## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RENEWABLE FUELS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that green diesel,
- 2 biodiesel, biojet, and ethanol are examples of fuels that could
- 3 be produced in Hawaii from locally grown feedstock. The
- 4 legislature also finds that feedstock produced in Hawaii can be
- 5 used directly as a biofuel to produce electricity in Hawaii.
- 6 The local production of these biofuels could contribute to
- 7 Hawaii's renewable energy objectives, reduce the impact of world
- 8 oil price volatility, provide a measure of energy security,
- 9 provide economic diversification, encourage increased
- 10 agricultural production, and circulate Hawaii's energy
- 11 expenditures within Hawaii's economy.
- 12 The purpose of this Act is to expand the existing ethanol
- 13 facility tax incentive to include other liquid biofuels and
- 14 electricity generated from agricultural feedstocks.
- 15 SECTION 2. Section 235-110.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 amended as follows:
- 17 "S235-110.3 [Ethanol] Bioenergy production facility tax
- 18 credit. (a) [Each year during the credit period, Beginning



### H.B. NO. H.D.

- 1 January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject
- 2 to the taxes imposed by this chapter, [an ethanol] a bioenergy
- 3 production facility tax credit that shall be applied to the
- 4 taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this
- 5 chapter for the taxable year in which the credit is properly
- 6 claimed.
- 7 For each [qualified-ethanol] qualifying bioenergy
- 8 production facility, the annual dollar amount of the [ethanol]
- 9 bioenergy production facility tax credit during the eight-year
- 10 period, for a biofuel production facility, shall be equal to
- 11 thirty per cent of its annual nameplate capacity if the
- 12 facility's nameplate capacity is greater than five hundred
- 13 thousand [but less than fifteen million] gallons[-A], or, for
- 14 an electricity generating facility, shall be equal to three
- 15 cents per kilowatt hour of the facility's annual nameplate
- 16 capacity if the facility's annual nameplate capacity is greater
- 17 than five million kilowatt hours. For each qualifying bioenergy
- 18 production facility, a taxpayer may claim this credit [for each
- 19 qualifying ethanol facility]; provided that:
- 20 (1) The claim for this credit by any taxpayer of a
- 21 qualifying [ethanol] bioenergy production facility
- shall not exceed one hundred per cent of the total of

HB788 HD1 HMS 2011-2338

2

1		all investments made by the taxpayer in the qualifying
2		[ethanol] bioenergy production facility [during the
3		<pre>credit period];</pre>
4	(2)	The qualifying [ethanol] bioenergy production facility
5		operated at a level of production of at least seventy-
6		five per cent of its nameplate capacity on an
7		annualized basis;
8	(3)	The qualifying bioenergy production facility uses
9		agricultural feedstock for at least seventy-five per
10		cent of its production output;
11	[ <del>-(3)</del> -]	(4) The qualifying [ethanol] bioenergy production
12		facility is in production on or before January 1,
13		2017; [ <del>and</del> ]
14	<u>(5)</u>	No taxpayer that claims a credit under this section
15		may claim a tax credit based on both biofuel
16		production capacity and electricity generating
17		capacity for the same facility; and
18	[ <del>-(4)-</del> ]	(6) No taxpayer that claims the credit under this
19		section shall claim any other tax credit under this
20		chapter for the same taxable year.
21	(b)	As used in this section:
22	"Agri	icultural feedstock" includes but is not limited to:

1	(1)	Sugar cane, byproducts from sugar cane, sweet sorghum,	
2		sorghum, sugar beets, woody biomass, grasses,	
3		vegetable or seed oil, fiber, and other materials	
4		grown on agricultural lands or other lands approved by	
5		the State for harvesting of biomass; and	
6	(2)	Unused byproducts of food, feed, fiber, or other	
7		products or for electricity generation;	
8	provided	that used cooking oils shall not be considered	
9	agricultural feedstock.		
10	<u>"Bio</u>	energy" means biofuel produced from or electricity	
11	generated	using agricultural feedstock.	
12	<u>"Bio</u>	fuel" means ethanol, biodiesel, renewable diesel,	
13	renewable	jet fuel, or any other liquid fuel that meets the	
14	relevant	fuel specifications of the American Society for Testing	
15	and Materials International and is produced from agricultural		
16	feedstock	<u>•</u>	
17	"Cre	dit period" means a maximum period of eight years	
18	beginning	from the first taxable year in which the qualifying	
19	[ethanol]	bioenergy production facility begins production, even	
20	if actual	production is not at seventy-five per cent of	
21	nameplate	capacity.	

```
1
         "Investment" means a nonrefundable capital expenditure
 2
    related to the development and construction of any qualifying
 3
    [ethanol] bioenergy production facility, including processing
 4
    equipment, boilers, turbines, generators, waste treatment
 5
    systems, pipelines, and liquid storage tanks at the facility or
 6
    remote locations, including expansions or modifications [-];
 7
    provided that the term "investment" shall include direct capital
 8
    expenditures in agricultural infrastructure, including
    irrigation and drainage systems, land clearing and leveling,
 9
10
    establishment of crops, planting, and cultivation where the
11
    bioenergy production facility and agricultural operations are
12
    integrated. Capital expenditures shall be those direct and
13
    certain indirect costs determined in accordance with section
14
    263A of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to uniform
15
    capitalization costs, and utility costs incurred during
16
    construction that are capitalized and not expensed, but shall
17
    not include expenses for compensation paid to officers of the
18
    taxpayer, pension and other related costs, rent for land, the
19
    costs of repairing and maintaining the equipment or facilities,
20
    training of operating personnel, [utility costs during
21
    construction, property taxes, costs relating to negotiation of
22
    commercial agreements not related to development or
```



- 1 construction, or service costs that can be identified
- 2 specifically with a service department or function or that
- 3 directly benefit or are incurred by reason of a service
- 4 department or function. For the purposes of determining a
- 5 capital expenditure under this section, the provisions of
- 6 section 263A of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply as it read
- 7 on March 1, 2004. For purposes of this section, investment
- 8 excludes land costs and includes any investment for which the
- 9 taxpayer is at risk, as that term is used in section 465 of the
- 10 Internal Revenue Code (with respect to deductions limited to
- 11 amount at risk).
- "Nameplate capacity" means the qualifying [ethanol]
- 13 bioenergy production facility's net production design capacity,
- 14 in gallons of [motor fuel grade ethanol] biofuel or kilowatt
- 15 hours of electricity per year.
- 16 "Net income tax liability" means net income tax liability
- 17 reduced by all other credits allowed under this chapter.
- "Qualifying [ethanol] bioenergy production" means [ethanol]
- 19 bioenergy produced or generated from [renewable, organic
- 20 feedstocks, or waste materials, including municipal solid
- 21 waste.] agricultural feedstock. All qualifying production shall
- 22 be fermented, distilled, transesterified, gasified, pyrolized,



- 1 combusted, or produced by other physical, chemical, biochemical,
- 2 or thermochemical conversion methods [such as reformation and
- 3 catalytic conversion and dehydrated] at the facility.
- 4 "Qualifying [ethanol] bioenergy production facility" or
- 5 "facility" means a facility located in Hawaii [which] that
- **6** produces [motor] or generates, directly from agricultural
- 7 feedstock, fuel grade [ethanol meeting the minimum
- 8 specifications by the American Society of Testing and Materials
- 9 standard D-4806, as amended.] biofuel or electricity, meeting
- 10 the relevant American Society for Testing and Materials
- 11 International specifications for the particular fuel or other
- 12 specifications for electrical production.
- 13 (c) In the case of a taxable year in which the cumulative
- 14 claims for the credit by the taxpayer of a qualifying [ethanol]
- 15 bioenergy production facility [exceeds] exceed the cumulative
- 16 investment made in the qualifying [ethanol] bioenergy production
- 17 facility by the taxpayer, only that portion that does not exceed
- 18 the cumulative investment shall be claimed and allowed.
- 19 (d) The department of business, economic development, and
- 20 tourism shall:
- 21 (1) Maintain records of the total amount of investment.
- 22 made by each taxpayer in a facility;



