THE SENATE TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2011 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. /363

JAN 2 6 2011

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTI	ION 1. The legislature finds that the excessive use of	
2	non-reusable checkout bags presents an unnecessary hazard to the		
3	natural er	nvironment. Non-reusable checkout bags:	
4	(1)	Require crude oil, a polluting fossil fuel, for their	
5		manufacture;	
6	(2)	Pose serious health risks to legally protected sea	
7		turtles and marine mammals;	
8	(3)	Contribute to unsightly litter;	
9	(4)	Burden overcrowded landfills;	
10	(5)	Are recycled minimally;	
11	(6)	Contribute to deforestation; and	
12	(7)	Are manufactured with non-renewable energy.	
13	An environmentally friendly alternative to the non-reusable		
14	checkout k	bag is the reusable bag which consumers can easily	
15	acquire, c	clean, and store. The legislature finds that Hawaii	
16	should strongly discourage the use of non-reusable checkout		
17	bags.		

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1 The legislature finds that the State has a compelling 2 interest in protecting its precious natural environment. 3 Several countries and both international and domestic cities have successfully implemented similar laws that have resulted in 4 5 a significant reduction in non-reusable checkout bag usage. 6 Because the people of Hawaii depend on the preservation of the 7 natural environment for economic, social, and cultural reasons, 8 the public's health and welfare will benefit immensely from a 9 significant reduction of non-reusable checkout bag waste and 10 litter. 11 The purpose of this Act is to reduce the adverse impact of 12 non-reusable checkout bag waste on Hawaii's precious and unique natural environment by establishing an offset fee for the 13 14 distribution of non-reusable checkout bags. 15 SECTION 2. Chapter 342H, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 16 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and 17 to read as follows: NON-REUSABLE CHECKOUT BAG OFFSET FEE 18 "PART 19 §342H-**Definitions.** As used in this part: 20 "Business" means any commercial enterprise or establishment 21 that distributes non-reusable checkout bags in any county or



that does not distribute non-reusable checkout bags in an exempt 1 2 county, including: Sole proprietorships, joint ventures, partnerships, 3 (1) and corporations, or any other legal entity, whether 4 for profit or not for profit; and 5 All employees, principals, owners, partners, or 6 (2) directors of a business doing business with the 7 entities under paragraph (1), including independent 8 9 contractors. 10 "Exempt county" means any county in the State that has adopted an ordinance banning non-biodegradable plastic carryout 11 checkout bags or similarly constituted bags deemed potentially 12 13 harmful to the environment. "Non-reusable checkout bag" means a paper or plastic 14 carryout bag that is provided by a business to a customer at the 15

15 carryout bag that is provided by a business to a customer at the 16 point of sale for the transport of purchased items. A non-17 reusable checkout bag does not meet the standards for a reusable 18 bag, regardless of the potential frequency of reuse of the same 19 non-reusable checkout bag. The term "non-reusable checkout bag" 20 does not include bags distributed by businesses for the 21 transport of:



