Affects optional adult expansion populations
 - ~4,500 individuals in QUEST-ACE and QUEST-Net affected
 - Aligns with Medicaid expansion under ACA
- Suspend the QUEST-ACE enrollment limit
 - Program slated to close to new applicants January 1, 2012
 - Instead will continue to accept new enrollees
- Expand benefits of QUEST-ACE and QUEST-Net to equal those for adults in QUEST



Continuum of Benefits

- Children
- Pregnant Women
- Adults <65 years and without a disabling diagnosis not receiving long-term care services (LTCS)
- Adults > 65 years or with a disabling diagnosis not receiving LTCS
- Adults receiving LTCS
- * Individuals receiving LTCS are nursing facility level of care and receive skilled or intermediate nursing services in their home, community, or facility



Preserved Benefits

Children

No reduction in benefits

Pregnant Women

No reduction in pregnancy related services

Benefits also available for all others

- Dialysis
- Cancer treatment
- Services for those with severe and persistent mental illness
- Home and community-based services
- Organ transplantation



Pharmacy Benefits

- Goal is to use the least expensive medication to achieve the patient oriented health outcome
- Generic medication when comparatively effective, except as required by statute
- Brand name medication when no comparatively effective generic available
- Ensure treatment is evidence-based
- Explore single Medicaid formulary and possible merger with EUTF for single State formulary



New benefit package non-disabled non-pregnant adults <65 years

- 10 inpatient days (plus 10 additional acute psychiatric days)
- 20 outpatient visits (plus 6 additional behavioral health visits)
- Laboratory and imaging associated with covered visits
- 3 outpatient hospital/ambulatory surgical center procedures
- Prescription medications
- Family planning/contraceptives
- Diabetes supplies
- Vaccines (pneumonia, influenza, tetanus/diptheria)
- Limited non-emergency transportation
- Emergency medical
- Emergency dental
- Language access services



Other Benefit Changes

- Seniors and those with a disabling diagnosis not receiving long-term care services
 - Decrease maximum weekly chore hours from 20 to 10
 - Align outpatient rehabilitation services to match Medicare
 - Limited non-emergency transportation
- Adults receiving long-term care services
 - Align outpatient rehabilitation services to match Medicare



The Way Forward

- Prepare for implementation of the Affordable Care Act
 - Medicaid expansion to 133% FPL
 - Supporting a health insurance exchange
- Work to modernize and transform our program
 - New eligibility system
 - Health information technology
 - Health homes



New Eligibility System

- Fair share initiative: 90% federal match
 - Approximately \$3,000,000 state funds appropriated will bring in \$27,000,000 federal funds
- Current system is 23 years old
- New system will:
 - Increase transparency
 - Electronically verify information
 - Increase timeliness
 - Interface with health insurance exchange



Health Information Technology

- Fair share initiative: 90% federal match
 - Approximately \$70,000 state funds appropriated and will bring in \$630,000 federal funds
- Health information technology can improve the quality and efficiency of health care
- Medicaid electronic health record (EHR) incentive program
 - Eligible professionals can receive ~\$64,000
 - Hospitals can receive >\$2,000,000



Health Home

- Fair share initiative: 90% federal match
- The Affordable Care Act contained a provision for a twoyear Medicaid health home program
 - Comprehensive care management
 - Care coordination and health promotion
 - Comprehensive transitional care from inpatient to other settings
 - Individual and family support
 - Referral to community and social support services
- Enables more efficient and higher quality clinical care
- Partner with community to shape program as allowed by CMS



Health Care Transformation in Hawaii

- Build upon and further the State's national role as a leader in providing health care coverage for its population
- Improve patient outcomes and reduce healthcare costs by
 - Achieving universal health insurance coverage
 - Improving the organization and delivery of health care services.
 - Promoting the effective and efficient delivery of State government health care services
- Appointment of Healthcare Transformation Coordinator



Prepaid Health Care and Hawai'i Health Insurance Exchange

- HB 1134 passed by the Legislature and signed by Governor confirms the State's intent to retain the Hawai'i Prepaid Health Act
- SB 1348 passed by the Legislature and signed by the Governor establishes the Hawai'i Health Insurance Exchange