H.B. NO. <sup>616</sup> H.D. 2 S.D. 2 C.D. 1

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILD CUSTODY.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Section 571-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
3	and to read as follows:
4	""Electronic communication" means communication that is
5	facilitated by any wired or wireless technology via the Internet
6	or any other electronic media, including but not limited to
7	communication by telephone, electronic mail, instant messaging,
8	video conferencing, and web camera."
9	SECTION 2. Section 571-46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
11	"(a) In actions for divorce, separation, annulment,
12	separate maintenance, or any other proceeding where there is at
13	issue a dispute as to the custody of a minor child, the court,
14	during the pendency of the action, at the final hearing, or any
15	time during the minority of the child, may make an order for the
16	custody of the minor child as may seem necessary or proper. In
17	awarding the custody, the court shall be guided by the following
18	standards, considerations, and procedures:
	HB616 CD1 HMS 2011-3985

#### H.B. NO. <sup>616</sup> H.D. 2 S.D. 2 C.D. 1

1 (1)Custody should be awarded to either parent or to both 2 parents according to the best interests of the child, 3 and the court also may consider frequent, continuing, and meaningful contact of each parent with the child 4 5 unless the court finds that a parent is unable to act 6 in the best interest of the child; 7 (2)Custody may be awarded to persons other than the 8 father or mother whenever the award serves the best 9 interest of the child. Any person who has had de 10 facto custody of the child in a stable and wholesome 11 home and is a fit and proper person shall be entitled 12 prima facie to an award of custody; If a child is of sufficient age and capacity to 13 (3)14 reason, so as to form an intelligent preference, the 15 child's wishes as to custody shall be considered and 16 be given due weight by the court; 17 (4) Whenever good cause appears therefor, the court may require an investigation and report concerning the 18

care, welfare, and custody of any minor child of the
parties. When so directed by the court, investigators
or professional personnel attached to or assisting the
court, hereinafter referred to as child custody

HB616 CD1 HMS 2011-3985 

#### H.B. NO. <sup>616</sup> H.D. 2 S.D. 2 C.D. 1

1 evaluators, shall make investigations and reports that 2 shall be made available to all interested parties and 3 counsel before hearing, and the reports may be 4 received in evidence if no objection is made and, if 5 objection is made, may be received in evidence; 6 provided the person or persons responsible for the 7 report are available for cross-examination as to any 8 matter that has been investigated; and provided 9 further that the court shall define the requirements 10 to be a court-appointed child custody evaluator, the 11 standards of practice, ethics, policies, and 12 procedures required of court-appointed child custody 13 evaluators in the performance of their duties for all 14 courts, and the powers of the courts over child 15 custody evaluators to effectuate the best interests of 16 a child in a contested custody dispute pursuant to 17 this section. Where there is no child custody 18 evaluator available that meets the requirements and 19 standards, or any child custody evaluator to serve 20 indigent parties, the court may appoint a person 21 otherwise willing and available[+];[+]

## HB616 CD1 HMS 2011-3985

#### 1 (5) The court may hear the testimony of any person or expert, produced by any party or upon the court's own 2 3 motion, whose skill, insight, knowledge, or experience 4 is such that the person's or expert's testimony is 5 relevant to a just and reasonable determination of 6 what is for the best physical, mental, moral, and 7 spiritual well-being of the child whose custody is at 8 issue;

616 H.D. 2

C.D. 1

H.B. NO.

9 (6) Any custody award shall be subject to modification or
10 change whenever the best interests of the child
11 require or justify the modification or change and,
12 wherever practicable, the same person who made the
13 original order shall hear the motion or petition for
14 modification of the prior award;

15 (7) Reasonable visitation rights shall be awarded to
16 parents, grandparents, siblings, and any person
17 interested in the welfare of the child in the
18 discretion of the court, unless it is shown that
19 rights of visitation are detrimental to the best
20 interests of the child;

# 21 (8) The court may appoint a guardian ad litem to represent 22 the interests of the child and may assess the



1 reasonable fees and expenses of the guardian ad litem 2 as costs of the action, payable in whole or in part by 3 either or both parties as the circumstances may 4 justify;

H.B. NO.

