HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2011 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. 287

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that there has been a 2 proliferation of residential dwellings within agricultural districts that may not be occupied in connection with an actual 3 4 farm. This Act should reduce the attractiveness of agricultural 5 land for subdivision and development into "fake farms" or 6 "gentlemen's estates" on which agricultural activity is 7 nonexistent, negligible, or inauthentic. The legislature 8 intends that this Act promote actual agricultural activity on 9 lots in agricultural districts and make agricultural land more 10 available and affordable to farmers and agribusinesses. 11 The purposes of this Act are to: 12 (1)Establish a maximum floor area for a farm dwelling on a lot in an agricultural district; and 13 14 (2)Increase the minimum lot size in an agricultural 15 district. 16 SECTION 2. Section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 17 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:



| "(a) | Within the agricultural district, all lands with soil |
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| classifie | d by the land study bureau's detailed land |
| classific | ation as overall (master) productivity rating class A |
| or B shal | l be restricted to the following permitted uses: |
| (1) | Cultivation of crops, including crops for bioenergy, |
| | flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruits, forage, and |
| | timber; |
| (2) | Game and fish propagation; |
| (3) | Raising of livestock, including poultry, bees, fish, |
| | or other animal or aquatic life that are propagated |
| | for economic or personal use; |
| (4) | Farm dwellings, employee housing, farm buildings, or |
| | activities or uses related to farming and animal |
| | husbandry. "Farm dwelling", as used in this |
| | paragraph, means a single-family dwelling located on |
| | and used in connection with a farm, including clusters |
| | of single-family farm dwellings permitted within |
| X | agricultural parks developed by the State, or where |
| | agricultural activity provides income to the family |
| | occupying the dwelling $[+]$. A farm dwelling that has |
| | received final governmental approval for construction |
| | after June 30, 2011, shall have a floor area not |
| | classifie classific or B shal (1) (2) (3) |



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| | greater than two thousand square feet. "Floor area" |
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| | means the area of all floors under roof of a farm |
| | dwelling, measured from the exterior faces of the |
| | exterior walls of the dwelling. "Floor area" includes |
| | the area under roof of any basement or any attic not |
| | less than seven feet in height. The land use |
| | commission may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to |
| | further define "floor area" consistent with this |
| | paragraph; |
| (5) | Public institutions and buildings that are necessary |
| | for agricultural practices; |
| (6) | Public and private open area types of recreational |
| | uses, including day camps, picnic grounds, parks, and |
| | riding stables, but not including dragstrips, |
| | airports, drive-in theaters, golf courses, golf |
| | driving ranges, country clubs, and overnight camps; |
| (7) | Public, private, and quasi-public utility lines and |
| | roadways, transformer stations, communications |
| | equipment buildings, solid waste transfer stations, |
| | major water storage tanks, and appurtenant small |
| | buildings such as booster pumping stations, but not |
| | including offices or yards for equipment, material, |
| | (6) |



| 1 | | vehicle storage, repair or maintenance, treatment |
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| 2 | | plants, corporation yards, or other similar |
| 3 | | structures; |
| 4 | (8) | Retention, restoration, rehabilitation, or improvement |
| 5 | | of buildings or sites of historic or scenic interest; |
| 6 | (9) | Roadside stands for the sale of agricultural products |
| 7 | | grown on the premises; |
| 8 | (10) | Buildings and uses, including mills, storage, and |
| 9 | | processing facilities, maintenance facilities, and |
| 10 | | vehicle and equipment storage areas that are normally |
| 11 | | considered directly accessory to the above-mentioned |
| 12 | | uses and are permitted under section 205-2(d); |
| 13 | (11) | Agricultural parks; |
| 14 | (12) | Plantation community subdivisions, which as used in |
| 15 | | this chapter means an established subdivision or |
| 16 | | cluster of employee housing, community buildings, and |
| 17 | | agricultural support buildings on land currently or |
| 18 | | formerly owned, leased, or operated by a sugar or |
| 19 | | pineapple plantation; provided that the existing |
| 20 | | structures may be used or rehabilitated for use, and |
| 21 | | new employee housing and agricultural support |



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1 buildings may be allowed on land within the 2 subdivision as follows: 3 The employee housing is occupied by employees or (A) 4 former employees of the plantation who have a 5 property interest in the land; 6 (B) The employee housing units not owned by their 7 occupants shall be rented or leased at affordable 8 rates for agricultural workers; or The agricultural support buildings shall be 9 (C) 10 rented or leased to agricultural business 11 operators or agricultural support services; 12 Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a (13) 13 farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the 14 enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors; 15 provided that the agricultural tourism activity is 16 accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural 17 use and does not interfere with surrounding farm 18 operations; and provided further that this paragraph 19 shall apply only to a county that has adopted 20 ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under 21 section 205-5;



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1 (14)Wind energy facilities, including the appurtenances 2 associated with the production and transmission of 3 wind generated energy; provided that the wind energy 4 facilities and appurtenances are compatible with 5 agriculture uses and cause minimal adverse impact on 6 agricultural land; 7 (15)Biofuel processing facilities, including the 8 appurtenances associated with the production and 9 refining of biofuels that [is] are normally considered 10 directly accessory and secondary to the growing of the 11 energy feedstock; provided that biofuels processing 12 facilities and appurtenances do not adversely impact 13 agricultural land and other agricultural uses in the 14 vicinity. 15 For the purposes of this paragraph: 16 "Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure 17 of the appropriate type and scale for economic 18 commercial storage and distribution, and other similar 19 handling of feedstock, fuels, and other products of 20 biofuels processing facilities.

