A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE INTERSTATE COMPACT ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY CHILDREN.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Act 152, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009, is
2	amended to read as follows:
3	"SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
4	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
5	as follows:
6	"CHAPTER
7	INTERSTATE COMPACT ON EDUCATIONAL
8	OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY CHILDREN
9	§ -1 Enactment of compact. The interstate compact on
10	educational opportunity for military children is hereby enacted
11	into law and entered into by the State of Hawaii as a party, and
12	is in full force and effect between the State and any other
13	state joining therein in accordance with the terms of the
14	compact, which compact is substantially as follows:

1		ARTICLE I
2		PURPOSE
3	The	purpose of this compact is to remove barriers to
4	education	al success imposed on children of military families
5	because o	f frequent moves and deployment of their parents by:
6	(1)	Facilitating the timely enrollment of children of
7		military families and ensuring that they are not
8		placed at a disadvantage due to difficulty in the
9		transfer of education records from the previous school
10		district or variations in entrance and age
11		requirements;
12	(2)	Facilitating the student placement process through
13		which children of military families are not
14		disadvantaged by variations in attendance
15		requirements, scheduling, sequencing, grading, course
16		content, or assessment;
17	(3)	Facilitating the qualification and eligibility for
18		enrollment, educational programs, and participation in
19		extracurricular academic, athletic, and social
20		activities;
21	(4)	Facilitating the on-time graduation of children of
22		military families;

1	(5)	Providing for the adoption and enforcement of
2		administrative rules implementing the provisions of
3		this compact;
4	(6)	Providing for the uniform collection and sharing of
5		information between and among member states, schools,
6		and military families under this compact;
7	(7)	Promoting coordination between this compact and other
8		compacts affecting military children; and
9	(8)	Promoting flexibility and cooperation between the
10		educational system, parents, and the student to
11		achieve educational success for the student.
12		ARTICLE II
13		DEFINITIONS
14	As u	sed in this chapter, unless the context clearly
15	requires	a different construction:
16	"Act	ive duty" means full-time duty status in the active
17	uniformed	service of the United States, including members of the
18	national	guard and reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10
19	United St	ates Code Section 101(d)(1) and Section 101(d)(6)(A).
20	"App	ropriate education agency" means a public authority
21	legally c	onstituted by a state as an administrative agency to

- 1 provide control of and direction for kindergarten through
- 2 twelfth grade public educational institutions.
- 3 "Children of military families" means school-aged children,
- 4 enrolled in kindergarten through twelfth grade, in the
- 5 households of active duty members.
- 6 "Compact" means the interstate compact on educational
- 7 opportunity for military children.
- 8 "Compact commissioner" means the voting representative of
- 9 each compacting state appointed pursuant to article VIII of this
- 10 compact.
- 11 "Deployment" means the period of [one month] three months
- 12 prior to the service members' departure from their home station
- 13 on military orders through six months after return to their home
- 14 station.
- 15 "Education records" means those official records, files,
- 16 and data directly related to a student and maintained by the
- 17 school or appropriate education agency, including records
- 18 encompassing all the material kept in the student's cumulative
- 19 folder such as general identifying data, records of attendance
- 20 and of academic work completed, records of achievement and
- 21 results of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary status,
- 22 test protocols, and individualized education programs.



"Extracurricular activities" means a voluntary activity 1 sponsored by the school or appropriate education agency or an 2 organization sanctioned by the appropriate education agency. 3 Extracurricular activities include preparation for and 4 involvement in public performances, contests, athletic 5 competitions, demonstrations, displays, and club activities. 6 "Interstate commission on educational opportunity for 7 military children" or "interstate commission" means the 8 commission that is created under article IX of this compact. 9 "Local education agency" means a public authority legally 10 constituted by a state as an administrative agency to provide 11 control of and direction for kindergarten through twelfth grade 12 13 public educational institutions. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this compact. 14 "Military installation" means a base, camp, post, station, 15 yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other facility 16 under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of **17** Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within 18 any of the several states, the District of Columbia, the 19 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, 20 Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands, and any 21 other Unites States territory. The term shall not include any 22

- 1 facility used primarily for civil works, rivers and harbors
- projects, or flood control projects.
- 3 "Non-member state" means a state that has not enacted this
- 4 compact.
- 5 "Receiving state" means the state to which a child of a
- 6 military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or
- 7 brought.
- 8 "Rule" means a written statement by the interstate
- 9 commission promulgated pursuant to article XII of this compact
- 10 that is of general applicability, implements, interprets, or
- 11 prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an
- 12 organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the
- 13 interstate commission, has the force and effect of statutory law
- 14 in a member state, and includes the amendment, repeal, or
- 15 suspension of an existing rule.
- 16 "Sending state" means the state from which a child of a
- 17 military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or
- 18 brought.
- "State" means a state of the United States, the District of
- 20 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States
- 21 Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas
- 22 Islands, and any other United States territory.



