JAN 21 2011

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO BIOFUEL PRODUCTION FACILITIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that currently Hawaii
- 2 depends upon imported fuel to meet over eighty-five per cent of
- 3 its electricity generation needs and one hundred per cent of its
- 4 transportation fuel requirements. Yet, in the 1970s two islands
- 5 in Hawaii were producing up to thirty-five per cent of their
- 6 electricity from direct combustion of biomass in the form of
- 7 sugarcane bagasse, the primary co-product of commercial sugar
- 8 producers. In subsequent years, the sugarcane industry has been
- 9 affected by lower-cost competition from foreign sugar producers
- 10 and the acreage used for sugarcane production in Hawaii has
- 11 declined dramatically. This, in turn, has hurt Hawaii's ability
- 12 to generate electricity from renewable sources.
- In the early 1950s, the Hawaii sugarcane industry employed
- 14 over twenty-two thousand workers statewide. Two decades later,
- 15 that number had dropped to ten thousand workers, with only one
- 16 thousand, six hundred workers remaining on the island of Oahu.
- 17 Building agriculturally-based biofuel facilities in Hawaii has
- 18 the potential to reinvigorate Hawaii's struggling agriculture 2011-0385 SB SMA-1.doc



- 1 industry while also helping to meet the renewable energy goals
- 2 of Hawaii's clean energy initiative. This initiative aims to
- 3 help reduce Hawaii's reliance on petroleum by forty per cent by
- 4 the year 2030.
- 5 The legislature further finds that a relatively small
- 6 investment by the State in biofuel production projects will
- 7 result in larger private sector investments in those biofuel
- 8 projects.
- 9 The legislature also finds that the construction of biofuel
- 10 production facilities is an investment in Hawaii's workforce
- 11 that will pay dividends with the training, employment, and
- 12 development of skilled local workers. According to federal
- 13 estimates, every \$1,000,000 that is spent on construction
- 14 generates between a dozen and three dozen direct or indirect
- 15 jobs. Based on this data, development of biofuel production
- 16 facilities will create numerous jobs in biofeedstock agriculture
- 17 and related industries, as well as jobs for the workers who will
- 18 operate and maintain the biofuel production facilities.
- 19 The legislature further finds that biofuel production
- 20 facilities are difficult to finance because most technologies
- 21 are in their infancy with regard to commercialization. To
- 22 encourage this industry, it is desirable to provide incentives



1	and financing support to encourage the development and		
2	construction of biofuel production facilities because these		
3	facilities will:		
4	(1)	Attract investments in Hawaii's economy that will be	
5		spread across many communities and businesses;	
6	(2)	Create jobs in agriculture, construction, and biofuel	
7		refinery operations; and	
8	(3)	Assist the State to become energy self-sufficient,	
9		reduce imports of foreign oil, and improve energy	
10		security.	
11	The purpose of this Act is to support the development and		
12	construction of biofuel production facilities in Hawaii by		
13	creating a loan guarantee program for investments in the		
14	construction and development of biofuel production facilities i		
15	the State.		
16	SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by		
17	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read		
18	as follow	s:	
19		"CHAPTER	
20	BIOFUEL PRODUCTION FACILITY LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM		
21	S	-1 Definitions. As used in this chapter:	

- 1 "Biofuel" means liquid or gaseous fuel produced from
- 2 organic sources such as biomass crops, agricultural residues and
- 3 oil crops, such as palm oil, canola oil, soybean oil, waste
- 4 cooking oil, grease, and food wastes, animal residues and
- 5 wastes, and sewage and landfill wastes.
- 6 "Department" means the department of business, economic
- 7 development, and tourism.
- 8 "Director" means the director of business, economic
- 9 development, and tourism.
- 10 "Offtake agreement" means an agreement between a producer
- 11 of a resource and a buyer of a resource to purchase or sell
- 12 portions of the producer's future production.
- "Qualified buyer" means an entity with a minimum of a grade
- 14 rating, as determined by the Better Business Bureau of
- 15 Hawaii.
- 16 § -2 Biofuel production facility loan guarantee program;
- 17 established. (a) There is established a biofuel production
- 18 facility loan guarantee program that shall be administered by
- 19 the department in accordance with the spirit and intent of this
- 20 chapter.
- 21 (b) The department shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter
- 22 91 to:

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1	(1)	Prescribe the qualifications for eligibility of	
2		applicants for loan guarantees;	
3 .	(2)	Establish preferences and priorities in determining	
4		eligibility for loan guarantees;	
5	(3)	Establish the conditions, consistent with the purposes	
6		of this chapter, for the granting or for the	
7	1	continuance of a grant of a loan guarantee; and	
8	(4)	Provide for inspection, at reasonable hours, of the	
9		facility, books, and records of an enterprise that has	
10		applied for or has been granted a loan guarantee, and	
11		to require the submission of progress and final	
12	•	reports.	
13	S	-3 Loan guarantees, terms, and restrictions. (a) The	
14	department may make loan guarantees to business concerns engaged		
15	in biofuel production facility construction, conversion,		
16	expansion	, acquisition of land for expansion, and acquisition of	
17	equipment	, machinery, supplies, or materials.	
18	(b)	The biofuel production facility loan guarantee program	
19	shall not	exceed an aggregate total of \$1,000,000,000 in loan	
20	guarantees.		
21	(c)	The terms of the biofuel production facility loan	
22	guarantee	program shall be subject to the following:	

1	(1)	There shall be an unconditional offtake agreement for
2		the period of the loan guarantee from a qualified
3		buyer;
4	(2)	The earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and
5		amortization for the biofuel refinery shall cover a
6		minimum of 1.5 times the interest and amortization of
7		the loan guarantee;
8	(3)	An annual payment of one per cent of the value of the
9		loan guarantee shall be required for the term of the
10		guarantee;
11	(4)	Insurance coverage shall be required for revenue
12		losses in the event of a force majeure event or if the
13		facility is not capable of producing revenue; and
14	(5)	The default of the loan guarantee shall result in the
15		transfer of the facility to the State.
16	S	-4 Reports. The department shall report as of
17	December	31 of each year of operations under this chapter to the
18	governor,	the president of the senate, and the speaker of the
19	house of	representatives, on the progress made under this
20	chapter.	The reports shall be submitted no later than the first
21	day in Fe	bruary that immediately follows the period covered by

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the report."

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1 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

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Report Title:

Biofuel Production Facility Loan Guarantee Program

Description:

Establishes a biofuel production facility loan guarantee program administered by the department of business, economic development, and tourism; requires adoption of rules; establishes terms and restrictions; requires annual report.

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