JAN 2 6 2011

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I. INCOME TAX CREDITS
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2	SECTION 1. Section 235-71, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended to read as follows:
4	"\$235-71 Tax on corporations; rates[; credit of
5	shareholder of regulated investment company]. (a) A tax at the
6	rates herein provided shall be assessed, levied, collected, and
7	paid for each taxable year on the taxable income of every
8	corporation, including a corporation carrying on business in
9	partnership, except that in the case of a regulated investment
10	company the tax is as provided by subsection (b) and further
11	that in the case of a real estate investment trust as defined in
12	section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 the tax is as
13	provided in subsection (d). "Corporation" includes any
14	professional corporation incorporated pursuant to chapter 415A.
15	The tax on all taxable income shall be at the rate of 4.4
16	per cent if the taxable income is not over \$25,000, 5.4 per cent
17	if over \$25,000 but not over \$100,000, and on all over \$100,000,
10	C 1 non cont



In the case of a regulated investment company there is 1 2 imposed on the taxable income, computed as provided in sections 3 852 and 855 of the Internal Revenue Code but with the changes 4 and adjustments made by this chapter (without prejudice to the 5 generality of the foregoing, the deduction for dividends paid is 6 limited to such amount of dividends as is attributable to income 7 taxable under this chapter), a tax consisting in the sum of the following: 4.4 per cent if the taxable income is not over 8 9 \$25,000, 5.4 per cent if over \$25,000 but not over \$100,000, and 10 on all over \$100,000, 6.4 per cent. 11 [(c) In the case of a shareholder of a regulated 12 investment company there is hereby allowed a credit in the 13 amount of the tax imposed on the amount of capital gains which 14 by section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code is required 15 to be included in the shareholder's return and on which there 16 has been paid to the State by the regulated investment company 17 the tax at the rate imposed by subsection (b); the amount of 18 this credit may be applied or refunded as provided in section 19 235 - 110. 20 In the case of a real estate investment trust <del>(d)</del>] (c) 21 there is imposed on the taxable income, computed as provided in sections 857 and 858 of the Internal Revenue Code but with the 22 2011-0937 SB SMA.doc

- 1 changes and adjustments made by this chapter (without prejudice
- 2 to the generality of the foregoing, the deduction for dividends
- 3 paid is limited to such amount of dividends as is attributable
- 4 to income taxable under this chapter), a tax consisting in the
- 5 sum of the following: 4.4 per cent if the taxable income is not
- 6 over \$25,000, 5.4 per cent if over \$25,000 but not over
- 7 \$100,000, and on all over \$100,000, 6.4 per cent. In addition
- 8 to any other penalty provided by law any real estate investment
- 9 trust whose tax liability for any taxable year is deemed to be
- 10 increased pursuant to section 859(b)(2)(A) or 860(c)(1)(A) after
- 11 December 31, 1978, (relating to interest and additions to tax
- 12 determined with respect to the amount of the deduction for
- 13 deficiency dividends allowed) of the Internal Revenue Code shall
- 14 pay a penalty in an amount equal to the amount of interest for
- 15 which such trust is liable that is attributable solely to such
- 16 increase. The penalty payable under this subsection with
- 17 respect to any determination shall not exceed one-half of the
- 18 amount of the deduction allowed by section 859(a), or 860(a)
- 19 after December 31, 1978, of the Internal Revenue Code for such
- 20 taxable year.
- 21 [(e)] (d) Any corporation acting as a business entity in
- 22 more than one state and which is required by this chapter to



file a return and whose only activities in this State consist of 1 2 sales and which does not own or rent real estate or tangible 3 personal property and whose annual gross sales in or into this 4 State during the tax year are not in excess of \$100,000 may 5 elect to report and pay a tax of .5 per cent of such annual 6 gross sales." 7 SECTION 2. Section 235-5.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 repealed. 9 ["[\$235-5.6] Individual development account contribution 10 tax credit. (a) There shall be allowed to each taxpayer 11 subject to the tax imposed under this chapter, an individual 12 development account contribution tax credit certified under 13 chapter 257 which shall be applied against the taxpayer's net 14 income tax liability, if any, imposed by this chapter for the 15 taxable year in which the credit is properly claimed. 16 (b) The individual development account contribution tax **17** credit shall be equal to fifty per cent of the amount 18 contributed by the taxpayer to a fiduciary organization as 19 defined by and in the manner prescribed in chapter 257. If a 20 deduction is taken under section 170 (with respect to charitable

contributions and gifts) of the Internal Revenue Code, no tax

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credit shall be allowed for that portion of the contribution for
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    which the deduction was taken.
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         (c) If the tax credit under this section exceeds the
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    taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of the tax credit
    over liability may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's
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    income tax liability in subsequent years until exhausted. All
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    claims, including any amended claims, for tax credits under this
    section shall be filed on or before the end of the twelfth month
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    following the close of the taxable year for which the credit may
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    be claimed. Failure to comply with the foregoing provision
    shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim the credit.
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         (d) Application for the credit under this section shall be
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    upon forms provided by the department.
         (e) The credit under this section shall be available for
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    taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, but shall not
    be available for taxable years beginning after December 31,
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    <del>2004.</del>"]
         SECTION 3. Section 235-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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19
    repealed.
         ["$235-12 Energy conservation; income tax credit. (a)
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    For taxable years ending before January 1, 1990, except in the
21
    case of ice storage systems for taxable years ending before
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1	January 1, 1991, each individual and corporate resident taxpayer
2	who files an individual or corporate net income tax return for a
3	taxable year, may claim a tax credit under this section against
4	the Hawaii state individual or corporate net income tax. The
5	tax credit may be claimed for any solar or wind energy device,
6	heat pump, or ice storage system in an amount not to exceed ten
7	per cent of the total cost of the device, heat pump, or ice
8	storage system; provided that the tax credit shall apply only to
9	the actual cost of the solar or wind energy device, the heat
10	pump, or ice storage system, their accessories, and installation
11	and shall not include the cost of consumer incentive premiums
12	unrelated to the operation of the solar or wind energy device,
13	the heat pump, or ice storage system offered with the sale of
14	the solar or wind energy device, the heat pump, or ice storage
15	system. The credit shall be claimed against net income tax
16 -	liability for the year in which the solar or wind energy device,
17	the heat pump, or ice storage system was purchased and placed in
18	use; provided:
19	(1) The tax credit shall be applicable only with respect
20	to solar devices, which are erected and placed in
21	service after December 31, 1974, but before January 1,
22	<del>1990;</del>



1	<del>(2)</del>	In the case of wind energy devices and heat pumps, the
2		tax credit shall be applicable only with respect to
3		wind energy devices and heat pumps which are installed
4		and placed in service after December 31, 1980, but
5		before January 1, 1990; and
6	<del>(3)</del>	In the case of ice storage systems, the tax credit
7		shall be applicable only with respect to ice storage
8		systems which are installed and placed in service
9	•	after December 31, 1985, but before January 1, 1990.
10	Tax credi	ts which exceed the taxpayer's income tax liability may
11	<del>be used a</del>	s a credit against the taxpayer's income tax liability
12	<del>in subseq</del>	uent years until exhausted. If federal energy tax
13	<del>credits a</del>	re not extended beyond December 31, 1985, are not
14	<del>retroacti</del>	vely extended or reenacted, or federal energy tax
15	<del>credits t</del>	he same as or less in amount than the credits in effect
16	during th	e 1985 taxable year are not enacted during the taxable
17	<del>year 1986</del>	, then the state tax credit shall be increased to
18	fifteen p	er cent of the total cost after December 31, 1985, but
19	before Ja	nuary 1, 1990.
20	As u	sed in this subsection:
21	<del>"Sol</del>	ar or wind energy device" means any new identifiable
22	facility,	equipment, apparatus, or the like which makes use of
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    solar or wind energy for heating, cooling, or reducing the use
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    of other types of energy dependent upon fossil fuel for their
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    generation.
         "Heat pump" means and refers to an electric powered
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    compression heating system which extracts energy from warm
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    ambient air or recovers waste heat to assist in the production
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    of hot water.
         "Ice storage system" refers to ice banks or other cool
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    energy storage tanks, containers, accessories, and controls that
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    are specifically designed to store ice or chilled fluids for the
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    express purpose of shifting the consumption of energy to off-
12
    peak periods.
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         (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989,
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    each individual or corporate resident taxpayer who files an
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    individual or corporate net income tax return for a taxable
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    year, may claim a tax credit under this section against the
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    Hawaii state individual or corporate net income tax. The tax
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    eredit may be claimed as follows:
19
         (1) For wind energy systems that are installed and placed
              in service after December 31, 1989, but before July 1,
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21
              2003, the credit shall be twenty per cent of the
22
              actual cost;
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1	(2)	For solar energy systems that are installed and placed
2		in service after December 31, 1989, but before July 1,
3		2003, on new and existing single family residential
4		buildings, the credit shall be in an amount not to
5		exceed thirty-five per cent or \$1,750, whichever is
6		less, of the actual cost of the solar energy system;
7	<del>(3)</del>	For solar energy systems that are installed and placed
8		in service after December 31, 1989, but before July 1,
9		2003, on new and existing multiunit buildings used
10		primarily for residential purposes, the credit shall
11		be in an amount not to exceed thirty-five per cent or
12	i de la companya de	\$350 per building unit, whichever is less, of the
13		actual cost of the solar energy system;
14	(4)	For solar energy systems that are installed and placed
15		in service after December 31, 1989, but before July 1,
16		2003, in new and existing hotel, commercial, and
17		industrial facilities, the credit shall be in an
18		amount not to exceed thirty-five per cent of the
19		actual cost of the solar energy system;
20	<del>(5)</del>	For heat pumps that are installed and placed in
21		service after December 31, 1989, but before July 1,
22		2003, in new and existing single-family residential

1		buildings, the credit shall be in an amount not to
2		exceed twenty per cent or \$400, whichever is less, of
3		the actual cost of the heat pump;
4	(6)	For heat pumps that are installed and placed in
5		service after December 31, 1989, but before July 1,
6		2003, in new and existing multiunit buildings used
7		primarily for residential purposes, the credit shall
8		be in an amount not to exceed twenty per cent or \$200
9		per building unit, whichever is less, of the actual
10		cost of the heat pump; provided that a licensed
11		professional engineer reviews the design of the system
12		and provides a written opinion that the system, in
13	480 e	accordance with recognized engineering practice, is
14		designed to provide not less than ninety per cent of
15		the daily annual average hot water needs of all of the
16		occupants of the building;
17	<del>(7)</del>	For heat pumps that are installed and placed in
18		service after December 31, 1989, but before July 1,
19		2003, in new and existing hotel, commercial, and
20		industrial facilities, the credit shall be in an
21		amount not to exceed twenty per cent of the actual
22		cost of the heat pump; and

1	(8) For ice storage systems that are installed and placed
2	in service after December 31, 1990, but before July 1,
3	2003, the credit shall be in an amount not to exceed
4	fifty per cent of the actual cost of the ice storage
5	<del>system.</del>
6	The per unit of actual cost of a solar energy system or heat
7	pump referred to in subsection (b)(3) and (6) shall be
8	determined by multiplying the actual cost of the solar energy
9	system or heat pump installed and placed in service in the
10	multiunit building by a fraction, the numerator being the total
11	square feet of that unit in the multiunit building, and the
12	denominator being the total square feet of all the units in the
13	multiunit building.
14	If federal energy tax credits similar to any of those
15	provided in paragraphs (1) to (8) are established after June 30,
16	1998, but before July 1, 2003, then the state tax credit
17	provided in the respective paragraph or paragraphs shall be
18	reduced by the amount of the applicable federal energy tax
19	<del>credit.</del>
20	(c) Tax credits shall apply only to the actual cost of the
21	solar or wind energy system, heat pump, or ice storage system,
22	including their accessories and installation, and shall not
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1,	include the cost of consumer incentive premiums unrelated to the
2	operation of the system or offered with the sale of the system
3	or heat pump. The tax credit shall be claimed against net
4	income tax liability for the year in which the solar or wind
5	energy system, heat pump, or ice storage system was purchased
6	and placed in use in Hawaii. Tax credits that exceed the
7	taxpayer's income tax liability may be used as credit against
8	the taxpayer's income tax liability in subsequent years until
9	exhausted.
10	(d) The director of taxation shall prepare such forms as
11	may be necessary to claim a credit under this section. The
12	director may also require the taxpayer to furnish reasonable
13	information to ascertain the validity of the claim for credit
14	made under this section and may adopt rules necessary to
15	effectuate the purposes of this section pursuant to chapter 91.
16	(e) As used in this section:
17	"Solar or wind energy system" means any new identifiable
18	facility, equipment, apparatus, or the like that converts solar
19	insolation or wind energy to useful thermal or electrical energy
20	for heating, cooling, or reducing the use of other types of
21	energy dependent upon fossil fuel for their generation.

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         "Heat pump" means an electric powered compression heating
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    system that extracts energy from warm ambient air or recovers
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    waste heat to assist in the production of hot water.
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         "Ice storage system" refers to ice banks or other cool
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    energy storage tanks, containers, accessories, and controls that
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    are specifically designed to store ice or chilled fluids for the
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    express purpose of shifting the consumption of energy to off-
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    peak periods."]
         SECTION 4. Section 235-12.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    repealed.
         ["$235-12.5 Renewable energy technologies; income tax
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    eredit. (a) When the requirements of subsection (d) are met,
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    each individual or corporate taxpayer that files an individual
    or corporate net income tax return for a taxable year may claim
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    a tax credit under this section against the Hawaii state
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    individual or corporate net income tax. The tax credit may be
17
    claimed for every eligible renewable energy technology system
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    that is installed and placed in service in the State by a
19
    taxpayer during the taxable year. The tax credit may be claimed
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    as follows:
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1	(1) For each solar energy system: thirty-five per cent of
2	the actual cost or the cap amount determined in
3	subsection (b), whichever is less; or
4	(2) For each wind powered energy system: twenty per cent
5	of the actual cost or the cap amount determined in
6	subsection (b), whichever is less;
7	provided that multiple owners of a single system shall be
8	entitled to a single tax credit; and provided further that the
9	tax credit shall be apportioned between the owners in proportion
10	to their contribution to the cost of the system.
11	In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or
12	trust, the tax credit allowable is for every eligible renewable
13 <sup>-</sup>	energy technology system that is installed and placed in service
14	in the State by the entity. The cost upon which the tax credit
15	is computed shall be determined at the entity level.
16	Distribution and share of credit shall be determined pursuant to
17	section 235-110.7(a).
18	(b) The amount of credit allowed for each eligible
19	renewable energy technology system shall not exceed the
20	applicable cap amount, which is determined as follows:

1	<del>(1)</del>	<del>If t</del>	he primary purpose of the solar energy system is
2		<del>to u</del>	se energy from the sun to heat water for household
3		<del>use,</del>	then the cap amounts shall be:
4		(A)	\$2,250 per system for single family residential
5			property;
6		<del>(B)</del>	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family
7			residential property; and
8		<del>(C)</del>	\$250,000 per system for commercial property;
9	( <del>2)</del>	For	all other solar energy systems, the cap amounts
10		shal	<del>l be:</del>
11	¢.	(A)	\$5,000 per system for single-family residential
12			property; provided that if all or a portion of
13	gerif."		the system is used to fulfill the substitute
14			renewable energy technology requirement pursuant
15		,	to section 196-6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be
16			reduced by thirty five per cent of the actual
17			system cost or \$2,250, whichever is less;
18		<del>(B)</del>	\$350 per unit per system for multi family
19			residential property; and
20		<del>(C)</del>	\$500,000 per system for commercial property; and
21	<del>(3)</del>	For	all wind powered energy systems, the cap amounts
22		shal	<del>l be:</del>

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1	-(A)	\$1,500 per system for single-family residential
2		property; provided that if all or a portion of
3	A.	the system is used to fulfill the substitute
4		renewable energy technology requirement pursuant
5		to section 196-6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be
6		reduced by twenty per cent of the actual system
7		cost or \$1,500, whichever is less;
8	<del>(B)</del>	\$200 per unit per system for multi-family
9		residential property; and
10	<del>(C)</del>	\$500,000 per system for commercial property.
11	<del>(c) For</del>	the purposes of this section:
12	"Actual c	ost" means costs related to the renewable energy
13	technology sys	tems under subsection (a), including accessories
14	and installati	on, but not including the cost of consumer
15	incentive prem	iums unrelated to the operation of the system or
16	offered with t	he sale of the system and costs for which another
17	<del>credit is clai</del>	med under this chapter.
18	"Househol	d use" means any use to which heated water is
19	commonly put i	n a residential setting, including commercial
20	application of	those uses.

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"Renewable energy technology system" means a new system
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    that captures and converts a renewable source of energy, such as
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3.
    solar or wind energy, into:
         (1) A usable source of thermal or mechanical energy;
4
5
         (2) Electricity; or
6
         (3) Fuel.
7
         "Solar or wind energy system" means any identifiable
    facility, equipment, apparatus, or the like that converts solar
8
    or wind energy to useful thermal or electrical energy for
9
    heating, cooling, or reducing the use of other types of energy
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    that are dependent upon fossil fuel for their generation.
11
         (d) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,
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    the dollar amount of any utility rebate shall be deducted from
13
    the cost of the qualifying system and its installation before
14
    applying the state tax credit.
15
         (e) The director of taxation shall prepare any forms that
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    may be necessary to claim a tax credit under this section,
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    including forms identifying the technology type of each tax
18
    credit claimed under this section, whether for solar or wind.
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    The director may also require the taxpayer to furnish reasonable
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    information to ascertain the validity of the claim for credit
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1
    made under this section and may adopt rules necessary to
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    effectuate the purposes of this section pursuant to chapter 91.
         -(f) If the tax credit under this section exceeds the
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    taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of the credit over
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    liability may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's income
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    tax liability in subsequent years until exhausted, unless
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    otherwise elected by the taxpayer pursuant to subsection (g) or
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    (h). All claims for the tax credit under this section,
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    including amended claims, shall be filed on or before the end of
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    the twelfth month following the close of the taxable year for
    which the credit may be claimed. Failure to comply with this
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12
    subsection shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim the
13
    credit.
14
         (q) For solar energy systems, a taxpayer may elect to
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    reduce the eligible credit amount by thirty per cent and if this
    reduced amount exceeds the amount of income tax payment due from
16
    the taxpayer, the excess of the credit amount over payments due
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    shall be refunded to the taxpayer; provided that tax credit
    amounts properly claimed by a taxpayer who has no income tax
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    liability shall be paid to the taxpayer; and provided further
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    that no refund on account of the tax credit allowed by this
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    section shall be made for amounts less than $1.
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1	The election required by this subsection shall be made in a
2	manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for
3	the taxable year in which the system is installed and placed in
4	service. A separate election may be made for each separate
5	system that generates a credit. An election once made is
6	<del>irrevocable.</del>
7	(h) Notwithstanding subsection (g), for any renewable
8	energy technology system, an individual taxpayer may elect to
9	have any excess of the credit over payments due refunded to the
10	taxpayer, if:
11	(1) All of the taxpayer's income is exempt from taxation
12	under section 235-7(a)(2) or (3); or
13	(2) The taxpayer's adjusted gross income is \$20,000 or
14	less (or \$40,000 or less if filing a tax return as
15	<pre>married filing jointly);</pre>
16	provided that tax credits properly claimed by a taxpayer who has
17	no income tax liability shall be paid to the taxpayer; and
18	provided further that no refund on account of the tax credit
19	allowed by this section shall be made for amounts less than \$1.
20	A husband and wife who do not file a joint tax return shall
21	only be entitled to make this election to the extent that they

1	would have been entitled to make the election had they filed a
2	joint tax return.
3	The election required by this subsection shall be made in a
4	manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for
5	the taxable year in which the system is installed and placed in
6	service. A separate election may be made for each separate
7	system that generates a credit. An election once made is
8	irrevocable.
9	(i) No taxpayer shall be allowed a credit under this
10	section for the portion of the renewable energy technology
11	system required by section 196-6.5 that is installed and placed
12:	in service on any newly constructed single family residential
13	property authorized by a building permit issued on or after
14	January 1, 2010.
15	(j) To the extent feasible, using existing resources to
16	assist the energy-efficiency policy review and evaluation, the
17	department shall assist with data collection on the following
18	for each taxable year:
19	(1) The number of renewable energy technology systems that
20	have qualified for a tax credit during the calendar
21	<del>year by:</del>
22	(A) Technology type; and

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1	(B) Taxpayer type (corporate and individual); and
2	(2) The total cost of the tax credit to the State during
3	the taxable year by:
4	(A) Technology type; and
5	(B) Taxpayer type.
6	(k) This section shall apply to eligible renewable energy
7	technology systems that are installed and placed in service on
8	or after July 1, 2009."]
9	SECTION 5. Section 235-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	repealed.
11	["[\$235-15] Tax credits to promote the purchase of child
12	passenger restraint systems. (a) Any taxpayer who files an
13	individual income tax return for a taxable year may claim an
	the months and the marking against the Hayrii state
14	income tax credit under this section against the Hawaii state
14 15	individual net income tax.
15	individual net income tax.
15 16	individual net income tax.  (b) The tax credit shall be \$25; provided that the
15 16 17	individual net income tax.  (b) The tax credit shall be \$25; provided that the taxpayer purchases one or more new child passenger restraint
15 16 17 18	individual net income tax.  (b) The tax credit shall be \$25; provided that the taxpayer purchases one or more new child passenger restraint systems in the tax year for which the credit is properly
15 16 17 18 19	individual net income tax.  (b) The tax credit shall be \$25; provided that the taxpayer purchases one or more new child passenger restraint systems in the tax year for which the credit is properly claimed; and provided that such restraint system can be shown to
15 16 17 18 19 20	individual net income tax.  (b) The tax credit shall be \$25; provided that the taxpayer purchases one or more new child passenger restraint systems in the tax year for which the credit is properly claimed; and provided that such restraint system can be shown to be in substantial conformity with specifications for such