21 "Biofuel processing facility" means a facility
22 that produces liquid or gaseous fuels from organic



1 sources such as biomass crops, agricultural residues, 2 and oil crops, including palm, canola, soybean, and 3 waste cooking oils; grease; food wastes; and animal 4 residues and wastes that can be used to generate 5 energy; 6 (16)Agricultural-energy facilities, including 7 appurtenances necessary for an agricultural-energy 8 enterprise; provided that the primary activity of the 9 agricultural-energy enterprise is agricultural 10 activity. To be considered the primary activity of an 11 agricultural-energy enterprise, the total acreage 12 devoted to agricultural activity shall be not less 13 than ninety per cent of the total acreage of the 14 agricultural-energy enterprise. The agricultural-15 energy facility shall be limited to lands owned, 16 leased, licensed, or operated by the entity conducting the agricultural activity. 17 18 As used in this paragraph: 19 "Agricultural activity" means any activity 20 described in paragraphs (1) to (3) of this subsection. 21 "Agricultural-energy enterprise" means an 22 enterprise that integrally incorporates an



agricultural activity with an agricultural-energy
 facility.

3 "Agricultural-energy facility" means a facility
4 that generates, stores, or distributes renewable
5 energy as defined in section 269-91 or renewable fuel
6 including electrical or thermal energy or liquid or
7 gaseous fuels from products of agricultural activities
8 from agricultural lands located in the State.

9 "Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
10 of the appropriate type and scale for the economic
11 commercial generation, storage, distribution, and
12 other similar handling of energy, including equipment,
13 feedstock, fuels, and other products of agricultural14 energy facilities;

15 (17)Construction and operation of wireless communication 16 antennas; provided that, for the purposes of this 17 paragraph, "wireless communication antenna" means 18 communications equipment that is either freestanding 19 or placed upon or attached to an already existing 20 structure and that transmits and receives 21 electromagnetic radio signals used in the provision of 22 all types of wireless communications services;



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provided further that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to permit the construction of any new structure that is not deemed a permitted use under this subsection; or

5 (18)Agricultural education programs conducted on a farming 6 operation as defined in section 165-2, for the 7 education and participation of the general public; 8 provided that the agricultural education programs are 9 accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural 10 use of the parcels or lots on which the agricultural 11 education programs are to occur and do not interfere with surrounding farm operations. For the purposes of 12 13 this section, "agricultural education programs" means 14 activities or events designed to promote knowledge and 15 understanding of agricultural activities and practices 16 conducted on a farming operation as defined in section 17 165-2."

18 SECTION 3. Section 205-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is19 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

20 "(b) Within agricultural districts, uses compatible to the 21 activities described in section 205-2 as determined by the 22 commission shall be permitted; provided that accessory



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| 1 | agricultu | ral uses and services described in sections 205-2 and | |
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| 2 | 205-4.5 may be further defined by each county by zoning | | |
| 3 | ordinance | . Each county shall adopt ordinances setting forth | |
| 4 | | s and requirements, including provisions for | |
| 5 | enforcement, penalties, and administrative oversight, for the | | |
| 6 | review and permitting of agricultural tourism uses and | | |
| 7 | activities as an accessory use on a working farm, or farming | | |
| 8 | operation as defined in section 165-2; provided that | | |
| 9 | agricultural tourism activities shall not be permissible in the | | |
| 10 | absence of a bona fide farming operation. Ordinances shall | | |
| 11 | include but not be limited to: | | |
| 12 | (1) | Requirements for access to a farm, including road | |
| | (1) | | |
| 13 | | width, road surface, and parking; | |
| 14 | (2) | Requirements and restrictions for accessory facilities | |
| 15 | | connected with the farming operation, including gift | |
| 16 | | shops and restaurants; provided that overnight | |
| 17 | | accommodations shall not be permitted; | |
| 18 | (3) | Activities that may be offered by the farming | |
| 19 | | operation for visitors; | |
| 20 | (4) | Days and hours of operation; and | |
| 21 | (5) | Automatic termination of the accessory use upon the | |
| 22 | | cessation of the farming operation. | |



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Each county may require an environmental assessment under 1 2 chapter 343 as a condition to any agricultural tourism use and 3 activity. Other uses may be allowed by special permits issued 4 pursuant to this chapter. The minimum lot size in agricultural 5 districts shall be determined by each county by zoning 6 ordinance, subdivision ordinance, or other lawful means; 7 provided that the minimum lot size for any lot in the 8 agricultural [use] district shall [not] be not less than [one 9 acre,] five acres, except as provided herein. If the county 10 finds that unreasonable economic hardship to the owner or lessee 11 of land cannot otherwise be prevented or where land 12 [utilization] use is improved, the county may allow lot sizes of 13 less than the minimum lot size as specified by law for lots 14 created by a consolidation of existing lots within an 15 agricultural district and the resubdivision thereof; provided 16 that the consolidation and resubdivision do not result in an 17 increase in the number of lots over the number existing prior to 18 consolidation; and provided further that in no event shall a lot 19 [which] that is equal to or exceeds the minimum lot size of [one 20 acre] five acres be less than that minimum after the 21 consolidation and resubdivision action. The county may also 22 allow lot sizes of less than the minimum lot size as specified



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1 by law for lots created or used for plantation community 2 subdivisions as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(12), for public, 3 private, and quasi-public utility purposes, and for lots 4 resulting from the subdivision of abandoned roadways and 5 railroad easements."

6 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed7 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

8 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2011.

INTRODUCED BY:

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Report Title: Agriculture; Farm Dwelling

Description:

Establishes maximum floor area for a farm dwelling in the agricultural district and increases the minimum lot size in the agricultural district to 5 acres.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

