A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HIGH TECHNOLOGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature recognizes that research and 2 development is the core of innovation. Without innovation,
- 3 there is no technology industry, and the subsequent growth of
- 4 our economy is stunted with the lack of new products, services,
- 5 or processes. During the research and development stage, ideas
- 6 and theories are tested to determine feasibility. With an
- 7 increasingly interconnected and competitive global economy,
- 8 fostering and encouraging innovation are essential to creating
- 9 new jobs in high technology and traditional sectors.
- In recent years, innovation has led to new jobs in many
- 11 different sectors as diverse as defense/dual-use,
- 12 software/information technology, life sciences/biotechnology,
- 13 and clean energy. At the same time, innovations ripple through
- 14 the economy, creating jobs for workers through the development
- 15 of an advanced infrastructure, such as clean energy solutions,
- 16 broadband networks, and new devices and products in service
- 17 industries such as healthcare and tourism.

- 1 The current law parallels enhancements tailored to Hawaii's
- 2 unique position and the Internal Revenue Code, providing support
- 3 for scientific experimentation at twenty per cent of the cost of
- 4 the qualified research. The program cost to the State averaged
- 5 about \$11,000,000 per year over the last nine years and, in
- 6 2006, the program provided funding to over four hundred
- 7 companies. This tax credit has been a great source of support
- 8 for local companies, especially to research and development
- 9 companies that are still in the start-up stages.
- 10 The purpose of this Act is to extend the income tax credit
- 11 for qualified research activities for an additional five years
- 12 and place an annual aggregate cap on the tax credit. This Act
- 13 also requires the department of taxation to collect data on the
- 14 tax credit, including the amount of credits claimed and the
- 15 financial impact of the credit.
- 16 SECTION 2. Section 235-110.91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended as follows:
- 18 1. By amending subsection (c) to read:
- 19 "(c) There shall be allowed to each qualified high
- 20 technology business subject to the tax imposed by this chapter
- 21 an income tax credit for qualified research activities equal to
- 22 the credit for research activities provided by section 41 of the



- 1 Internal Revenue Code and as modified by this section [-], up to
- 2 an annual maximum of \$ of credits in the aggregate for
- 3 all qualified taxpayers. The credit shall be deductible from
- 4 the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this
- 5 chapter for the taxable year in which the credit is properly
- 6 claimed."
- 7 2. By amending subsection (j) to read:
- 8 "(j) This section shall not apply to taxable years
- 9 beginning after December 31, [2010.] 2015."
- 10 SECTION 3. The department of taxation shall collect data
- 11 on the income tax credit for qualified research activities
- 12 provided under section 235-110.91, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
- 13 including the amount of tax credits claimed and the financial
- 14 impact of the tax credit.
- 15 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 16 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 17 SECTION 5. This Act shall effect on July 1, 2030.

Report Title:

High Technology; Research Tax Credit; Aggregate Cap

Description:

Extends the income tax credit for qualified research activities for five years and places an annual aggregate cap on the tax credit. Effective July 1, 2030. (HB1642 HD2)

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