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(c) If the tax credit claimed by the taxpayer under this
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    section exceeds the amount of the income tax payments due from
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    the taxpayer, the excess of credit over payments due shall be
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    refunded to the taxpayer; provided that the tax credit properly
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    claimed by a taxpayer who has no income tax liability shall be
5
    paid to the taxpayer; and provided that no refunds or payments
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    on account of the tax credit allowed by this section shall be
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    made for amounts less than $1.
9
         (d) The director of taxation shall prepare such forms as
    may be necessary to claim a credit under this section, may
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    require proof of the claim for the tax credit, and may adopt
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    rules pursuant to chapter 91.
     (e) All of the provisions relating to assessments and
13
    refunds under this chapter and under section 231-23(c)(1) shall
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15
    apply to the tax credit under this section.
         (f) Claims for the tax credit under this section,
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    including any amended claims, shall be filed on or before the
17
    end of the twelfth month following the taxable year for which
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    the credit may be claimed."]
         SECTION 6. Section 235-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    repealed.
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1	[" <del>§2</del>	35-17 Motion picture, digital media, and film
2	productio	n income tax credit. (a) Any law to the contrary
3	notwithst	anding, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject
4	to the ta	xes imposed by this chapter, an income tax credit which
5	shall be	deductible from the taxpayer's net income tax
6	liability	, if any, imposed by this chapter for the taxable year
7	in which	the credit is properly claimed. The amount of the
8	<del>credit sh</del>	all be:
9		Fifteen per cent of the qualified production costs
10		incurred by a qualified production in any county of
11		the State with a population of over seven hundred
12		thousand; or
13	(2)	Twenty per cent of the qualified production costs
14		incurred by a qualified production in any county of
15		the State with a population of seven hundred thousand
16		or less.
17	A qualifi	ed production occurring in more than one county may
18	<del>prorate i</del>	ts expenditures based upon the amounts spent in each
19	county, i	f the population bases differ enough to change the
20	percentag	e of tax credit.
21	<del>In t</del>	he case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or
22	trust, th	e tax credit allowable is for qualified production
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- costs incurred by the entity for the taxable year. The cost 1 upon which the tax credit is computed shall be determined at the 2 entity level. Distribution and share of credit shall be 3 4 determined by rule. If a deduction is taken under section 179 (with respect to 5 6 election to expense depreciable business assets) of the Internal 7 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, no tax credit shall be allowed 8 for those costs for which the deduction is taken. 9 The basis for eligible property for depreciation of 10 accelerated cost recovery system purposes for state income taxes 11 shall be reduced by the amount of credit allowable and claimed. (b) The credit allowed under this section shall be claimed 12 against the net income tax liability for the taxable year. For 13 the purposes of this section, "net income tax liability" means 14 15 net income tax liability reduced by all other credits allowed 16 under this chapter. (c) If the tax credit under this section exceeds the 17 taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of credits over 18 19 liability shall be refunded to the taxpayer; provided that no 20 refunds or payment on account of the tax credits allowed by this section shall be made for amounts less than \$1. All claims, 21 including any amended claims, for tax credits under this section 22
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1	<del>shall be</del>	filed on or before the end of the twelfth month
2	following	the close of the taxable year for which the credit may
.3	be claime	ed. Failure to comply with the foregoing provision
4	shall cor	stitute a waiver of the right to claim the credit.
5	<del>(d)</del>	To qualify for this tax credit, a production shall:
6	<del>(1)</del>	Meet the definition of a qualified production
7		specified in subsection (1);
8	<del>(2)</del>	Have qualified production costs totaling at least
9		<del>\$200,000;</del>
10	<del>(3)</del>	Provide the State, at a minimum, a shared card, end-
11		title screen credit, where applicable;
12	<del>(4)</del>	Provide evidence of reasonable efforts to hire local
13	<b>北海</b> 衛	talent and crew; and
14	<del>(5)</del>	Provide evidence of financial or in kind contributions
15	•	or educational or workforce development efforts, in
16		partnership with related local industry labor
17		organizations, educational institutions, or both,
18		toward the furtherance of the local film and
19		television and digital media industries.
20	<del>(e)</del>	On or after July 1, 2006, no qualified production cost
21	<del>that has</del>	been financed by investments for which a credit was

```
1
    claimed by any taxpayer pursuant to section 235 110.9 is
2
    eligible for credits under this section.
3
         (f) To receive the tax credit, the taxpayer shall first
    prequalify the production for the credit by registering with the
4
5
    department of business, economic development, and tourism during
6
    the development or preproduction stage. Failure to comply with
7
    this provision may constitute a waiver of the right to claim the
8
    credit.
         (q) The director of taxation shall prepare forms as may be
9
10
    necessary to claim a credit under this section. The director
11
    may also require the taxpayer to furnish information to
12
    ascertain the validity of the claim for credit made under this
13
    section and may adopt rules necessary to effectuate the purposes
14
    of this section pursuant to chapter 91.
15
         (h) Every taxpayer claiming a tax credit under this
16
    section for a qualified production shall, no later than ninety
    days following the end of each taxable year in which qualified
17
18
    production costs were expended, submit a written, sworn
19
    statement to the department of business, economic development,
20
    and tourism, identifying:
```

1	<del>(1)</del>	All qualified production costs as provided by
2		subsection (a), if any, incurred in the previous
3		taxable year;
4	<del>(2)</del>	The amount of tax credits claimed pursuant to this
5		section, if any, in the previous taxable year; and
6	. <del>(3)</del>	The number of total hires versus the number of local
7		hires by category (i.e., department) and by county.
8	<u>(i)</u>	The department of business, economic development, and
9	tourism s	shall:
10	<del>(1)</del>	Maintain records of the names of the taxpayers and
11		qualified productions thereof claiming the tax credits
12		under subsection (a);
13	<del>(2)</del>	Obtain and total the aggregate amounts of all
14		qualified production costs per qualified production
15		and per qualified production per taxable year; and
16	<del>(3)</del>	Provide a letter to the director of taxation
17	·	specifying the amount of the tax credit per qualified
18		production for each taxable year that a tax credit is
19		claimed and the cumulative amount of the tax credit
20		for all years claimed.
21	<del>Upor</del>	-each determination required under this subsection, the
22	departmer	nt of business, economic development, and tourism shall

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1
    issue a letter to the taxpayer, regarding the qualified
2
    production, specifying the qualified production costs and the
3
    tax credit amount qualified for in each taxable year a tax
    credit is claimed. The taxpayer for each qualified production
4
5
    shall file the letter with the taxpayer's tax return for the
6
    qualified production to the department of taxation.
7
    Notwithstanding the authority of the department of business,
8
    economic development, and tourism under this section, the
9
    director of taxation may audit and adjust the tax credit amount
10
    to conform to the information filed by the taxpayer.
11
         (i) Total tax credits claimed per qualified production
12
    shall not exceed $8,000,000.
    (k) Qualified productions shall comply with subsections
13
    (d), (e), (f), and (h).
14
15
         (1) For the purposes of this section:
         "Commercial":
16
17
         (1) Means an advertising message that is filmed using
18
              film, videotape, or digital media, for dissemination
19
              via television broadcast or theatrical distribution;
20
         (2) Includes a series of advertising messages if all parts
21
              are produced at the same time over the course of six
22
              consecutive weeks; and
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1	(3) Does not include an advertising message with
2	Internet only distribution.
3	"Digital media" means production methods and platforms
4	directly related to the creation of cinematic imagery and
5	content, specifically using digital means, including but not
6	limited to digital cameras, digital sound equipment, and
7	computers, to be delivered via film, videotape, interactive game
8	platform, or other digital distribution media (excluding
9	Internet-only distribution).
10	"Post production" means production activities and services
11	conducted after principal photography is completed, including
12	but not limited to editing, film and video transfers,
13	duplication, transcoding, dubbing, subtitling, credits, closed
14	captioning, audio production, special effects (visual and
15	sound), graphics, and animation.
16	"Production" means a series of activities that are directly
17	related to the creation of visual and cinematic imagery to be
18	delivered via film, videotape, or digital media and to be sold,
19	distributed, or displayed as entertainment or the advertisement
20	of products for mass public consumption, including but not
21	limited to scripting, casting, set design and construction,

1	transport	actor, videography, photography, sound recording,
2	interacti	ve game design, and post production.
3	<del>"Qua</del>	lified production":
4	<del>(1)</del>	Means a production, with expenditures in the State,
5		for the total or partial production of a feature-
6		length motion picture, short film, made for television
7		movie, commercial, music video, interactive game,
8		television series pilot, single season (up to
9		twenty-two episodes) of a television series regularly
10		filmed in the State (if the number of episodes per
11		single season exceeds twenty two, additional episodes
12		for the same season shall constitute a separate
13	<b>Mary</b> or the second of the se	qualified production), television special, single
14		television episode that is not part of a television
15		series regularly filmed or based in the State,
16		national magazine show, or national talk show. For
17		the purposes of subsections (d) and (j), each of the
18		aforementioned qualified production categories shall
19		constitute separate, individual qualified productions;
20		and
21	(2)	Does not include: daily news; public affairs programs;
22		non national magazine or talk shows; televised

1	, s	sporting events or activities; productions that
2		solicit funds; productions produced primarily for
3		industrial, corporate, institutional, or other private
4		purposes; and productions that include any material or
5		performance prohibited by chapter 712.
6	<del>"Qua</del>	lified production costs" means the costs incurred by a
7	qualified	production within the State that are subject to the
8	<del>general e</del>	xcise tax under chapter 237 or income tax under this
9	<del>chapter a</del>	nd that have not been financed by any investments for
10	which a c	redit was or will be claimed pursuant to section
11	235 110.9	. Qualified production costs include but are not
12	limited t	<del>O:</del>
13	(1)	Costs incurred during preproduction such as location
14		scouting and related services;
15	<del>(2)</del>	Costs of set construction and operations, purchases or
16		rentals of wardrobe, props, accessories, food, office
17		supplies, transportation, equipment, and related
18		services;
19	(3)	Wages or salaries of cast, crew, and musicians;
20	(4)	Costs of photography, sound synchronization, lighting,
21		and related services;

1	<del>(5)</del>	Costs of editing, visual effects, music, other post-
2		production, and related services;
3	<del>(6)</del>	Rentals and fees for use of local facilities and
4		<del>locations;</del>
5	<del>(7)</del>	Rentals of vehicles and lodging for cast and crew;
6	(8)	Airfare for flights to or from Hawaii, and interisland
7	,	flights;
8	<del>(9)</del>	Insurance and bonding;
9	(10)	Shipping of equipment and supplies to or from Hawaii,
10		and interisland shipments; and
11	<del>(11)</del>	Other direct production costs specified by the
12		department in consultation with the department of
13	1990	business, economic development, and tourism."]
14	SECT	ION 7. Section 235-110.51, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	repealed.	
16	[" <del>§2</del>	35-110.51 Technology infrastructure renovation tax
17	credit.	(a) There shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to
18	the taxes	imposed by this chapter, an income tax credit which
19	shall be	deductible from the taxpayer's net income tax
20	liability	, if any, imposed by this chapter for the taxable year
21	in which	the credit is properly claimed.

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(b) The amount of the credit shall be four per cent of the
1
2
    renovation costs incurred during the taxable year for each
3
    commercial building located in Hawaii.
         (c) In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate,
4
5
    trust, or any developer of a commercial building, the tax credit
6
    allowable is for renovation costs incurred by the entity for the
7
    taxable year. The cost upon which the tax credit is computed
8
    shall be determined at the entity level. Distribution and share
9
    of credit shall be determined pursuant to section 235-110.7(a).
10
         (d) If a deduction is taken under section 179 (with
    respect to election to expense depreciable business assets) of
11
12
    the Internal Revenue Code, no tax credit shall be allowed for
13
    that portion of the renovation cost for which the deduction is
14
    taken.
         (e) The basis of eligible property for depreciation or
15
16
    accelerated cost recovery system purposes for state income taxes
17
    shall be reduced by the amount of credit allowable and claimed.
18
    In the alternative, the taxpayer shall treat the amount of the
19
    credit allowable and claimed as a taxable income item for the
20
    taxable year in which it is properly recognized under the method
    of accounting used to compute taxable income.
21
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1	(f) The credit allowed under this section shall be claimed
2	against the net income tax liability for the taxable year.
3	(g) If the tax credit under this section exceeds the
4	taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of credit over
5	liability may be carried forward until exhausted.
6	(h) The tax credit allowed under this section shall not be
7	available for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010.
. 8	(i) As used in this section:
9	"Net income tax liability" means income tax liability
10	reduced by all other credits allowed under this chapter.
11	"Renovation costs" means costs incurred after December 31,
12	2000, to plan, design, install, construct, and purchase
13	technology enabled infrastructure equipment to provide a
14	commercial building with technology enabled infrastructure.
15	"Technology enabled infrastructure" means:
16	(1) High speed telecommunications systems that provide
1,7	Internet access, direct satellite communications
18	access, and videoconferencing facilities;
19	(2) Physical security systems that identify and verify
20	valid entry to secure spaces, detect invalid entry or
21	entry attempts, and monitor activity in these spaces;

1	(3) Environmental systems to include heating, ventilation,
2	air conditioning, fire detection and suppression, and
3	other life safety systems; and
4	(4) Backup and emergency electric power systems.
5	(j) No taxpayer that claims a credit under this section
6	shall claim any other credit under this chapter."]
7	SECTION 8. Section 235-55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	repealed.
9	[" <del>§235-55 Tax credits for resident taxpayers. (a)</del>
10	Whenever an individual or person liable to the taxes imposed
<b>11</b> ,	upon individuals, who is a resident of the State or who has
12	filed a joint resident return under section 235-93, has become
13	liable for income taxes to a state, or to the District of
14	Columbia, Puerto Rico, or any other territory or possession of
15	the United States, or to a foreign country upon any part of the
16	individual's or person's taxable income for the taxable year,
17	derived or received from sources without the State and taxed
18	under the laws of such other jurisdiction irrespective of the
19	residence or domicile of the recipient, there shall be credited
20	against the tax payable by the individual or person under this
21	chapter the tax so paid by the individual or person to the other

1	<del>jurisdict</del>	ion upon the individual's or person's producing for the
2	departmen	t of taxation satisfactory evidence:
3	(1)	Of such tax payment; and
4	<del>(2)</del>	That the laws of the other jurisdiction do not allow
5		the individual or person a credit against the taxes
6		imposed by such jurisdiction for the taxes paid or
7		payable under this chapter, or do allow such credit in
8		an amount which has been deducted in computing the
9		amount of credit sought under this section.
10	<del>(b)</del>	The application of such credit, however:
11	<del>(1)</del>	Shall not be allowed with respect to any taxable
12		income or any tax which under subchapter N of chapter
13		1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (which is
14		applicable for federal purposes but not for state
15		purposes) is or may be the subject of an exclusion,
16		exemption, or tax credit; and
17	(2)	Shall not operate to reduce the tax payable under this
18		chapter to an amount less than that which would have
19		been payable had the taxpayer been taxable only on the
20		income from property owned, personal services
21		performed, trade or business carried on, and other
22		sources in the State.

1	(c) If any taxes paid to another jurisdiction for which a
2	taxpayer has been allowed a credit under this section are at any
3	time credited or refunded to the taxpayer, such fact shall be
4	reported by the taxpayer to the department within twenty days
5	after the credit or refund. Failure to make such report shall
6	be deemed failure to make a return and subject to the penalties
7	imposed by law in such cases. A tax equal to the credit allowed
8	for the taxes so credited or refunded shall be due and payable
9	from the taxpayer upon notice and demand from the department.
10	If the amount of such tax is not paid within ten days from the
11	date of the notice and demand, the taxpayer shall be subject to
12	the usual penalties and interest for delinquency in payment.
13	(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit a
14	credit against the taxes imposed by this chapter on account of
15	<pre>federal income taxes."]</pre>
16	SECTION 9. Section 235-55.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	repealed.
18	["\$235-55.6 Expenses for household and dependent care
19	services necessary for gainful employment. (a) Allowance of
20	<del>credit.</del>
21	(1) In general. For each resident taxpayer, who files an
22	individual income tax return for a taxable year, and

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1		who is not claimed or is not otherwise eligible to be
2		claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer for federal
3		or Hawaii state individual income tax purposes, who
4		maintains a household which includes as a member one
5		or more qualifying individuals (as defined in
6		subsection (b)(1)), there shall be allowed as a credit
7		against the tax imposed by this chapter for the
8		taxable year an amount equal to the applicable
9		percentage of the employment-related expenses (as
10		defined in subsection (b)(2)) paid by such individual
11		during the taxable year. If the tax credit claimed by
12		a resident taxpayer exceeds the amount of income tax
13	<b>₹₩</b> }	payment due from the resident taxpayer, the excess of
14		the credit over payments due shall be refunded to the
15		resident taxpayer; provided that tax credit properly
16		claimed by a resident individual who has no income tax
17		liability shall be paid to the resident individual;
18		and provided further that no refunds or payment on
19		account of the tax credit allowed by this section
20		shall be made for amounts less than \$1.
21	<del>(2)</del>	Applicable percentage defined. For purposes of
22		paragraph (1), the term "applicable percentage" means

1		twen	ty-five per cent reduced (but not below fifteen
2		per	cent) by one percentage point of each \$2,000 (or
3		frac	tion thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted
4		gros	s income for the taxable year exceeds \$22,000.
5	<del>(b)</del>	Defi	nitions of qualifying individual and employment-
6	<del>related e</del>	<del>xpens</del>	es. For purposes of this section:
7	<del>(1)</del>	Qual	ifying individual. The term "qualifying
8		indi	vidual" means:
9		(A)	A dependent of the taxpayer who is under the age
10			of thirteen and with respect to whom the taxpayer
11			is entitled to a deduction under section 235-
12			<del>54(a),</del>
13	Apple of the second	<del>(B)</del>	A dependent of the taxpayer who is physically or
14			mentally incapable of caring for oneself, or
15		<del>(C)</del>	The spouse of the taxpayer, if the spouse is
16		. "	physically or mentally incapable of caring for
17			oneself.
18	<del>(2)</del>	Empl	oyment related expenses.
19		<del>(A)</del>	In general. The term "employment related
20			expenses" means amounts paid for the following
21			expenses, but only if such expenses are incurred
22			to enable the taxpayer to be gainfully employed

1	for any period for which there are one or more
2	qualifying individuals with respect to the
3	<del>taxpayer:</del>
4	(i) Expenses for household services, and
5	(ii) Expenses for the care of a qualifying
6	individual.
7	Such term shall not include any amount paid for
8	services outside the taxpayer's household at a
9	camp where the qualifying individual stays
10	<del>overnight.</del>
11	(B) Exception. Employment-related expenses described
12	in subparagraph (A) which are incurred for
13	services outside the taxpayer's household shall
14	be taken into account only if incurred for the
15	<del>care of:</del>
16	(i) A qualifying individual described in
17	<del>paragraph (1)(A), or</del>
18	(ii) A qualifying individual (not described in
19	paragraph (1)(A)) who regularly spends at
20	least eight hours each day in the taxpayer's
21	household.

1		<del>(C)</del>	Depe	ndent care centers. Employment related
2			ежре	nses described in subparagraph (A) which are
3			incu	rred for services provided outside the
4			taxp	ayer's household by a dependent care center
5			<del>(as</del>	defined in subparagraph (D)) shall be taken
6			into	-account only if:
7			<del>(1)</del>	Such center complies with all applicable
8				laws, rules, and regulations of this State,
9				if the center is located within the
10				jurisdiction of this State; or
11			<del>(ii)</del>	Such center complies with all applicable
12				laws, rules, and regulations of the
13	<b>4</b> 40 ()			jurisdiction in which the center is located,
14				if the center is located outside the State;
15				and
1.6		+	<del>iii)</del>	The requirements of subparagraph (B) are
17				met.
18		<del>(D)</del>	Depe	ndent care center defined. For purposes of
19			this	paragraph, the term "dependent care center"
20			mean	s any facility which:

1	(i) Provides care for more than six individuals
2	(other than individuals who reside at the
3	facility), and
4	(ii) Receives a fee, payment, or grant for
5	providing services for any of the
6	individuals (regardless of whether such
7	facility is operated for profit).
8	(c) Dollar limit on amount creditable. The amount of the
9	employment related expenses incurred during any taxable year
10	which may be taken into account under subsection (a) shall not
11	exceed:
12	(1) \$2,400 if there is one qualifying individual with
13	respect to the taxpayer for such taxable year, or
14	(2) \$4,800 if there are two or more qualifying individuals
15	with respect to the taxpayer for such taxable year.
16	The amount determined under paragraph (1) or (2) (whichever is
17	applicable) shall be reduced by the aggregate amount excludable
18	from gross income under section 129 (with respect to dependent
19	care assistance programs) of the Internal Revenue Code for the
20	taxable year.
21	(d) Earned income limitation.

