THE SENATE TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2011 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. 1197

JAN 2 6 2011

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENERGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that, despite Hawaii's
 unique advantage in consistent access to alternative energy
 sources such as solar, wind, and geothermal power, the State
 remains about ninety per cent dependent on imported fossil
 fuels. State facilities, including public schools, are major
 consumers of resources such as water and electricity.

7 The purpose of this Act is to require the department of 8 education to incorporate alternative energy use designs into the 9 construction of and major renovations to public schools in the 10 State.

SECTION 2. Chapter 196, part II, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to read as follows:

14 "<u>\$196-</u> State facility construction and renovation;
15 <u>alternative energy design requirement.</u> Each state department
16 with responsibilities for the design and construction of public
17 <u>buildings and facilities shall implement alternative energy</u>
18 <u>designs for the construction of all new state facilities and</u> SB LRB 11-0362-1.doc

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1	state facility renovations exceeding \$1,000,000 for which the
2	planning and design of the project begins on or after July 1,
3	2011. Alternative energy use in newly constructed or renovated
4	state facilities under this section shall generate a minimum of
5	ten per cent of the building's total energy consumption.
6	For purposes of this section, "alternative energy designs"
7	means building plans that use geothermal, solar, wind, ocean
8	power, or biomass and solid waste energy as the dominant sources
9	of energy generation for the building or facility."
10	SECTION 3. Chapter 302A, part VI, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
11	is amended by adding a new section to be appropriately
12	designated and to read as follows:
13	"§302A- School construction and renovation; alternative
14	energy design requirement. The department shall implement
15	alternative energy designs for the construction of all new
16	school buildings and school renovations exceeding \$1,000,000 for
17	which the planning and design of the project begins on or after
18	July 1, 2011. Alternative energy use in newly constructed or
19	renovated school buildings under this section shall generate a
20	minimum of ten per cent of the building's total energy
21	consumption.



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1	For purposes of this section, "alternative energy designs"
2	means building plans that use geothermal, solar, wind, ocean
3	power, or biomass and solid waste energy as the dominant sources
4	of energy generation for the building or facility."
5	SECTION 4. Section 36-35, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:
7	"(f) The superintendent of education shall ensure that all
8	repair and maintenance projects achieve maximum cost-efficiency
9	by emphasizing functional or performance criteria, conformance
10	to alternative energy design requirements under section 302A- ,
11	uniformity of design, and commonality of products, and by
12	avoiding unique or custom requirements that increase long-term
13	costs. The superintendent of education shall develop project
14	specifications based on generic specifications or prescriptive
15	specifications using standard commercial products. Prescriptive
16	specifications may include a qualified product list.
17	For the purposes of this subsection:
18	"Generic specification" means a technical specification
19	that is written in a clear, unambiguous, and nonrestrictive
20	manner establishing:
21	(1) Design, performance, or functional requirements to
22	identify the work to be performed; and
	SB LRB 11-0362-1.doc



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16	SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
15	SECTION 5. New statutory material is underscored.
13	This subsection shall not apply to any school facility designated a historic property pursuant to section 6E-5.5."
12 13	manufacturer, distributor, or dealer.
11	in stock by, or readily available for marketing from a
10	that in the normal course of business is customarily maintained
9	"Standard commercial product" means a product or material
8	for use on the project.
7	(2) Listing manufacturers or products that are acceptable
6	manner; and
5	written in a clear, unambiguous, and nonrestrictive
4	(1) Establishing that the required work to be performed is
3	specification:
2	"Prescriptive specification" means a technical
1	(2) Material standards to be used on a project.

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Report Title:

Schools; State Facilities; Alternative Energy Design

Description:

Requires the incorporation of alternative energy designs into construction of, and major renovations to, schools and state facilities for which planning begins on or after 7/1/11.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