- "Student" means the child of a military family for whom the 1 2 local education agency receives public funding and who is formally enrolled in kindergarten through twelfth grade. 3 4 "Student financial obligation" means any unpaid or 5 outstanding fines or fees. ["Test period" means the date(s) in which schools are 6 7 conducting testing, assessments, or both, that are required by federal or state laws.] 8 "Transition" means the formal and physical process of 9 transferring from school to school, or the period of time in **10** 11 which a student moves from one school in the sending state to another school in the receiving state. 12 "Uniformed service" means the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine 13 Corps, Coast Guard as well as the Commissioned Corps of the 14 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and Public 15 Health Services. 16 "Veteran" means a person who served in the uniformed 17 services and who was discharged or released therefrom under 18 19 honorable conditions. ARTICLE III 20 APPLICABILITY 21
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), this

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1	compact	shall	apply	to	the	children	of:
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- 2 (1) Active duty members of the uniformed services as
 3 defined in this compact, including members of the
 4 national guard and military reserves on active duty
 5 orders pursuant to 10 United States Code Section
 6 101(d)(1) and Section 101(d)(6)(A);
- 7 (2) Members or veterans of the uniformed services who are
 8 severely injured and medically discharged or retired,
 9 for a period of one year after medical discharge or
 10 retirement; and
- 11 (3) Members of the uniformed services who die while on
 12 active duty or as a result of injuries sustained while
 13 on active duty, for a period of one year after death.
- 14 (b) This interstate compact shall only apply to
 15 appropriate education agencies as defined in this compact.
- 16 (c) The provisions of this compact shall not apply to the
 17 children of:
- 18 (1) Inactive members of the national guard and military
 19 reserves;
- (2) Members of the uniformed services now retired, except
 as provided in subsection (a);

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1	(3)	Veterans	of	the	uniformed	services,	except	as	provided
2		in subsec	ctio	n (a	a); and				

(4) Other United States Department of Defense personnel and other federal agency civilian and contract employees not defined as active duty members of the uniformed services.

7 ARTICLE IV

EDUCATIONAL RECORDS AND ENROLLMENT

(a) Unofficial or "hand-carried" education records. If official education records cannot be released to the parents for the purpose of transfer, the custodian of the records in the sending state shall prepare and furnish to the parent a complete set of unofficial education records containing uniform information as determined by the interstate commission. [The unofficial education records shall only be furnished to the parents if all student financial obligations have been met.]

Upon receipt of the unofficial education records by a school in the receiving state, the school shall enroll and appropriately place the student based on the information provided in the unofficial records pending validation by the official records, as quickly as possible.

1 (b) Official education records and transcripts. 2 Simultaneous with the enrollment and conditional placement of 3 the student, the school in the receiving state shall request the 4 student's official education record from the school in the 5 sending state. Upon receipt of this request, the school in the sending state will process and furnish the official education 6 records to the school in the receiving state within ten business 7 8 days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the 9 rules promulgated by the interstate commission. [The official 10 education records shall only be furnished to the parents if all 11 student financial and school obligations have been met. 12 (c) Immunizations. Compacting states shall give thirty 13 days from the date of enrollment or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the 14 interstate commission, for students to obtain any immunizations 15 16 required by the receiving state. For a series of immunizations, 17 initial vaccinations shall be obtained within thirty days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules 18 promulgated by the interstate commission. This section shall 19 20 not prohibit state department of health requirements concerning tuberculosis examinations. 21

1	(d) Kindergarten and first grade entrance age. Students
2	[may] shall continue their enrollment at grade level in the
3	receiving state commensurate with their grade level (including
4	kindergarten) from an appropriate education agency in the
5	sending state at the time of transition, regardless of age. A
6	student that has satisfactorily completed the prerequisite grade
7	level in the appropriate education agency in the sending state
8	shall be eligible for enrollment in the next higher grade level
9	in the receiving state, regardless of age. A student
10	transferring after the start of the school year in the receiving
11	state shall enter the school in the receiving state on their
12	validated level from an accredited school in the sending state.

PLACEMENT AND ATTENDANCE

ARTICLE V

(a) Course placement. If the student transfers before or during the school year, the receiving state school shall initially honor placement of the student in educational courses based on the student's enrollment in the sending state school or educational assessments conducted at the school in the sending state if the courses are offered or both; provided that these programs exist in the receiving state school [and space is available as determined by the principal]. Course placement