1	(1)	Raw meat, poultry, fish, frozen food, flowers, or	
2		other items that contain dampness;	
3	(2)	Bulk food products sold without packaging;	
4	(3)	Fresh produce;	
5	(4)	Baked goods sold over-the-counter without packaging;	
6	(5)	Take-out food from restaurants;	
7	(6)	Live animals;	
8	(7)	Newspapers for home delivery; and	
9	(8)	Laundry or dry-cleaning.	
10	"Reusable bag" means a bag that is specifically designed		
11	and manufactured for multiple reuse that is made of:		
12	(1)	Cloth or other machine washable fabric; or	
13	(2)	Other durable material suitable for reuse, including a	
14	9	plastic that is at least 2.25 millimeters thick.	
15	"Undue hardship" means a financial burden that is extremely		
16	unique and unavoidable.		
17	§342H- Distribution of checkout bags; offset fee. (a)		
18	Beginning July 1, 2012, any business, having a gross annual		
19	income of \$500,000 or more shall charge and collect an offset		
20	fee of 25 cents for each non-reusable checkout bag provided to a		
21	customer; provided that a business shall add the amount of		
22	offset fee to the total price of the customer's purchase. The		
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1 offset fee shall be stated separately and prominently on any 2 sales receipt, invoice, or other record of the sale or other 3 transfer of the non-reusable checkout bag. 4 (b) A business may retain twenty-five per cent of the 5 offset fees collected as revenue that shall be subject to income 6 taxes; provided that the offset fee shall not be subject to 7 excise taxes. 8 (c) A business shall keep a record on a quarterly basis of 9 the: 10 Number of non-reusable checkout bags the business has (1)11 purchased, been provided with, or otherwise acquired; 12 and 13 (2) Amounts collected from the distribution of 14 non-reusable checkout bags that are provided to or 15 sold to consumers. 16 The record shall be subject to inspection by the department for 17 enforcement purposes. 18 (d) Not later than the fifteenth day of each month, each 19 business shall remit to the department an amount equal to 20 seventy-five per cent of the offset fees collected during the 21 previous month. The department shall provide forms to document



1	the remittance. Of the amount collected by the department under		
2	this subse	ection:	
3	(1)	Seventy per cent shall be deposited into the general	
4		fund; and	
5	(2)	Thirty per cent shall be deposited into a special	
6		account in the state general fund for expenditure by	
7		the department for expenses related to the	
8		administration and enforcement of this part; provided	
9		that any funds in excess of those expenses shall be	
10		expended by the department to:	
11		(A) Perform community outreach and education relating	
12		to the impact of non-reusable checkout bags on	
13		the environment; and	
14		(B) Fund litter cleanups.	
15	§3421	I- Penalties. Any business that violates this part	
16	shall be s	subject to a fine of:	
17	(1)	\$250 for a first violation;	
18	(2)	\$500 for a second violation occurring within one year	
19		of the first violation; and	
20	(3)	\$1,000 for any subsequent violation after the second	
21		violation.	



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§342H- Injunctive and other relief. The director may
 institute a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction
 for injunctive and other relief to correct or abate violation of
 this part or any rule adopted pursuant to this part, to collect
 administrative penalties, or to obtain other relief.

6 §342H- Rules. The director shall adopt rules under
7 chapter 91 necessary for the purposes of this part.

8 §342H- Exemptions. The director may exempt from the 9 requirements of this part businesses that sufficiently 10 demonstrate that the offset fee will cause an undue hardship; 11 provided that no exemption shall exceed one year; and provided 12 that no business shall be entitled to receive more than one 13 exemption.

14 §342H- County ordinances. (a) Nothing in this part 15 shall be construed to supersede or in any manner affect a county 16 plastic or non-reusable checkout bag ordinance; provided that 17 the ordinance is at least as stringent in the control or 18 prohibition of non-reusable checkout bags as the provisions 19 under this chapter.

20 (b) Nothing in this part shall prohibit a county from
21 enacting ordinances that are more stringent in the control or
22 prohibition of non-reusable checkout bags than this part."



SECTION 3. No later than twenty days prior to the
convening of the regular session of 2013, the department of
health shall report to the legislature on:
(1) An assessment of the effectiveness of this Act in
reducing the usage of non-reusable checkout bags; and
(2) Recommendations for proposed legislation to further
reduce the usage of non-reusable checkout bags.
SECTION 4. Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted or
applied so as to create any requirement, power, or duty in
conflict with any federal or state law.
SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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INTRODUCED BY: (Muthat





Report Title:

Environmental Protection; Plastic Checkout Bags

Description:

Requires businesses to collect a 25 cent offset fee for distribution of every non-reusable checkout bag. Provides for the department of health to collect seventy-five per cent of offset fee to be used for administration and enforcement. Allows businesses to retain twenty-five per cent of offset fee as taxable income. Exempts offset fee from excise tax.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

