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STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

POST OFFICE BOX 621 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

Testimony of WILLIAM J. AILA, JR. Chairperson

Before the House Committee on WATER, LAND, & OCEAN RESOURCES

Friday, February 11, 2011 8:30 AM State Capitol, Conference Room 325

In consideration of **HOUSE BILL 1079** RELATING TO FEES FOR HABITAT CONSERVATIATION PLANS

The Department of Land and Natural Resources (Department) strongly supports House Bill 1079, an Administration bill, to authorize the collection of fees to cover the technical assistance program costs associated with developing, reviewing, and monitoring habitat conservation plans; and provisions for the adoption of rules to establish such fees.

Hawaii is the Endangered Species Capital of the Nation with 380 listed threatened and endangered species and many more that are candidates or species of concern. As such, Hawaii needs the flexibility within its state law to work cooperatively with its federal counterparts, private landowners and other government agencies to deal with the complexities of the endangered species situation in Hawaii and find the proactive, workable solutions that can protect and conserve our endangered species while allowing for acceptable resource use activities and sound development.

Under both State and Federal endangered species law, the incidental take of threatened and endangered species may be allowed if the applicant obtains state and federal approval of a habitat conservation plan that identifies and implements measures to avoid, minimize, mitigate, and monitor take of affected species, and that will increase the likelihood of recovery of the endangered or threatened species that are the focus of the plan. Under Chapter 195D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the Department is responsible for evaluating, processing, and approving habitat conservation plans and incidental take licenses (ITL) and may establish a technical assistance program for landowners for that purpose. Most applicants request extensive assistance and the number of applications for ITLs and requests for assistance related to habitat conservation plans has increased significantly in recent years involving infrastructure and energy develop projects.

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The Department is currently providing required annual reviews for four approved habitat conservation plans, and is also reviewing applications for 13 habitat conservation plans. Each habitat conservation plan requires an average of 300 staff hours per year. There is currently no budgeted position within the department to address this need for technical assistance. This bill would authorize the adoption of rules for establishing a procedure to collect fees from applicants to cover the department's costs to implement the technical assistance program. Establishing these fees would enable the Department to better service the needs of applicants, and more efficiently process habitat conservation plans.

The Department notes a drafting error in this measure. SECTION 3, lines 10 -13 on page 3 should read:

"(d) The department may establish a habitat conservation technical assistance program to assist landowners in developing, reviewing, or monitoring habitat conservation plans by providing technical assistance.



DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & TOURISM

RICHARD C. LIM

No. 1 Capitol District Building, 250 South Hotel Street, 5th Floor, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 2359, Honolulu, Hawaii 96804 Web site: www.hawaii.gov/dbedt

Telephone: Fax: (808) 586-2355 (808) 586-2377

Statement of

RICHARD LIM Interim Director

Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism Before the

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON WATER, LAND, & OCEAN RESOURCES

Friday, February 11, 2011 8:30 AM State Capitol, Conference Room 325 In consideration of

HB 1079

RELATING TO FEES FOR HABITAT CONSERVATION PLANS.

Chair Chang, Vice Chair Har, and Members of the Committee.

The Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism (DBEDT) supports the intent of HB 1079, but defers to the Department of Land and Natural Resources with respect to implementation of this measure.

DBEDT is mandated by law to facilitate the permitting of renewable energy projects and to work with permitting agencies. DBEDT is allowed to collect fees from participating projects and to provide a portion of those fees to agencies such as DLNR to help to offset their costs.

This bill would empower DLNR to directly collect fees to cover some of their own costs, allowing for more staff and enabling a more timely review process. It is our belief that this will benefit the renewable energy sector as well as the state's overall economic development.

We encourage your support of this bill. Thank you for the opportunity to testify.



REP. JERRY L. CHANG, CHAIR REP. SHARON E. HAR, VICE CHAIR HOUSE COMMITTEE ON WATER, LAND, & OCEAN RESOURCES

TESTIMONY RE: HOUSE BILL NO. 1079 RELATING TO FEES FOR HABITAT CONSERVATION PLANS

February 11, 2011, 8:30 a.m. Conference Room 325

Good morning Chair Chang, Vice-Chair Har, and members of the committee:

My name is David Lane Henkin, and I am an attorney with Earthjustice. We appreciate the opportunity to offer this testimony in support of House Bill No. 1079, which would help provide the Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) with the funding it needs to ensure that habitat conservation plans (HCPs) approved pursuant to HRS chapter 195D adequately protect Hawai'i's critically imperiled native plants and animals, preserving these irreplaceable public trust resources for future generations.

When the Legislature amended chapter 195D over a decade ago to allow for incidental "take" (i.e., injury and death) of imperiled species, it wisely insisted that, before any take authorization could issue, an HCP would have to be developed and approved to ensure that the harm to imperiled species would be minimized and mitigated and that the overall effect of the approved activities would confer a net benefit on the affected species. Satisfying these mandates often requires considerable scientific and other technical expertise. Accordingly, the Legislature authorized DLNR to establish a technical assistance program to help private parties develop their HCPs.

Over the years, more and more landowners in Hawai'i have sought to bring their existing operations into compliance with chapter 195D, while others have sought to ensure that new undertakings would, from their inception, afford imperiled species with the required protection. These developments further the public's interest in preserving our natural heritage for future generations and, thus, are most welcome. Providing technical assistance for these new HCP initiatives has, however, imposed a heavy burden on DLNR, which already lacks adequate funds to carry out its mission.

HB 1079 would promote the public interest by providing DLNR with vital resources to help landowners comply with chapter 195D's command to protect imperiled species. Moreover, by ensuring adequate staffing for DLNR's technical assistance program, it would help expedite the processing of incidental take applications.

For the foregoing reasons, we respectfully urge you to pass HB 1079. Thank you again for the opportunity to offer this testimony.