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- 1 includes honors, international baccalaureate, advanced
- 2 placement, vocational, technical, and career pathways courses.
- 3 Continuing the student's academic program from the previous
- 4 school and promoting placement in academically and career
- 5 challenging courses should be paramount when considering
- 6 placement. This subsection shall not preclude the school in the
- 7 receiving state from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure
- 8 appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the student in
- 9 the course. The receiving state school may allow the student to
- 10 attend similar educational courses within the school district if
- 11 the receiving state school does not offer such educational
- 12 courses.
- 13 (b) Educational program placement. The receiving state
- 14 school shall initially honor placement of the student in
- 15 educational programs based on current educational assessments
- 16 conducted at the school in the sending state or participation
- 17 and placement in like programs in the sending state; provided
- 18 that these programs exist in the receiving state school [and
- 19 space is available as determined by the principal]. The
- 20 programs include gifted and talented programs and English as a
- 21 second language programs. This subsection shall not preclude
- 22 the school in the receiving state from performing subsequent



- 1 evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student. The
- 2 receiving state school may allow the student to attend similar
- 3 educational courses within the school district if the receiving
- 4 state school does not offer such educational programs.
- 5 (c) Special education services.
- Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20
 United States Code Section 1400 et seq., the receiving
 state shall initially provide comparable services to a
 student with disabilities based on the student's
 current individualized education program.
- In compliance with the requirements of Section 504 of 12 (2) 13 the Rehabilitation Act, 29 United States Code Annotated Section 794, and with Title II of the 14 Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 United States Code 15 Annotated Sections 12131-12165, the receiving state 16 shall make reasonable accommodations and modifications 17 to address the needs of incoming students with 18 disabilities, subject to an existing 504 or Title II 19 20 Plan, to provide the student with equal access to education. This paragraph shall not preclude the 21 22 school in the receiving state from performing

1	subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement
2	of the student.
3	(d) Placement flexibility. Appropriate education agency
4	administrative officials shall have flexibility in waiving a
5	course or program prerequisite, or other precondition for
6	placement in courses or programs offered under the jurisdiction
7	of the appropriate education agency.
8	(e) Absence as related to deployment activities. A
9	student whose parent or legal guardian is an active duty member
10	of the uniformed services, as defined by the compact, and has
11	been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately
12	returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support
13	posting, shall be granted additional excused absences at the
14	discretion of the appropriate education agency superintendent to
15	visit with the student's parent or legal guardian relative to
16	such leave or deployment of the parent or guardian. [This
17	subsection shall not require excused absences to be granted
18	during-test-periods.]
19	ARTICLE VI
20	ELIGIBILITY
21	(a) Eligibility for enrollment.

(:	1)	Special power of attorney, relating to the
		guardianship of a child of a military family and
		executed under applicable law, shall be sufficient for
		the purposes of enrollment and all other actions
		requiring parental participation and consent.

- (2) The appropriate education agency shall be prohibited from charging local tuition to a transitioning military child placed in the care of a non-custodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the custodial parent.
- (3) A transitioning military child, placed in the care of a non-custodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the custodial parent, may continue to attend the school in which the child was permanently enrolled while residing with the custodial parent. Upon the return of the custodial parent, the child shall be allowed to finish the school year in the school currently enrolled, but shall enroll in the school within the jurisdiction of the custodial parent during the following school year.

(b) Eligibility for extracurricular participation. State
education agencies and appropriate education agencies shall
facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's
inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of
application deadlines, to the extent the children are otherwise
qualified and space is available in the receiving state school
as determined by the principal.
ARTICLE VII
GRADUATION
To facilitate the on-time graduation of children of
military families, state and appropriate education agencies
shall incorporate the following procedures:
(1) Waiver requirements. Appropriate education agency
administrative officials [may] shall waive specific
courses required for graduation if similar coursework
has been satisfactorily completed in another
appropriate education agency or shall provide
reasonable justification for denial. If a waiver is
not granted to a student who would qualify to graduate
from the sending school, the appropriate education
agency shall provide an alternative means of acquiring

required coursework so that graduation may occur on

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1		time. This section shall not obligate the school or
2		appropriate education agency to pay for an online
3		course if funding is unavailable.
4	(2)	Exit exams. For students entering high school in the
5		eleventh or twelfth grade, states shall accept:
6		(A) Exit or end-of-course exams required for
7		graduation from the sending state;
8		(B) National norm-referenced achievement tests; or
9		(C) Alternative testing, in lieu of testing
10		requirements for graduation in the receiving
11		state.
12		If subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) cannot be
13		accommodated by the receiving state for a student
14		transferring in student's senior year, then paragraph
15		(3) shall apply.
16	(3)	Transfers during senior year. If a military student
17		transferring at the beginning or during the senior
18		year is ineligible to graduate from the receiving
19		appropriate education agency after all alternatives
20	Í	have been considered, the sending and receiving
21		appropriate education agencies shall ensure the
22		receipt of a diploma from the sending appropriate

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education agency, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the sending appropriate education agency. If one of the states in question is not a member of this compact, the member state shall use best efforts to facilitate the on-time graduation of the student in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2) of this article. This paragraph permits but shall not require a sending state to deny a diploma to a student transferring to a receiving state with an exit exam requirement if the student does not meet the graduation requirements of the appropriate education agency of the sending state.

