THE SENATE TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2011 STATE OF HAWAII **S.B. NO.** <sup>1468</sup> S.D. 1

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that improving the 2 medicaid health care system of Hawaii will require a 3 comprehensive and coordinated approach. Dr. Donald Berwick, 4 Administrator of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 5 has long supported broad system change with linked goals through 6 the "Triple Aim" approach. The Triple Aim focuses on improving 7 the individual experience of care, improving the health of 8 populations, and reducing per capita costs of care for 9 populations. Achieving such interdependent goals in health care 10 requires balance, collaboration, data, and innovation. The 11 legislature finds that one such innovation and opportunity 12 endorsed by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act 13 (Public Law 111-148) as amended by the Health Care and Education 14 Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-152), together known 15 as the Affordable Care Act, is the patient centered medical home 16 model, also known as the patient centered health home.

17 A patient centered health home is a model of delivering
18 comprehensive, integrated, and holistic health care services to 2011-1307 SB1468 SD1 SMA.doc

### S.B. NO. <sup>1468</sup> S.D. 1

1 patients, including preventative and lifestyle health services. 2 It is not necessarily a physical structure, but rather a collection of health care providers and community organizations 3 4 that work collectively to provide and manage patient health. 5 The primary provider within a health home works with a health 6 care team to provide comprehensive and integrated services to 7 patients. The health home team may include a primary care 8 provider, behavioral health provider, care manager or patient 9 care coordinator, and allied health professionals.

10 The collaborative nature of the patient centered health 11 home systematically works to reduce health disparities for 12 patients with multiple chronic diseases like diabetes, 13 hypertension, and depression, which are aggressive drivers of 14 cost. Patient centered health care homes improve patient 15 outcomes by integrating and coordinating care across the entire 16 continuum of care, providing holistic health care services, and 17 transforming the delivery of health care by moving patient treatment away from acute, incident-based care, toward a more 18 19 proactive, wellness-oriented, and healthy patient behavior 20 paradiqm.

21 A 1999 study of standard doctor visits published in the 22 Journal of the American Medical Association revealed that 2011-1307 SB1468 SD1 SMA.doc

#### S.B. NO. <sup>1468</sup> S.D. 1

1 doctors interrupted patients after 23 seconds of problem 2 explanation, and spent just 1.3 minutes giving information. 3 Fifty per cent of patients left without understanding what the 4 doctor said, and ninety-one per cent of patients had no active 5 involvement in their own decision making process. By having 6 patients take an active and informed role in their own health, 7 and partnering them with a proactive health care team that works 8 collectively to encourage healthy lifestyles, the patient 9 centered health care home reduces long-term costs by focusing on 10 wellness, education, and preventive services, which not only 11 reduce general health care costs but also more costly emergency 12 room and inpatient facility use.

To facilitate the most efficient use of resources and to 13 14 enhance patient care through extensive care coordination, a 15 patient centered health home and the health care team must 16 employ health information technology that enables sharing of 17 patient and treatment data and collection and reporting at the 18 patient and provider level. Health homes should have electronic 19 health record systems that meet the Centers for Medicare and 20 Medicaid Services' federal meaningful use guidelines.

21 Transformation of health care delivery must simultaneously22 be accompanied by a reassessment of reimbursement. Given the



1 enhanced level of services provided by patient-centered health 2 care homes, it is essential that organizations operating under 3 this model be reimbursed for the array of services that 4 ultimately contribute to long-term cost savings. The 5 reimbursement model should pay for services provided and 6 outcomes produced. A comprehensive reimbursement strategy for a 7 medicaid health home model includes consistent fee-for-service 8 reimbursement based on existing prospective payment system 9 guidelines, reimbursement for enhanced health care home 10 services, based on a per member per month formula, and 11 organizational incentive payments for improving total population 12 health in the chronic diseases areas identified.

13 The legislature finds that the Affordable Care Act grants 14 states the option to provide health homes to medicaid enrollees 15 with chronic conditions and receive a ninety per cent federal 16 medical assistance percentage for those enrollees for the first 17 eight fiscal quarters. The legislature further finds that the 18 Affordable Care Act also provides financial support and 19 incentives for health systems that move toward team based, 20 collaborative methods of care and wellness.

The purpose of this Act is to establish a Hawaii medicaid
modernization and innovation council to establish a patient



# S.B. NO. <sup>1468</sup> S.D. 1

centered health home pilot program within the medicaid program,
 and to address other priorities as identified by the

3 legislature.

4 No later than January 1, 2012, the SECTION 2. (a) 5 department of human services shall establish and implement the 6 Hawaii patient centered health home pilot program within the 7 medicaid program in accordance with the provisions determined by 8 the Hawaii medicaid modernization and innovation council 9 established in section 3 of this Act. The Hawaii patient 10 centered health home pilot program shall provide comprehensive, 11 person-centered, and integrated primary care services to state 12 health care program members using a health home model of care 13 delivery. Beginning January 1, 2012, members of state health 14 care programs shall receive care through certified health homes 15 provided by medical home teams. The pilot program shall 16 terminate no later than June 30, 2013; provided that the Hawaii 17 patient centered health home pilot program, upon the council's 18 recommendation and approval by the legislature and the governor, 19 may be continued as a permanent program at that time.

