

## STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 869 PUNCHBOWL STREET HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813-5097

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GLENN M. OKIMOTO INTERIM DIRECTOR

Deputy Directors FORD N. FUCHIGAMI JAN S. GOUVEIA RANDY GRUNE JADINE URASAKI

IN REPLY REFER TO:



## TESTIMONY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1039

## COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

The Department of Transportation supports this Bill.

House Bill No. 1039 will add a new part to Section 264, Hawaii Revised Statutes that will provide for the issuance of grant anticipation notes and bonds or "GARVEE Bonds" as provided for by the federal National Highway System Designation Act of 1995.

This bill will enable the Department of Transportation to use of GARVEE Bonds to leverage future federal funds on existing highway projects to expedite delivery, reduce costs, and deliver project benefits earlier to the public. As the program allows for the use of federal funds sooner, it also allows the Department to avoid the use of state funds in advanced construction. Overall, the program will allow the Department to spread payment schedules for large projects, or a number of projects over and above our annual limitation, over a longer time period thereby reducing spikes in the Statewide Transportation Improvement Plan (STIP).

However, the Department does have some concern over the use of the GARVEE Bond program. Use of the GARVEE Bond program will require reductions in federal funding levels in future years of the STIP as a portion of the annual federal funds received must be reserved, prior to expenditure for any other purpose, to pay debt service on the GARVEE Bonds. This mortgaging of the future of the program should be weighed against the typical revenue bond float and its benefits. Because our bond ratings are high, and we are allowed to pay the debt service over 20 to 30 years, it may actually be cheaper than using GARVEE Bonds, which are typically paid within 5 to 10 years, for the typical program spikes.

Risks associated with the use of GARVEE Bonds stem from the fact that the FHWA is not obligated to provide Federal money to pay off GARVEE Bonds. At this time, when no reauthorization is anticipated until after the next presidential election, congress is unwilling to issue continuing resolutions for an entire fiscal year or more, funding levels are not guaranteed or consistent, and the federal highways program was shut down for over a week due to delays in continuing resolution, the state may be in a position to be required to use state funds to repay the GARVEE Bonds. Therefore, consideration of should be given to a backstop for debt service payments should be the federal highway program be discontinued or significantly reduced.