ARTICLE VIII

STATE COORDINATION

(a) Each member state, through the creation of a state council or use of an existing body or board, shall provide for the coordination among its agencies of government, appropriate education agencies, and military installations concerning the state's participation in, and compliance with, this compact and interstate commission activities. While each member state may determine the membership of its state council, its membership shall include at least the state superintendent of education,



- 1 superintendent of a school district with a high concentration of
- 2 military children, representative from a military installation,
- 3 one representative each from the legislative and executive
- 4 branches of government, and other offices and stakeholder groups
- 5 the state council deems appropriate. A member state that does
- 6 not have a school district deemed to contain a high
- 7 concentration of military children may appoint a superintendent
- 8 from another school district to represent appropriate education
- 9 agencies on the state council.
- 10 (b) The state council of each member state shall appoint
- 11 or designate a military family education liaison to assist
- 12 military families and the state in facilitating the
- 13 implementation of this compact.
- 14 (c) The compact commissioner responsible for the
- 15 administration and management of the state's participation in
- 16 the compact shall be recommended by the superintendent of
- 17 education with the approval of the board of education.
- 18 (d) The compact commissioner and the military family
- 19 education liaison designated herein shall be ex-officio members
- 20 of the state council, unless either is already a full voting
- 21 member of the state council.

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T			ARTICLE IX
2	I	NTERS	TATE COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY
3			FOR MILITARY CHILDREN
4	(a)	The r	member states hereby create the "interstate
5	commission	n on e	educational opportunity for military children".
6	The activ	ities	of the interstate commission are the formation of
7	public po	licy a	and are a discretionary state function. The
8	interstat	e com	mission shall:
9	(1)	Be a	body corporate and joint agency of the member
10		state	es and shall have all the responsibilities,
11		powe	rs, and duties set forth herein, and such
12		addi'	tional powers as may be conferred upon it by a
13		subs	equent concurrent action of the respective
14		legi	slatures of the member states in accordance with
15		the	terms of this compact;
16	(2)	Cons	ist of one interstate commission voting
17		repr	esentative from each member state who shall be
18		that	state's compact commissioner.
19		(A)	Each member state represented at a meeting of the
20	•		interstate commission is entitled to one vote.
21		(B)	A majority of the total member states shall
22			constitute a quorum for the transaction of

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1		business, unless a larger quorum is required by
2		the bylaws of the interstate commission.
3		(C) A representative shall not delegate a vote to
4		another member state. In the event the compact
5		commissioner is unable to attend a meeting of the
6		interstate commission, the governor or state
7		council may delegate voting authority to another
8		person from their state for a specified meeting.
9		(D) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the
10		interstate commission to be conducted by
11		telecommunication or electronic communication;
12	(3)	Include ex-officio, non-voting representatives who are
13		members of interested organizations. The ex-officio
14		members, as defined in the bylaws, may include members
15		of the representative organizations of military family
16		advocates, appropriate education agency officials,
17		parent and teacher groups, the United States
18		Department of Defense, the Education Commission of the
19		States, the Interstate Agreement on the Qualification
20		of Educational Personnel, and other interstate
21		compacts affecting the education of children of
22		military members;

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1	(4)	Meet at least once each calendar year. The
2		chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the
3		request of a simple majority of the member states,
4		shall call additional meetings;

Establish an executive committee, whose members shall include the officers of the interstate commission and such other members of the interstate commission as determined by the bylaws. Members of the executive committee shall serve a one-year term. Members of the executive committee shall be entitled to one vote each. The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the interstate commission, with the exception of rulemaking, during periods when the interstate commission is not in session. executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of the compact, including enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws and rules, and other such duties as deemed necessary. The United States Department of Defense shall serve as an exofficio, nonvoting member of the executive committee; and

1	(6)	Establish bylaws and rules that provide for conditions
2		and procedures under which the interstate commission
3		shall make its information and official records
4		available to the public for inspection or copying.
5		The interstate commission may exempt from disclosure
6		information or official records to the extent they
7		would adversely affect personal privacy rights or
8		proprietary interests.

- 9 (b) Public notice shall be given by the interstate
 10 commission of all meetings and all meetings shall be open to the
 11 public, except as set forth in the rules or as otherwise
 12 provided in the compact. The interstate commission and its
 13 committees may close a meeting, or portion thereof, where it
 14 determines by two-thirds vote that an open meeting would be
 15 likely to:
- 16 (1) Relate solely to the interstate commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
- 18 (2) Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure19 by federal and state statute;
- 20 (3) Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial
 21 information which is privileged or confidential;

1	(4)	Involve	accusing	a	person	of	а	crime,	or	formally
2		censurir	ng a pers	on	;					

