#### THE SENATE TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2011 STATE OF HAWAII

## S.B. NO. 60

JAN 2 0 2011

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HIGHWAY SAFETY.

1

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

PART I

2 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the prevalence of 3 drivers violating Hawaii's traffic laws, especially on the 4 island of Oahu, has become intolerable, particularly drivers who run red lights. These violations endanger the lives of 5 6 motorists and pedestrians and compound the already hazardous 7 conditions on Hawaii's roads and highways. It has become 8 increasingly common to hear reports of hit-and-run drivers who 9 have run over children or the elderly. Disregarding traffic 10 signals has also been the common denominator in many recent, 11 highly-publicized motor vehicle crashes that have claimed a 12 number of lives.

13 The legislature further finds that in other jurisdictions 14 in the United States, in Canada, in Europe, and in other 15 countries throughout the world, a technological innovation--16 namely, photo red light imaging detector systems--has already 17 demonstrated its reliability, efficiency, and effectiveness in 18 identifying and deterring those who run red lights. 18 SB LRB 11-0274.doc



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1	Photo red light imaging detector systems are safe, quick,
2	cost-effective, and efficient. No traffic stop is involved, and
3	a police officer is not at risk from passing traffic or
4	violators who are armed or dangerous. For photo red light
5	imaging detector systems, a camera is positioned at
6	intersections where red light violations are a major cause of
7	collisions and serves as a twenty-four hour deterrent to run a
8	red light. Sensors are buried under a crosswalk and lead to a
9	self-contained camera system mounted on a nearby structure.
10	When a vehicle enters the intersection and the traffic light is
11	red, the camera takes a telephoto color picture of the rear of
12	the car, capturing the license plate. A second wide-angle
13	photograph takes in the entire intersection, including other
14	traffic.

15 These systems provide numerous benefits. Not only are 16 streets safer, but police officers are freed from time-consuming 17 traffic enforcement activities and have more time to respond to priority calls. A violator is less likely to go to court, since 18 19 the color photograph of the violation, imprinted with the time, 20 date, and location of the violation, and the number of seconds 21 the light had been red before the violator entered the 22 intersection, can be used as evidence in court. Few cases are



contested in other jurisdictions using this system, and officers
 make fewer court appearances, saving court, overtime, and other
 costs.

4 The system may also result in lower insurance costs for 5 safe drivers through an overall reduction in crashes and 6 injuries and places system costs on the violators who have 7 created the need for the program--not on law-abiding taxpayers. 8 Traffic laws are enforced without partiality, and safety and 9 efficiency are increased by reducing the number of chases and 10 the number of personnel required for traffic accident clean-up, 11 investigation, and court testimony.

12 The legislature finds that the photo speed imaging detector 13 system created by Act 234, Session Laws of Hawaii 1998, and 14 implemented in January 2002, generated intense public opposition 15 to this program. As a result of this opposition, the 16 legislature repealed Act 234 in its entirety. However, the 17 majority of the opposition to this program resulted from the 18 method in which the program was implemented. The public 19 perceived the program operated more to maximize revenue for the 20 vendor administering the program than to improve traffic safety. 21 In particular, vans in which the cameras were mounted were often 22 placed at locations that did not necessarily have a history of



1	speed-rel	ated accidents and instead were used to monitor
2	locations	with heavy traffic flow at lower speeds. This
3	permitted	l the vendor to issue the maximum number of citations in
4	the short	est period of time and at the least cost, thereby
5	maximizin	g the potential return to the vendor without improving
6	traffic s	afety.
7	The	purpose of this Act is to:
8	(1)	Establish a three-year pilot photo red light imaging
9		detector systems program to improve enforcement of the
10		traffic signal laws in all counties with a population
11		in excess of 500,000;
12	(2)	Authorize fines collected under county programs to be
13		deposited into a general fund;
14	(3)	Authorize the county to expend funds from this general
15		fund account for the establishment, operation,
16		management, and maintenance of the photo red light
17		imaging detector systems program; and
18	(4)	Make an appropriation to the county for implementation
19		and operation of the program.
20	. ``	PART II
21	SECT	ION 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
22	context o	therwise requires:



1	"County" means any county with a population in excess of
2	500,000.
3	"County highway" has the same meaning as used in section
4	264-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
5	"Department" means the department of transportation.
6	"Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as defined in section
7	291C-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
8	"Photo red light imaging detector" means a device used for
9	traffic enforcement that includes a vehicle sensor that works in
10	conjunction with a traffic-control signal and a camera or
11	similar device to automatically produce a photographic, digital,
12	or other visual image of a vehicle that has disregarded a steady
13	red traffic-control signal in violation of section 291C-32,
14	Hawaii Revised Statutes, and a photographic, digital, or other
15	visual image of the driver of the motor vehicle.
16	"State highway" has the same meaning as used in section
17	264-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
18	"Traffic-control signal" has the same meaning as defined in
19	section 291C-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
20	SECTION 3. Photo red light imaging detector program;
21	established. There is established a pilot photo red light
22	imaging detector program, which may be implemented by any county
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on state or county highways within the respective county to
 enforce the traffic-control signal laws of the State. The
 program shall cease to operate on July 1, 2014.

