#### THE SENATE TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2011 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. 849

JAN 2 1 2011

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO GENERAL EXCISE TAX.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Section 237-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended to read as follows:

3 "\$237-24 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not
4 apply to the following amounts:

5	(1)	Amounts received under life insurance policies and
6		contracts paid by reason of the death of the insured;
7	(2)	Amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of
8		death of the insured) under life insurance, endowment,
9		or annuity contracts, either during the term or at
10		maturity or upon surrender of the contract;
11	(3)	Amounts received under any accident insurance or
12		health insurance policy or contract or under workers'
13		compensation acts or employers' liability acts, as
14		compensation for personal injuries, death, or
15		sickness, including also the amount of any damages or
16		other compensation received, whether as a result of
17		action or by private agreement between the parties on
18		account of the personal injuries, death, or sickness;



1	(4)	The value of all property of every kind and sort
2		acquired by gift, bequest, or devise, and the value of
3		all property acquired by descent or inheritance;
4	(5)	Amounts received by any person as compensatory damages
5		for any tort injury to the person, or to the person's
6		character reputation, or received as compensatory
7		damages for any tort injury to or destruction of
8		property, whether as the result of action or by
9		private agreement between the parties (provided that
10		amounts received as punitive damages for tort injury
11		or breach of contract injury shall be included in
12		gross income);
13	(6)	Amounts received as salaries or wages for services
14		rendered by an employee to an employer;
15	(7)	Amounts received as alimony and other similar payments
16	· · ·	and settlements;
17	(8)	Amounts collected by distributors as fuel taxes on
18		"liquid fuel" imposed by chapter 243, and the amounts
19		collected by such distributors as a fuel tax imposed
20		by any Act of the Congress of the United States;
21	(9)	Taxes on liquor imposed by chapter 244D on dealers
22		holding permits under that chapter;



1	(10)	The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco
2		products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or
3		dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
4		selling the products at wholesale;
5	(11)	Federal excise taxes imposed on articles sold at
6		retail and collected from the purchasers thereof and
7		paid to the federal government by the retailer;
8	(12)	The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the
9	•	Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,
10		imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by
11		the manufacturer to the federal government;
12	(13)	An amount up to, but not in excess of, \$2,000 a year
13		of gross income received by any blind, deaf, or
14		totally disabled person engaging, or continuing, in
15		any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling
16		within the State; a corporation all of whose
17		outstanding shares are owned by an individual or
18		individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
19		a general, limited, or limited liability partnership,
20		all of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally
21		disabled; or a limited liability company, all of whose
22		members are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;



1	(14)	Amou	ints received by a producer of sugarcane from the
2		manu	facturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,
3		wher	e:
4		(A)	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so
5			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the
6			Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as
7			the Act may be amended or supplemented;
8		(B)	The value or gross proceeds of the sale of the
9			sugar, and other products manufactured from the
10			sugarcane, are included in the measure of the tax
11			levied on the manufacturer under section 237-
12			13(1) or (2);
13		(C)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
14			dependent upon the actual value of the products
15			manufactured therefrom or the average value of
16			all similar products manufactured by the
17			manufacturer; and
18		(D)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
19			reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale
20			of the manufactured products;



1	(15)	Money paid by the State or eleemosynary child-placing
2		organizations to foster parents for their care of
3		children in foster homes;
4	(16)	Amounts received by a cooperative housing corporation
5		from its shareholders in reimbursement of funds paid
6		by the corporation for lease rental, real property
7		taxes, and other expenses of operating and maintaining
8		the cooperative land and improvements; provided that
9		the cooperative corporation is a corporation:
10		(A) Having one and only one class of stock
.11		outstanding;
12		(B) Each of the stockholders of which is entitled
13		solely by reason of the stockholder's ownership
14		of stock in the corporation, to occupy for
15		dwelling purposes a house, or an apartment in a
16		building owned or leased by the corporation; and
17		(C) No stockholder of which is entitled (either
18		conditionally or unconditionally) to receive any
19		distribution not out of earnings and profits of
20		the corporation except in a complete or partial
21		liquidation of the corporation; [and]