- Disclose information of a personal nature where 3 (5) disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted 4 invasion of personal privacy; 5
- 6 (6) Disclose investigative records compiled for law 7 enforcement purposes; or
- Specifically relate to the interstate commission's 8 (7) participation in a civil action or other legal 9 10 proceeding.
- 11 (c) For a meeting, or portion of a meeting, closed pursuant to subsection (b), the interstate commission's legal 12 13 counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed 14 and shall reference each relevant exemptible provision. 15 interstate commission shall keep minutes which shall fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall 16 provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the **17** reasons therefor, including a description of the views expressed 18 19 and the record of roll call votes. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in the minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under

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- 1 seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the interstate
- 2 commission.
- 3 (d) The interstate commission shall collect standardized
- 4 data concerning the educational transition of the children of
- 5 military families under this compact as directed through its
- 6 rules which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of
- 7 collection, and data exchange and reporting requirements. The
- 8 methods of data collection, exchange, and reporting, as is
- 9 reasonably possible, shall conform to current technology and
- 10 coordinate its information functions with the appropriate
- 11 custodian of records as identified in the bylaws and rules.
- 12 (e) The interstate commission shall create a process that
- 13 permits military officials, education officials, and parents to
- 14 inform the interstate commission if and when there are alleged
- 15 violations of the compact or its rules or when issues subject to
- 16 the jurisdiction of the compact or its rules are not addressed
- 17 by the state or appropriate education agency. This section
- 18 shall not be construed to create a private right of action
- 19 against the interstate commission, any member state, or any
- 20 state education agency or appropriate education agency.

1		ARTICLE X
2		POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
3	The	interstate commission shall have the following powers:
4	(1)	To provide for dispute resolution among member states;
5	(2)	To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to
6		effect the goals, purposes, and obligations as
7		enumerated in this compact. The rules shall have the
8		force and effect of statutory law and shall be binding
9		in the compact states to the extent and in the manner
10		provided in this compact;
11	(3)	To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory
12		opinions concerning the meaning or interpretation of
13		the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules, and
14		actions;
15	(4)	To enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the
16		rules promulgated by the interstate commission, and
17	•	the bylaws, use all necessary and proper means,
18		including the use of judicial process. Any action to
19		enforce compliance with the compact provisions by the
20		interstate commission shall be brought against a
21		member state only;

1	(5)	To establish and maintain offices which shall be
2		located within one or more of the member states;
3	(6)	To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
4	(7)	To borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of
5		personnel;
6	(8)	To establish and appoint committees including an
7		executive committee as required by article IX,
8		subsection (a), paragraph (5), which shall have the
9		power to act on behalf of the interstate commission in
10		carrying out its powers and duties hereunder;
11	(9)	To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys,
12		employees, agents, or consultants, and to fix their
13		compensation, define their duties, and determine their
14	,	qualifications; and to establish the interstate
15		commission's personnel policies and programs relating
16		to conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and
17		qualifications of personnel;
18	(10)	To accept any and all donations and grants of money,
19	·	equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to
20		receive, use, and dispose of it;

1	(11)	To lease, purchase, or accept contributions or
2		donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or
3		use any property, real, personal, or mixed;
4	(12)	To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
5		abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real,
6		personal, or mixed;
7	(13)	To establish a budget and make expenditures;
8	(14)	To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management
9		and operation of the interstate commission;
10	(15)	To report annually to the legislatures, governors,
11		judiciary, and state councils of the member states
12		concerning the activities of the interstate commission
13		during the preceding year. The reports shall include
14		any recommendations that may have been adopted by the
15		interstate commission;
16	(16)	To coordinate education, training, and public
17		awareness regarding the compact and its implementation
18		and operation for officials and parents involved in
19		such activity;
20	(17)	To establish uniform standards for the reporting,
21		collecting, and exchanging of data;

1	(18)	To maintain corporate books and records in accordance
2		with the bylaws;
3	(19)	To perform such functions as may be necessary or
4		appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact;
5	·	and
6	(20)	To provide for the uniform collection and sharing of
7		information between and among member states, schools,
8		and military families under this compact.
9		ARTICLE XI
10	ORGAI	NIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
11	(a)	The interstate commission, by a majority of the
12	members p	resent and voting, within twelve months after the first
13	interstat	e commission meeting, shall adopt bylaws to govern its
14	conduct a	s may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the
15	purposes	of the compact including:
16	(1)	Establishing the fiscal year of the interstate
17		commission;
18	(2)	Establishing an executive committee and such other
19		committees as may be necessary;
20	(3)	Providing for the establishment of committees and for
21		governing any general or specific delegation of
22		authority or function of the interstate commission;