20 (b) Definitions. When used in this Act:

21 "Commissioner" means the state insurance commissioner of22 the department of commerce and consumer affairs.

1 "Council" means the Hawaii medicaid modernization and 2 innovation council established in section 3 of this Act. 3 "Health home" means a provider of primary care services 4 that meets the requirements for participation in the Hawaii 5 patient centered health home pilot program established by this 6 Act. 7 "Member" means any qualified enrollee of a state health 8 care program. 9 "Primary care services" means health care that includes 10 primary medical, behavioral, mental, and dental services. 11 "State health care program" means any medicaid funded 12 health care program administered by the department of human 13 services including QUEST, QUEST-ACE, QUEST-Net, QUEST-Expanded 14 Access, Basic Health Hawaii, and Hawaii Premium Plus. 15 SECTION 3. (a) No later than July 1, 2011, there shall be 16 established within the department of human services for 17 administrative purposes the Hawaii medicaid modernization and innovation council to be appointed by the governor as provided 18 19 in section 26-34. The council shall be comprised of thirty-one 20 voting members with geographic representation from across the 21 State as follows:

Page 7

1	(1)	The director of human services, or the director's
2		designee, as an ex officio voting member;
3	(2)	The director of health, or the director's designee, as
4		an ex officio voting member;
5	(3)	The state insurance commissioner, as an ex officio
6		voting member;
7	(4)	The lieutenant governor of the State of Hawaii;
8	(5)	One representative of a not-for-profit health plan
9		offered as a plan in any state health care program;
10	(6)	One representative of a nonprofit health provider
11		association;
12	(7)	One representative of a local behavioral health
13		professional association;
14	(8)	Six patient-consumer representatives, at least three
15		of whom serve on the board of a federally qualified
16		health center;
17	(9)	One oral health provider;
18	(10)	One representative of the business sector;
19	(11)	One licensed advanced practice registered nurse;
20	(12)	One non-physician mental health provider;
21	(13)	One licensed primary care physician practicing family
22		medicine to be appointed from a list of nominees

# **S.B.** NO. <sup>1468</sup> S.D. 1

8

1		submitted by the speaker of the house of
2		representatives;
3	(14)	One licensed primary care physician practicing
4		geriatric medicine to be appointed from a list of
5		nominees submitted by the speaker of the house of
6		representatives;
7	(15)	One representative of a health plan offered as a plan
8		in any state health care program to be appointed from
9		a list of nominees submitted by the speaker of the
10		house of representatives;
11	(16)	One representative of any allied or complimentary
12		health profession that provides support to primary
13		care physicians and medical home teams to be appointed
14		from a list of nominees submitted by the speaker of
15	<b>,</b>	the house of representatives;
16	(17)	One licensed primary care physician practicing
17		pediatric medicine to be appointed from a list of
18		nominees submitted by the president of the senate;
19	(18)	One representative of a local medical professional
20		association to be appointed from a list of nominees
21		submitted by the president of the senate;

## **S.B.** NO. <sup>1468</sup> S.D. 1

1	(19)	One representative of a health plan offered as a plan
2		in any state health care program to be appointed from
3		a list of nominees submitted by the president of the
4		senate;
5	(20)	One representative of any allied or complimentary
6		health profession that provides support to primary
7		care physicians and medical home teams to be appointed
8		from a list of nominees submitted by the president of
9		the senate;
10	(21)	One representative from a hospital;
11	(22)	One representative from a physician's group;
12	(23)	One representative from the health care provider
13		industry;
14	(24)	A physician assistant;
15	(25)	An individual with a finance background; and
16	(26)	A social worker.
17	(b)	To the extent permissible by law and in addition to
18	any other	duties prescribed by law, the council shall develop
19	and implem	ment the Hawaii patient centered health home pilot
20	program es	stablished in section 2 of this Act. The council shall
21	develop a	program that is consumer-driven, culturally
22	appropriat	te, and family centered and that optimizes access and
	t indice estat balat tidet tide estats states will note to	SB1468 SD1 SMA.doc

# **S.B.** NO. <sup>1468</sup> S.D. 1

1 provides team based, integrated, and holistic care delivery. 2 The council shall:

3 Adopt a definition, criteria, and standards for health (1)4 home that takes into consideration the recommendations 5 of the Patient-Centered Primary Care Collaborative 6 Joint Principles of the Patient-Centered Medical Home 7 and the National Committee for Quality Assurance 8 Patient-Centered Medical Home Certification Standards, 9 and is consistent with the definition of "health home 10 services" contained in Title 42 United States Code 11 Section 1396w-4;

12 (2) Consult with any local health plan or provider that 13 has implemented a medical home or health home model of 14 care in Hawaii, consider the criteria and standards 15 utilized by the health plan or provider, and determine 16 whether the criteria and standards are appropriate for 17 inclusion in the council's criteria and standards for 18 the Hawaii patient centered health home pilot program; 19 (3) Certify health homes that meet the standards 20 established by the council;

