A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- SECTION 1. The legislature finds that it is crucial to 1 Hawaii's economic and environmental future to reduce the use of 2 fossil fuels in the State and expand the use of alternative and 3 renewable energy resources. In the past ten years, we have 4 5 witnessed an unprecedented rise in the cost of energy. September 11, 2001, terrorist attacks, natural disasters, 6 tumultuous geopolitics, and increased global demand have all 7 8 contributed to the meteoric rise in the cost of fossil fuels and energy. In addition, pollution from increased fossil fuel use, 9 both in the developed world and in newly industrialized 10 countries, has had a potentially disastrous impact on the 11 climate of the planet. Hawaii is particularly vulnerable to 12 these forces. 13 Hawaii has a near-total dependence on imported fossil fuels 14 for the provision of energy and transportation. A fuel 15 16 disruption or dramatic spike in the price of fossil fuels would create a perfect storm for economic disaster here. In addition, 17 our existence as an island state makes Hawaii particularly
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- 1 vulnerable to the violent weather patterns and rising ocean
- 2 levels that are predicted to take place if climate change
- 3 continues unabated.
- 4 The legislature notes that alternatives exist to these dire
- 5 possibilities. Hawaii has an abundance of available renewable
- 6 resources that may be used to produce energy for the State. Use
- 7 of these renewable resources would reduce our dependence on
- 8 imported fossil fuels and help preserve the quality of our
- 9 natural environment.
- 10 The legislature further finds that the consumer advocate
- 11 should take a greater role in advocating for the use of
- 12 alternative and renewable energy resources in the provision of
- 13 public utilities for Hawaii. One of the most widespread uses of
- 14 fossil fuels in Hawaii comes from the provision of public
- 15 utilities, and it is in the interest of all consumers to
- 16 preserve the economic and environmental future of Hawaii through
- 17 the increased use of alternative energy where available.
- 18 The purpose of this Act is to advance the goals of energy
- 19 independence and environmental preservation by requiring the
- 20 consumer advocate to advocate for the use of alternative energy
- 21 sources in the provision of public utilities.

1	SECT	ION 2. Section 269-54, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended t	o read as follows:
3	"§26	9-54 General powers; duties. (a) The consumer
4	advocate	shall have the authority expressly conferred by or
5	reasonabl	y implied from the provisions of this part.
6	(b)	The consumer advocate may:
7	(1)	Adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 necessary to
8		effectuate the purposes of this part.
9	(2)	Conduct investigations to secure information useful in
10		the lawful administration of any provision of this
11		part.
12	(3)	Assist, advise, and cooperate with federal, state, and
13		local agencies and officials to protect and promote
14	•	the interests of the consumer in the public utilities
15		field.
16	(4)	Study the operation of laws affecting all consumers,
17		including small businesses, of utility services and
18		recommend to the governor and the legislature new laws
19		and amendments of laws in the consumers' interest in

(5) Organize and hold conferences on problems affectingconsumers of utility services.

the public utilities field.



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1	(6)	Perform [such] other acts as may be incidental to the
2		exercise of the functions, powers, and duties set
3		forth in this section.
4	(7)	Represent the interests of consumers of utility
5		services before any state or federal agency or
6		instrumentality having jurisdiction over matters which
7		affect those interests.
8	(c)	The consumer advocate shall consider the long-term
9	benefits	of renewable resources in the consumer advocate's role
10	as consum	er advocate.
11	<u>(d)</u>	The consumer advocate shall advocate for the use of
12	renewable	energy sources in the provision of public utilities
13	when the	cost of using a renewable energy source is not more
14	than twen	ty-five per cent greater than the cost of using a
15	comparabl	e fossil fuel and where the cost of the renewable
16	energy so	urce is projected to decrease below the cost of the
17	comparabl	e fossil fuel over the following ten years.
18	[-(d)-	-Whenever] (e) The consumer advocate may institute
19	proceedin	gs for appropriate relief before the public utilities
20	commissio	ner whenever it appears to the consumer advocate that:

1	(1)	[any] Any public utility has violated or failed to
2		comply with any provision of this part or of any state
3		or federal law;
4	(2)	[any] Any public utility has failed to comply with any
5		rule, regulation, or other requirement of the public
6		utilities commission or of any other state or federal
7		agency;
8	(3)	[any] Any public utility has failed to comply with any
9		provision of its charter or franchise;
10	(4)	[changes, Changes, additions, extensions, or repairs
11		to the plant or service of any public utility are
12		necessary to meet the reasonable convenience or
13		necessity of the public; or
14	(5)	[the] The rates, fares, classifications, charges, or
15		rules of any public utility are unreasonable or
16		unreasonably discriminatory[, the consumer advocate
17		may institute proceedings for appropriate relief
18		before the public utilities commission].
19	The	consumer advocate may appeal any final decision and
20	order in	any proceeding to which the consumer advocate is a
21	party in	the manner provided by law.

1	[(e)] <u>(f)</u> The consumer advocate may file with the
2	commission and serve on any public utility a request in writing
3	to furnish any information reasonably relevant to any matter or
4	proceeding before the commission or reasonably required by the
5	consumer advocate to perform the duties hereunder. Any such
6	request shall set forth with reasonable specificity the purpose
7	for which the information is requested and shall designate with
8	reasonable specificity the information desired. The public
9	utility shall comply with such request within the time limit set
10	forth by the consumer advocate unless within ten days following
11	service it requests a hearing on the matter before the public
12	utilities commission and states its reasons therefor. If a
13	hearing is requested, the public utilities commission shall
14	proceed to hold the hearing and make its determination on the
15	request within thirty days after the same is filed. The
16	consumer advocate or the public utility may appeal the decision
17	of the commission on any such request, subject to chapter 602,
18	in the manner provided for civil appeals from the circuit
19	courts. Subject to the foregoing, [such] those requests may ask
20	the public utility to:

(1) Furnish any information with which the consumeradvocate may require concerning the condition,



1		operations, practices, or services of the public
2		utility;
3	(2)	Produce and permit the consumer advocate or the
4		consumer advocate's representative to inspect and copy
5		any designated documents (including writings,
6		drawings, graphs, charts, photographs, recordings, and
7		other data compilations from which information can be
8		obtained), or to inspect and copy, test, or sample any
9		designated tangible thing which is in the possession,
10		custody, or control of the public utility; or
11	(3)	Permit entry upon land or other property in the
12		possession or control of the utility for the purpose
13		of inspection and measuring, surveying, photographing,
14		testing, or sampling the property or any designated
15		object thereon."
16	SECT	ION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
17	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
18	SECT	ION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
19	:	0.11.11.1
		INTRODUCED BY: WITHE THE LEN
		JAN 1 9 2011

Report Title:

Consumer Advocate; Alternative Energy

Description:

Requires the consumer advocate to advocate for the increased use of renewable energy sources in the provision of public utilities.