5

5 In every proceeding where there is at issue a dispute (9) 6 as to the custody of a child, a determination by the 7 court that family violence has been committed by a 8 parent raises a rebuttable presumption that it is 9 detrimental to the child and not in the best interest 10 of the child to be placed in sole custody, joint legal 11 custody, or joint physical custody with the 12 perpetrator of family violence. In addition to other 13 factors that a court shall consider in a proceeding in 14 which the custody of a child or visitation by a parent 15 is at issue, and in which the court has made a finding 16 of family violence by a parent:

17 (A) The court shall consider as the primary factor
18 the safety and well-being of the child and of the
19 parent who is the victim of family violence;

20 (B) The court shall consider the perpetrator's
 21 history of causing physical harm, bodily injury,
 22 or assault or causing reasonable fear of physical

HB616 CD1 HMS 2011-3985 

H.B. NO. <sup>616</sup> H.D. 2 S.D. 2 C.D. 1

6

1		harm, bodily injury, or assault to another
2		person; and
3		(C) If a parent is absent or relocates because of an
4		act of family violence by the other parent, the
5		absence or relocation shall not be a factor that
6		weighs against the parent in determining custody
7		or visitation;
8	(10)	A court may award visitation to a parent who has
9		committed family violence only if the court finds that
10		adequate provision can be made for the physical safety
11		and psychological well-being of the child and for the
12		safety of the parent who is a victim of family
13		violence;
14	(11)	In a visitation order, a court may:
15		(A) Order an exchange of a child to occur in a
16		protected setting;
17		(B) Order visitation supervised by another person or
18		agency;
19		(C) Order the perpetrator of family violence to
20		attend and complete, to the satisfaction of the
21		court, a program of intervention for perpetrators

## HB616 CD1 HMS 2011-3985

#### H.B. NO. <sup>616</sup> H.D. 2 S.D. 2 C.D. 1

1	or other designated counseling as a condition of
2	the visitation;

- 3 (D) Order the perpetrator of family violence to
  4 abstain from possession or consumption of alcohol
  5 or controlled substances during the visitation
  6 and for twenty-four hours preceding the
  7 visitation;
- 8 (E) Order the perpetrator of family violence to pay a
  9 fee to defray the costs of supervised visitation;
  10 (F) Prohibit overnight visitation;
- (G) Require a bond from the perpetrator of family
  violence for the return and safety of the child.
  In determining the amount of the bond, the court
  shall consider the financial circumstances of the
  perpetrator of family violence;
- 16 (H) Impose any other condition that is deemed
  17 necessary to provide for the safety of the child,
  18 the victim of family violence, or other family or
  19 household member; and

# 20 (I) Order the address of the child and the victim to 21 be kept confidential;

## HB616 CD1 HMS 2011-3985

#### H.B. NO. <sup>616</sup> H.D. 2 S.D. 2 C.D. 1

8

1	(12)	The court may refer but shall not order an adult who
2		is a victim of family violence to attend, either
3		individually or with the perpetrator of the family
4		violence, counseling relating to the victim's status
5		or behavior as a victim as a condition of receiving
6		custody of a child or as a condition of visitation;
7	(13)	If a court allows a family or household member to
8		supervise visitation, the court shall establish
9		conditions to be followed during visitation; [and]
10	(14)	A supervised visitation center shall provide a secure
11		setting and specialized procedures for supervised
12		visitation and the transfer of children for visitation
13		and supervision by a person trained in security and
14		the avoidance of family violence[+]; and
15	(15)	The court may include in visitation awarded pursuant
16		to this section visitation by electronic communication
17		provided that the court shall additionally consider:
18		(A) The potential for abuse or misuse of the
19		electronic communication, including the equipment
20		used for the communication, by the person seeking
21		visitation or by persons who may be present



### 616 H.D. 2 S.D. 2 C.D. 1 H.B. NO.

9

1			<u>dur</u>	ing the visitation or have access to the
2			COM	munication or equipment;
3		<u>(B)</u>	Whe	ther the person seeking visitation has
4			pre	viously violated a temporary restraining order
5			or 1	protective order; and
6		<u>(C)</u>	Whet	ther adequate provision can be made for the
7			phys	sical safety and psychological well-being of
8			the	child and for the safety of the custodial
9			pare	ent.
10		The	court	may set conditions for visitation by
11		electronic communication, including visitation		
12		supervised by another person or occurring in a		
13		<u>prot</u>	ected	setting. Visitation by electronic
14		COMM	unica	tion shall not be used to:
15		(A)	Repl	ace or substitute an award of custody or
16			phys	ical visitation except where:
17			<u>(i)</u>	Circumstances exist that make a parent
18				seeking visitation unable to participate in
19				physical visitation, including military
20				deployment; or
21		-	(ii)	Physical visitation may subject the child to
22				physical or extreme psychological harm; or
	HB616 CD1 HMS 2011-3985			



1	<u>(B)</u>	Justify or support the relocation of a custodial
2		parent."
3	SECTION 3	. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
4	and stricken.	New statutory material is underscored.
5	SECTION 4	. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2011.

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#### Report Title:

Child Custody and Visitation; Electronic Communication

#### Description:

Clarifies that awards of visitation rights may include visitation by electronic communication. Establishes additional factors for the court to consider and authorizes courts to set conditions in awarding such visitation. Effective July 1, 2011. (HB616 CD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