1	(2)	Verify the amount of the qualifying investment;	
2	(3)	Total all qualifying and cumulative investments that	
3		the department of business, economic development, and	
4		tourism certifies; and	
5	(4)	Certify the total amount of the tax credit for each	
6		taxable year and the cumulative amount of the tax	
7		credit during the credit period.	
8	Upon	each determination, the department of business,	
9	economic development, and tourism shall issue a certificate to		
10	the taxpayer verifying the qualifying investment amounts, the		
11	credit amount certified for each taxable year, and the		
12	cumulative amount of the tax credit during the credit period.		
13	The taxpayer shall file the certificate with the taxpayer's tax		
14	return with the department of taxation. Notwithstanding the		
15	department of business, economic development, and tourism's		
16	certification authority under this section, the director of		
17	taxation may audit and adjust certification to conform to the		
18	facts.		
19	If i	n any year, the annual amount of certified credits	
20	reaches \$	12,000,000 in the aggregate, the department of	
21	business,	economic development, and tourism shall immediately	
22	discontin	ue certifying credits and notify the department of	



- 1 taxation. In no instance shall the total amount of certified
- 2 credits exceed \$12,000,000 per year. Notwithstanding any other
- 3 law to the contrary, this information shall be available for
- 4 public inspection and dissemination under chapter 92F.
- 5 (e) If the credit under this section exceeds the
- 6 taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of credit over
- 7 liability shall be refunded to the taxpayer; provided that no
- 8 refunds or payments on account of the tax credit allowed by this
- 9 section shall be made for amounts less than \$1. All claims for
- 10 a credit under this section must be properly filed on or before
- 11 the end of the twelfth month following the close of the taxable
- 12 year for which the credit may be claimed. Failure to comply
- 13 with the foregoing provision shall constitute a waiver of the
- 14 right to claim the credit.
- (f) If a qualifying [ethanol] bioenergy production
- 16 facility or an interest therein is acquired by a taxpayer prior
- 17 to the expiration of the credit period, the credit allowable
- 18 under subsection (a) for any period after such acquisition shall
- 19 be equal to the credit that would have been allowable under
- 20 subsection (a) to the prior taxpayer had the taxpayer not
- 21 disposed of the interest. If an interest is disposed of during
- 22 any year for which the credit is allowable under subsection (a),



- 1 the credit shall be allowable between the parties on the basis
- 2 of the number of days during the year the interest was held by
- 3 each taxpayer. In no case shall the credit allowed under
- 4 subsection (a) be allowed after the expiration of the credit
- 5 period.
- 6 [(g) Once the total nameplate capacities of qualifying
- 7 ethanol production facilities built within the State reaches or
- 8 exceeds a level of forty million gallons per year, credits under
- 9 this section shall not be allowed for new ethanol production
- 10 facilities. If a new facility's production capacity would cause
- 11 the statewide ethanol production capacity to exceed forty
- 12 million gallons per year, only the ethanol production capacity
- 13 that does not exceed the statewide forty million gallon per year
- 14 level shall be eligible for the credit.
- (h) (g) Prior to construction of any new qualifying
- 16 [ethanol] bioenergy production facility, the taxpayer shall
- 17 provide written notice of the taxpayer's intention to begin
- 18 construction of a qualifying [ethanol] bioenergy production
- 19 facility. The information shall be provided to the department
- 20 of taxation and the department of business, economic
- 21 development, and tourism on forms provided by the department of
- 22 business, economic development, and tourism, and shall include