1	(1)	In general. Except as otherwise provided in this
2		subsection, the amount of the employment-related
3		expenses incurred during any taxable year which may be
4		taken into account under subsection (a) shall not
5		<del>exceed:</del>
6		(A) In the case of an individual who is not married
7		at the close of such year, such individual's
8		earned income for such year, or
9		(B) In the case of an individual who is married at
10		the close of such year, the lesser of such
11		individual's earned income or the earned income
12		of the individual's spouse for such year.
13	<del>(2)</del>	Special rule for spouse who is a student or incapable
14		of caring for oneself. In the case of a spouse who is
15		a-student or a qualified individual described in
16		subsection (b) (1) (C), for purposes of paragraph (1),
17		such spouse shall be deemed for each month during
18		which such spouse is a full-time student at an
19		educational institution, or is such a qualifying
20		individual, to be gainfully employed and to have
21		earned income of not less than:

1		(A) \$200 if subsection (c)(1) applies for the taxable
2		<del>year, or</del>
3		(B) \$400 if subsection (c)(2) applies for the taxable
4		<del>year.</del>
5		In the case of any husband and wife, this paragraph
6		shall apply with respect to only one spouse for any
7		one month.
8.	<del>(e)</del>	Special rules. For purposes of this section:
9	<del>(1)</del>	Maintaining household. An individual shall be treated
10	`	as maintaining a household for any period only if over
11		half the cost of maintaining the household for the
12		period is furnished by the individual (or, if the
13	: :	individual is married during the period, is furnished
14		by the individual and the individual's spouse).
15	<del>(2)</del>	Married couples must file joint return. If the
16		taxpayer is married at the close of the taxable year,
17		the credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) only
18		if the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse file a joint
19		return for the taxable year.
20	<del>(3)</del>	Marital status. An individual legally separated from
21		the individual's spouse under a decree of divorce or

1		of separate maintenance shall not be considered as
2		married.
3	(4)	Certain married individuals living apart. If:
4		(A) An individual who is married and who files a
5		<del>separate return:</del>
6		(i) Maintains as the individual's home a
7		household that constitutes for more than
8		one half of the taxable year the principal
9	•	place of abode of a qualifying individual,
10		and
11		(ii) Furnishes over half of the cost of
12		maintaining the household during the taxable
13	Sáire .	<del>year, and</del>
14		(B) During the last six months of the taxable year
15		the individual's spouse is not a member of the
16		household,
17		the individual shall not be considered as married.
18	<del>(5)</del>	Special dependency test in case of divorced parents,
19		etc. If:
20		(A) Paragraph (2) or (4) of section 152(c) of the
21		Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,

1		applies to any child with respect to any calendar
2		<del>year, and</del>
3		(B) The child is under age thirteen or is physically
4		or mentally incompetent of caring for the child's
5		<del>self,</del>
6		in the case of any taxable year beginning in the
7		calendar year, the child shall be treated as a
.8		qualifying individual described in subsection
9		(b)(1)(A) or (B) (whichever is appropriate) with
10		respect to the custodial parent (within the meaning of
11		section 152(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of
12		1986, as amended), and shall not be treated as a
13		qualifying individual with respect to the noncustodial
14		<del>parent.</del>
15	(6)	Payments to related individuals. No credit shall be
16		allowed under subsection (a) for any amount paid by
17		the taxpayer to an individual:
18		(A) With respect to whom, for the taxable year, a
19		deduction under section 151(c) of the Internal
20		Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (relating to
21		deduction for personal exemptions for dependents)

1		is allowable either to the taxpayer or the
2		taxpayer's spouse, or
3		(B) Who is a child of the taxpayer (within the
4		meaning of section 151(c)(3) of the Internal
5		Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) who has not
6		attained the age of nineteen at the close of the
7.		taxable year.
8		For purposes of this paragraph, the term "taxable
9		year" means the taxable year of the taxpayer in which
10		the service is performed.
11	<del>-( 7-)</del>	Student. The term "student" means an individual who,
12		during each of five calendar months during the taxable
13	Service Control of the Control of th	year, is a full-time student at an educational
14		organization.
15	<del>(8)</del> -	Educational organization. The term "educational
16		organization" means a school operated by the
17		department of education under chapter 302A, an
18		educational organization described in section
19		170(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
20		as amended, or a university, college, or community
21		<del>college.</del>

1		<del>(9)</del>	<del>1aen</del>	trying information required with respect to
2			serv	ice provider. No credit shall be allowed under
3			subs	ection (a) for any amount paid to any person
4.			unle	<del>ss:</del>
5			<del>(A)</del>	The name, address, taxpayer identification
6				number, and general excise tax license number of
7				the person are included on the return claiming
8				the credit,
9			<del>(B)</del>	If the person is located outside the State, the
10				name, address, and taxpayer identification
11				number, if any, of the person and a statement
12		A.		indicating that the service provider is located
13	. Nati			outside the State and that the general excise tax
14				license and, if applicable, the taxpayer
15				identification numbers are not required, or
16			<del>(C)</del>	If the person is an organization described in
17				section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
18				and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of the
19				Internal Revenue Code, the name and address of
20				the person are included on the return claiming
21		/*		the credit.

1	In the case of a failure to provide the information
2	required under the preceding sentence, the preceding
3	sentence shall not apply if it is shown that the
4	taxpayer exercised due diligence in attempting to
5	provide the information so required.
6	(f) Rules. The director of taxation shall prescribe such
7	rules under chapter 91 as may be necessary to carry out the
.8	purposes of this section."]
9	SECTION 10. Section 235-55.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	repealed.
11	["\$235-55.7 Income tax credit for low-income household
12	renters. (a) As used in this section:
13	(1) "Adjusted gross income" is defined by section 235-1.
14	(2) "Qualified exemption" includes those exemptions
15	permitted under this chapter; provided that a person
16	for whom exemption is claimed has physically resided
17	in the State for more than nine months during the
18	taxable year; and provided that multiple exemption
19	shall not be granted because of deficiencies in
20	vision, hearing, or other disability.
21	(3) "Rent" means the amount paid in cash in any taxable
22	year for the occupancy of a dwelling place which is

49

1		used by a resident taxpayer or the resident taxpayer's
2		immediate family as the principal residence in this
3		State. Rent is limited to the amount paid for the
4		occupancy of the dwelling place only, and is exclusive
5		of charges for utilities, parking stalls, storage of
6		goods, yard services, furniture, furnishings, and the
7		like. Rent shall not include any rental claimed as a
8		deduction from gross income or adjusted gross income
9		for income tax purposes, any ground rental paid for
10		use of land only, and any rent allowance or subsidies
11		received.
12	- <del>(b)</del>	Each resident taxpayer who occupies and pays rent for
13	<del>real prop</del>	erty within the State as the resident taxpayer's
14	<del>residence</del>	or the residence of the resident taxpayer's immediate
15	family wh	ich is not partially or wholly exempted from real
16	property	tax, who is not eligible to be claimed as a dependent
17	for feder	al or state income taxes by another, and who files an
18	<del>individua</del>	l net income tax return for a taxable year, may claim a
19	<del>tax credi</del>	t under this section against the resident taxpayer's
20	<del>Hawaii st</del>	ate individual net income tax.
21	- <del>(c)</del>	Each taxpayer with an adjusted gross income of less
22	than \$30,	000 who has paid more than \$1,000 in rent during the
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taxable year for which the credit is claimed may claim a tax 2 credit of \$50 multiplied by the number of qualified exemptions 3 to which the taxpayer is entitled; provided each taxpayer sixty 4 five years of age or over may claim double the tax credit; and 5 provided that a resident individual who has no income or no 6 income taxable under this chapter may also claim the tax credit 7 as set forth in this section. 8 (d) If a rental unit is occupied by two or more 9 individuals, and more than one individual is able to qualify as 10 a claimant, the claim for credit shall be based upon a pro rata 11 share of the rent paid. 12 (e) The tax credits shall be deductible from the 13 taxpayer's individual net income tax for the tax year in which 14 the credits are properly claimed; provided that a husband and 15 wife filing separate returns for a taxable year for which a 16 joint return could have been made by them shall claim only the tax credits to which they would have been entitled had a joint 17 18 return been filed. In the event the allowed tax credits exceed 19 the amount of the income tax payments due from the taxpayer, the 20 excess of credits over payments due shall be refunded to the 21 taxpayer; provided that allowed tax credits properly claimed by 22 an individual who has no income tax liability shall be paid to

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1 the individual; and provided further that no refunds or payments 2 on account of the tax credits allowed by this section shall be 3 made for amounts less than \$1. 4 (f) The director of taxation shall prepare and prescribe 5 the appropriate form or forms to be used herein, may require 6 proof of the claim for tax credits, and may adopt rules pursuant 7 to chapter 91. 8 (g) All of the provisions relating to assessments and 9 refunds under this chapter and under section 231-23(c)(1) shall 10 apply to the tax credits hereunder. 11 (h) Claims for tax credits under this section, including 12 any amended claims thereof, shall be filed on or before the end 13 of the twelfth month following the taxable year for which the 14 credit may be claimed."] 15 SECTION 11. Section 235-110.2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 16 repealed. 17 ["\$235-110.2 Credit for school repair and maintenance. 18 (a) There shall be allowed to each taxpayer licensed under 19 chapter 444, 460J, or 464, who is subject to the tax imposed by 20 this chapter, and does not owe the State delinquent taxes, penalties, or interest, a credit for contributions of in kind 21 22 services for the repair and maintenance of public schools

```
provided by the licensed taxpayer in Hawaii. The credit shall
be deductible from the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if
any, imposed by this chapter for the taxable year in which the
```

- 4 credit is properly claimed.
- 5 (b) The amount of the credit determined under this section
- 6 for the taxable year shall be equal to ten per cent of the value
- 7 of contributions of in-kind services to the Hawaii school repair
- 8 and maintenance fund for that taxable year; provided that the
- 9 aggregate value of the contributions of in kind services claimed
- 10 by a taxpayer shall not exceed \$40,000.
- 11 (c) For purposes of this section:
- 12 "Public schools" has the same meaning as defined in section
- 13 302A-101.
- 14 "Value of contributions of in kind services" means the fair
- 15 market value of uncompensated services or labor as determined
- 16 and certified by the department of accounting and general
- 17 services.
- 18 (d) The credit allowed under this section shall be claimed
- 19 against net income tax liability for the taxable year. A tax
- 20 credit under this section which exceeds the taxpayer's income
- 21 tax liability may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's
- 22 income tax liability in subsequent years until exhausted.



1	<del>(e)</del>	All claims for tax credits under this section,
2	including	any amended claims, shall be filed on or before the
3	end of th	e twelfth month following the close of the taxable year
4	for which	the credits may be claimed. Failure to comply with
5	the foreg	oing provision shall constitute a waiver of the right
6	to claim	the credit.
7	<u>(f)</u>	The department of education shall maintain records of
8	the names	of taxpayers eligible for the credit and the total
9	<del>value of</del>	in-kind services contributed for the repair and
10	maintenan	ce of public schools for the taxable year. All
11	contribut	ions shall be verified by the department of education.
12	The depar	tment of education shall total all contributions that
13	the depar	tment of education certifies. Upon each determination,
14	the depar	tment of education shall issue a certificate to the
15	taxpayer	certifying:
16	(1)	The amount of the contribution;
17	<del>(2)</del>	That the taxpayer is licensed under chapter 444, 460J,
18		or 464; and
19	(3)	That the taxpayer has obtained a current and valid
20		certificate signed by the director of taxation,
21		showing that the taxpayer does not owe the State any
22		delinquent taxes, penalties, or interest.

```
The taxpayer shall file the certificate from the department
1
    of education with the taxpayer's tax return with the department
2
    of taxation. When the total amount of certified contributions
3
    reaches $2,500,000, the department of education shall
4
5
    immediately discontinue certifying contributions and notify the
6
    department of taxation. In no instance shall the total amount
7
    of certified contributions exceed $2,500,000 for each taxable
8
    <del>year.</del>
9
         (g) The State shall provide not more than $250,000 in tax
10
    credits for contributions of in kind services in Hawaii for the
11
    repair and maintenance of public schools.
12
         (h) The director of taxation shall prepare any forms that
13
    may be necessary to allow a credit to be claimed under this
14
    section. "]
         SECTION 12. Section 235-110.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15
16
    repealed.
17
         ["\frac{235-110.3}{Ethanol facility tax credit. (a) Each year
18
    during the credit period, there shall be allowed to each
19
    taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter, an
20
    ethanol facility tax credit that shall be applied to the
21
    taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this
```

1	<del>chapter f</del>	or the taxable year in which the credit is properly
2	<del>claimed.</del>	
3	<del>For</del>	each qualified ethanol production facility, the annual
4	dollar am	ount of the ethanol facility tax credit during the
5	<del>eight-yea</del>	r period shall be equal to thirty per cent of its
6	nameplate	capacity if the nameplate capacity is greater than
7	<del>five hund</del>	red thousand but less than fifteen million gallons. A
8	taxpayer	may claim this credit for each qualifying ethanol
9	facility;	provided that:
10	<del>(1)</del>	The claim for this credit by any taxpayer of a
11		qualifying ethanol production facility shall not
12		exceed one hundred per cent of the total of all
13	M <sub>Pa</sub>	investments made by the taxpayer in the qualifying
14		ethanol production facility during the credit period;
15	<del>(2)</del>	The qualifying ethanol production facility operated at
16		a level of production of at least seventy five per
17		cent of its nameplate capacity on an annualized basis;
18	(3)	The qualifying ethanol production facility is in
19	•	production on or before January 1, 2017; and
20	(4)	No taxpayer that claims the credit under this section
21	4 · *	shall claim any other tax credit under this chapter
22		for the same taxable year.

```
1
         (b) As used in this section:
 2
         "Credit period" means a maximum period of eight years
 3
    beginning from the first taxable year in which the qualifying
 4
    ethanol production facility begins production even if actual
 5
    production is not at seventy-five per cent of nameplate
 6
    capacity.
 7
         "Investment" means a nonrefundable capital expenditure
 8
    related to the development and construction of any qualifying
 9
    ethanol production facility, including processing equipment,
10
    waste treatment systems, pipelines, and liquid storage tanks at
11
    the facility or remote locations, including expansions or
12
    modifications. Capital expenditures shall be those direct and
13
    certain indirect costs determined in accordance with section
14
    263A of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to uniform
15
    capitalization costs, but shall not include expenses for
16
    compensation paid to officers of the taxpayer, pension and other
17
    related costs, rent for land, the costs of repairing and
18
    maintaining the equipment or facilities, training of operating
19
    personnel, utility costs during construction, property taxes,
20
    costs relating to negotiation of commercial agreements not
    related to development or construction, or service costs that
21
    can be identified specifically with a service department or
22
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1 function or that directly benefit or are incurred by reason of a service department or function. For the purposes of determining 2 a capital expenditure under this section, the provisions of 3 section 263A of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply as it read 4 5 on March 1, 2004. For purposes of this section, investment 6 excludes land costs and includes any investment for which the 7 taxpayer is at risk, as that term is used in section 465 of the 8 Internal Revenue Code (with respect to deductions limited to 9 amount at risk). 10 "Nameplate capacity" means the qualifying ethanol production facility's production design capacity, in gallons of 11 12 motor fuel grade ethanol per year. 13 "Net income tax liability" means net income tax liability 14 reduced by all other credits allowed under this chapter. 15 "Qualifying ethanol production" means ethanol produced from renewable, organic feedstocks, or waste materials, including 16 17 municipal solid waste. All qualifying production shall be fermented, distilled, qasified, or produced by physical chemical 18 conversion methods such as reformation and catalytic conversion 19 20 and dehydrated at the facility. "Qualifying ethanol production facility" or "facility" 21 22 means a facility located in Hawaii which produces motor fuel

1	<del>grade eth</del>	anol meeting the minimum specifications by the Americar
2	Society c	f Testing and Materials standard D-4806, as amended.
3	<del>(c)</del>	In the case of a taxable year in which the cumulative
4	<del>claims f</del> c	r the credit by the taxpayer of a qualifying ethanol
5	productic	n facility exceeds the cumulative investment made in
6	the quali	fying ethanol production facility by the taxpayer, only
7	that port	ion that does not exceed the cumulative investment
8	shall be	<del>claimed and allowed.</del>
9	<del>(d)</del>	The department of business, economic development, and
10	tourism s	<del>hall:</del>
11	(1)	Maintain records of the total amount of investment
12		made by each taxpayer in a facility;
13	<del>(2)</del>	Verify the amount of the qualifying investment;
14	(3)	Total all qualifying and cumulative investments that
15	•	the department of business, economic development, and
16		tourism certifies; and
17	<del>(4)</del>	Certify the total amount of the tax credit for each
18		taxable year and the cumulative amount of the tax
19		credit during the credit period.
20	<del>Upon</del>	each determination, the department of business,
21	economic	development, and tourism shall issue a certificate to
22	the taxpa	yer verifying the qualifying investment amounts, the
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1 credit amount certified for each taxable year, and the 2 cumulative amount of the tax credit during the credit period. The taxpayer shall file the certificate with the taxpayer's tax 3 4 return with the department of taxation. Notwithstanding the 5 department of business, economic development, and tourism's 6 certification authority under this section, the director of 7 taxation may audit and adjust certification to conform to the 8 facts. 9 If in any year, the annual amount of certified credits 10 reaches \$12,000,000 in the aggregate, the department of 11 business, economic development, and tourism shall immediately 12 discontinue certifying credits and notify the department of 13 taxation. In no instance shall the total amount of certified 14 credits exceed \$12,000,000 per year. Notwithstanding any other 15 law to the contrary, this information shall be available for 16 public inspection and dissemination under chapter 92F. 17 (e) If the credit under this section exceeds the 18 taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of credit over 19 liability shall be refunded to the taxpayer; provided that no 20 refunds or payments on account of the tax credit allowed by this 21 section shall be made for amounts less than \$1. All claims for a credit under this section must be properly filed on or before 22 2011-0937 SB SMA.doc

```
1
    the end of the twelfth month following the close of the taxable
2
    year for which the credit may be claimed. Failure to comply
3
    with the foregoing provision shall constitute a waiver of the
4
    right to claim the credit.
5
         (f) If a qualifying ethanol production facility or an
    interest therein is acquired by a taxpayer prior to the
6
7
    expiration of the credit period, the credit allowable under
8
    subsection (a) for any period after such acquisition shall be
9
    equal to the credit that would have been allowable under
10
    subsection (a) to the prior taxpayer had the taxpayer not
11
    disposed of the interest. If an interest is disposed of during
12
    any year for which the credit is allowable under subsection (a),
13
    the credit shall be allowable between the parties on the basis
14
    of the number of days during the year the interest was held by
15
    each taxpayer. In no case shall the credit allowed under
16
    subsection (a) be allowed after the expiration of the credit
17
    period.
18
         (q) Once the total nameplate capacities of qualifying
    ethanol production facilities built within the State reaches or
19
20
    exceeds a level of forty million gallons per year, credits under
21
    this section shall not be allowed for new ethanol production
    facilities. If a new facility's production capacity would cause
22
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1 the statewide ethanol production capacity to exceed forty 2 million gallons per year, only the ethanol production capacity 3 that does not exceed the statewide forty million gallon per year level shall be eligible for the credit. 4 (h) Prior to construction of any new qualifying ethanol 5 6 production facility, the taxpayer shall provide written notice 7 of the taxpayer's intention to begin construction of a 8 qualifying ethanol production facility. The information shall 9 be provided to the department of taxation and the department of 10 business, economic development, and tourism on forms provided by 11 the department of business, economic development, and tourism, 12 and shall include information on the taxpayer, facility location, facility production capacity, anticipated production 13 14 start date, and the taxpayer's contact information. 15 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, this information 16 shall be available for public inspection and dissemination under **17** chapter 92F. 18 (i) The taxpayer shall provide written notice to the 19 director of taxation and the director of business, economic 20 development, and tourism within thirty days following the start 21 of production. The notice shall include the production start

date and expected ethanol fuel production for the next twenty

22

```
four months. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,
1
2
    this information shall be available for public inspection and
3
    dissemination under chapter 92F.
4
         (i) If a qualifying ethanol production facility fails to
5
    achieve an average annual production of at least seventy five
    per cent of its nameplate capacity for two consecutive years,
6
7
    the stated capacity of that facility may be revised by the
8
    director of business, economic development, and tourism to
    reflect actual production for the purposes of determining
9
10
    statewide production capacity under subsection (g) and allowable
11
    credits for that facility under subsection (a). Notwithstanding
12
    any other law to the contrary, this information shall be
13
    available for public inspection and dissemination under chapter
14
    92F.
15
         (k) Each calendar year during the credit period, the
16
    taxpayer shall provide information to the director of business,
17
    economic development, and tourism on the number of gallons of
18
    ethanol produced and sold during the previous calendar year, how
19
    much was sold in Hawaii versus overseas, feedstocks used for
20
    ethanol production, the number of employees of the facility, and
21
    the projected number of gallons of ethanol production for the
22
    succeeding year.
```

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1 (1) In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, 2 or trust, the tax credit allowable is for every qualifying 3 ethanol production facility. The cost upon which the tax credit 4 is computed shall be determined at the entity level. 5 Distribution and share of credit shall be determined pursuant to 6 section 235-110.7(a). (m) Following each year in which a credit under this 7 8 section has been claimed, the director of business, economic 9 development, and tourism shall submit a written report to the 10 governor and legislature regarding the production and sale of ethanol. The report shall include: 11 12 (1) The number, location, and nameplate capacities of 13 qualifying ethanol production facilities in the State; 14 <del>(2)</del> The total number of gallons of ethanol produced and 15 sold during the previous year; and 16 (3) The projected number of gallons of ethanol production 17 for the succeeding year. 18 (n) The director of taxation shall prepare forms that may 19 be necessary to claim a credit under this section. 20 Notwithstanding the department of business, economic 21 development, and tourism's certification authority under this section, the director may audit and adjust certification to 22 2011-0937 SB SMA.doc

- conform to the facts. The director may also require the 1 2 taxpayer to furnish information to ascertain the validity of the 3 claim for credit made under this section and may adopt rules 4 necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section pursuant to 5 chapter 91."] 6 SECTION 13. Section 235-110.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 7 repealed. 8 ["\frac{\$235-110.7}{capital goods excise tax credit. (a) There 9 shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by **10** this chapter a capital goods excise tax credit which shall be 11 deductible from the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, 12 imposed by this chapter for the taxable year in which the credit 13 is properly claimed. 14 The amount of the tax credit shall be determined by the 15 application of the following rates against the cost of the eligible depreciable tangible personal property used by the 16 taxpayer in a trade or business and placed in service within 17 18 Hawaii after December 31, 1987. For calendar years beginning 19 after: 20 (1) December 31, 1987, the applicable rate shall be three 21 per cent;
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1	(2) December 31, 1988, the applicable rate shall be four
2	per cent;
3	(3) December 31, 2008, the applicable rate shall be zero
4	per cent; and
5	(4) December 31, 2009, and thereafter, the applicable rate
6	shall be four per cent.
7	For taxpayers with fiscal taxable years, the applicable
8	rate shall be the rate for the calendar year in which the
9	eligible depreciable tangible personal property used in the
10	trade or business is placed in service within Hawaii.
11	In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or
12	trust, the tax credit allowable is for eligible depreciable
13	tangible personal property which is placed in service by the
14	entity. The cost upon which the tax credit is computed shall be
15	determined at the entity level. Distribution and share of
16	credit shall be determined by rules.
17	In the case of eligible depreciable tangible personal
18	property for which a credit for sales or use taxes paid to
19	another state is allowable under section 238-3(i), the amount of
20	the tax credit allowed under this section shall not exceed the
21	amount of use tax actually paid under chapter 238 relating to
22	such tangible personal property.