1	(4)	Providing reasonable procedures for calling and							
2	conducting meetings of the interstate commission, an								
3	·	ensuring reasonable notice of each such meeting;							
4	(5)	Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the							
5		officers and staff of the interstate commission;							
6	(6)	Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of							
7		the interstate commission and the return of surplus							
8		funds that may exist upon the termination of the							
9		compact after the payment and reserving of all of its							
10		debts and obligations; and							
11	(7)	Providing "start up" rules for the initial							
12		administration of the compact.							
13	(b)	The interstate commission, by a majority of the							
14	members,	shall elect annually from among its members a							
15	chairpers	on, a vice-chairperson, and a treasurer, each of whom							
16	shall hav	e such authority and duties as may be specified in the							
17	bylaws.	The chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or							
18	disabilit	y, the vice-chairperson, shall preside at all meetings							
19	of the in	terstate commission. The officers elected shall serve							
20	without c	ompensation or remuneration from the interstate							
21	commissio	n; provided that, subject to the availability of							

budgeted funds, the officers shall be reimbursed for ordinary

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- 1 and necessary costs incurred by them in the performance of their
- 2 responsibilities as officers of the interstate commission.
- 3 (c) The executive committee shall have such authority and
- 4 duties as may be set forth in the bylaws, including:
- 5 (1) Managing the affairs of the interstate commission in a
 6 manner consistent with the bylaws and purposes of the
- 7 interstate commission;
- 8 (2) Overseeing an organizational structure within, and
- 9 appropriate procedures for, the interstate commission
- 10 to provide for the creation of rules, operating
- 11 procedures, and administrative and technical support
- functions; and
- (3) Planning, implementing, and coordinating
- 14 communications and activities with other state,
- 15 federal, and local government organizations to advance
- the goals of the interstate commission.
- 17 (d) The executive committee, subject to the approval of
- 18 the interstate commission, may appoint or retain an executive
- 19 director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for
- 20 such compensation, as the interstate commission may deem
- 21 appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to
- 22 the interstate commission, but shall not be a member of the



- 1 interstate commission. The executive director shall hire and
- 2 supervise such other persons as may be authorized by the
- 3 interstate commission.
- 4 (e) The interstate commission's executive director and its
- 5 employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either
- 6 personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage
- 7 to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil
- 8 liability caused or arising out of or relating to an actual or
- 9 alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that such
- 10 person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the
- 11 scope of interstate commission employment, duties, or
- 12 responsibilities; provided that such person shall not be
- 13 protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or
- 14 liability caused by the intentional or wilful and wanton
- 15 misconduct of such person.
- 16 (1) The liability of the interstate commission's executive
- director and employees or interstate commission
- 18 representatives, acting within the scope of such
- 19 person's employment or duties for acts, errors, or
- 20 omissions occurring within the person's state may not
- 21 exceed the limits of liability set forth under the
- 22 constitution and laws of that state for state



1		officials, employees, and agents. The interstate
2	•	commission is considered to be an instrumentality of
3		the states for the purposes of any such action.
4		Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to
5		protect such person from suit or liability for damage,
6		loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional
7		or wilful and wanton misconduct of such person.
8	(2)	The interstate commission shall defend the executive
9		director and its employees and, subject to the
10		approval of the attorney general or other appropriate
11		legal counsel of the member state represented by an
12		interstate commission representative, shall defend
13		such interstate commission representative in any civil
14		action seeking to impose liability arising out of an
15		actual or alleged act, error, or omission that
16		occurred within the scope of interstate commission
17		employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the
18		defendant had a reasonable basis for believing
19		occurred within the scope of interstate commission
20		employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that
21		the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not

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result from intentional or wilful and wanton
misconduct on the part of such person.

- (3) To the extent not covered by the state involved, a member state, the interstate commission, or the representatives or employees of the interstate commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of interstate commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of interstate commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or wilful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons.
- (f) The compact commissioner and any person representing the state in the interstate commission, in their individual or official capacity, and the member state, shall be immune from suit and liability caused by or arising out of actions, errors, or omissions of the interstate commission.

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1 AR'	PICLE	XII
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7.	RILLEMAKING	FILL TOUS	()P	-1-H-H-	INTERNSTATE	COMMISSION

- 3 (a) The interstate commission shall promulgate reasonable
- 4 rules to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of
- 5 this compact. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the
- 6 interstate commission exercises its rulemaking authority in a
- 7 manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of this compact,
- 8 then the action by the interstate commission shall be invalid
- 9 and have no force or effect.
- 10 (b) Rules shall be made pursuant to a rulemaking process
- 11 that substantially conforms to the Model State Administrative
- 12 Procedure Act of 1981, as may be appropriate to the operations
- 13 of the interstate commission.
- 14 (c) Not later than thirty days after a rule is
- 15 promulgated, any person may file a petition for judicial review
- 16 of the rule; provided that the filing of such a petition shall
- 17 not stay or otherwise prevent the rule from becoming effective
- 18 unless the court finds that the petitioner has a substantial
- 19 likelihood of success. The court shall give deference to the
- 20 actions of the interstate commission consistent with applicable
- 21 law and shall not find the rule to be unlawful if the rule

authority.