- 1 information on the taxpayer, facility location, facility
- 2 production capacity, anticipated production start date, and the
- 3 taxpayer's contact information. Notwithstanding any other law
- 4 to the contrary, this information shall be available for public
- 5 inspection and dissemination under chapter 92F.
- 6 [(i)] (h) The taxpayer shall provide written notice to the
- 7 director of taxation and the director of business, economic
- 8 development, and tourism within thirty days following the start
- 9 of production. The notice shall include the production start
- 10 date and expected [ethanol fuel] bioenergy production for the
- 11 next twenty-four months. Notwithstanding any other law to the
- 12 contrary, this information shall be available for public
- 13 inspection and dissemination under chapter 92F.
- 14  $\left[\frac{(j)}{(j)}\right]$  (i) If a qualifying  $\left[\frac{(j)}{(j)}\right]$  bioenergy production
- 15 facility fails to achieve an average annual production of at
- 16 least seventy-five per cent of its nameplate capacity for two
- 17 consecutive years, the stated capacity of that facility may be
- 18 revised by the director of business, economic development, and
- 19 tourism to reflect actual production for the purposes of
- 20 determining [statewide production capacity under subsection (g)
- 21 and] allowable credits for that facility under subsection (a).
- 22 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, this information



### H.B. NO. 488 H.D. 1

- 1 shall be available for public inspection and dissemination under
- 2 chapter 92F.
- 3 [<del>(k)</del>] (j) Each calendar year during the credit period, the
- 4 taxpayer shall provide information to the director of business,
- 5 economic development, and tourism on the [number of] gallons [of
- 6 ethanol produced] and type of biofuel produced and sold and the
- 7 kilowatt hours of electricity generated and sold during the
- 8 previous calendar year, how much was sold in Hawaii versus
- 9 overseas, [feedstocks] the percentage of Hawaii-grown
- 10 agricultural feedstock and other agricultural feedstock used for
- 11 [ethanol] bioenergy production, the number of employees of the
- 12 facility, and the projected [number of] gallons of [ethanol]
- 13 biofuel production and kilowatt hours of electricity generation
- 14 for the succeeding year.
- 15  $[\{1\}]$  (k) In the case of a partnership, S corporation,
- 16 estate, or trust, the tax credit allowable is for every
- 17 qualifying [ethanol] bioenergy production facility. The cost
- 18 upon which the tax credit is computed shall be determined at the
- 19 entity level. Distribution and share of the tax credit shall be
- 20 determined pursuant to section 235-110.7(a).
- 21 [+(m)-] (1) Following each year in which a credit under this
- 22 section has been claimed, the director of business, economic

# H.B. NO. 788 H.D. 1

1	<pre>developme:</pre>	nt, and tourism shall [ <del>submit a written</del> ] <u>include in its</u>		
2	annual report to the governor and legislature [regarding the			
3	production and sale of ethanol. The report shall include: ] the			
4	following	following:		
5	(1)	The number, location, and nameplate capacities of		
6		qualifying [ethanol] bioenergy production facilities		
7	·	in the State;		
8	(2)	The total number of gallons [of ethanol produced] of		
9		biofuel produced and sold and kilowatt hours generated		
10		and sold by those facilities, and total bioenergy		
11		sales during the previous year; [and]		
12	(3)	The projected number of gallons [of ethanol production		
13		for of biofuel expected to be produced and kilowatt		
14		hours of bioenergy expected to be generated in		
15		[ethanol production for] the succeeding year $[-]$ ; and		
16	(4)	The total number of employees employed by each		
17		facility, including those employed in agricultural		
18		operations.		
19	[ <del>(n)</del>	] (m) The director of taxation shall prepare forms		
20	that may l	be necessary to claim a credit under this section.		
21	Notwithst	anding the department of business, economic		
22	developme	nt, and tourism's certification authority under this		
	CERTIFIC PRINCEPH IN PRODUCTO PRINCEPHICA ENGLISH	HMS 2011-2338		

- 1 section, the director may audit and adjust certification to
- 2 conform to the facts. The director may also require the
- 3 taxpayer to furnish information to ascertain the validity of the
- 4 claim for credit made under this section and may adopt rules
- 5 necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section pursuant to
- 6 chapter 91."
- 7 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 8 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 9 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval
- 10 and shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31,
- **11** 2013.

#### Report Title:

Biofuel Facilities; Income Tax; Tax Credit

### Description:

Amends the existing ethanol facility income tax credit to include other bioenergy production and to enable larger facilities to be eligible for the tax incentive. (HB788 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.