1	If a deduction is taken under section 179 (with respect to
2	election to expense certain depreciable business assets) of the
3	Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, no tax credit shall
4	be allowed for that portion of the cost of property for which
5	the deduction was taken.
6	(b) If the capital goods excise tax credit allowed under
7	subsection (a) exceeds the taxpayer's net income tax liability,
8	the excess of credit over liability shall be refunded to the
9	taxpayer; provided that no refunds or payment on account of the
10	tax credit allowed by this section shall be made for amounts
11	<del>less than \$1.</del>
12	All claims for tax credits under this section, including
13	any amended claims, must be filed on or before the end of the
14	twelfth month following the close of the taxable year for which
15	the credits may be claimed. Failure to comply with the
16	foregoing provision shall constitute a waiver of the right to
17	claim the credit.
18	(c) Application for the capital goods excise tax credit
19	shall be upon forms provided by the department of taxation.
20	(d) Sections 47 (with respect to dispositions of section
21	38 property and the recapture percentages) of the Internal
22	Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, as of December 31, 1984, and
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```
280F as operative for this chapter (with respect to limitation
1
    on investment tax credit and depreciation for luxury
2
3
    automobiles; limitation where certain property used for personal
    purposes) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended,
4
5
    shall be operative for purposes of this section.
6
         (e) As used in this section, the definition of section 38
7
    property (with respect to investment in depreciable tangible
8
    personal property) as defined by section 48(a)(1)(A), (a)(1)(B),
9
    (a) (3), (a) (4), (a) (7), (a) (8), (a) (10) (A), (b), (c), (f), (l),
10
    (m), and (s) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended as
    of December 31, 1984, is operative for the purposes of this
11
12
    section only.
13
         As used in this section:
14
         "Cost" means (1) the actual invoice price of the tangible
15
    personal property, or (2) the basis from which depreciation is
16
    taken under section 167 (with respect to depreciation) or from
17
    which a deduction may be taken under section 168 (with respect
18
    to accelerated cost recovery system) of the Internal Revenue
19
    Code of 1954, as amended, whichever is less.
20
         "Eliqible depreciable tangible personal property" is
21
    section 38 property as defined by the operative provisions of
22
    section 48 and having a depreciable life under section 167 or
```

1	for which a deduction may be taken under section 168 of the
2	federal Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended.
3	"Placed in service" means the earliest of the following
4	taxable years:
5	(1) The taxable year in which, under the:
6	(A) Taxpayer's depreciation practice, the period for
7	depreciation; or
8	(B) Accelerated cost recovery system, a claim for
9	recovery allowances; with respect to such
10	<del>property begins; or</del>
11	(2) The taxable year in which the property is placed in a
12	condition or state of readiness and availability for a
13	specifically assigned function.
14	"Purchase" means an acquisition of property.
15	"Tangible personal property" means tangible personal
16	property which is placed in service within Hawaii after
17	December 31, 1987, and the purchase or importation of which
18	resulted in a transaction which was subject to the imposition
19	and payment of tax at the rate of four per cent under chapter
20	237 or 238. "Tangible personal property" does not include
21	tangible personal property which is an integral part of a

```
1
    building or structure or tangible personal property used in a
2
    foreign trade zone, as defined under chapter 212. "]
3
         SECTION 14. Section 235-110.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
    repealed.
4
5
         ["$235-110.8 Low-income housing tax credit. (a) Section
6
    42 (with respect to low-income housing credit) of the Internal
7
    Revenue Code shall be operative for the purposes of this chapter
8
    as provided in this section.
9
         (b) Each taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by this
10
    chapter, who has filed [a] net income tax return for a taxable
    year may claim a low income housing tax credit against the
11
12
    taxpayer's net income tax liability. The amount of the credit
13
    shall be deductible from the taxpayer's net income tax
14
    liability, if any, imposed by this chapter for the taxable year
15
    in which the credit is properly claimed on a timely basis. A
16
    credit under this section may be claimed whether or not the
17
    taxpayer claims a federal low income housing tax credit pursuant
18
    to section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.
19
         (c) The low-income housing tax credit shall be fifty per
20
    cent of the applicable percentage of the qualified basis of each
21
    building located in Hawaii. The applicable percentage shall be
```

```
1
    calculated as provided in section 42(b) of the Internal Revenue
 2
    Code -
3
         (d) For the purposes of this section, the determination
 4
    of:
5
              Qualified basis and qualified low-income building
         \frac{(1)}{(1)}
6
              shall be made under section 42(c);
         \frac{(2)}{}
              Eligible basis shall be made under section 42(d);
8
              Qualified low-income housing project shall be made
         +(3)
9
              under section 42(g);
10
         -(4)
              Recapture of credit shall be made under section 42(j),
11
              except that the tax for the taxable year shall be
12
              increased under section 42(j)(1) only with respect to
13
              credits that were used to reduce state income taxes;
14
         (5) Application of at risk rules shall be made under
15
             section 42(k);
16
    of the Internal Revenue Code.
17
         (e) As provided in section 42(e), rehabilitation
18
    expenditures shall be treated as separate new building and their
19
    treatment under this section shall be the same as in section
20
    42(e). The definitions and special rules relating to credit
    period in section 42(f) and the definitions and special rules in
21
```

```
1
    section 42(i) shall be operative for the purposes of this
2
    section.
         (f) The state housing credit ceiling under section 42(h)
3
4
    shall be zero for the calendar year immediately following the
5
    expiration of the federal low income housing tax credit program
6
    and for any calendar year thereafter, except for the carryover
7
    of any credit ceiling amount for certain projects in progress
8
    which, at the time of the federal expiration, meet the
9
    requirements of section 42.
10
         (g) The credit allowed under this section shall be claimed
11
    against net income tax liability for the taxable year. For the
12
    purpose of deducting this tax credit, net income tax liability
13
    means net income tax liability reduced by all other credits
14
    allowed the taxpayer under this chapter.
15
         A tax credit under this section which exceeds the
16
    taxpayer's income tax liability may be used as a credit against
17
    the taxpayer's income tax liability in subsequent years until
18
    exhausted. All claims for a tax credit under this section must
19
    be filed on or before the end of the twelfth month following the
20
    close of the taxable year for which the credit may be claimed.
21
    Failure to properly and timely claim the credit shall constitute
22
    a waiver of the right to claim the credit. A taxpayer may claim
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a credit under this section only if the building or project is a 1 2 qualified low income housing building or a qualified low income housing project under section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code. 3 Section 469 (with respect to passive activity losses and 4 credits limited) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be applied 5 6 in claiming the credit under this section. 7 (h) The director of taxation may adopt any rules under 8 chapter 91 and forms necessary to carry out this section."] SECTION 15. Section 235-110.9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 9 10 repealed. 11 ["§235-110.9 High technology business investment tax 12 credit. (a) There shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to 13 the taxes imposed by this chapter a high technology business 14 investment tax credit that shall be deductible from the 15 taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this 16 chapter for the taxable year in which the investment was made 17 and the following four years provided the credit is properly 18 claimed. The tax credit shall be as follows: In the year the investment was made, thirty-five per 19  $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$ 20 cent; In the first year following the year in which the 21 investment was made, twenty-five per cent; 22

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1	(3)	In the second year following the investment, twenty
2		per cent;
3	(4)	In the third year following the investment, ten per
4		cent; and
5	(5)	In the fourth year following the investment, ten per
6		cent;
7	of the in	vestment made by the taxpayer in each qualified high
8	technolog	y business, up to a maximum allowed credit in the year
9	the inves	tment was made, \$700,000; in the first year following
10	the year	in which the investment was made, \$500,000; in the
11	second ye	ar following the year in which the investment was made,
12	\$400,000;	in the third year following the year in which the
13	investmen	t was made, \$200,000; and in the fourth year following
14	the year	in which the investment was made, \$200,000.
15	<del>(b)</del>	The credit allowed under this section shall be claimed
16	<del>against t</del>	he net income tax liability for the taxable year. For
17	the purpo	se of this section, "net income tax liability" means
18	net incom	e tax liability reduced by all other credits allowed
19	under thi	<del>s chapter.</del>
20	<del>(c)</del>	If the tax credit under this section exceeds the
21	<del>taxpayer</del> '	s income tax liability for any of the five years that
22	the credi	t is taken, the excess of the tax credit over liability
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1	may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's income tax
2	liability in subsequent years until exhausted. Every claim,
3	including amended claims, for a tax credit under this section
4	shall be filed on or before the end of the twelfth month
5	following the close of the taxable year for which the credit may
6	be claimed. Failure to comply with the foregoing provision
7	shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim the credit.
8	(d) If at the close of any taxable year in the five year
9	period in subsection (a):
10	(1) The business no longer qualifies as a qualified high
11	technology business;
12	(2) The business or an interest in the business has been
13	sold by the taxpayer investing in the qualified high
14	technology business; or
15	(3) The taxpayer has withdrawn the taxpayer's investment
16	wholly or partially from the qualified high technology
17	<del>business;</del>
18	the credit claimed under this section shall be recaptured. The
19	recapture shall be equal to ten per cent of the amount of the
20	total tax credit claimed under this section in the preceding two
21	taxable years. The amount of the credit recaptured shall apply
22	only to the investment in the particular qualified high

1	technology business that meets the requirements of paragraph
2	(1), (2), or (3). The recapture provisions of this subsection
3	shall not apply to a tax credit claimed for a qualified high
4	technology business that does not fall within the provisions of
5	paragraph (1), (2), or (3). The amount of the recaptured tax
6	credit determined under this subsection shall be added to the
. 7	taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year in which the
8	recapture occurs under this subsection.
9	(e) Every taxpayer, before March 31 of each year in which
10	an investment in a qualified high technology business was made
11	in the previous taxable year, shall submit a written, certified
12	statement to the director of taxation identifying:
13	(1) Qualified investments, if any, expended in the
14	previous taxable year; and
15	(2) The amount of tax credits claimed pursuant to this
16	section, if any, in the previous taxable year.
17	(f) The department shall:
18	(1) Maintain records of the names and addresses of the
19	taxpayers claiming the credits under this section and
20	the total amount of the qualified investment costs
21	upon which the tax credit is based;

<del>(2)</del>	Verify the nature and amount of the qualifying
	investments;
(3)	Total all qualifying and cumulative investments that
•	the department certifies; and
(4)	Certify the amount of the tax credit for each taxable
	year and cumulative amount of the tax credit.
<del>Upon</del>	each determination made under this subsection, the
departmen	t shall issue a certificate to the taxpayer verifying
informati	on submitted to the department, including qualifying
investmen	t amounts, the credit amount certified for each taxable
<del>year, and</del>	the cumulative amount of the tax credit during the
<del>credit pe</del>	riod. The taxpayer shall file the certificate with the
taxpayer	s tax return with the department.
The	director of taxation may assess and collect a fee to
<del>offset th</del>	e costs of certifying tax credits claims under this
section.	All fees collected under this section shall be
deposited	into the tax administration special fund established
under sec	tion 235-20.5.
<del>(g)</del>	As used in this section:
<del>"Inv</del>	estment tax credit allocation ratio" means, with
<del>respect t</del>	o a taxpayer that has made an investment in a qualified
high tech	nology business, the ratio of:
	Upon departmen informati investmen year, and credit pe taxpayer' The offset th section. deposited under sec (g) "Inv

1	(1)	The amount of the credit under this section that is,
2		or is to be, received by or allocated to the taxpayer
3		over the life of the investment, as a result of the
4		investment; to
5	(2)	The amount of the investment in the qualified high
6		technology business.
7	<del>"Qua</del>	lified high technology business" means a business,
8	employing	or owning capital or property, or maintaining an
9	office, i	n this State; provided that:
10	<del>(1)</del>	More than fifty per cent of its total business
11		activities are qualified research; and provided
12		further that the business conducts more than seventy-
13		five per cent of its qualified research in this State;
14		or
15	(2)	More than seventy five per cent of its gross income is
16		derived from qualified research; and provided further
17		that this income is received from:
18		(A) Products sold from, manufactured in, or produced
19		in this State; or
20		(B) Services performed in this State.
21	<del>"Qua</del>	lified research" means the same as defined in section
22	<del>235 7.3.</del>	