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1	(17)	Amounts received by a managed care support contractor
2		of the TRICARE program that is established under Title
3		10 United States Code chapter 55, as amended, for the
4		actual cost or advancement to third party health care
5		providers pursuant to a contract with the United
6		States[.] <u>;</u>
7	(18)	Amounts received by a taxpayer licensed under this
8		chapter from another licensed taxpayer:
9		(A) For the sale of goods that:
10		(i) Are not for resale;
. 11		(ii) Will be used or finally consumed within a
12		business as part of the operation of the
13		business; and
14		(iii) Would otherwise be taxed at a rate of four
15		per cent under this chapter; or
16		(B) Who are a lessor and lessee subleasing real
17		property and would otherwise be taxed at a rate
18		of four per cent under this chapter; and
19	(19)	Amounts taxable under section:
20		(A) 237-13(2)(A) on wholesale sales subject to
21	~	section 237-4(a)(8)(B);



1	(B) 237-13(4)(A) on a wholesaler subject to section
2	237-4(a)(13); and
3	(C) 237-13(6)(A) on a wholesaler subject to section
4	237-4(a)(10) at one-half of one per cent."
5	SECTION 2. Section 237-13.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	repealed.
< <b>7</b>	[ <del>"§237-13.3 Application of sections 237-4(a)(8), 237-</del>
8	4(a)(10), 237-4(a)(13), 237-13(2)(A), 237-13(4)(A), and 237-
9	13(6)(A). (a) Sections 237-4(a)(8), 237-4(a)(10), 237-
10	4(a)(13), 237-13(2)(A), 237-13(4)(A), and 237-13(6)(A) to the
11	contrary notwithstanding, instead of the tax levied under
12	section 237-13(2)(A) on wholesale sales subject to section 237-
13	4(a)(8)(B), under section 237-13(4)(A) on a wholesaler subject
14	to section 237-4(a)(13), and under section 237-13(6)(A) on a
15	wholesaler subject to section 237-4(a)(10) at one-half of one
16	per cent, during the period January 1, 2000, to December 31,
17	2005, the tax shall be as follows:
18	(1) In calendar year 2000, 3.5 per cent;
19	(2) In calendar year 2001, 3.0 per cent;
20	(3) In calendar year 2002, 2.5 per cent;
21	(4) In calendar year 2003, 2.0 per cent;
22	(5) In calendar year 2004, 1.5 per cent;
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1	(6) In calendar year 2005, 1.0 per cent; and
2	(7) In calendar year 2006 and thereafter, the tax shall be
3	<del>0.5 per cent.</del>
4	(b) The department shall have the authority to implement
5	the tax rate changes in subsection (a) by prescribing tax forms
6	and instructions that require tax reporting and payment by
7	deduction, allocation, or any other method to determine tax
8	liability with due regard to the tax rate changes."]
9	SECTION 3. Section 237-16.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	repealed.
11	[" <del>§237-16.5 Tax on written real property leases; deduction</del>
12	allowed. (a) This section relates to the leasing of real
13	property by a lessor to a lessee. There is hereby levied, and
14	shall be assessed and collected annually, a privilege tax
15	against persons engaging or continuing within the State in the
16	business of leasing real property to another, equal to four per
17	cent of the gross proceeds or gross income received or derived
18	from the leasing; provided that where real property is subleased
19	by a lessee to a sublessee, the lessee, as provided in this
20	section, shall be allowed a deduction from the amount of gross
21	proceeds or gross income received from its sublease of the real