4 SECTION 4. County powers and duties. Each county may 5 establish and implement, in accordance with this Act, a photo 6 red light imaging detector system imposing monetary liability on 7. the registered owner of a motor vehicle for failure to comply 8 with traffic-control signal laws. Each county may provide for 9 the procurement, location, installation, operation, maintenance, 10 and repair of the photo red light imaging detector system. 11 Where the photo red light imaging detector system affects state 12 property, the department shall cooperate with and assist the 13 county as needed to install, maintain, and repair the photo red 14 light imaging detector system established pursuant to this Act. SECTION 5. Photo red light imaging detector system 15

16 requirements. (a) Photo red light imaging detector equipment 17 shall be operated from a fixed pole, post, or other fixed 18 structure on a state or county highway.

19 (b) Signs and other official traffic-control devices
20 indicating that traffic signal laws are enforced by a photo red
21 light imaging detector system shall be posted on all major
22 routes entering the area in question to provide, as far as



practicable, notice to drivers of the existence and operation of
 the system.

3 Proof of a traffic-control signal violation shall be (C) 4 as evidenced by information obtained from the photo red light 5 imaging detector system authorized pursuant to this Act. A 6 certificate, sworn to or affirmed by the county's agent or 7 employee, or a facsimile thereof, based upon inspection of 8 photographs, microphotographs, videotape, or other recorded 9 images produced by the system, shall be prima facie evidence of 10 the facts contained therein. Any photographs, microphotographs, 11 videotape, or other recorded images evidencing a violation shall 12 be available for inspection in any proceeding to adjudicate the 13 liability for that violation.

14 (d) No summons or citation pursuant to the photo red light 15 imaging detector program shall be issued unless it contains a 16 clear and unobstructed photographic, digital, or other visual 17 image of the driver of the motor vehicle.

(e) The conditions specified in this section shall not
apply when the information gathered is used for highway safety
research or to issue warning citations not involving a fine,
court appearance, or a person's driving record.



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1 SECTION 6. Summons or citations. (a) Notwithstanding any 2 law to the contrary, whenever any motor vehicle is determined to 3 have disregarded a steady red signal in violation of section 4 291C-32(a)(3), Hawaii Revised Statutes, by a photo red light 5 imaging detector system, the county shall send a summons or 6 citation, as described in this section, to the registered owner of the vehicle at the address on record at the vehicle licensing 7 8 division, by certified or registered mail with a return receipt 9 that is postmarked within seventy-two hours of the time of the 10 incident. If the end of the seventy-two hour period falls on a 11 Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, then the ending period shall run 12 until the end of the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or 13 holiday.

14 The form and content of the summons or citation shall (b)15 be as adopted or prescribed by the administrative judge of the 16 district courts and shall be printed on a form identical with 17 the form of other summonses or citations used in modern methods 18 of arrest, so designed to include all necessary information to 19 make the summons or citation valid within the laws of the State; 20 provided that any summons or citation pursuant to the photo red 21 light imaging detector program shall contain a clear and

unobstructed photographic, digital, or other visual image of the



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driver of the motor vehicle that is to be used as evidence of
 the violation.

3 (c) Every citation shall be consecutively numbered and
4 each copy thereof shall bear the number of its respective
5 original.

6 (d) Upon receipt of the summons or citation, the
7 registered owner shall respond as provided for in chapter 291D,
8 Hawaii Revised Statutes. A mail receipt signed by the
9 registered owner is prima facie evidence of notification. The
10 registered owner shall be determined by the identification of
11 the vehicle's registration plates.

(e) The county, or the county's agent or employee, shall
be available to testify as to the authenticity of the
information provided pursuant to this section.

15 SECTION 7. Registered owner's responsibility for a summons 16 or citation. In any proceeding for a violation of this Act, the 17 information contained in the summons or citation mailed in 18 accordance with section 6 shall be deemed evidence that the 19 registered vehicle violated section 291C-32(a)(3), Hawaii 20 Revised Statutes.