1	(h) Common law principles, including the doctrine of
2	economic substance and business purpose, shall apply to any
3	investment. There exists a presumption that a transaction
4	satisfies the doctrine of economic substance and business
5	purpose to the extent that the special allocation of the high
6	technology business tax credit has an investment tax credit
7	ratio of 1.5 or less of credit for every dollar invested.
8	Transactions for which an investment tax credit allocation
9	ratio greater than 1.5 but not more than 2.0 of credit for every
1.0	dollar invested and claimed may be reviewed by the department
11	for applicable doctrines of economic substance and business
12	purpose.
13	Businesses claiming a tax credit for transactions with
14	investment tax credit allocation ratios greater than 2.0 of
15	credit for every dollar invested shall substantiate economic
16	merit and business purpose consistent with this section.
17	(i) For investments made on or after May 1, 2009,
18	notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, no allocations,
19	special or otherwise, of credits under this section may exceed
20	the amount of the investment made by the taxpayer ultimately
21	claiming this credit; and investment tax credit allocation
22	ratios greater than 1.0 of credit for every dollar invested
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1
    shall not be allowed. In addition, the credit shall be allowed
2
    only in accordance with subsection (a).
3
         (j) For investments made on or after May 1, 2009, this
    section shall be subject to section 235-109.5.
5
         (k) This section shall not apply to taxable years
    beginning after December 31, 2010. "]
6
7
         SECTION 16. Section 235-110.46, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
8
    is repealed.
9
         ["[$235-110.46] Attractions and educational facilities tax
10
    credit; Ko Olina Resort and Marina; Makaha Resort. (a) There
11
    shall be allowed to each qualified taxpayer subject to the taxes
12
    imposed by this chapter or chapter 237, 237D, 238, 239, 241, or
    431, a tax credit [that] may be claimed for taxable years
13
14
    beginning after December 31, 2004, for qualified costs in the
15
    development of facilities for attractions and educational
16
    purposes at Ko Olina Resort and Marina and at Makaha Resort.
17
    The tax credit shall be deductible from the taxpayer's net
18
    income tax liability, if any, imposed by this chapter and, at
19
    the election of the taxpayer, from the tax liability imposed by
20
    chapters 237, 237D, 238, 239, 241, and 431.
21
         (b) The tax credit earned shall be equal to the qualified
22
    costs incurred from June 1, 2003, through May 31, 2009, up to a
```

maximum of \$75,000,000 of credits in the aggregate for all
qualified taxpayers for all years; provided that notwithstanding
the amount of tax credits carned in any year, a maximum of
\$7,500,000 of tax credits in the aggregate for all qualified
taxpayers may be used in any one taxable year. The credits over
\$7,500,000 shall be used as provided in subsection (d). In the
case of a partnership, limited liability company, S corporation
estate, trust, or association of apartment owners, the tax
credit allowable is for qualified costs incurred by the entity.
The costs upon which the tax credit is computed shall be
determined at the entity level.
(c) To qualify for the tax credit, a taxpayer shall:
(1) Have expended qualified costs on and be developing a
world-class aquarium and marine science and mammal
research facility at Ko Olina Resort and Marina; and
(2) Dedicate one half of the net operating income of the
world-class aquarium to the State, beginning on the
first day of the seventeenth year following the year
in which the attractions and educational facilities
<del>credit was first taken; or</del>
(3) Acquire or own the Makaha Resort, and lease or sell a
portion of the Makaha Resort for use as training and

1	educational tacilities for a period of not less than
2	six years to a taxpayer meeting the requirements of
3	subsection (c) (1).
4	(d) If the tax credit under this section exceeds
5	\$7,500,000 in the aggregate for all qualified taxpayers for any
6	taxable year or exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability under this
7	chapter or chapters 237, 237D, 238, 239, 241, and 431 for any
8	year for which the credit is taken, the excess of the tax credit
9	may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's tax liability for
10	the taxes set forth in this section in subsequent years until
11	exhausted; provided that the taxpayer may continue to claim the
12	credit provided in this section if the qualified costs are
13	incurred before June 1, 2009, subject to the monetary ceilings
14	in subsection (b).
15	(e) Every claim, including amended claims, for a tax
16	credit under this section shall be filed on or before the end of
17	the twelfth month following the close of the taxable year for
18	which the credit may be claimed. Failure to comply with the
19	foregoing provision shall constitute a waiver of the right to
20	claim the credit.
21	(f) If, at any time during the six-year period in which
22	tax credits are carned under this section, the costs incurred no
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longer meet the definition of qualified costs, the credits 1 2 claimed under this section shall be recaptured. The recapture 3 shall be equal to one hundred per cent of the total tax credits claimed under this section for the preceding taxable year; 4 provided that the amount of the credits recaptured shall apply 5 6 only to those costs that no longer meet the definition of qualified costs. The amount of the recaptured tax credits 7 8 determined under this subsection shall be added to the 9 taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year in which the 10 recapture occurs under this subsection. (q) If any credit is claimed under this section, then no 11 12 taxpayer shall claim a credit under any chapter identified in 13 this section for the same qualified costs for which a credit is 14 claimed under this section. 15 (h) The director of taxation shall prepare any forms that may be necessary to claim a credit under this section. The 16 17 director may also require the taxpayer to furnish information to 18 ascertain the validity of the claims for credits made under this 19 section and may adopt rules necessary to effectuate the purposes 20 of this section pursuant to chapter 91. 21 Every qualified taxpayer, no later than March 31 of each

year in which qualified costs were expended in the previous

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22

1	taxable year, shall submit a written, certified statement to the
2	director of business, economic development, and tourism, in the
3	form specified by the director of business, economic
4	development, and tourism, identifying:
5	(1) Qualified costs, if any, expended in the previous
6	taxable year;
7	(2) The amount of tax credits claimed pursuant to this
8	section, if any, in the previous taxable year; and
9	(3) The tax liability under this chapter and chapters 237,
10	237D, 238, 239, 241, and 431 against which the tax
11	credits are claimed.
12	Any other law to the contrary notwithstanding, a statement
13	submitted under this subsection shall be a public document.
14	(i) The department of business, economic development, and
15	tourism shall maintain records of the names of taxpayers
16	eligible for the credits and the total amount of qualified costs
17	incurred from June 1, 2003, through May 31, 2009. The
18	department of business, economic development, and tourism shall
19	verify all qualified costs and, upon each determination, shall
20	issue a certificate to the taxpayer certifying:
21	(1) The amount of the qualified costs; and

1 The amount of tax credit that the taxpayer is allowed 2 to use for the taxable year. 3 The department of business, economic development, and 4 tourism shall certify no more than \$7,500,000 in credits in the 5 aggregate for all taxpayers for each taxable year; provided that 6 the department may verify qualified costs of no more than \$75,000,000 from June 1, 2003, through May 31, 2009. The 7 8 taxpayer shall file the certificate with the taxpayer's return 9 with the department of taxation. 10 (i) As used in this section: 11 "Ko Olina Resort and Marina" means the six hundred forty two acres reclassified to urban district by Decision and Order 12 entered on September 12, 1985, in Docket A83 562, by the land 13 14 use commission. 15 "Makaha Resort" means the three hundred thirty-two acre 16 property identified as tax map keys (1) 8 04 002 parcels 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, and 67 and (1) 8-04-029-142. 17 18 "Qualified costs" means any costs for plans, design, and 19 construction, costs for equipment that is permanently affixed to 20 a building or structure, and acquisition of facilities for educational purposes, up to a total of \$75,000,000 in the 21

1	aggregate	, incurred after May 31, 2003, and before June 1, 2009,
2	at either	or both of:
3	<del>(1)</del>	Ko Olina Resort and Marina for the development of
4		facilities for attractions and educational purposes,
5		and for infrastructure within the Ko Olina Resort and
6		Marina that is directly related to those facilities,
7		including a world-class aquarium, marine science and
8		mammal research facilities, international sports
9		training complex, a travel industry management intern
10	•	campus, infrastructure for the transfer of ocean
11		waters to the aquarium or marine mammal facilities, or
12	(a	both, seawater air conditioning, and other educational
13		facilities developed or operated in cooperation with
14		the University of Hawaii or other educational
15		institutions; or
16	<del>(2)</del>	Makaha Resort for the development of a training and
17		educational facility within a working resort and
18		hotel;
19	<del>provided t</del>	that "qualified costs" shall not include land
20	acquisitio	on costs.
21	<del>"Qua</del>	lified taxpayer" means a person who fulfills the
22	requiremen	nts of subsection (c)."]

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1	SECTION 17. Section 235-110.93, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
2	is repealed.
3	["[\$235-110.93] Important agricultural land qualified
4	agricultural cost tax credit. (a) There shall be allowed to
5	each taxpayer an important agricultural land qualified
6	agricultural cost tax credit that may be claimed in taxable
7	years beginning after the taxable year during which the tax
8	credit under section 235-110.46 is repealed, exhausted, or
9	expired. The credit shall be deductible from the taxpayer's net
10	income tax liability, if any, imposed by this chapter for the
11	taxable year in which the credit is properly claimed. The tax
12	credit amount shall be determined as follows:
13	(1) In the first year in which the credit is claimed,
14	twenty-five per cent of the lesser of the following:
15	(A) The qualified agricultural costs incurred by the
16	taxpayer after July 1, 2008; or
17	<del>(B)</del> \$625,000;
18	(2) In the second year in which the credit is claimed,
19	fifteen per cent of the lesser of the following:
20	(A) The qualified agricultural costs incurred by the
21	taxpayer after July 1, 2008; or
22	<del>(B)</del> \$250,000; and

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1	(3) In the third year in which the credit is claimed, ten
2	per cent of the lesser of the following:
3	(A) The qualified agricultural costs incurred by the
4	taxpayer after July 1, 2008; or
5	<del>(B)</del> \$125,000.
6	The taxpayer may incur qualified agricultural costs during a
7	taxable year in anticipation of claiming the credit in future
8	taxable years during which the credit is available. The
9	taxpayer may claim the credit in any taxable year after the
10	taxable year during which the taxpayer incurred the qualified
11	agricultural costs upon which the credit is claimed. The
12	taxpayer also may claim the credit in consecutive or
13	inconsecutive taxable years until exhausted.
14	(b) No other credit may be claimed under this chapter for
15	qualified agricultural costs for which a credit is claimed under
16	this section for the taxable year.
17	(c) The amount of the qualified agricultural costs
18	eligible to be claimed under this section shall be reduced by
19	the amount of funds received by the taxpayer during the taxable
20	year from the irrigation repair and maintenance special fund
21	under coation 167 04

1	(d) The cost upon which the tax credit is computed shall
2	be determined at the entity level. In the case of a
3	partnership, S corporation, estate, trust, or other pass through
4	entity, distribution and share of the credit shall be determined
5	pursuant to section 235-110.7(a).
6	If a deduction is taken under section 179 (with respect to
7	election to expense depreciable business assets) of the Internal
8	Revenue Code, no tax credit shall be allowed for that portion of
9	the qualified agricultural cost for which a deduction was taken.
10	The basis of eligible property for depreciation or
11	accelerated cost recovery system purposes for state income taxes
12	shall be reduced by the amount of credit allowable and claimed.
13	No deduction shall be allowed for that portion of otherwise
14	deductible qualified agricultural costs on which a credit is
15	claimed under this section.
16	(e) If the credit under this section exceeds the
17	taxpayer's net income tax liability for the taxable year, the
18	excess of the credit over liability shall be refunded to the
19	taxpayer; provided that no refunds or payments on account of the
20	credits allowed by this section shall be made for amounts less
21	

1	All	elaims for a tax credit under this section, including
2	amended c	laims, shall be filed on or before the end of the
3	twelfth m	onth following the close of the taxable year for which
4	the credi	t is claimed. Failure to comply with the foregoing
5	provision	shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim the
6	<del>credit.</del>	
7	(f)	The director of taxation:
8	<del>(1)</del>	Shall prepare any forms that may be necessary to claim
9		a credit under this section;
10	(2)	May require the taxpayer to furnish information to
11		ascertain the validity of the claim for credit made
12		under this section; and
13	<del>(3)</del>	May adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to effectuate
14		this section.
15	<del>(g)</del>	The department of agriculture shall:
16	(1)	Maintain records of the total amount of qualified
17		agricultural costs for each taxpayer claiming a
18		credit;
19	(2)	Verify the amount of the qualified agricultural costs
20		claimed;
21	<del>(3)</del>	Total all qualified agricultural costs claimed; and

1	(4) Certify the total amount of the tax credit for each
2	taxable year.
3	Upon each determination, the department of agriculture
4	shall issue a certificate to the taxpayer verifying the
5	qualifying agricultural costs and the credit amount certified
6	for each taxable year. For a taxable year, the department of
7	agriculture may certify a credit for a taxpayer who could have
8	claimed the credit in a previous taxable year, but chose not to
9	because the maximum annual credit amount under subsection (h)
10	was reached in that taxable year.
11	The taxpayer shall file the certificate with the taxpayer's
12::	tax return with the department of taxation. Notwithstanding the
13	department of agriculture's certification authority under this
14	section, the director of taxation may audit and adjust
15	certification to conform to the facts.
16	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
17	information required by this subsection shall be available for
18	public inspection and dissemination under chapter 92F.
19.	(h) If in any taxable year the annual amount of certified
20	credits reaches \$7,500,000 in the aggregate, the department of
21	agriculture shall immediately discontinue certifying credits and
22	notify the department of taxation. In no instance shall the
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department of agriculture certify a total amount of credits
1
    exceeding $7,500,000 per taxable year. To comply with this
2
    restriction, the department of agriculture shall certify credits
3
4
    on a first come, first served basis.
5
         The department of taxation shall not allow the aggregate
6
    amount of credits claimed to exceed that amount per taxable
7
    <del>year.</del>
       (i) The department of agriculture, in consultation with
8
    the department of taxation, shall annually determine the
9
10
    information necessary to provide a quantitative and qualitative
11
    assessment of the outcomes of the tax credit.
12
         Every taxpayer, no later than the last day of the taxable
13
    year following the close of the taxpayer's taxable year in which
14
    the credit is claimed, shall submit a certified written
15
    statement to the department of agriculture. Failure to provide
16
    the information shall result in ineligibility and a recapture of
17
    any credit already claimed for that taxable year. The amount of
18
    the recaptured tax credit shall be added to the taxpayer's tax
19
    liability for the taxable year in which the recapture occurs.
20
         Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a statement
21
    submitted under this subsection shall be a public document.
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1	<del>(j)</del>	The department of agriculture, in consultation with
2	the depar	tment of taxation, shall annually submit a report
3	evaluatin	g the effectiveness of the tax credit. The report
4	shall inc	lude but not be limited to findings and recommendations
<b>5</b> .	to improv	e the effectiveness of the tax credit to further
6	encourage	the development of agricultural businesses.
7	<del>(k)</del>	As used in this section:
8	<del>"Agr</del>	icultural business" means any person with a commercial
9	agricultu	ral, silvicultural, or aquacultural facility or
10	operation	<del>, including:</del>
11	(1)	The care and production of livestock and livestock
12		products, poultry and poultry products, apiary
13		products, and plant and animal production for nonfood
14		uses;
15	(2)	The planting, cultivating, harvesting, and processing
16		of crops; and
17	(3)	The farming or ranching of any plant or animal species
18		in a controlled salt, brackish, or freshwater
19		environment;
20	<del>provided</del>	that the principal place of the agricultural business
21	<del>is mainta</del>	ined in the State and more than fifty per cent of the

93

1	land the agric	ultural business owns or leases, excluding land
2	classified as	conservation land, is important agricultural land
3	"Importan	t agricultural lands" means lands identified and
4	designated as	important agricultural lands pursuant to part III
5	of chapter 205	
6	"Net inco	me tax liability" means income tax liability
7	reduced by all	other credits allowed under this chapter.
8	"Qualifie	d agricultural costs" means expenditures for:
<b>9</b>	<del>(1)</del> The	plans, design, engineering, construction,
10	reno	vation, repair, maintenance, and equipment for:
11	- <del>(A)</del>	Roads or utilities, primarily for agricultural
12		purposes, where the majority of the lands
13		serviced by the roads or utilities, excluding
14		lands classified as conservation lands, are
15		important agricultural lands;
16	<del>(B)</del>	Agricultural processing facilities in the State,
17		primarily for agricultural purposes, where the
18		majority of the crops or livestock processed,
19		harvested, treated, washed, handled, or packaged
20		are from agricultural businesses;
21	<del>(C)</del>	Water wells, reservoirs, dams, water storage
22		facilities, water pipelines, ditches, or

<del>irr</del>	igation systems in the State, primarily for
<del>agr</del> .	icultural purposes, providing water for lands,
the	majority of which, excluding lands classified
<del>as (</del>	conservation lands, are important agricultural
<del>lan</del> e	<del>ds; and</del>
<del>(D)</del> Agr	icultural housing in the State, exclusively
<del>for</del>	agricultural purposes; provided that:
<del>(i)</del>	The housing units are occupied solely by
	farmers or employees for agricultural
	businesses and their immediate family
	members;
<del>(ii)</del>	The housing units are owned by the
and the second second	agricultural business;
<del>(iii)</del>	The housing units are in the general
	vicinity, as determined by the department of
	agriculture, of agricultural lands owned or
	leased by the agricultural business; and
(iv)	The housing units conform to any other
	conditions that may be required by the
	department of agriculture;
	the as (land) (D) Agr. for (i)

T	<del>(2)</del>	reasibility studies, regulatory processing, and regar
2		and accounting services related to the items under
3		paragraph (1);
4	<del>(3)</del>	Equipment, primarily for agricultural purposes, used
5		to cultivate, grow, harvest, or process agricultural
6		products by an agricultural business; and
7	(4)	Regulatory processing, studies, and legal and other
8		consultant services related to obtaining or retaining
9		sufficient water for agricultural activities and
10		retaining the right to farm on lands identified as
11		important agricultural lands.
12	(1)	The department of agriculture shall cease certifying
13	<del>credits p</del>	ursuant to this section after the fourth taxable year
14	following	the taxable year during which the credits are first
15	claimed;	provided that a taxpayer with accumulated, but
16	unclaimed	, certified credits may continue claiming the credits
17	in subseq	uent taxable years until exhausted.
18	-[ (m)	- The department of taxation, in consultation with the
19	departmen	t of agriculture, shall submit to the legislature an
20	annual re	port, no later than twenty days prior to the convening
21	of each re	egular session, beginning with the regular session of
22	<del>2010, reg</del>	arding the quantitative and qualitative assessment of
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the impact of the important agricultural land qualified
1
    agricultural cost tax credit."]
2
3
         SECTION 18. Section 235-129, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4
    repealed.
         ["\$235-129 Tax credits. (a) For purposes of section
5
6
    235-55, each resident shareholder shall be considered to have
7
    paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in an amount equal to the
8
    shareholder's pro rata share of any net income tax paid by the S
9
    corporation to a state that does not measure the income of S
10
    corporation shareholders by the income of the S corporation.
11
    For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "net income
12
    tax" means any tax imposed on or measured by a corporation's net
13
    income.
14
         (b) Each shareholder of an S corporation shall be allowed
15
    a credit against the tax imposed by section 235-51 in an amount
16
    equal to the shareholder's pro rata share of the tax credit
17
    earned by the S corporation in this State."]
18
                      PART II. INCOME TAX EXEMPTIONS
19
         SECTION 19. Section 88-91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20
    repealed.
21
         ["$88-91 Exemption from taxation and execution. The right
22
    of a person to a pension, an annuity or a retirement allowance,
```

```
1
    to the return of contributions, the pension, annuity or
2
    retirement allowance itself, any optional benefit or death
3
    benefit, any other right accrued or accruing to any person under
4
    this part and the moneys in the various funds created under this
5
    part are exempted from any tax of the State and, except as in
    section 88 92 provided, shall not be subject to execution,
6
    garnishment or any other process and shall be unassignable
7
8
    except as in this part specifically provided."]
         SECTION 20. Section 235-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9
10
    repealed.
11
         ["$235-4.5 Taxation of trusts, beneficiaries; credit. (a)
12
    There shall be excluded from gross income any intangible income,
    such as dividends and interest, earned by a trust sited in this
13
14
    State to the extent that, during the taxable year of the trust,
15
    the beneficial interest in the trust shall be held by a
16
    beneficiary or beneficiaries residing outside this State. This
    exclusion shall not apply to income received from real property
17
18
    held in a land trust formed under chapter 558.
19
         (b) If a trust sited in this State owns one hundred per
20
    cent of the stock of a foreign corporation which does not engage
21
    in an active trade or business but acts solely as a holding
22
    company receiving intangible income, such as dividends and
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1	interest, the intangible income of the foreign corporation shall
2	be excluded from gross income for Hawaii income tax purposes but
3	only to the extent that the income of the trust beneficiaries is
4	excluded from taxation under subsection (a). As used in this
5	section, foreign corporation means a corporation not created or
6	organized in the United States or under the laws of the United
7	States, Hawaii, or any other state.
8	(c) Any resident beneficiary of a trust with a situs in
9	another state may claim a credit for income taxes paid by the
10	trust to the other state on any income received which is
11	attributable to assets other than intangibles."]
12	SECTION 21. Section 235-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	repealed.
14	[" <del>§235-7 Other provisions as to gross income, adjusted</del>
15	gross income, and taxable income. (a) There shall be excluded
16	from gross income, adjusted gross income, and taxable income:
17	(1) Income not subject to taxation by the State under the
18	Constitution and laws of the United States;
19	(2) Rights, benefits, and other income exempted from
20	taxation by section 88-91, having to do with the state
21	retirement system, and the rights, benefits, and other
22	income, comparable to the rights, benefits, and other

1		income exempted by section 88-91, under any other
2		public retirement system;
3	<del>(3)</del>	Any compensation received in the form of a pension for
4		<del>past services;</del>
5	(4)	Compensation paid to a patient affected with Hansen's
6		disease employed by the State or the United States in
7		any hospital, settlement, or place for the treatment
8		of Hansen's disease;
9	<del>-(-5)</del> -	Except as otherwise expressly provided, payments made
10		by the United States or this State, under an act of
11		Congress or a law of this State, which by express
12		provision or administrative regulation or
13	meta e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	interpretation are exempt from both the normal and
14		surtaxes of the United States, even though not so
15		exempted by the Internal Revenue Code itself;
16	<del>(6)</del>	Any income expressly exempted or excluded from the
17		measure of the tax imposed by this chapter by any
18		other law of the State, it being the intent of this
19		chapter not to repeal or supersede any express
20		exemption or exclusion;
21	<del>(7)</del>	Income received by each member of the reserve
22		components of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps,

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1		<del>or C</del>	oast Guard of the United States of America, and	
2		the Hawaii national guard as compensation for		
3		perf	ormance of duty, equivalent to pay received for	
4		fort	y-eight drills (equivalent of twelve weekends) and	
5		fift	een days of annual duty, at an:	
6	·	( <u>A)</u>	E-1 pay grade after eight years of service;	
7			provided that this subparagraph shall apply to	
8			taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004;	
9		<del>(B)</del>	E-2 pay grade after eight years of service;	
10			provided that this subparagraph shall apply to	
11			taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005;	
12		<del>(C)</del>	E-3 pay grade after eight years of service;	
13	Section 1		provided that this subparagraph shall apply to	
14			taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006;	
15		<del>(D)</del>	E 4 pay grade after eight years of service;	
16			provided that this subparagraph shall apply to	
17			taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007;	
18			and	
19		<del>(E)</del>	E 5 pay grade after eight years of service;	
20			provided that this subparagraph shall apply to	
21			taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008;	

1	<del>-(8)</del> -	Income derived from the operation of ships or aircraft
2		if the income is exempt under the Internal Revenue
3		Code pursuant to the provisions of an income tax
4		treaty or agreement entered into by and between the
5		United States and a foreign country; provided that the
6		tax laws of the local governments of that country
7		reciprocally exempt from the application of all of
8.		their net income taxes, the income derived from the
9		operation of ships or aircraft that are documented or
10		registered under the laws of the United States;
11	( <del>9)</del>	The value of legal services provided by a prepaid
12		legal service plan to a taxpayer, the taxpayer's
13		spouse, and the taxpayer's dependents;
14	<del>(10)</del>	Amounts paid, directly or indirectly, by a prepaid
15	·	legal service plan to a taxpayer as payment or
16		reimbursement for the provision of legal services to
17		the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and the
18		taxpayer's dependents;
19	(11)	Contributions by an employer to a prepaid legal
20		service plan for compensation (through insurance or
21	•	otherwise) to the employer's employees for the costs

1		of Legal services incurred by the employer's
2		employees, their spouses, and their dependents;
3	(12)	Amounts received in the form of a monthly surcharge by
4		a utility acting on behalf of an affected utility
5		under section 269-16.3 shall not be gross income,
6		adjusted gross income, or taxable income for the
7		acting utility under this chapter. Any amounts
8		retained by the acting utility for collection or other
9		costs shall not be included in this exemption; and
10	(13)	One hundred per cent of the gain realized by a fee
11		simple owner from the sale of a leased fee interest in
12		units within a condominium project, cooperative
13		project, or planned unit development to the
14	•	association of owners under chapter 514A or 514B, or
15		the residential cooperative corporation of the
16		<del>leasehold units.</del>
17		For purposes of this paragraph:
18		"Fee simple owner" shall have the same meaning as
19		provided under section 516-1; provided that it shall
20		include legal and equitable owners;

1		"Legal and equitable owner", and "leased fee		
2		interest" shall have the same meanings as provided		
3		under section 516-1; and		
4		"Condominium project" and "cooperative project"		
5		shall have the same meanings as provided under section		
6		<del>514C 1.</del>		
7	<del>(b)</del>	There shall be included in gross income, adjusted		
8	gross income, and taxable income:			
9.	(1)	Unless excluded by this chapter relating to the		
10		uniformed services of the United States, cost-of-		
11	No. 2 Process	living allowances and other payments exempted by		
12		section 912 of the Internal Revenue Code, but section		
13		119 of the Internal Revenue Code nevertheless shall		
14		apply; and		
15	(2)	Unless expressly exempted or excluded as provided by		
16	)	subsection (a)(6), interest on the obligations of a		
17		State or a political subdivision thereof.		
18	<del>(c)</del>	The deductions of or based on dividends paid or		
19	received,	allowed to a corporation under chapter 1, subchapter		
20	B, Part V	III of the Internal Revenue Code, shall not be allowed.		
21	In-lieu t	hereof there shall be allowed as a deduction the entire		
22	amount of	dividends received by any corporation upon the shares		
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1	of stock	of a national banking association, qualifying		
2	dividends	, as defined in section 243(b) of the Internal Revenue		
3	<del>Code, rec</del>	eived by members of an affiliated group, or dividends		
4	received	by a small business investment company operating under		
5	the Small	Business Investment Act of 1958 (Public Law 85-699)		
6	<del>upon shar</del>	es of stock qualifying under paragraph (3), seventy per		
7	cent of the amount received by any corporation as dividends:			
8	<del>(1)</del>	Upon the shares of stock of another corporation, if at		
9	·	the date of payment of the dividend at least ninety-		
10		five per cent of the other corporation's capital stock		
11		is owned by one or more corporations doing business in		
12		this State and if the other corporation is subjected		
13		to an income tax in another jurisdiction (but		
14		subjection to federal tax does not constitute		
15		subjection to income tax in another jurisdiction); and		
16	<del>(2)</del>	Upon the shares of stock of a bank or insurance		
17		company organized and doing business under the laws of		
18		the State;		
19	<del>(3)</del>	Upon the shares of stock of another corporation, if at		
20		least fifteen per cent of the latter corporation's		
21		business, for the taxable year of the latter		

1	corporation preceding the payment of the dividend, has
2	been attributed to this State.
3	However, except for national bank dividends, the deductions
4	under this subsection are not allowed when they would not have
5	been allowed under section 243 of the Internal Revenue Code, as
6	amended by Public Law 85 866, by reason of subsections (b) and
7	(c) of section 246 of the Internal Revenue Code. For the
8	purposes of this subsection fifteen per cent of a corporation's
9	business shall be deemed to have been attributed to this State
10	if fifteen per cent or more of the entire gross income of the
11	corporation as defined in this chapter (which for the purposes
12	of this subsection shall be computed without regard to source in
13	the State and shall include income not taxable by reason of the
14	fact that it is from property not owned in the State or from a
15	trade or business not carried on in the State in whole or in
16	part), under section 235-5 and the other provisions of this
17	chapter, shall have been attributed to the State and subjected
18	to assessment of the taxable income therefrom (including the
19	determination of the resulting net loss, if any).
20	(d) (1) For taxable years ending before January 1, 1967,
21	the net operating loss deductions allowed as
22	carrybacks and carryovers by the Internal Revenue Code

	shal	1 not be allowed. In lieu thereof the net	
	operating loss deduction shall consist of the exce		
	<del>of t</del>	he deductions allowed by this chapter over the	
	gros	s income, computed with the modifications	
	spec	ified in paragraphs (1) to (4) of section 172(d)	
	of t	he Internal Revenue Code, and with the further	
	modi	fication stated in paragraph (3) hereof; and shall	
	be a	llowed as a deduction in computing the taxable	
	inco	me of the taxpayer for the succeeding taxable	
	<del>year</del>	<del>;</del>	
(2)	<del>(A)</del>	With respect to net operating loss deductions	
		resulting from net operating losses for taxable	
and the second		years ending after December 31, 1966, the net	
		operating loss deduction provisions of the	
		Internal Revenue Code shall apply; provided that	
		there shall be no net operating loss deduction	
		carried back to any taxable year ending prior to	
		January 1, 1967;	
	<del>(B)</del>	In the case of a taxable year beginning in 1966	
		and ending in 1967, the entire amount of all net	
		operating loss deductions carried back to the	
		taxable year shall be limited to that portion of	
	<del>(2)</del>	oper of t gros spec of t modi be a inco year (2) (A)	

1		taxable income for such taxable year which the
2		number of days in 1967 bears to the total days in
3		the taxable year ending in 1967; and
4		(C) The computation of any net operating loss
5		deduction for a taxable year covered by this
6	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	subsection shall require the further
7		modifications stated in paragraphs (3), (4), and
8		(5) of this subsection;
9.	(3)	In computing the net operating loss deduction allowed
10		by this subsection, there shall be included in gross
11		income the amount of interest which is excluded from
12		gross income by subsection (a), decreased by the
13		amount of interest paid or accrued which is disallowed
14		as a deduction by subsection (e). In determining the
15		amount of the net operating loss deduction under this
16		subsection of any corporation, there shall be
. 17		disregarded the net operating loss of such corporation
18		for any taxable year for which the corporation is an
19		electing small business corporation;
20	<del>.(4)</del>	No net operating loss carryback or carryover shall be
21		allowed by this chapter if not allowed under section
22		172 of the Internal Revenue Code;

1	(5)	The election to relinquish the entire carryback period
2		with respect to a net operating loss allowed under
3	v.	section 172(b)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code
4		shall be operative for the purposes of this chapter;
5		provided that no taxpayer shall make such an election
6		as to a net operating loss of a business where such
7	N.	net operating loss occurred in the taxpayer's business
8		prior to the taxpayer entering business in this State;
9	· .	and
10	(6)	The five-year carryback period for net operating
11		losses for any taxable year ending during 2001 and
12		2002 in section 172(b)(1)(H) of the Internal Revenue
13		Code as it read on December 31, 2008, shall not be
14		operative for purposes of this chapter; and
15	(7)	The election for the carryback for 2008 or 2009 net
16		operating losses of small businesses as provided in
17		section 172(b)(1)(H) of the Internal Revenue Code as
18		it read on December 31, 2009, shall not be operative
19		for purposes of this chapter.
20	<del>(e)</del>	There shall be disallowed as a deduction the amount of
21	interest p	paid or accrued within the taxable year on indebtedness
22	incurred	or continued, (1) to purchase or carry bonds the
		an area 1

1 interest upon which is excluded from gross income by subsection 2 (a); or (2) to purchase or carry property owned without the 3 State, or to carry on trade or business without the State, if 4 the taxpayer is a person taxable only upon income from sources 5 in the State. 6 (f) Losses of property as the result of tidal wave, 7 hurricane, earthquake, or volcanic cruption, or as a result of 8 flood waters overflowing the banks or walls of a river or 9 stream, or from any other natural disaster, to the extent of the 10 amount deductible, under this chapter, not compensated for by 11 insurance or otherwise, may be deducted in the taxable year in 12 which sustained, or at the option of the taxpayer may be deducted in equal installments over a period of five years, the 13 14 first such year to be the calendar year or fiscal year of the 15 taxpayer in which such loss occurred."] SECTION 22. Section 235-7.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 16 17 repealed. ["\\$235-7.3 Royalties derived from patents, copyrights, or 18 19 trade secrets excluded from gross income. (a) In addition to the exclusions in section 235-7, there shall be excluded from 20 21 gross income, adjusted gross income, and taxable income, amounts

received by an individual or a qualified high technology

22

1	business a	as royalties and other income derived from any patents,
2	copyright	s, and trade secrets:
3	(1)	Owned by the individual or qualified high technology
4		business; and
5	(2)	Developed and arising out of a qualified high
6		technology business.
7	<del>(d)</del>	With respect to performing arts products, this
8	exclusion	shall extend to:
9	<del>(1)</del>	The authors of performing arts products, or any parts
10	· ·	thereof, without regard to the application of the
11		work-for-hire doctrine under United States copyright
12		<del>law;</del>
13	<del>(2)</del>	The authors of performing arts products, or any parts
14		thereof, under the work-for-hire doctrine under United
15		States copyright law; and
16	<del>(3)</del>	The assignors, licensors, and licensees of any
17		copyright rights in performing arts products, or any
18		parts thereof.
19	<del>(c)</del>	For the purposes of this section:
20	"Per:	forming arts products" means:

1	<del>(1)</del>	Audio files, video files, audiovideo files, computer
2		animation, and other entertainment products perceived
3		by or through the operation of a computer; and
4	(2)	Commercial television and film products for sale or
- 5	`	license, and reuse or residual fee payments from thes
6		products.
7	<sup>п</sup> Qua	lified high technology business" means a business that
8	conducts -	more than fifty per cent of its activities in qualifie
9	<del>research.</del>	
10	<del>"Qua</del>	lified research" means:
11	(1)	The same as in section 41(d) of the Internal Revenue
12		<del>Code;</del>
13	<del>(2)</del>	The development and design of computer software for
14		ultimate commercial sale, lease, license or to be
15		otherwise marketed, for economic consideration. With
16		respect to the software's development and design, the
17		business shall have substantial control and retain
18		substantial rights to the resulting intellectual
19		property;
20	<del>(3)</del>	Biotechnology;
21	(4)	Performing arts products;
22	<del>(5)</del>	Sensor and optic technologies;

