A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AQUARIUM LIFE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the aquarium aquatic
life collecting industry has operated for over fifty years
without limits or constraints on its catch or the number of

4 collectors in the State. 5 The aquarium industry focuses on juvenile reef fish and 6 small invertebrates and exports eighty-two per cent of its catch 7 to the mainland United States. However, with expanding Asian 8 markets, collectors are targeting more remote and deeper reefs 9 as evidenced by the species sold on many internet websites. 10 Endemic species such as the bandit angelfish and the masked 11 angelfish sell for hundreds or even thousands of dollars each, 12 with no regulation or limit.

Home aquariums in China reflect the new prosperity there,
with large aquariums covering multiple walls that display adult
eels and other large animals from Hawaii's reefs. Aquarium
collecting is having major impacts on Oahu and Hawaii reefs and
moderate impacts on Maui reefs where over-harvesting is reducing
the marine tourism experience. Many coral reef fish and



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- 1 invertebrates have complicated relationships to the overall
- 2 ecology of the reef. Their removal may affect the long-term
- 3 stability of these ecosystems. Significant population declines
- 4 and major shifts in species diversity are now evident in coral
- 5 reef areas where collection is occurring. The aquarium catch is
- 6 mostly herbivore. Their removal could result in increased algal
- 7 growth, due to a lack of grazers to keep the algae in check,
- 8 with a corresponding decrease in coral cover.
- 9 The lack of regulation enables the industry to supply the
- 10 growing demand for color, shape, and rarity. The Hawaiian
- 11 cleaner wrasse is one of the most popular fish species collected
- 12 and is known for its radiant color and lively movement. These
- 13 fish pick parasites from many other fish, are found nowhere else
- 14 in the world, and are collected and shipped daily without
- 15 limitation. The Hawaiian cleaner wrasse will not eat fish food
- 16 in captivity and eventually dies of starvation. Likewise,
- 17 coral-eating butterfly fishes, prized by aquarists for their
- 18 beauty, starve in a short period of time.
- 19 The purpose of this Act is to improve the regulation of
- 20 aquarium aquatic life collecting to protect aquatic life and the
- 21 marine environment.

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- 1 SECTION 2. Chapter 188, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by adding two new sections to part II to be 3 appropriately designated and to read as follows: 4 "§188-Definitions. As used in this part, unless the 5 context clearly requires otherwise: 6 "Aquarium collecting gear" means any equipment used to 7 collect aquarium fish or animals including but not limited to 8 hand nets, fence or barrier nets, fiberglass or metal tickle 9 sticks, catch buckets, keeps, or baskets. 10 "Aquarium purpose" means to hold saltwater fish, freshwater 11 nongame fish, or other aquatic life alive in a state of 12 captivity as pets, for scientific study, or for public **13** exhibition or display, or for sale for these purposes. 14 "Collect" means to take, catch, capture, harvest, confine, 15 or to attempt to take, catch, capture, harvest, or confine 16 aquatic life. The use of any aquarium collecting gear to take, 17 catch, capture, harvest, or confine, or to attempt to take, 18 catch, capture, harvest, or confine aquatic life by any person 19 who is on or about the shores of the State or in a vessel in 20 state waters shall be deemed to be a collection. "Department" means the department of land and natural 21
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resources.

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1	"Endemic" or "endemic species" means any aquatic life		
2	specimen found nowhere else other than Hawaii.		
3	§188- Aquarium aquatic life; collection. (a) The		
4	department shall develop and maintain an aquarium collecting		
5	white list of aquatic species for each county. No aquatic		
6	species shall be collected, possessed, or sold for aquarium		
7	purposes in the State unless the species appears on the aquarium		
8	collecting white list of the county where the species is		
9	collected, possessed, or sold.		
10	(b) The aquarium collecting white list shall include only		
11	species that are shown by an official, published department or		
12	equivalent federal agency study to meet the following criteria:		
13	(1) The species can survive capture, transport, and		
14	captivity for at least one hundred eighty days; and		
15	(2) Based on historical evidence, the species is part of a		
16	stable or increasing population trend in the		
17	collection area.		
18	(c) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), the		
19	following criteria shall apply:		
20	(1) The collection of the species in a county shall not		
21	exceed the average annual collection of the species in		
22	that county for the calendar years 2005 through 2007,		
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1		based on department collection reports for those
2		years;
3	(2)	The removal of the species does not negatively impact
4		the reef ecosystem by contributing to algae overgrowth
5		for herbivores, parasite overload on other reef fishes
6		for cleaner wrasses and cleaner shrimp, or other
7		harmful results; and
8	(3)	The species is not endemic to Hawaii.
9	<u>(d)</u>	The department shall inform all permit holders under
10	section 1	88-31 of the species included in the aquarium
11	collectin	g white list and the penalties for failure to comply
12	with the	restrictions regarding the collection of aquatic life.
13	<u>(e)</u>	Any person who collects, possesses, or sells aquatic
14	life for	aquarium purposes that are not on the aquarium
15	collectin	g white list shall be fined \$1,000 for each specimen
16	collected	, possessed, or sold.
17	<u>(f)</u>	In addition to any other penalty or fine provided by
18	law, any	person violating this section shall be sentenced as
19	follows:	
20	<u>(1)</u>	For a first violation, a fine of not more than \$1,000
21		or thirty days imprisonment, or both;

1	(2)	For a second violation within five years of a previous
2		violation, a fine of not more than \$2,000 or sixty
3	,	days imprisonment, or both; and
4	<u>(3)</u>	For a third or subsequent violation within five years
5		of a previous violation, a fine of not more than
6		\$3,000 or ninety days imprisonment, or both."
7	SECT	ION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
8	matured, p	penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
9	begun befo	ore its effective date.
10	SECT	ION 4. New statutory material is underscored.
11	SECT	ION 5. This Act shall take effect on June 1, 2011.
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		INTRODUCED BY: By Request
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		JAN 2 1 2011

Report Title:

Fishing Rights and Regulations

Description:

Prohibits the collection or sale for aquarium purposes of aquatic species unless the aquatic species appears on an aquarium collecting white list. Requires the DOA to prepare white lists for each county. Establishes penalties for violators.

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