21 SECTION 8. Prima facie evidence. (a) Whenever the photo
22 red light imaging detector system determines a motor vehicle to



1	be in vio	lation of section 291C-32(a)(3), Hawaii Revised
2	Statutes,	evidence that the motor vehicle described in the
.3	citations	or summons issued pursuant to this Act was operated in
4	violation	of the section, together with proof that the person to
5	whom the s	summons or citation was sent was the registered owner
6	of the mo-	tor vehicle at the time of the violation, shall
7	constitute	e prima facie evidence that the registered owner of the
8	motor veh	icle was the person who committed the violation.
9	(b)	The registered owner of the vehicle may rebut the
10	evidence	in subsection (a) by:
11	(1)	Submitting a written statement as provided in section
12		291D-6(b)(2), Hawaii Revised Statutes;
13	(2)	Testifying in open court under oath that the
14		registered owner was not the person operating the
15	·	motor vehicle at the time of the alleged violation;
16	(3)	Calling witnesses to testify in open court under oath
17		that the registered owner was not the person operating
18		the motor vehicle at the time of the alleged
19		violation;
20	(4)	Extrinsic evidence that the registered owner was not
21		the person operating the motor vehicle at the time of
22		the alleged violation; or



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1 (5)Presenting to the court adjudicating the alleged 2 violation, prior to the return date established on the 3 citation or summons issued pursuant to this Act, a letter of verification of loss from the police 4 5 department indicating the vehicle had been reported 6 stolen. 7 SECTION 9. Failure to comply with summons or citation; 8 rebuttal of identification of operator. (a) If the registered 9 owner of the vehicle does not return an answer in response to a 10 summons or citation within a period of fifteen days upon receipt 11 of the summons or citation, the district court shall issue, 12 pursuant to section 291D-7(e), Hawaii Revised Statutes, a notice of entry of judgment of default to the registered owner of the 13 14 vehicle, except if the registered owner rebuts the 15 identification of the operator of the vehicle. 16 The registered owner shall be given an opportunity by (b) 17 the district court to rebut the identification of the registered 18 owner of the vehicle as provided in section 8(b). 19 SECTION 10. Liability for rental or U-drive vehicle. 20 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, if the registered owner 21 of record is the lessor of a rental or U-drive motor vehicle, as 22 defined in section 286-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, pursuant to a SB LRB 11-0274.doc



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1 written lease agreement, the lessee at the time of the violation 2 shall be responsible for the summons or citation; provided: 3 (1)The lessor shall be responsible for the summons or 4 citation if the lessor does not provide the court 5 having jurisdiction over the summons or citation with 6 the name and address of the lessee within thirty days 7 after a notice containing the date, time, and location 8 of the violation and the license number of the vehicle 9 is sent to the lessor; and 10 (2) The administrative judge of the court having 11 jurisdiction over the summons or citation may waive 12 the requirement of providing the name and address of 13 the lessee and impose on the lessor an administrative 14 fee of \$50 per citation. SECTION 11. Penalty. The penalties for all consequences 15 16 of a violation for disregarding a steady red signal initiated by 17 the use of a photo red light imaging detector system shall be as 18 provided in section 291C-161, Hawaii Revised Statutes. 19 SECTION 12. Fines for unauthorized disclosure. (a) The 20 information obtained by a photo red light imaging detector, and any other information arising therefrom, shall be confidential 21 22 for purposes of law enforcement and court proceedings.



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(b) Any officer, employee, or agent of a county who 1 intentionally discloses or provides a copy of personal and 2 confidential information obtained from a photo red light imaging 3 to any person or agency, with actual knowledge that disclosure 4 is prohibited by the statutory provisions set forth in this Act, 5 shall be fined up to \$1,000; provided that the fine shall not 6 preclude the application of penalties or fines otherwise 7 8 provided for by law. 9 SECTION 13. Photo red light imaging detector program (a) There is established, as a special 10 account established. account within the general fund, a photo red light imaging 11 12 detector program account, into which shall be paid revenues

13 collected pursuant to this Act.

(b) All fines collected under this Act shall be deposited
into the photo red light imaging detector program account.
Moneys in the account shall be expended by the county in which
the fine was imposed, for purposes including the establishment,
operation, management, and maintenance of a photo red light
imaging detector system.

20 SECTION 14. Rules. The department shall adopt rules
21 pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as may be
22 necessary to implement this Act.