```
1
         <del>(6)</del>
              Ocean sciences;
2
         +(7)
              Astronomy; or
3
         (8) Nonfossil fuel energy-related technology."]
 4
         SECTION 23. Section 235-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5
    repealed.
6
         ["\$235-9 Exemptions; generally. Except as provided in
7
    sections 235 61 to 235 67 relating to withholding and collection
8
    of tax at source, and section 235 2.4 relating to "unrelated
9
    business taxable income", the following persons and
10
    organizations shall not be taxable under this chapter: banks,
11
    building and loan associations, financial services loan
12
    companies, financial corporations, small business investment
13
    companies, trust companies, mortgage loan companies, financial
14
    holding companies, subsidiaries of financial holding companies
    as defined in chapter 241, and development companies taxable
15
16
    under chapter 241; insurance companies, agricultural cooperative
17
    associations, and fish marketing associations exclusively
18
    taxable under other laws; and persons engaged in the business of
19
    motion picture and television film production as defined by the
20
    director of taxation."]
21
         SECTION 24. Section 235-9.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22
    repealed.
```

1	["\frac{\text{\$235-9.5}}{\text{Stock options from qualified high technology}}
2	businesses excluded from taxation. (a) Notwithstanding any law
3	to the contrary, all income earned and proceeds derived from
4	stock options or stock, including stock issued through the
5	exercise of stock options or warrants, from a qualified high
6	technology business or from a holding company of a qualified
7	high technology business by an employee, officer, or director of
8	the qualified high technology business, or investor who
9	qualifies for the credit under section 235-110.9, that would
10	otherwise be taxed as ordinary income or as capital gains to
11	those persons shall be excluded from taxation under this
12	<del>chapter.</del>
13	Similar provisions shall apply to options to acquire equity
14	interests and to equity interests themselves with regard to
15	entities other than corporations.
16	(b) For the purposes of this section:
17	"Holding company of a qualified high technology business"
18	means any business entity that possesses:
19	(1) At least eighty per cent of the total voting power of
20	the stock or other interest; and
21	(2) At least eighty per cent of the total value of the
22	stock or other interest;

1 in the qualified high technology business. "Income earned and proceeds derived from stock options or 2 stock" includes income from: (1) Dividends from stock or stock received through the 4 exercise of stock options or warrants; 5 The receipt or the exercise of stock options or 6 +(2)7 warrants; or 8 The sale of stock options or stock, including stock +(3)9 issued through the exercise of stock options or 10 warrants. 11 "Qualified high technology business" means the same as 12 defined in section 235-7.3."] 13 SECTION 25. Section 235-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 14 repealed. ["[\$235-18] Deposit beverage container deposit exemption. 15 16 This chapter shall not apply to amounts received as a deposit 17 beverage container deposit collected under part VIII of chapter 342G."] 18 SECTION 26. Section 235-54, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 19 20 repealed. ["\$235-54 Exemptions. (a) In computing the taxable 21 22 income of any individual, there shall be deducted, in lieu of 2011-0937 SB SMA.doc

the personal exemptions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1 2 1986, as amended, and except as provided in subsection (c), 3 personal exemptions computed as follows: Ascertain the number of exemptions which the individual can lawfully claim under the 4 Internal Revenue Code, add an additional exemption for the 5 6 taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse who is sixty five years of age 7 or older within the taxable year, and multiply that number by 8 \$1,144, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984. A 9 nonresident shall prorate the personal exemptions on account of 10 income from sources outside the State as provided in section 11 235 5. In the case of an individual with respect to whom an 12 exemption under this section is allowable to another taxpayer 13 for a taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which the 14 individual's taxable year begins, the personal exemption amount 15 applicable to such individual under this subsection for such individual's taxable year shall be zero. 16 17 (b) In computing the taxable income of an estate or trust 18 there shall be allowed, in lieu of the deductions allowed under subsection (a), the following: 19 (1) An estate shall be allowed a deduction of \$400. 20

```
(2) A trust which, under its governing instrument, is
 1
              required to distribute all of its income currently
2
3
              shall be allowed a deduction of $200.
              All other trusts shall be allowed a deduction of $80.
         (c) The phaseout under section 151(d)(3) of the Internal
5
6
    Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall apply to this section;
7
    provided that the threshold income amounts under section
8
    151(d)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
9
    shall be reduced by twenty five per cent for the purposes of
10
    this subsection; provided further that the threshold income
11
    amounts under section 151(d)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code
12
    of 1986, as amended, used to determine the twenty-five per cent
13
    reduction under this subsection shall be maintained at the
14
    amounts in place on July 1, 2008.
15
         (d) A blind person, a deaf person, and any person totally
    disabled, in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed by the
16
17
    Internal Revenue Code, shall be allowed, and there shall be
18
    deducted in computing the taxable income of a blind person, a
19
    deaf person, or a totally disabled person, instead of the
20
    exemptions provided by subsection (a), the amount of $7,000."]
21
         SECTION 27. Section 421-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22
    repealed.
```

```
1
         ["§421-23 Taxation. To obtain the exemptions from
2
    taxation granted by this section or any other law, the
 3
    association annually shall file with the director of taxation a
 4
    copy of its report made under section 421-22, and in addition
5
    thereto, within ninety days after the close of its fiscal year,
6
    shall file with the tax assessor of each district in which there
7
    are persons doing business to whom it has paid, during the
8
    preceding fiscal year, any proceeds of goods marketed, a report
9
    showing the name of each person to whom the proceeds were paid,
10
    the total proceeds of sales for which such person is taxable
11
    under chapter 237 for the fiscal year, and the rate or rates of
12
    such tax applicable thereto or to the several amounts thereof,
13
    as the case may be."]
14
                 PART III. GENERAL EXCISE TAX EXEMPTIONS
15
         SECTION 28. Section 346-369, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16
    amended to read as follows:
17
        "[+]$346-369[+] Exemptions. (a) [Any compensation
18
    received by a provider agency for services rendered to homeless
19
    families or individuals, or in operating or managing a homeless
20
    facility authorized by this part, is exempt from taxation under
21
    chapter 237.
```

Any county mayor may exempt, by executive order, 1 2 donors and provider agencies from real property taxes, water and sewer development fees, rates collected for water supplied to 3 consumers and for use of sewers, and any other county taxes, 4 charges, or fees; provided that any county may enact ordinances 5 to regulate the exemptions granted by this subsection. 6 7 [<del>(c)</del>] (b) Any provider agency operating or managing a 8 homeless facility or any other program for the homeless authorized by this part is exempt, for purposes of those 9 10 facilities or programs, from any requirements contained in part VIII of chapter 346 and chapters 467 and 521." 11 SECTION 29. Section 373K-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 12 13 amended to read as follows: 14 "[+]\$373K-2[+] Professional employment organization; employee rights[; payroll cost exemption]. (a) 15 Where any 16 client company uses the services of assigned employees and coemploys assigned employees with a professional employment 17 organization, the client company and the professional employment 18 organization, with respect to the assigned employees, shall not 19 20 be exempt from the requirements of any federal, state, or county law, including labor or employment laws, collective bargaining 21 22 rights, anti-discrimination provisions, or other laws with

- 1 respect to the protection and rights of employees, including
- 2 chapters 377 and 378, that would apply to the assigned employees
- 3 if the assigned employees were employees of the client company
- 4 alone, and were not co-employees of the professional employment
- 5 organization.
- 6 These employee rights shall not be abrogated by any
- 7 contract or agreement between the client company and the
- 8 professional employment organization, or the professional
- 9 employment organization and the assigned employee, which
- 10 contains terms or conditions that could not be lawfully
- 11 contained in a contract or agreement directly between the client
- 12 company and the assigned employee in which no professional
- 13 employment organization is involved. Notwithstanding any
- 14 statute, local ordinance, executive order, rule, or regulation
- 15 to the contrary, where the laws, rights, and protections
- 16 referred to in this section define or require a determination of
- 17 the "employer", the employer shall be deemed to be the client
- 18 company and not the professional employment organization. The
- 19 department of labor and industrial relations shall notify the
- 20 department of taxation in writing of any violation of this
- 21 subsection.

1	(b) The client company shall be deemed to have satisfied
2	its obligations with respect to any assigned employee under any
3	applicable law, including, without limitation, workers'
4	compensation laws including chapter 386, employee insurance
5	coverage laws including chapters 383, 385, 392, and 393, and tax
6	withholding and reporting laws, if and to the extent that those
7	obligations are satisfied by the professional employment
8	organization acting in its capacity as co-employer of such
9 ,	assigned employee.
10	[(c) Amounts received by a professional employment
11	organization from a client company in amounts equal to and that
12	are disbursed by the professional employment organization for
13	employee wages, salaries, payroll taxes, insurance premiums, and
14	benefits, including retirement, vacation, sick leave, health
15	benefits, and similar employment benefits with respect to
16	assigned employees at a client company shall not be subject to
17	the general excise tax as provided by section 237-24.75.
18	(d) The general excise tax exemption under section
19	237-24.75 shall not apply to the professional employment
20	organization if:
21	(1) By or through any contract between the client company
22	and any professional employment organization, or

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12

1		otherwise, employees are excluded from any employee
2		rights or employee benefits required by law to be
3		provided to employees of the client company by the
4		client company; or
5	<del>(2)</del>	The professional employment organization fails to pay
6		any tax withholding for assigned employees or any
7		federal or state taxes for which the professional
8		employment organization is responsible.] "
9	SECT	ION 30. Section 237-16.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	repealed.	
11	[." <del>[\$</del> ?	237-16.8] Exemption of certain convention, conference,
12	and trade	show fees. In addition to any other applicable
13	exemption	provided under this chapter, there shall be exempted
14	from the m	measure of taxes imposed by this chapter all of the
15	value or	gross income derived by a fraternal benefit, religious,
16	charitable	e, scientific, educational, or other nonprofit
17	<del>organizat</del>	ion under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
18	of 1986, a	as amended, from fees for convention, conference, or
19	trade show	w exhibit or display spaces; provided that the gross
20	<del>proceeds «</del>	of sales by a vendor through the use of exhibit or
21	display s	pace at a conference, convention, or trade show shall

. 1	<del>be subjec</del>	t to the imposition of the general excise tax under
2	section 2	<del>37-13.</del> "]
3	SECT	ION 31. Section 237-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	repealed.	
5	[" <del>§2</del>	37-23 Exemptions, persons exempt, applications for
6	exemption	(a) This chapter shall not apply to the following
7	<del>persons:</del>	
8	(1)	Public service companies as that term is defined in
9		section 239-2, with respect to the gross income,
10		either actual gross income or gross income estimated
11		and adjusted, that is included in the measure of the
12		tax imposed by chapter 239;
13	(2)	Public utilities owned and operated by the State or
14		any county, or other political subdivision thereof;
15	<del>(3)</del>	Fraternal benefit societies, orders, or associations,
16		operating under the lodge system, or for the exclusive
17		benefit of the members of the fraternity itself,
18		operating under the lodge system, and providing for
19		the payment of death, sick, accident, prepaid legal
20		services, or other benefits to the members of the
21		societies, orders, or associations, and to their
22		dependents;

1	<del>(4)</del>	corporations, associations, trusts, or societies
2		organized and operated exclusively for religious,
3		charitable, scientific, or educational purposes, as
4		well as that of operating senior citizens housing
5		facilities qualifying for a loan under the laws of the
6		United States as authorized by section 202 of the
7		Housing Act of 1959, as amended, as well as that of
8		operating a prepaid legal services plan, as well as
9		that of operating or managing a homeless facility, or
10		any other program for the homeless authorized under
11		part XVII of chapter 346;
12	(5)	Business leagues, chambers of commerce, boards of
13		trade, civic leagues, agricultural and horticultural
14		organizations, and organizations operated exclusively
15		for the benefit of the community and for the promotion
16		of social welfare that shall include the operation of
17		a prepaid legal service plan, and from which no profit
18		inures to the benefit of any private stockholder or
19	<i>,</i>	individual;
20	<del>(6)</del>	Hospitals, infirmaries, and sanitaria;
21	<del>(7)</del>	Cooperative associations incorporated under chapter
22		421 or Code section 521 cooperatives which fully meet

1		the	requirements of section 421-23, except Code
2		sect	ion 521 cooperatives need not be organized in
3		Hawa	ii; provided that:
4		<del>(A)</del>	The exemption shall apply only to the gross
5			income derived from activities that are pursuant
6			to purposes and powers authorized by chapter 421,
7	· .		except those provisions pertaining to or
8		. ***	requiring corporate organization in Hawaii do not
9			apply to Code section 521 cooperatives;
10		<del>(B)</del>	The exemption shall not relieve any person who
11			receives any proceeds of sale from the
12			association of the duty of returning and paying
13	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		the tax on the total gross proceeds of the sales
14			on account of which the payment was made, in the
15			same amount and at the same rate as would apply
16			thereto had the sales been made directly by the
17			person, and all those persons shall be so
18	·		taxable; and
19		<del>(C)</del>	As used in this paragraph, "section 521
20			cooperatives" mean associations that qualify as a
21			cooperative under section 521 (with respect to

1		exemption of farmers' cooperatives from tax) of
2		the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
3	(8)	Persons affected with Hansen's disease and kokuas,
4	e e	with respect to business within the county of Kalawao;
5	<del>(9)</del>	Corporations, companies, associations, or trusts
6		organized for the establishment and conduct of
7		cemeteries no part of the net earnings of which inures
8		to the financial benefit of any private stockholder or
9		individual; provided that the exemption shall apply
10		only to the activities of those persons in the conduct
11		of cemeteries and shall not apply to any activity the
12	the second	primary purpose of which is to produce income, even
13		though the income is to be used for or in the
14	•	furtherance of the exempt activities of those persons;
15		and
. 16	(10)	Nonprofit shippers associations operating under part
17		296 of the Civil Aeronautics Board Economic
18		Regulations.
19	<del>-(b)</del>	The exemptions enumerated in subsection (a)(3) to (6)
20	shall app	ly only:
21	<del>(1)</del>	To those persons who shall have registered with the
22		department of taxation by filing a written application

1		for registration in such form as the department shall
2		prescribe, shall have paid the registration fee of
3		\$20, and shall have had the exemption allowed by the
4		department or by a court or tribunal of competent
5		jurisdiction upon appeal from any assessment resulting
6		from disallowance of the exemption by the department;
7	<del>(2)</del>	To activities from which no profit inures to the
8		benefit of any private stockholder or individual,
9		except for death or other benefits to the members of
10		fraternal societies; and
11	(3)	To the fraternal, religious, charitable, scientific,
12		educational, communal, or social welfare activities of
13		such persons, or to the activities of such hospitals,
14		infirmaries, and sanitaria as such, and not to any
15		activity the primary purpose of which is to produce
16		income even though the income is to be used for or in
17		furtherance of the exempt activities of such persons.
18	<del>(c)</del>	To obtain allowance of an exemption:
19	(1)	A person under subsection (a)(3) to (6), who has
20		received or applied for recognition of tax exempt
21		status under section 501(c)(3), (4), (6), or (8) of
22		the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or who

-		The department person of a person who had received a
2		group exemption letter under section 501(c)(3), (4),
3		(6), or (8) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
4		amended, shall register with the department by filing
5		a statement attaching a copy of the exemption or
6		application for recognition of exempt status and any
7		particular facts that the department may require; and
8	(2)	All other persons under subsection (a)(3) to (6) shall
9		file an application for exemption in the form of an
10		affidavit or affidavits setting forth in general all
11		facts affecting the right to the exemption and such
12		particular facts as the department may require, to
13		which shall be attached such records, papers, and
14		other information as the department may prescribe.
15	<del>(d)</del>	For all persons, the statement registering the person
16	with the	department or application for exemption shall be filed
17	on or bef	ore March 31 of the first year of registration or
18	within th	ree months after the commencement of business. In the
19	event of	allowance of the exemption, no further statement or
20	applicati	on therefor need be filed unless there is a material
21	change in	the facts. In the event of disallowance of the
22	exemption	, a license may be obtained upon payment of the
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required fee as provided by section 237-9, less the $20 already
 1
    paid under this section, which shall be credited thereon. In
2
3
    the event the registrant has a license under this chapter, no
 4
    further fee shall be required for registration under this
5
    section.
6
         (e) The department for good cause may extend the time for
7
    registration or the time for filing an application for
    exemption."]
8
9
         SECTION 32. Section 237-23.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10
    repealed.
         ["$237-23.5 Related entities; common paymaster; certain
11
12
    exempt transactions. (a) This chapter shall not apply to
13
    amounts received, charged, or attributable to services furnished
    by one related entity to another related entity or to imputed or
14
15
    stated interest attributable to loans, advances, or use of
16
    capital between related entities.
17
         As used in this subsection:
18
         "Related entities" means:
19
              An affiliated group of corporations within the meaning
         \frac{(1)}{(1)}
20
              of section 1504 (with respect to affiliated group
21
              defined) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
22
              as amended;
```

1	<del>(2)</del>	A controlled group of corporations within the meaning		
2		of section 1563 (with respect to definitions and		
3		special rules) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of		
4		1986, as amended;		
5	<del>(3)</del>	Those entities connected through ownership of at least		
6		eighty per cent of the total value and at least eighty		
7		per cent of the total voting power of each such entity		
8		(or combination thereof), including partnerships,		
9	+.*	associations, trusts, S corporations, nonprofit		
10		corporations, limited liability partnerships, or		
11		limited liability companies; and		
12	(4)	Any group or combination of the entities described in		
13		paragraph (3) constituting a unitary business for		
14		income tax purposes;		
15	whether o	r not the entity is located within or without the State		
16	or licens	ed under this chapter.		
17	"Services" means legal and accounting services, the use of			
18	computer	software and hardware, information technology services,		
19	database 1	management, and those managerial and administrative		
20	services	performed by an employee, officer, partner, trustee,		
21	sole prop	rictor, member, or manager in the person's capacity as		
22	an employ	ee, officer, partner, trustee, sole proprietor, member,		
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1	or manager of one of the related entities and shall include
2	overhead costs attributable to those services.
3	(b) This chapter shall not apply to amounts received by
4	common paymasters which are disbursed as remuneration to
5	employees of two or more related corporations where the common
6	paymaster is making such remunerations on behalf of such
7	corporations. Such amounts received or disbursed by the common
8	paymaster shall include payments of payroll taxes and employee
9	benefits which the common paymaster is making on behalf of
10	related corporations and which payments are related to the
11	employees being remunerated. The definitions of related
12	corporations, common paymaster, multiple common paymasters, and
13	concurrent employment contained in 26 Code of Federal
14	Regulations, section 31.3121(s) 1(b) are incorporated and made a
15	part of this subsection.
16	To the extent not covered by subsection (a), the exemption
<b>17</b>	allowed by this subsection shall not apply to the cost of
18	services, or reimbursements of such cost by one corporation to
19	another corporation, of an employee disbursing the amounts
20	exempted under this subsection. Each related corporation using
21	a common paymaster or multiple common paymaster shall keep
22	separate payroll records and other documentation required to

. 1	<del>prove the</del>	existence of concurrent employment. Such records and
2	documents	shall be available for inspection by the director of
3	<del>taxation</del>	during normal business hours."]
4	SECT	ION 33. Section 237-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5	repealed.	
6	[" <del>§2</del>	37-24 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not
7	apply to	the following amounts:
8	(1)	Amounts received under life insurance policies and
9		contracts paid by reason of the death of the insured;
10	(2)	Amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of
11		death of the insured) under life insurance, endowment,
12		or annuity contracts, either during the term or at
13		maturity or upon surrender of the contract;
14	<del>(3)</del>	Amounts received under any accident insurance or
15		health insurance policy or contract or under workers
16		compensation acts or employers' liability acts, as
17		compensation for personal injuries, death, or
18		sickness, including also the amount of any damages or
19		other compensation received, whether as a result of
20		action or by private agreement between the parties on
21		account of the personal injuries, death, or sickness;

1	(4)	The value of all property of every kind and sort
2		acquired by gift, bequest, or devise, and the value of
3		all property acquired by descent or inheritance;
4	<del>(5)</del>	Amounts received by any person as compensatory damages
5		for any tort injury to the person, or to the person's
6		character reputation, or received as compensatory
7		damages for any tort injury to or destruction of
8		property, whether as the result of action or by
9		private agreement between the parties (provided that
10		amounts received as punitive damages for tort injury
11		or breach of contract injury shall be included in
12		gross income);
13	<del>(6)</del>	Amounts received as salaries or wages for services
14		rendered by an employee to an employer;
15	<del>(7)</del>	Amounts received as alimony and other similar payments
16		and settlements;
17	<del>(8)</del>	Amounts collected by distributors as fuel taxes on
18		"liquid fuel" imposed by chapter 243, and the amounts
19		collected by such distributors as a fuel tax imposed
20		by any Act of the Congress of the United States;
21	<del>(9)</del>	Taxes on liquor imposed by chapter 244D on dealers
22		holding permits under that chapter;

1	(10)	The amounts of taxes on eigarettes and tobacco
2		products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or
3		dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
4		selling the products at wholesale;
5	(11)	Federal excise taxes imposed on articles sold at
6		retail and collected from the purchasers thereof and
7		paid to the federal government by the retailer;
8	<del>(12)</del>	The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the
9	·	Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,
10		imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by
11		the manufacturer to the federal government;
12	<del>(13)</del>	An amount up to, but not in excess of, \$2,000 a year
13		of gross income received by any blind, deaf, or
14		totally disabled person engaging, or continuing, in
15		any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling
16		within the State; a corporation all of whose
17		outstanding shares are owned by an individual or
18		individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
19		a general, limited, or limited liability partnership,
20		all of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally
21		disabled; or a limited liability company, all of whose
22		members are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;

1	(14)	Amounts received by a producer of sugarcane from the					
2		manu	manufacturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,				
3		wher	where:				
4		(A)	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so				
5			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the				
6			Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as				
7			the Act may be amended or supplemented;				
8		<del>(B)</del>	The value or gross proceeds of the sale of the				
9			sugar, and other products manufactured from the				
10			sugarcane, are included in the measure of the tax				
11		•	levied on the manufacturer under section 237-				
12			<del>13(1) or (2);</del>				
13		<del>(C)</del>	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are				
14			dependent upon the actual value of the products				
15			manufactured therefrom or the average value of				
16			all similar products manufactured by the				
17			manufacturer; and				
18		<del>(D)</del>	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are				
19	•		reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale				
20			of the manufactured products;				