21 (4) Adopt a definition of the medical home team that
22 includes providers within the medical home, including:



Page 11

11

1	×	(A) .	A primary care provider;	
2		(B)	Behavioral health provider;	
3		(C)	Care manager or patient care coordinator;	
4		(D)	Nursing staff;	
5		(E)	Nutritionists and dieticians;	
6		(F)	Oral health care provider;	
7		(G)	Pharmaceutical provider;	
8		(H)	Ambulatory care providers; and	
9		(I)	Other specialty care providers.	
10	(5)	Devel	op quality and performance measures that	
11		certi	fied health homes in the pilot program must	
12		repor	t to the council, health plans, and department of	
13		human services;		
14	(6)	Devel	op a payment methodology for certified health	
15		homes	that shall include a per member per month care	
16		coord	ination fee, consistent fee-for-service	
17		reimbursement, payment for any services not reimbursed		
18		under	current medicaid or prospective payment system	
19		guide	lines but that are recommended as a covered	
20		servi	ce in the health home pilot program developed by	
21		the c	ouncil, and organizational incentive payments for	
22		impro	ving total population health in the chronic	



Page 12

12

1		dise	ases areas and other metrics as adopted by the
2		coun	cil; provided that for federally qualified
3		Comm	unity health centers the payment methodology is in
4		addi	tion to, and no less than, existing prospective
5		paym	ent system rates; and
6	(7)	Deve	lop annual reporting requirements for certified
7		heal	th homes and health plans to report to the
8		coun	cil, department of human services, and legislature
9		on:	
10		(A)	The number of members in the program and
11			characteristics of members including income,
12			ethnicity, language, complex or chronic
13			condition, age, and sex;
14		(B)	The number and geographic distribution of health
15			home providers;
16		(C)	The performance and quality of health homes in
17			treating complex chronic condition patient
18			populations;
19		(D)	Measures of preventive care;
20		(E)	Health home payment methodology arrangements
21			compared with costs related to implementation and
22			payment of care coordination fees; and

1	(F) Estimated and actual impact of health homes on
2	health disparities.
3	(c) The council shall select a chairperson by a majority
4	vote of its members. A majority of the members serving on the
5	council shall constitute a quorum to do business. The council
6	may form workgroups and subcommittees, including individuals who
7	are not council members, to:
8	(1) Obtain resource information from medical
9	professionals, insurers, health care providers,
10	community advocates, and other individuals as deemed
11	necessary by the council;
12	(2) Make recommendations to the council; and
13	(3) Perform other functions as deemed necessary by the
14	council to fulfill its duties and responsibilities.
15	(d) Members of the council shall serve without
16	compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses, including
17	travel expenses, necessary for the performance of their duties.
18	(e) The council may appoint, without regard to chapters 76
19	and 89, an executive director who shall serve at the pleasure of
20	the council and whose duties shall be set by the council. The
21	salary of the executive director shall be set by the council;
22	provided that the salary shall not exceed the salary of the
	2011-1307 SB1468 SD1 SMA.doc

## S.B. NO. <sup>1468</sup> S.D. 1

14

deputy director of the department of human services. The
 executive director may also appoint other personnel, without
 regard to chapters 76 and 89, to work directly for the executive
 director.

5 (f) The council may require reports as necessary in the
6 form specified by the council from state agencies and program
7 and service providers of any state health care program.

8 (g) No later than twenty days prior to the convening of 9 the regular session of 2012, the council shall submit to the 10 legislature, the governor, the director of health, and the 11 director of human services a report relating to the development 12 of the program containing:

13 (1) The progress of the council; and

14 (2) Any and all criteria, standards, measurements, payment
15 methodology, and other requirements of the Hawaii
16 patient centered health home pilot program adopted by
17 the council pursuant to this section.

(h) No later than twenty days prior to the convening of the regular session of 2013 the council shall submit to the legislature, the governor, the director of health, and the director of human services a report relating to the implementation of the program containing information and data



## **S.B.** NO. <sup>1468</sup> S.D. 1

1 regarding the problems experienced with the program, benefits of 2 the program, and the practical application of the program. The 3 report shall also contain an opinion as to whether the program 4 is a practical approach to modernizing medicaid-centered health 5 care and recommendations as to whether the program should be 6 continued.

7 Based on the council's recommendation, the legislature and
8 the governor may determine whether to continue the Hawaii
9 patient centered health home pilot program.

10 (i) The council shall cease to exist on June 30, 2013.
11 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

12



16

#### Report Title:

Hawaii Patient Centered Health Home Pilot Program; Hawaii Medicaid Modernization and Innovation Council

#### Description:

2011-1307 SB1468 SD1 SMA.doc

Establishes the Hawaii patient centered health home pilot program. Establishes the Hawaii medicaid modernization and innovation council to design and implement the program. Council ceases to exist on 6/30/13. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.