property. The deduction shall be in the amount allowed under 1 2 this section. 3 All deductions under this section and the name and general 4 excise tax number of the lessee's lessor shall be reported on 5 the general excise tax return. Any deduction allowed under this 6 section shall only be allowed with respect to leases and 7 subleases in writing and relating to the same real property. 8 (b) The lessee shall obtain from its lessor a certificate, 9 in the form as the department shall prescribe, certifying that 10 the lessor is subject to tax under this chapter on the gross 11 proceeds or gross income received from the lessee. The absence 12 of the certificate in itself shall give rise to the presumption 13 that the lessee is not allowed the deduction under this section. 14 (c) If various real property or space leased to the lessee 15 have different rental values, then the total monetary gross 16 proceeds or gross income paid to a lessor for all real property 17 or space shall first be allocated to the fair rental value for 18 each real property or space. If the lessee leases less than one 19 hundred per cent of real property or space that was leased from the lessor to a sublessee, then the total monetary gross 20 21 proceeds or gross income paid by the lessee for that real 22 property or space to its lessor shall be allocated. The



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1	percentage of real property or space subleased shall be
2	multiplied by the monetary gross proceeds or gross income paid
3	for the real property or space by the lessee to its lessor. The
4	product of the preceding multiplication shall be deducted from
5	the monetary gross proceeds or gross income received for real
6	property or space by the lessee.
7	Once the allocations are made, the appropriate deduction
8	under subsection (g) shall be made.
9	(d) The lessor shall make allocations under this section
10	at the time the sublease is entered into and the allocations
<b>41</b>	shall not be changed during the term of the sublease. There
12	shall be a reasonable basis for the allocations, taking into
13	consideration the size, quality, and location of the real
14	property or space subleased. In no event shall the total amount
15	allocated to all subleases exceed the total monetary gross
16	proceeds paid by the lessee to its lessor. The director may
17	redetermine the amount of the deduction under this section if
18	the director finds that the basis for allocation is not
19	reasonable or that redetermination is necessary to prevent the
20	avoidance of taxes.
21	(e) As used in this section:



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1	"Lease" means the rental of real property under an
2	instrument in writing by which one conveys real property for a
3	specified term and for a specified consideration, and includes
4	the written extension or renegotiation of a lease, and any
5	holdover-tenancy.
6	"Lessee" means one who holds real property under lease, and
7	includes a sublessee.
8	"Lessor" means one who conveys real property by lease, and
9	includes a sublessor.
10	"Real property or space" means the area actually rented and
11	used by the lessee, and includes common elements as defined in
12	section 514A-3 or 514B-3.
13	"Sublease" includes the rental of real property which is
14	held under a lease and is made in a written document by which
15	one conveys real property for a specified term and for a
16	specified consideration. A sublease includes the written
17	extension or renegotiation of a sublease and any holdover
18	tenancy under the written sublease.
19	"Sublessee" means one who holds real property under a
20	sublease.
21	"Sublessor" means one who conveys real property by

22 sublease.



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1	(f) This section shall not cause the tax upon a lessor,
2	with respect to any item of the lessor's gross proceeds or gross
3	income, to exceed four per cent.
4	(g) After allocation under subsection (c), if necessary,
5	the deduction under this section shall be allowed from the gross
6	proceeds or gross income of the lessee received from its
7	sublease in an amount calculated by multiplying the gross
8	proceeds or gross income paid by the lessee to its lessor for
9	the lease of the real property by the following amount:
10	(1) In calendar year 1998, .125;
11	(2) In calendar year 1999, .25;
12	(3) In calendar year 2000, .375;
13	(4) In calendar year 2001, .50;
14	(5) In calendar year 2002, .625;
15	(6) In calendar year 2003, .75; and
16	(7) In calendar year 2004, and thereafter, .875.
17	The amount calculated under paragraphs (1) to (7) shall be
18	deducted by the lessee from the lessee's total reported gross
19	proceeds or gross income. The deduction allowed by this
20	subsection may be taken by the fiscal and calendar year
21	lessees."]



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SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

3 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2011.

INTRODUCED B



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Report Title: General Excise Tax; Intermediary Business Transactions

**Description:** Repeals the GET on all intermediary business transactions

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