1	(15)	Money paid by the State or eleemosynary child placing
2		organizations to foster parents for their care of
3		children in foster homes;
4	(16)	Amounts received by a cooperative housing corporation
5		from its shareholders in reimbursement of funds paid
6		by the corporation for lease rental, real property
7		taxes, and other expenses of operating and maintaining
8		the cooperative land and improvements; provided that
9		the cooperative corporation is a corporation:
10		(A) Having one and only one class of stock
11		outstanding;
12	• 4	(B) Each of the stockholders of which is entitled
13		solely by reason of the stockholder's ownership
14		of stock in the corporation, to occupy for
15		dwelling purposes a house, or an apartment in a
16		building owned or leased by the corporation; and
17		(C) No stockholder of which is entitled (either
18	•	conditionally or unconditionally) to receive any
19		distribution not out of earnings and profits of
20		the corporation except in a complete or partial
21		liquidation of the corporation; and

1	<del>(17)</del>	Amounts received by a managed care support contractor
2		of the TRICARE program that is established under Title
3		10 United States Code chapter 55, as amended, for the
4		actual cost or advancement to third party health care
5		providers pursuant to a contract with the United
6		States."]
7	SECT	ION 34. Section 237-24.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	repealed.	
9	[" <del>\$2</del>	37-24.3 Additional amounts not taxable. In addition
10	to the am	ounts not taxable under section 237-24, this chapter
11	<del>shall not</del>	apply-to:
12	(1)	Amounts received from the loading, transportation, and
13	× ·	unloading of agricultural commodities shipped for a
14		producer or produce dealer on one island of this State
15		to a person, firm, or organization on another island
16		of this State. The terms "agricultural commodity",
17		"producer", and "produce dealer" shall be defined in
18		the same manner as they are defined in section 147-1;
19	•	provided that agricultural commodities need not have
20		been produced in the State;
21	(2)	Amounts received from sales of:

1		(A) Intoxicating liquor as the term "liquor" is			
2		defined in chapter 244D;			
3		(B) Cigarettes and tobacco products as defined in			
4		<del>chapter 245; and</del>			
5		(C) Agricultural, meat, or fish products;			
6		to any person or common carrier in interstate or			
7		foreign commerce, or both, whether ocean-going or air,			
8		for consumption out of state on the shipper's vessels			
9		or airplanes;			
10	<del>(3)</del>	Amounts received by the manager, submanager, or board			
11		of directors of:			
12		(A) An association of owners of a condominium			
13		property regime established in accordance with			
14		chapter 514A or 514B; or			
15		(B) A nonprofit homeowners or community association			
16		incorporated in accordance with chapter 414D or			
17		any predecessor thereto and existing pursuant to			
18		covenants running with the land,			
19		in reimbursement of sums paid for common expenses;			
20	(4)	Amounts received or accrued from:			
21		(A) The loading or unloading of cargo from ships,			
22		barges, vessels, or aircraft, whether or not the			

1	ships, barges, vessels, or aircraft travel
2	between the State and other states or countries
3	or between the islands of the State;
4	(B) Tugboat services including pilotage fees
5 .	performed within the State, and the towage of
6	ships, barges, or vessels in and out of state
7	harbors, or from one pier to another; and
8	(C) The transportation of pilots or governmental
9	officials to ships, barges, or vessels offshore;
10	rigging gear; checking freight and similar
11	services; standby charges; and use of moorings
12	and running mooring lines;
13 (5)	Amounts received by an employee benefit plan by way of
14	contributions, dividends, interest, and other income;
15	and amounts received by a nonprofit organization or
16	office, as payments for costs and expenses incurred
17	for the administration of an employee benefit plan;
18	provided that this exemption shall not apply to any
19	gross rental income or gross rental proceeds received
20	after June 30, 1994, as income from investments in
21	real property in this State; and provided further that
22	gross rental income or gross rental proceeds from

1		investments in real property received by an employee
2		benefit plan after June 30, 1994, under written
3		contracts executed prior to July 1, 1994, shall not be
4		taxed until the contracts are renegotiated, renewed,
5		or extended, or until after December 31, 1998,
6		whichever is earlier. For the purposes of this
7		paragraph, "employee benefit plan" means any plan as
8		defined in section 1002(3) of title 29 of the United
9		States Code, as amended;
10	<del>(6)</del>	Amounts received for purchases made with United States
11		Department of Agriculture food coupons under the
12		federal food stamp program, and amounts received for
13		purchases made with United States Department of
14		Agriculture food vouchers under the Special
15		Supplemental Foods Program for Women, Infants and
16		Children;
17	<del>(7)</del>	Amounts received by a hospital, infirmary, medical
18		clinic, health care facility, pharmacy, or a
19		practitioner licensed to administer the drug to an
20		individual for selling prescription drugs or
21		prosthetic devices to an individual; provided that
22		this paragraph shall not apply to any amounts received

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for so	ervices prov	rided in sel	<del>ling presc</del>	eription drugs	<del>or</del>
prosth	etic device	es. As used	in this p	<del>oaragraph:</del>	

"Prescription drugs" are those drugs defined
under section 328 1 and dispensed by filling or
refilling a written or oral prescription by a
practitioner licensed under law to administer the drug
and sold by a licensed pharmacist under section 328-16
or practitioners licensed to administer drugs; and

"Prosthetic device" means any artificial device
or appliance, instrument, apparatus, or contrivance,
including their components, parts, accessories, and
replacements thereof, used to replace a missing or
surgically removed part of the human body, which is
prescribed by a licensed practitioner of medicine,
osteopathy, or podiatry and which is sold by the
practitioner or which is dispensed and sold by a
dealer of prosthetic devices; provided that
"prosthetic device" shall not mean any auditory,
ophthalmic, dental, or ocular device or appliance,
instrument, apparatus, or contrivance;

1	<del>(8)</del>	Taxes on transient accommodations imposed by chapter				
2		237D and passed on and collected by operators holding				
3		certificates of registration under that chapter;				
4	(9)	Amounts received as dues by an unincorporated				
5		merchants association from its membership for				
6		advertising media, promotional, and advertising costs				
7		for the promotion of the association for the benefit				
8		of its members as a whole and not for the benefit of				
9		an individual member or group of members less than the				
10		entire membership;				
11	(10)	Amounts received by a labor organization for real				
12		property leased to:				
13		(A) A labor organization; or				
14		(B) A trust fund established by a labor organization				
15		for the benefit of its members, families, and				
16		dependents for medical or hospital care, pensions				
17		on retirement or death of employees,				
18		apprenticeship and training, and other membership				
19	/	service programs.				
20		As used in this paragraph, "labor organization" means				
21		a labor organization exempt from federal income tax				

1		under section 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code,				
2		as amended;				
3	(11)	Amounts received from foreign diplomats and consular				
4		officials who are holding cards issued or authorized				
5		by the United States Department of State granting them				
6		an exemption from state taxes; and				
7	<del>(12)</del>	Amounts received as rent for the rental or leasing of				
8		aircraft or aircraft engines used by the lessees or				
9		renters for interstate air transportation of				
10		passengers and goods. For purposes of this paragraph,				
11		payments made pursuant to a lease shall be considered				
12		rent regardless of whether the lease is an operating				
13		lease or a financing lease. The definition of				
14		"interstate air transportation" is the same as in 49				
15		U.S.C. 40102."]				
16	SECTION 35. Section 237-24.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is					
17	repealed.					
18	[" <del>§23</del>	37-24.5 Additional exemptions. (a) In addition to				
19	the amounts exempt under section 237-24, this chapter shall not					
20	apply to amounts received by:					
21	(1)	An exchange from:				

1		-(A)	Tran	saction fees charged exchange members by the
2			exch	ange for:
3		."	<del>(i)</del>	The sale or purchase of securities or
4				products, or both, bought or sold on an
5				exchange by exchange members for their own
6.	i			account or an account for which they have
7				responsibility as an agent, broker, or
8				fiduciary;
9			<del>(ii)</del>	Order book executions made for purposes of
.0				effecting transactions; and
.1 .		-(	<del>(iii)</del>	Trade processing performed by an exchange in
2	•	•		matching trades, keypunching, record
3	•			keeping, post cashiering, and notarization;
4		<del>(B)</del>	Memb	ership dues, fees, charges, assessments, and
5			fine	s from individuals or firms, including
6			char	ges for firm symbols (member identification),
7			appl	ication processing, registration, initiation,
8			memb	ership transfers, floor or post privileges,
9			tran	saction time extensions, expediting
20			tran	sactions, crossover trades (trading out of
21			assi	gned functions) and rule infractions;

1		<del>(C)</del>	Service fees charged to members including fees
2			for communications, badges, forms, documents, and
3			reports;
4	•	<del>(D)</del>	Listing fees and listing maintenance fees charged
5	• •		to companies that wish to be listed and have
6			their securities or products traded on the
7			exchange; and
8	. •	<del>(E)</del>	Participation in the communication network
9			consortium operated collectively by United States
10			exchanges or other markets recognized by the
11			Securities and Exchange Commission, the
12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Commodities Futures Trading Commission, or
13			similar regulatory authorities outside the United
14			States that provides last sale and quote
15			securities information to subscribers or that
16			connects such markets or exchanges for purposes
17			of data transmission;
18	(2)	Exch	ange members by reason of executing a securities
19		<del>or p</del>	roduct transaction on an exchange; provided that
20		this	exemption shall apply only to amounts received by
21		exch	ange members from brokers or dealers registered
22		with	the Securities and Exchange Commission, from

1.	futures commission merchants, brokers, or associates
2	registered with the Commodities Futures Trading
3	Commission, or from similar individuals or firms
4	registered with similar regulatory authorities outside
5	the United States; and
6	(3) Exchange members as proceeds from the sale of their
7	exchange memberships.
8	(b) As used in this section:
9	"Exchange" means an exchange or board of trade as defined
10	in 15 United States Code section 78c(a)(1) or in 7 United States
11	Code section 7, respectively, which is subject to regulation by
12	the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodities
13	Futures Trading Commission or an organization subject to similar
14	regulation under the laws of a jurisdiction outside the United
15	<del>States.</del>
16	"Exchange member" means an individual or firm that is
17	qualified by an exchange as a member and pays membership dues to
18	an exchange in order to trade securities or products on an
19	exchange.
20	"Securities" means securities as defined in 15 United
21	States Code section 78c and "products" means contracts of sale
22	of commodities for future delivery, futures contracts, options,

1	calls, puts, and similar rights as defined in 7 United States
2	Code section 2, which securities or products are permitted to be
3	traded on an exchange."]
4	SECTION 36. Section 237-24.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	repealed.
6	["\\$237-24.7 Additional amounts not taxable. In addition to
, 7	the amounts not taxable under section 237-24, this chapter shall
8	not apply to:
9	(1) Amounts received by the operator of a hotel from the
10	owner of the hotel or from a time share association,
11	and amounts received by the suboperator of a hotel
12	from the owner of the hotel, from a time share
13	association, or from the operator of the hotel, in
14	amounts equal to and which are disbursed by the
15	operator or suboperator for employee wages, salaries,
16	payroll taxes, insurance premiums, and benefits,
17	including retirement, vacation, sick pay, and health
18	benefits. As used in this paragraph:
19	"Employee" means employees directly engaged in
20	the day-to-day operation of the hotel and employed by
21	the operator or suboperator.

1		"Hotel" means an operation as defined in section
2		445-90 or a time share plan as defined in section
3		<del>514E-1.</del>
4		"Operator" means any person who, pursuant to a
5		written contract with the owner of a hotel or time
6		share association, operates or manages the hotel for
7		the owner or time share association.
8		"Owner" means the fee owner or lessee under a
9		recorded lease of a hotel.
10		"Suboperator" means any person who, pursuant to a
11		written contract with the operator, operates or
12		manages the hotel as a subcontractor of the operator.
13		"Time share association" means an "association"
14		as that term is defined in section 514E-1;
15	<del>(2)</del>	Amounts received by the operator of a county
16		transportation system operated under an operating
17		contract with a political subdivision, where the
18		political subdivision is the owner of the county
19		transportation system. As used in this paragraph:
20		"County transportation system" means a mass
21		transit system of motorized buses providing regularly
22		scheduled transportation within a county.

1	"Operating contract" or "contract" means a
2	contract to operate and manage a political
3	subdivision's county transportation system, which
4	<del>provides that:</del>
5	(A) The political subdivision shall exercise
6	substantial control over all aspects of the
7	operator's operation;
8	(B) The political subdivision controls the
9	development of transit policy, service
10	planning, routes, and fares; and
11	(C) The operator develops in advance a draft
12	budget in the same format as prescribed for
13	agencies of the political subdivision. The
14	budget must be subject to the same
15	constraints and controls regarding the
16	lawful expenditure of public funds as any
17	public sector agency, and deviations from
18	the budget must be subject to approval by
19	the appropriate political subdivision
20	officials involved in the budgetary process.

1		"Operator" means any person who, pursuant to an
2		operating contract with a political subdivision,
3		operates or manages a county transportation system.
4		"Owner" means a political subdivision that owns
5		or is the lessee of all the properties and facilities
6		of the county transportation system (including buses,
7	,	real-estate, parking garages, fuel pumps, maintenance
8		equipment, office supplies, etc.), and that owns all
9		revenues derived therefrom;
10	(3)	Surcharge taxes on rental motor vehicles imposed by
11		chapter 251 and passed on and collected by persons
12		holding certificates of registration under that
13		chapter;
14	(4)	Amounts received by the operator of orchard properties
15		from the owner of the orchard property in amounts
16		equal to and which are disbursed by the operator for
17		employee wages, salaries, payroll taxes, insurance
18		premiums, and benefits, including retirement,
19		vacation, sick pay, and health benefits. As used in
20		this paragraph:

Ţ		"Employee" means an employee directly engaged in
2		the day-to-day operations of the orchard properties
3		and employed by the operator.
4		"Operator" means a producer who, pursuant to a
5		written contract with the owner of the orchard
6		property, operates or manages the orchard property for
7	. :	the owner where the property contains an area
8	•	sufficient to make the undertaking economically
9		<del>feasible.</del>
10		"Orchard property" means any real property that
11	:	is used to raise trees with a production life cycle of
12		fifteen years or more producing fruits or nuts having
13	<b>V</b> /»	a normal period of development from the initial
14		planting to the first commercially saleable harvest of
15		not less than three years.
16		"Owner" means a fee owner or lessee under a
17	• .	recorded lease of orchard property;
18	(5)	Taxes on nursing facility income imposed by chapter
19		346E and passed on and collected by operators of
20		nursing facilities;
21	(6)	Amounts received under property and casualty insurance
22		policies for damage or loss of inventory used in the

1		conduct of a trade or business located within the
2		State or a portion thereof that is declared a natural
3		disaster area by the governor pursuant to section 209
4		<del>2;</del>
5	<del>(7)</del>	Amounts received as compensation by community
6		organizations, school booster clubs, and nonprofit
7		organizations under a contract with the chief election
8		officer for the provision and compensation of precinct
9		officials and other election-related personnel,
10		services, and activities, pursuant to section 11-5;
11	(8)	Interest received by a person domiciled outside the
12		State from a trust company (as defined in section
13		412:8 101) acting as payment agent or trustee on
14		behalf of the issuer or payees of an interest bearing
15	•	instrument or obligation, if the interest would not
16		have been subject to tax under this chapter if paid
17		directly to the person domiciled outside the State
18		without the use of a paying agent or trustee; provided
19		that if the interest would otherwise be taxable under
20		this chapter if paid directly to the person domiciled
21		outside the State, it shall not be exempt solely

÷		because of the use of a Hawaii trust company as a
2		paying agent or trustee;
3	(9)	Amounts received by a management company from related
4		entities engaged in the business of selling interstat
5		or foreign common carrier telecommunications services
6		in amounts equal to and which are disbursed by the
7		management company for employee wages, salaries,
8		payroll taxes, insurance premiums, and benefits,
9		including retirement, vacation, sick pay, and health
10	×	benefits. As used in this paragraph:
11		"Employee" means employees directly engaged in
12		the day to day operation of related entities engaged
13		in the business of selling interstate or foreign
14		common carrier telecommunications services and
15	• .	employed by the management company.
16		"Management company" means any person who,
17		pursuant to a written contract with a related entity
18		engaged in the business of selling interstate or
19		foreign common carrier telecommunications services,
20		provides managerial or operational services to that
21		entity.
22		"Related entities" means:

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1		<del>(A)</del>	An affiliated group of corporations within
2			the meaning of section 1504 (with respect to
- 3	•		affiliated group defined) of the federal
4			Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
5		<del>(B)</del> -	A controlled group of corporations within
6			the meaning of section 1563 (with respect to
7	•		definitions and special rules) of the
8			federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
9			amended;
10		<del>(C)</del>	Those entities connected through ownership
11			of at least eighty per cent of the total
12			value and at least eighty per cent of the
13			total voting power of each such entity (or
14			combination thereof), including
15			partnerships, associations, trusts, S
16			corporations, nonprofit corporations,
17			limited liability partnerships, or limited
18			liability companies; and
19		<del>(D)</del>	Any group or combination of the entities
20			described in paragraph (C) constituting a
21			unitary business for income tax purposes;

1		whether or not the entity is located within or without
2		the State or licensed under this chapter; and
3	(10)	Amounts received as grants under section 206M-15."]
4	SECT	ION 37. Section 237-24.75, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	repealed.	
6	[" <del>§2</del>	37-24.75 Additional exemptions. In addition to the
7	amounts e	xempt under section 237-24, this chapter shall not
8	apply to:	
9	(1)	Amounts received as a beverage container deposit
10		collected under chapter 342C, part VIII;
11	<del>(2)</del>	Amounts received by the operator of the Hawaii
12		convention center for reimbursement of costs or
13		advances made pursuant to a contract with the Hawaii
14		tourism authority under section 2018-7[; and]
15	<del>[(3)</del>	Amounts received] by a professional employment
16		organization from a client company equal to amounts
17		that are disbursed by the professional employment
18		organization for employee wages, salaries, payroll
19		taxes, insurance premiums, and benefits, including
20		retirement, vacation, sick leave, health benefits, and
21	•	similar employment benefits with respect to assigned
22		employees at a client company; provided that this

exemption shall not apply to a professional employment
organization upon failure of the professional
employment organization to collect, account for, and
pay over any income tax withholding for assigned
employees or any federal or state taxes for which the
professional employment organization is responsible.
As used in this paragraph, "professional employment
organization", "client company", and "assigned
employee" shall have the meanings provided in section
<del>373K-1</del> "]
SECTION 38. Section 237-24.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
repealed.
["\$237-24.8 Amounts not taxable for financial
institutions. (a) In addition to the amounts not taxable under
section 237-24, this chapter shall not apply to amounts received
<del>by:</del>
(1) Financial institutions from:
(A) Interest, discount, points, commitment fees, loan
fees, loan origination charges, and finance
charges which are part of the computed annual
percentage rate of interest and which are
contracted and received for the use of money;

1		<del>-(B)</del> -	Leasing of personal property;
2		<del>(C)</del>	Fees or charges relating to the administration of
3			deposits;
4		<del>(D)</del>	Gains resulting from changes in foreign currency
5			exchange rates but not including commissions or
6			compensation derived from the purchase or sale of
7			foreign currency or numismatic currency whether
8			<del>legal tender or not;</del>
9		<del>(E)</del>	The servicing and sale of loans contracted for
10			and received by the financial institution; and
11		<del>(F)</del>	Interest received from the investment of deposits
12			received by the financial institution from
13			financial or debt instruments;
14	<del>(2)</del>	Trus	t companies or trust departments of financial
15		inst	itutions from:
16		<del>(A)</del>	Trust agreements and retirement plans where the
17			trust companies or trust departments are acting
18			as fiduciaries;
19		<del>(B)</del>	Custodial agreements; and
20		<del>(C)</del>	Activities relating to the general servicing of
21			fiduciary/custodial accounts held by the trust
22			companies or trust departments: and

, 1	(3) Financial corporations acting as interbank brokers as
2	defined by chapter 241 from brokerage services.
3	(b) As used in this section:
4	"Activities relating to the general servicing of fiduciary
5	or custodial accounts" means those activities performed by trust
6	companies which are directly or indirectly performed within the
7	fiduciary or custodial relationship between the trust company or
8	trust department of a financial institution and its client and
9	which are not offered to any person outside of the fiduciary or
10	custodial relationship.
11	"Annual percentage rate" and "finance charge" have the same
12	meaning as defined in the federal Truth in Lending Act (15
13	United States Code sections 1605(a) to (c) and 1606).
14	"Deposit" means:
15	(1) Money or its equivalent received or held by a
16	financial institution in the usual course of business
17	and for which it has given or is obligated to give
18	credit to:
19	(A) A commercial (including public deposits),
20	checking, savings, time, or thrift account;
21	(B) A check or draft drawn against a deposit account
22	and certified by the financial institution;

1		(C) A letter of credit; or
2		(D) A traveler's check, on which the financial
3		institution is primarily liable;
4	(2)	Trust funds received or held by a financial
5		institution, whether held in the trust department or
6		held or deposited in any other department of the
7		financial institution;
8	<del>(3)</del>	Money received or held by a financial institution, or
9		the credit given for money or its equivalent received
10		or held by a financial institution in the usual course
11		of business for a special or specific purpose,
12		regardless of the legal relationship thereby
13		established, including, without being limited to,
14		escrow funds, funds held as security for an obligation
15		due the financial institution or others (including
16		funds held as dealers' reserves) or for securities
17		loaned by the financial institution, funds deposited
18		by a debtor to meet maturing obligations, funds
19		deposited as advance payment on subscriptions to
20		United States government securities, funds held for
21		distribution or purchase of securities, funds held to

1		meet the financial institution's acceptances or
2		letters of credit, and withheld taxes;
3	(4)	Outstanding drafts, cashier's checks, money orders, or
4		other officer's checks issued in the usual course of
5	• •	business for any purpose; or
6	<del>(5)</del>	Money or its equivalent held as a credit balance by a
7		financial institution on behalf of its customer if the
8		financial institution is engaged in soliciting and
9		holding the balances in the regular course of its
10		business.
11	"Fin	ancial institution" means banks, building and loan
12	associatio	ons, development companies, financial corporations,
13	financial	services loan companies, small business investment
14.	companies	, financial holding companies, mortgage loan originator
15	companies	as defined in chapter 454F, and trust companies all as
16	defined in	n-chapter-241.
17	"Lea:	sing of personal property" occurs if:
18	(1)	The lease is to serve as the functional equivalent of
19		an extension of credit to the lessee of the property;
20	<del>(2)</del>	The property to be leased is acquired specifically for
21		the leasing transaction under consideration, or was