1	PART III
2	SECTION 15. Section 291C-161, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended to read as follows:
4	"§291C-161 Penalties[-]; photo red light imaging detector
5	<b>system fine.</b> (a) It is a violation for any person to violate
6	any of the provisions of this chapter, except as otherwise
7	specified in subsections (c) and (d) and unless the violation is
8	by other law of this State declared to be a felony, misdemeanor,
9	or petty misdemeanor.
10	(b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), every
11	person who is determined to have violated any provision of this
12	chapter for which another penalty is not provided shall be
13	fined:
14	(1) Not more than \$200 for a first violation thereof;
15	(2) Not more than \$300 for a second violation committed
16	within one year after the date of the first violation;
17	and
18	(3) Not more than \$500 for a third or subsequent violation
19	committed within one year after the date of the first
20	violation[-];



1 provided that upon a conviction for a violation of section 291C-2 12, 291C-12.5, 291C-12.6, or 291C-95, the person shall be 3 sentenced in accordance with that section. 4 (C) Every person convicted under or found in violation of section 291C-12, 291C-12.5, 291C-12.6, 291C-13, 291C-14, 291C-5 6 15, 291C-16, 291C-72, 291C-73, 291C-95, 291C-102, 291C-103, 291C-104, or 291C-105 shall be sentenced or fined in accordance 7 8 with [those sections.] that section. 9 (d) Every person who violates section 291C-13 or 291C-18 10 shall: 11 Be fined not more than \$200 or imprisoned not more (1)12 than ten days for a first conviction thereof; 13 (2)Be fined not more than \$300 or imprisoned not more 14 than twenty days or both for conviction of a second 15 offense committed within one year after the date of 16 the first offense; and 17 (3) Be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned not more 18 than six months or both for conviction of a third or 19 subsequent offense committed within one year after the 20 date of the first offense. 21 The court may assess a sum not to exceed \$50 for the (e)

22 cost of issuing a penal summons upon any person who fails to



appear at the place within the time specified in the citation 1 issued to the person for any traffic violation. 2 3 (f) The court may require a person who violates any of the 4 provisions of this chapter to attend a course of instruction in 5 driver retraining as deemed appropriate by the court, in 6 addition to any other penalties imposed. 7 (q) Fines collected for violation of section 291C-32 8 pursuant to the photo red light imaging detector system 9 established pursuant to Act , Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, 10 shall be deposited into the photo red light imaging detector 11 system program account and shall be expended by the county in 12 which the fine was imposed, for purposes including the 13 establishment, operation, management, and maintenance of a photo 14 red light imaging detector system." 15 SECTION 16. Section 291C-163, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 16 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 17 This chapter shall not be deemed to prevent counties "(a) 18 with respect to streets and highways under their jurisdiction 19 from: Regulating or prohibiting stopping, standing, or 20 (1)21 parking except as provided in section 291C-111;



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1	(2)	Regulating traffic by means of police officers or
2		official traffic-control devices;
3	(3)	Regulating or prohibiting processions or assemblages
4		on the highways;
5	(4)	Designating particular highways or roadways for use by
6	• •	traffic moving in one direction;
7	(5)	Establishing speed limits for vehicles in public
8		parks;
9	(6)	Designating any highway as a through highway or
10		designating any intersection as a stop or yield
11		intersection;
12	(7)	Restricting the use of highways;
13	(8)	Regulating the operation and equipment of and
14	• • •	requiring the registration and inspection of bicycles,
15		including the requirement of a registration fee;
16	( 9)	Regulating or prohibiting the turning of vehicles or
17		specified types of vehicles;
18	(10)	Altering or establishing speed limits;
19	(11)	Requiring written accident reports;
20	(12)	Designating no-passing zones;
21	(13)	Prohibiting or regulating the use of controlled-access
22		roadways by any class or kind of traffic;