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1	represents	а	reasonable	exercise	of	the	interstate	commission'	S

- 3 (d) If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting
- 4 states rejects a rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in
- 5 the same manner used to adopt this compact, then such rule shall
- 6 have no further force and effect in any compacting state.

7 ARTICLE XIII

8 OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- 9 (a) Oversight.
- 10 (1) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of
 11 state government in each member state shall enforce
 12 this compact and shall take all actions necessary and
 13 appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and
 14 intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules
 15 adopted hereunder shall have the force and effect of
 16 law.
- 17 (2) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact
 18 and the rules in any judicial or administrative
 19 proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject
 20 matter of this compact which may affect the powers,
 21 responsibilities, or actions of the interstate
 22 commission.

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1	(3)	The interstate commission shall be entitled to receive
2		all service of process in any such proceeding, and
3		shall have standing to intervene in the proceeding for
4		all purposes. Failure to provide service of process
5		to the interstate commission shall render a judgment
6	•	or order void as to the interstate commission, this
7		compact, or promulgated rules.

- (b) Default, technical assistance, suspension, and termination. If the interstate commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact, or the bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission shall:
 - (1) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any action taken by the interstate commission. The interstate commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default; and
 - (2) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
- (c) If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact upon an

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- 1 affirmative vote of a majority of the member states and all
- 2 rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact shall
- 3 be terminated from the effective date of termination. A cure of
- 4 the default shall not relieve the offending state of obligations
- 5 or liabilities incurred during the period of the default.
- 6 (d) Suspension or termination of membership in the compact
- 7 shall be imposed only after all other means of securing
- 8 compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or
- 9 terminate shall be given by the interstate commission to the
- 10 governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting
- 11 state's legislature, and each of the member states.
- 12 (e) The state which has been suspended or terminated is
- 13 responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities
- 14 incurred through the effective date of suspension or termination
- 15 including obligations, the performance of which extends beyond
- 16 the effective date of suspension or termination.
- 17 (f) The interstate commission shall not bear any costs
- 18 relating to any state that has been found to be in default or
- 19 which has been suspended or terminated from the compact, unless
- 20 otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the interstate
- 21 commission and the defaulting state.

1	(g)	The defaulting state may appeal the action of the						
2	interstat	e commission by petitioning the United States District						
3	Court for	the District of Columbia or the federal district where						
4	the interstate commission has its principal offices. The							
5 .	prevailin	g party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation						
6	including	reasonable attorney's fees.						
7	(h)	Dispute resolution.						
8	(1)	The interstate commission shall attempt, upon the						
9		request of a member state, to resolve disputes which						
10		are subject to the compact and which may arise among						
11		member states and between member and non-member						
12		states.						
13	(2)	The interstate commission shall promulgate rules						
14		providing for both mediation and binding dispute						
15		resolution for disputes as appropriate.						
16	(i)	Enforcement.						
17	(1)	The interstate commission, in the reasonable exercise						
18		of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and						
19		rules of this compact.						

(2) The interstate commission may, by majority vote of the members, initiate legal action in the United States

District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the

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discretion of the interstate commission, in the
federal district where the interstate commission has
its principal offices, to enforce compliance with the
provisions of this compact, its promulgated rules and
bylaws, against a member state in default. The relief
sought may include both injunctive relief and damages.
In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the
prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such
litigation including reasonable attorney's fees.

(3) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the interstate commission. The interstate commission may avail itself of any other remedies available under state law or the regulation of a profession.

15 ARTICLE XIV

FINANCING OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

- 17 (a) The interstate commission shall pay, or provide for 18 the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, 19 organization, and ongoing activities.
 - (b) The interstate commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the interstate commission and

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- 1 its staff which shall be in a total amount sufficient to cover
- 2 the interstate commission's annual budget as approved each year.
- 3 The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based
- 4 upon a formula to be determined by the interstate commission,
- 5 which shall promulgate rules binding upon all member states.
- 6 (c) The interstate commission shall not incur obligations
- 7 of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the
- 8 same; nor shall the interstate commission pledge the credit of
- 9 any of the member states, except by and with the authority of
- 10 the member state.
- 11 (d) The interstate commission shall keep accurate accounts
- 12 of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and
- 13 disbursements of the interstate commission shall be subject to
- 14 the audit and accounting procedures established under its
- 15 bylaws. All receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the
- 16 interstate commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or
- 17 licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be
- 18 included in and become part of the annual report of the
- 19 interstate commission.
- 20 ARTICLE XV
- 21 MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE, AND AMENDMENT
- 22 (a) Any state is eligible to become a member state.