1	acquired specifically for an earlier leasing
2	transaction;
3 (3)	The lease is on a nonoperating basis where the
4	financial institution may not, directly or indirectly:
5	(A) Provide for the maintenance, repair, replacement,
6	or servicing of the leased property during the
7	<del>lease term;</del>
8	(B) Purchase parts and accessories in bulk or for an
9	individual property after the lessee has taken
10	delivery of the property; or
11	(C) Purchase insurance for the lessee;
12 (4)	At the inception of the lease the effect of the
13	transaction will yield a return that will compensate
14	the lessor financial institution for not less than the
15	lessor's full investment in the property plus the
16	estimated total cost of financing the property over
17	the term of the lease, from:
18	(A) Rentals;
19	(B) Estimated tax benefits, including capital goods
20	excise tax credit, net economic gain from tax
21	deferral from accelerated depreciation, and other

1		tax benefits with a substantially similar effect	<del>- ;</del>
2		and	
3		(C) The estimated residual value of the property at	
4		the expiration of the initial term of the lease;	<u>-</u>
5	<del>(5)</del>	The maximum lease term during which the lessor	
6		financial institution shall recover the lessor's full	=
7		investment in the property, plus the estimated total	
8		cost of financing the property, shall be forty years;	<u>-</u>
9		and	
10	(6)	At the expiration of the lease, including any renewal	<del>- S</del>
11		or extensions with the same lessee, all interest in	
12		the property shall be either liquidated or leased	
13	*	again on a nonoperating basis as soon as practicable	
14		but in no event later than two years from the	
15		expiration of the lease; provided that in no case	
16		shall the lessor retain any interest in the property	
17		beyond fifty years after the lessor's acquisition of	
18		the property."]	
19	SECT	CON 39. Section 237-24.9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	3
20	repealed.		
21	[" <del>§2</del>	37-24.9 Aircraft service and maintenance facility.	
22	(a) This	chapter shall not apply to amounts received from the	
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1	servicing and maintenance of aircraft or from the construction
2	of an aircraft service and maintenance facility in the State.
3	(b) As used in this section:
4	"Aircraft" means any craft or artificial contrivance of
5	whatever description engaged in intrastate, interstate, or
6	international scheduled commercial use as defined in chapter
7	263, that operates with two or more jet engines.
8	"Aircraft service and maintenance" means all scheduled and
9	unscheduled tasks performed within an aircraft service and
10	maintenance facility for the inspection, modification,
11	maintenance, and repair of aircraft and related components
12	including engines, hydraulic and electrical systems, and all
13	other components which are an integral part of an aircraft.
14	"Aircraft service and maintenance facility" means a
15	facility for aircraft service and maintenance that is not less
16	than thirty thousand square feet in area, and which may include
17	ancillary space which is integral to the facility, such as parts
18	and inventory warehouse space, tool rooms, and related
19	administrative and employee space.
20	"Construction of an aircraft service and maintenance
21	facility" means all design, engineering, labor, and material
22	costs associated with the construction of facilities the



1	principle purpose of which is the provision of facilities for
2	aircraft service and maintenance.
3	"Maintenance" means the upkeep of aircraft engines,
4	hydraulic and electrical systems, and all other components which
5	are an integral part of an aircraft, but does not include
6	refueling, janitorial services or cleaning, restocking of
7	aircraft and passenger supplies, or loading or unloading of
8	cargo and passenger baggage."]
9	SECTION 40. Section 237-25, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	repealed.
11	["\\$237-25 Exemptions of sales and gross proceeds of sales
12	to federal government, and credit unions. (a) Any provision of
13	law to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be exempted
14	from, and excluded from the measures of, the tax imposed by
15	chapter 237 all sales, and the gross proceeds of all sales, of:
16	(1) Intoxicating liquor, as defined in chapter 281,
17	hereafter sold by any person licensed under chapter
18	281 to the United States (including any agency or
19	instrumentality of the United States that is wholly
20	owned or otherwise so constituted as to be immune from
<b>21</b> .	the levy of a tax under chapter 238 or 244D but not
22	including national banks), or to any organization to

1		which that sale is permitted by the proviso of "Class
2		3" of section 281 31, located on any Army, Navy, or
3		Air Force reservation, but the person making the sale
4		shall nevertheless, within the meaning of chapters
5		237, 244D, and 281 be deemed to be a licensed seller;
6	<del>(2)</del>	Tobacco products and cigarettes, as defined in chapter
7	•	245, sold by any person licensed under the chapter to
8		the United States (including any agency or
9		instrumentality thereof that is wholly owned or
10		otherwise so constituted as to be immune from the levy
11		of a tax under chapter 238 or 245 but not including
12		national banks), but the person making the sale shall
13	+ 14 -	nevertheless, within the meaning of chapters 237 and
14		245, be deemed to be a licensed seller;
15	<del>(3)</del>	Other tangible personal property sold by any person
16		licensed under this chapter to the United States
17		(including any agency, instrumentality, or federal
18		credit union thereof but not including national
19		banks), and to any state chartered credit union, but
20		the person making such sale shall nevertheless, within
21		the meaning of this chapter, be deemed a licensed
22		seller; and

1	(4) When the amount of property sold by a licensee turns
2	upon the amount of the property sold through a vending
3	machine or similar device to the customer using the
4	device, there shall not be deemed to have occurred any
5	sale covered by an exemption under paragraph (1), (2),
6	or (3).
7	(b) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to exempt any
8	sales to or by a federal cost-plus contractor, as defined in
9	chapter 237, or the gross proceeds thereof; with respect to all
10	such activities and transactions, taxes shall be levied,
11	returned, computed, and assessed the same as if this section had
12	not been enacted, and in the case of an election made under
13	sections 237 13(2)(F) and 237 13(3)(C)(ii), the tax shall be
14	computed the same as upon a sale to the state government.
15	(c) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to exempt any
16	person engaging or continuing in a service business or calling
17	from any part of the tax imposed upon the person for such
18	activity, and the person shall not be entitled to deduct any
19	amount for tangible personal property furnished in conjunction
20	therewith even though the person separately bills or otherwise
21	shows the amount of the gross income of the business derived
22	from the furnishing of the property.

1	(d) The exemption granted by this section shall apply to
2	the seller of products sold in the State as provided in
3	subsection (a) in respect of the privilege of manufacturing or
4	producing, as well as the privilege of selling, and the value or
5	gross proceeds of sales of the products so sold shall be
6	excluded from the measure of the tax imposed by chapter 237 upon
7	the seller as a manufacturer or producer."]
8	SECTION 41. Section 237-26, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	repealed.
10	["\frac{\frac{9237-26}{237-26} Exemption of certain scientific contracts with
11	the United States. (a) Any provision of law to the contrary
12	notwithstanding, there shall be exempted from the measure of the
13	taxes imposed by chapter 237, all of the gross proceeds derived
14	by a contractor or subcontractor arising from the performance of
15	any scientific work as defined in subsection (b), under a
16	contract or subcontract entered into with the United States
17	(including any agency or instrumentality thereof but not
18	including national banks), and all of the gross proceeds derived
19	from the sale of tangible personal property by a seller of such
20	tangible personal property to such contractor or subcontractor;
21	provided the exemption herein shall apply only to such tangible
22	personal property which is to be affixed to, or to become a

1	physical, integral part of the scientific facility, or which is
2	to be entirely consumed during the performance of the service
3	required by the contract or subcontract.
4	(b) For purposes of this section, "scientific work" is
5	work involving primarily the research and development for, or
6	the design, manufacture, instrumentation, installation,
7	maintenance, or operation of aerospace, agricultural,
8	astronomical, biomedical, electronic, geophysical,
9	oceanographic, test range, or other scientific facilities.
10	Maintenance or operation, for purposes of this section, shall
11	include housekeeping functions in providing certain
12	nonscientific logistic and support services."]
13	SECTION 42. Section 237-27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	repealed.
15	["\$237-27 Exemption of certain petroleum refiners. (a)
16	As used in this section:
17	(1) "Petroleum products" means petroleum, any distillate,
18	fraction, or derivative of petroleum, natural gas or
19	its components, gas manufactured from a petroleum
20	product, and any product derived from the gas or from
21	the manufacture thereof, such as benzene, xylene,

1		toluene, acetylene, tars, components of tars, and
2		ammonia.
3	(2)	"Refiner" means any person who, in the State, engages
4		in the business of refining petroleum products and is
5		taxable under this chapter, upon the value or gross
6		proceeds of sales of the petroleum products resultant
7		from the business. A person who is engaged in
8		business as a refiner and also in other business shall
9	t t	be deemed a refiner only in respect of the business
10		that produces the products included in the measure of
11		the tax imposed by this chapter.
12	( <del>3)</del>	"Refining" means:
13		(A) Any process performed by a refiner that includes
14		a change in the character or properties of a
15		petroleum product through the application of
16		<del>heat, or</del>
17		(B) The compounding by a refiner of a petroleum
18		product with a product that has been refined by
19		the refiner by the process stated in clause (A).
20	<del>(b)</del>	There shall be excluded from the measure of the tax or
21	a refiner	such part of the petroleum products resultant from the
22	refiner's	business as is to be further refined by another
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1 refiner, to the extent that the petroleum products resultant 2 from such further refining will be (or but for this subsection 3 would be) included in the measure of the tax on such other 4 refiner, and where petroleum products are to be used partly for such refining and partly for other purposes, the proportion used 5 6 for each purpose shall be determined upon the basis of weight or 7 BTU content."] 8 SECTION 43. Section 237-27.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 9 repealed. 10 ["\$237-27.5 Air pollution control facility. (a) As used 11 in this section, "air pollution control facility" shall mean a 12 new identifiable treatment facility, equipment, device, or the 13 like, which is used to abate or control atmospheric pollution or 14 contamination by removing, reducing, or rendering less noxious 15 air contaminants emitted into the atmosphere from a point 16 immediately preceding the point of such removal, reduction, or 17 rendering to the point of discharge of air, meeting emission 18 standards as established by the department of health, excluding 19 air conditioner, fan, or other similar facility for the comfort 20 of persons at a place of business. (b) Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, 21 22 and upon receipt of the certification required by subsection

- 1 (c), there shall be exempted from, and excluded from the measure
- 2 of, the taxes imposed by this chapter, all of the gross proceeds
- 3 arising from, and all of the amount of tangible personal
- 4 property furnished in conjunction with, the construction,
- 5 reconstruction, erection, operation, use, or maintenance of an
- 6 air pollution control facility.
- 7 (c) Application for the exemption provided by this section
- 8 shall first be made with the director of health who, if
- 9 satisfied that the facility meets the pollution emission
- 10 criteria established by the department of health, shall certify
- 11 to that fact. A new certificate shall be obtained from the
- 12 director of health and filed with the director of taxation every
- 13 five years certifying that the pollution control facility
- 14 complies with the pollutant emission criteria established by the
- department of health."]
- 16 SECTION 44. Section 237-27.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 repealed.
- 18 ["\frac{\\$237-27.6}{} Solid waste processing, disposal, and electric
- 19 generating facility; certain amounts exempt. (a) Any provision
- 20 of the law to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be
- 21 exempted from, and excluded from the measure of, the taxes
- 22 imposed by this chapter all of the amounts enumerated in



1	subsection	n (b) arising from a transaction involving a sale and
2	leaseback	of a solid waste processing, disposal, and electric
3	generating	g facility entered into by a political subdivision of
4	the State	under section 46-19.1 where the facility is owned or
5	under con	struction by the subdivision before May 10, 1988.
6	<del>(b)</del>	Amounts are exempted or excluded from taxation under
7	this chap	ter only to the extent that they:
8	(1)	Are received by an operator of a facility under an
9		operating contract with a political subdivision, where
10		the:
11		(A) Operator, or its successor, entered into an
12	and the second	operating contract prior to May 10, 1988;
13	â .	(B) Operator enters into a lease of the facility from
14		the owner at a time that coincides with the time
15		the owner and the political subdivision entering
16		into a sale and leaseback transaction; and
17		(C) Amounts are used by the operator to make rental
18		payments to the owner;
19	(2)	Are received as rental payments by the owner of the
20		facility from the operator of the facility;

1	(3) Do not exceed the payments made by the owner of the
2	facility under the sale and leaseback transaction to
3	the political subdivision; and
4	(4) In no case exceed debt service costs incurred by the
5	political subdivision for the construction of the
6	facility.
7	(c) For the purposes of this section:
8	"Debt service costs" means payments of principal and
9	interest on general obligation bonds issued at any time by a
10	political subdivision for the construction of the facility.
11	"Sale and leaseback" means a transaction in which a
12	facility is sold by a political subdivision to a private entity
13	for cash, under an installment sale, a financing lease, or
14	similar arrangement, or any combination thereof, where the
15	political subdivision has the right to repurchase the facility
16	at a later date, and where the facility is leased to an operator
17	of the facility.
18	"Solid waste processing, disposal, and electric generating
19	facility" or "facility" means a facility for the processing and
20	disposal of solid waste or the generation of electric energy, or
21	both, the construction of which has been financed pursuant to

- 1 section 47-4 and constitutes an undertaking as defined in 2 section 49-1. 3 "Operator" means a private entity who enters into an agreement or other arrangement with the owner of a solid waste 4 5 processing, disposal, and electric generating facility for the purpose of operating such facility for a political subdivision 6 7 of the State. 8 "Owner" means any person who purchases a solid waste 9 processing, disposal, and electric generating facility under 10 section 46-19.1. "] SECTION 45. Section 237-28.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 12 repealed. 13 ["[\$237-28.1] Exemption of certain shipbuilding and ship 14 repair business. There shall be exempted from, and excluded 15 from the measure of, the taxes imposed by this chapter all of 16 the gross proceeds arising from shipbuilding and ship repairs 17 rendered to surface vessels federally owned or engaged in 18 interstate or international trade."] SECTION 46. Section 237-29, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 19 20 repealed. 21 ["\S237-29 Exemptions for certified or approved housing 22 projects. (a) All gross income received by any qualified
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1	person or firm for the planning, design, financing,
2	construction, sale, or lease in the State of a housing project
3	that has been certified or approved under section 201H 36 shall
4	be exempt from general excise taxes.
5	(b) All gross income received by a nonprofit or a limited
6	distribution mortgagor for a low and moderate income housing
7.	project certified or approved under section 201H 36 shall be
8	exempt from general excise taxes.
9	(c) The director of taxation and the Hawaii housing
10	finance and development corporation shall adopt rules pursuant
11	to chapter 91 for the purpose of this section, including any
12	time limitation for the exemptions."]
13	SECTION 47. Section 237-29.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	repealed.
15	["\$237-29.5 Exemption for sales of tangible personal
16	property shipped out of the State. (a) There shall be exempted
17	from, and excluded from the measure of, the taxes imposed by
18	this chapter all of the value or gross proceeds arising from the
19	manufacture, production, or sale of tangible personal property:
20	(1) Shipped by the manufacturer, producer, or seller to a
21	point outside the State where the property is resold
22	or otherwise consumed or used outside the State; or

1	(2) The sale of which is exempt under section 237-24.3(2).
2	(b) For the purposes of this section, the manufacturer,
3	producer, or seller shall take from the purchaser, a
4	certificate, in such form as the department shall prescribe,
5	certifying that the tangible personal property purchased is to
6	be resold or otherwise consumed or used outside the State. Any
7	purchaser who shall furnish such a certificate shall be
8	obligated to pay to the seller, upon demand, if the property
9	purchased is not resold or otherwise consumed or used outside
10	the State, the amount of the additional tax which by reason
11	thereof is imposed upon the seller."]
12	SECTION 48. Section 237-29.53, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	repealed.
14	["\$237-29.53 Exemption for contracting or services
15	exported out of State. (a) There shall be exempted from, and
16	excluded from the measure of, taxes imposed by this chapter, all
17	of the value or gross income derived from contracting (as
18	defined under section 237-6) or services performed by a person
19	engaged in a service business or calling in the State for use
20	outside the State where:
21	(1) The contracting or services are for resale,
22	consumption, or use outside the State; and

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1	(2) The value or gross income derived from the contracting
2	or services performed would otherwise be subject to
3	the tax imposed under this chapter on contracting or
4	services at the highest rate.
5	For the purposes of this subsection, the seller or person
6	rendering the contracting or services exported and resold,
7	consumed, or used outside the State shall take from the
8	customer, a certificate or an equivalent, in a form the
9	department prescribes, certifying that the contracting or
10	service purchased is to be otherwise resold, consumed, or used
11	outside the State. Any customer who furnishes this certificate
12	or an equivalent shall be obligated to pay the seller or person
13	rendering the contracting or services, upon demand, if the
14	contracting or service purchased is not resold or otherwise
15	consumed or used outside the State, the amount of the additional
16	tax which by reason thereof is imposed upon the seller or persor
17	rendering the contracting or service.
18	(b) There shall be exempted from, and excluded from the
19	measure of, taxes imposed by this chapter, all of the value or
20	gross income derived from contracting (as defined in section
21	237-6) or services performed by a person engaged in a service
22	business or calling in the State for a purchaser who resells all

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1 of the contracting or services for resale, consumption, or use 2 outside the State pursuant to subsection (a). For the purposes 3 of this subsection, the seller or person rendering the 4 contracting or services for a purchaser who resells the 5 contracting or services for resale, consumption, or use outside 6 the State shall take from the purchaser, a certificate or an 7 equivalent, in a form that the department prescribes, certifying 8 that the contracting or services purchased is to be for resale, 9 consumption, or use outside the State pursuant to subsection 10 (a). Any purchaser who furnishes this certificate or an 11 equivalent shall be obligated to pay the seller or person 12 rendering the contracting or services, upon demand, if the 13 contracting or services purchased is not resold in its entirety 14 to a customer of the purchaser who has complied with subsection 15 (a), the amount of the additional tax which by reason thereof is 16 imposed upon the seller or the person rendering the contracting 17 or service."] 18 SECTION 49. Section 237-29.55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 19 repealed. 20 ["[\$237-29.55] Exemption for sale of tangible personal property for resale at wholesale. (a) There shall be exempted 21 22 from, and excluded from the measure of, the taxes imposed by

1 this chapter all of the gross proceeds or gross income arising 2 from the sale of tangible personal property imported to Hawaii 3 from a foreign or domestic source to a licensed taxpayer for 4 subsequent resale for the purpose of wholesale as defined under 5 section 237-4. 6 (b) The department, by rule, may provide that a seller may 7 take from the purchaser of imported tangible personal property, 8 a certificate, in a form that the department shall prescribe, 9 certifying that the purchaser of the imported tangible personal 10 property shall resell the imported tangible personal property at 11 wholesale as defined under section 237 4. Any purchaser who 12 furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the seller, 13 upon demand, if the sale in fact is not a sale for the purpose 14 of resale at wholesale, the amount of the additional tax which 15 by reason thereof is imposed upon the seller. The absence of a 16 certificate, unless the sales of the business are exclusively a **17** sale for the purpose of resale at wholesale, in itself, shall 18 give rise to the presumption that the sale is not a sale for the 19 purpose of resale at wholesale."] SECTION 50. Section 237-29.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 20 21 repealed.

1	[" <del>[\$237-29.7] Exemption of insurance companies.</del> This
2	chapter shall not apply to the gross income or gross proceeds of
3	insurance companies authorized to do business under chapter 431;
4	except this exemption shall not apply to any gross income or
5	gross proceeds received after December 31, 1991, as rents from
6	investments in real property in this State; provided that gross
7	income or gross proceeds from investments in real property
8	received by insurance companies after December 31, 1991, under
9	written contracts entered into before January 1, 1992, that do
10	not provide for the passing on of taxes or tax increases shall
11	not be taxed until the contracts are renegotiated, renewed, or
12	extended."]
13	SECTION 51. Section 237-29.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	repealed.
15	["[\$237-29.8] Call centers; exemption; engaging in
16	business; definitions. (a) This chapter shall not apply to
17	amounts received from a person operating a call center by a
18	person engaged in business as a telecommunications common
19	carrier for interstate or foreign telecommunications services,
20	including toll-free telecommunications, telecommunications
21	capabilities for electronic mail, voice, and data
22	telecommunications, computerized telephone support, facsimile,

1 wide area telecommunications services, or computer to computer 2 communication. 3 (b) The establishment of a call center in this State by any person shall not be used by itself by the State to find that 4 any other part of the person's business is engaged in business 5 6 in this State for the purposes of this chapter. Gross income or 7 gross proceeds received by a call center for customer service 8 and support shall be exempt from the measure of taxes imposed by 9 this chapter. (c) The department, by rule, may provide that the person 10 11 providing the telecommunications service may take from the 12 person operating a call center a certificate, in a form that the department shall prescribe, certifying that the amounts received 13 14 for telecommunications services are for operating a call center. 15 If the certificate is required by rule of the department, the 16 absence of the certificate in itself shall give rise to the 17 presumption that the amounts received from the sale of 18 telecommunications services are not for operating a call center. 19 (d) As used in this section: 20 "Call center" means a physical or electronic operation that 21 focuses on providing customer service and support for computer hardware and software companies, manufacturing companies, 22



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software service organizations, and telecommunications support
2
    services, within an organization in which a managed group of
3
    individuals spend most of their time engaging in business by
    telephone, usually working in a computer automated environment;
4
5
    provided that the operation shall not include telemarketing or
6
    sales.
7
         "Customer service and support" means product support,
    technical assistance, sales support, phone or computer based
8
9
    configuration assistance, software upgrade help lines, and
10
    traditional help desk services.
11
         "Telecommunications common carrier" means any person that
12
    owns, operates, manages, or controls any facility used to
    furnish telecommunications services for profit to the public, or
13
14
    to classes of users as to be effectively available to the
    public, engaged in the provision of services, such as voice,
15
    data, image, graphics, and video services, that make use of all
16
17
    or part of their transmission facilities, switches, broadcast
18
    equipment, signalling, or control devices.
19
         "Telecommunications service" or "telecommunications" means
    the offering of transmission between or among points specified
20
    by a user, of information of the user's choosing, including
21
    voice, data, image, graphics, and video without change in the
22
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1 form or content of the information, as sent and received, by 2 means of electromagnetic transmission, or other similarly 3 capable means of transmission, with or without benefit of any 4 closed transmission medium. 5 (e) This section shall not apply to gross proceeds or gross income received after June 30, 2010."] 7 PART IV. SECTION 52. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 9 and stricken. SECTION 53. This Act, upon its approval, shall take effect 10 11 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2011.

INTRODUCED BY:

#### Report Title:

Income Tax; General Excise Tax; Credits; Exemptions

#### Description:

Repeals income, general excise, and other certain tax credits and exclusions, with certain exemptions.

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