1	(14)	Prohibiting or regulating the use of heavily traveled
2		streets by any class or kind of traffic found to be
3		incompatible with the normal and safe movement of
4		<pre>traffic;</pre>
5	(15)	Establishing minimum speed limits;
6	(16)	Designating hazardous railroad grade crossing;
7	(17)	Designating and regulating traffic on play streets;
8	(18)	Prohibiting pedestrians from crossing a roadway in a
9		business district or any designated highway except in
10		a crosswalk;
11	(19)	Restricting pedestrian crossing at unmarked
12		crosswalks;
13	(20)	Regulating persons propelling push carts;
14	(21)	Regulating persons upon skates, coasters, sleds, and
15		other toy vehicles;
16	(22)	Adopting and enforcing such temporary or experimental
17		regulations as may be necessary to cover emergencies
18		or special conditions;
19	(23)	Adopting maximum and minimum speed limits on streets
20		and highways within their respective jurisdictions;
21	(24)	Adopting requirements on stopping, standing, and
22		parking on streets and highways within their
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1	•	respective jurisdictions except as provided in section
2		291C-111;
3	(25)	Prohibiting or regulating electric personal assistive
4		mobility devices on sidewalks and bicycle paths; [and]
5	(26)	Implementing a photo red light imaging detector system
6		pursuant to Act , Session Laws of Hawaii 2011; or
7	[ <del>-(26)</del> -]	(27) Adopting [such] other traffic regulations as
8		[are] specifically authorized by this chapter."
9	SECT	ION 17. Section 291C-165, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended b	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
11	"(b)	In every case when a citation is issued, the original
12	of the ci	tation shall be given to the violator; provided that:
13	(1)	In the case of an unattended vehicle, the original of
14		the citation shall be affixed to the vehicle as
15	· · · ·	provided for in section 291C-167; [ <del>or</del> ]
16	(2)	In the case of:
17	•- -	(A) A vehicle utilizing the high occupancy vehicle
18		lane illegally; or
19		(B) A vehicle illegally utilizing a parking space
20		reserved for persons with disabilities, where the
21		violator refuses the citation; <u>or</u>



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1	(3)	In the case of a motor vehicle determined by a photo
2		red light imaging detector system established pursuant
3		to Act , Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, to have
4		disregarded a steady red signal in violation of
5		<pre>section 291C-32(a)(3);</pre>
6	the origin	nal of the citation shall be sent by certified or
7	registered	a mail, with a return receipt that is postmarked within
8	forty-eigh	nt hours of the time of the incident, as provided in
9	section 29	O1C-223 for vehicles illegally utilizing the high
10	occupancy	vehicle lane, or to the registered owner of the
11	vehicle at	the address on record at the vehicle licensing
12	division f	for vehicles disregarding a steady red signal in
13	violation	of section 291C-32(a)(3), as determined by means of a
14	photo red	light imaging detector system, or within seventy-two
15	hours of t	the time of the incident for vehicles illegally
16	utilizing	a parking space reserved for persons with
17	disabiliti	es, to the registered owner of the vehicle at the
18	address on	n record at the vehicle licensing division. If the end
19	of the app	olicable forty-eight or seventy-two hour period falls
20	on a Satur	day, Sunday, or holiday, then the ending period shall
21	run until	the end of the next day which is not a Saturday,
22	Sunday, or	holiday; provided that the administrative judge of



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1 the district courts may allow a carbon copy of the citation to
2 be given to the violator or affixed to the vehicle and provide
3 for the disposition of the original and any other copies of the
4 citation."

#### PART IV

6 SECTION 18. There is appropriated out of the general 7 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so 8 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2011-2012 and 9 the same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal 10 year 2012-2013 for implementation and operation of the pilot 11 photo red light imaging detector system.

12 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the city and 13 county of Honolulu for the purposes of this Act.

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#### PART V

15 SECTION 19. It is the intent of this Act not to jeopardize 16 the receipt of any federal aid nor to impair the obligation of 17 the State or any agency thereof to the holders of any bond 18 issued by the State or by any such agency, and to the extent, 19 necessary to effectuate this intent, the governor may modify the 20 strict provisions of this Act, but shall promptly report any 21 such modification with reasons therefore to the legislature at 22 its next session for review.



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1	SECTION 20. If any provision of this Act, or the
2	application thereof to any person or circumstance is held
3	invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
<b>4</b>	applications of the Act, which can be given effect without the
5	invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
6	of this Act are severable.
7	SECTION 21. This Act does not affect rights and duties
8	that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
9	were begun before its effective date.
10	SECTION 22. Upon enactment, the revisor of statutes shall
11	insert the number of this Act into sections 291C-161, 291C-163,
12	and 291C-165, Hawaii Revised Statutes, where indicated in
13	sections 15, 16, and 17 of this Act, respectively.
14	SECTION 23. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
15	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
16	SECTION 24. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2011,
17	and shall be repealed on July 1, 2014; provided that sections
18	291C-161, 291C-163(a), and 291C-165(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes,
19	shall be reenacted in the form in which they read on the day
20	before the effective date of this Act.
21	

INTRODUCED BY:



Will Erew Vill Ella 2 0

#### Report Title:

Highway Safety; Appropriation

#### Description:

Establishes a 3-year pilot photo red light imaging detector systems program. Appropriates funds for implementation and operation of the program. Authorizes counties to administer the program.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