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1	(b) The compact shall become effective and binding upon							
2	legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than							
3	ten of the states. The effective date shall be no earlier than							
4	December 1, 2007. Thereafter it shall become effective and							
5	binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the							
6	compact into law by that state. The governors of non-member							
7	states or their designees shall be invited to participate in the							
8	activities of the interstate commission on a non-voting basis							
9	prior to adoption of the compact by all states.							
10	(c) The interstate commission may propose amendments to							
11	the compact for enactment by the member states. No amendment							
12	shall become effective and binding upon the interstate							
13	commission and the member states unless and until it is enacted							
14	into law by unanimous consent of the member states.							
15	ARTICLE XVI							
16	WITHDRAWAL AND DISSOLUTION							
17	(a) Withdrawal.							
18	(1) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force							
19	and remain binding upon each and every member state;							
20	provided that a member state may withdraw from the							
21	compact by specifically repealing the statute which							
22	enacted the compact into law.							

(2	2) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment
	of a statute repealing the same, but shall not take
	effect until one year after the effective date of such
	statute and until written notice of the withdrawal has
	been given by the withdrawing state to the governor of
	each other member state.

- (3) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of the interstate commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the withdrawing state. The interstate commission shall notify the other member states of the withdrawing state's intent to withdraw within sixty days of its receipt thereof.
- (4) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, including obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal.
- (5) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the interstate commission.

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- 2 (1) This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of 3 the withdrawal or default of the member state which 4 reduces the membership in the compact to one member 5 state.
- 6 (2) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact
 7 becomes void and shall be of no further force or
 8 effect, and the business and affairs of the interstate
 9 commission shall be concluded and surplus funds shall
 10 be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.

ARTICLE XVII

12 SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

- (a) The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.
- 17 (b) The provisions of this compact shall be liberally
 18 construed to effectuate its purposes.
- 19 (c) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit
 20 the applicability of other interstate compacts to which the
 21 states are members.

1		ARTICLE XVIII						
2		BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS						
3	(a)	Other laws.						
4	(1)	Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other						
5		law of a member state that is not inconsistent with						
6		this compact.						
7	(2)	All member states' laws conflicting with this compact						
8		shall be superseded to the extent of the conflict.						
9	(b)	Binding effect of the compact.						
10	(1)	All lawful actions of the interstate commission,						
11		including all rules and bylaws promulgated by the						
12		interstate commission, shall be binding upon the						
13		member states.						
14	(2)	All agreements between the interstate commission and						
15		the member states shall be binding in accordance with						
16		their terms.						
17	(3)	If any provision of this compact exceeds the						
18		constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of						
19		any member state, such provision shall be ineffective						
20		to the extent of the conflict with the constitutional						

provision in question in that member state.

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1	S	-2 State council. There is established within the								
2	board of	education for administrative purposes the state council								
3	on educat	ional opportunity for military children. The board of								
4	education shall establish the state council, as required by									
5	article VIII of the compact. The membership of the state									
6	council shall include, at a minimum:									
7	(1)	The superintendent of education or the								
8		superintendent's designee;								
9	(2)	The complex area superintendents of the administrative								
10		districts that contain the Leilehua, Radford/Moanalua,								
11		and Kalaheo school complexes;								
12	(3)	A complex area superintendent from the Leeward								
13	,	district;								
14	(4)	The military liaison from the department of education;								
15.	(5)	A <u>uniformed</u> military representative from the United								
16		States Pacific Command;								
17	(6)	One [installation level] uniformed military								
18		representative from <u>a military installation of</u> each								
19		branch of service of the Air Force, Army, Marine								
20		Corps, Navy, and Coast Guard;								
21	(7)	A representative of the executive branch of								
22		government;								

1	(8)	The	chairperson	of	the	senate	education	committee	or
2.		the	chairperson	's c	desid	mee:			

- 3 (9) The chairperson of the house education committee or 4 the chairperson's designee; and
- (10) Other offices and stakeholder groups the state councildeems necessary.
- 7 Members of the state council may delegate voting authority to
- 8 another person for a specified meeting or meetings. The state
- 9 council shall appoint or designate a military family education
- 10 liaison to assist military families and the state in
- 11 facilitating the implementation of this compact. The compact
- 12 commissioner and the military family education liaison
- 13 designated herein shall be ex-officio members of the state
- 14 council, unless either is already a full voting member of the
- 15 state council.
- 16 The council shall establish policies and procedures
- 17 governing its operations but subject to the open meeting
- 18 requirements of chapter 92.
- 19 § -3 Appointment of compact commissioner. As required
- 20 by article VIII of the compact, the state superintendent of
- 21 education shall recommend, with approval of the board of
- 22 education, the compact commissioner, who shall be responsible

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- 1 for the administration and management of the State's
- 2 participation in the compact."
- 3 SECTION 2. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2009[7
- 4 and shall be repealed on July 1, 2011]."
- 5 SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 6 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 7 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on June 30, 2011.

Report Title:

Education; Military Children

Description:

Makes permanent the interstate compact on educational opportunity for military children. Deletes the definition of "test period". Deletes provisions relating to the furnishing of unofficial education records and principal's determination of available space. Clarifies military representation on state council on educational opportunity for military children within BOE. Effective June 30, 2011. (HB4 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.