HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2011 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. 1631

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAX.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Section 235-51, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended by amending subsections (a), (b), and (c) to read as
 follows:

4 "(a) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of (1)
5 every taxpayer who files a joint return under section 235-93;
6 and (2) every surviving spouse a tax determined in accordance
7 with the following table:

8 In the case of any taxable year beginning after9 December 31, 2001:

10	If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
11	Not over \$4,000	1.40% of taxable income
12	Over \$4,000 but	\$56.00 plus 3.20% of
13	not over \$8,000	excess over \$4,000
14	Over \$8,000 but	\$184.00 plus 5.50% of
15	not over \$16,000	excess over \$8,000
16	Over \$16,000 but	\$624.00 plus 6.40% of
17	not over \$24,000	excess over \$16,000



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1	Over \$24,000 but	\$1,136.00 plus 6.80% of
2	not over \$32,000	excess over \$24,000
3	Over \$32,000 but	\$1,680.00 plus 7.20% of
4	not over \$40,000	excess over \$32,000
5	Over \$40,000 but	\$2,256.00 plus 7.60% of
6	not over \$60,000	excess over \$40,000
7	Over \$60,000 but	\$3,776.00 plus 7.90% of
8	not over \$80,000	excess over \$60,000
9	Over \$80,000	\$5,356.00 plus 8.25% of
10		excess over \$80,000.
11	In the case of any taxable year 3	beginning after
TT	in the case of any canable year.	
11	December 31, 2006:	
12	December 31, 2006:	
12 13	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
12 13 14	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is: Not over \$4,800	The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income
12 13 14 15	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is: Not over \$4,800 Over \$4,800 but	The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income \$67.00 plus 3.20% of
12 13 14 15 16	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is: Not over \$4,800 Over \$4,800 but not over \$9,600	The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income \$67.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$4,800
12 13 14 15 16 17	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is: Not over \$4,800 Over \$4,800 but not over \$9,600 Over \$9,600 but	The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income \$67.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$4,800 \$221.00 plus 5.50% of
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is: Not over \$4,800 Over \$4,800 but not over \$9,600 Over \$9,600 but not over \$19,200	The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income \$67.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$4,800 \$221.00 plus 5.50% of excess over \$9,600
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<pre>December 31, 2006:</pre>	The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income \$67.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$4,800 \$221.00 plus 5.50% of excess over \$9,600 \$749.00 plus 6.40% of



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1	Over \$38,400 but	\$2,016.00 plus 7.20% of
2	not over \$48,000	excess over \$38,400
3	Over \$48,000 but	. \$2,707.00 plus 7.60% of
4	not over \$72,000	excess over \$48,000
5	Over \$72,000 but	\$4,531.00 plus 7.90% of
6	not over \$96,000	excess over \$72,000
7	Over \$96,000	\$6,427.00 plus 8.25% of
8		excess over \$96,000.
9	In the case of any taxable year	beginning after December
10	31, 2008:	
11	If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
12	Not over \$4,800	1.40% of taxable income
13	Over \$4,800 but	\$67.00 plus 3.20% of
14	not over \$9,600	excess over \$4,800
15	Over \$9,600 but	\$221.00 plus 5.50% of
16	not over \$19,200	excess over \$9,600
17	Over \$19,200 but	\$749.00 plus 6.40% of
18	not over \$28,800	excess over \$19,200
19	Over \$28,800 but	\$1,363.00 plus 6.80% of
20	not over \$38,400	excess over \$28,800
21	Over \$38,400 but	\$2,016.00 plus 7.20% of
22	not over \$48,000	excess over \$38,400

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1	Over \$48,000 but	\$2,707.00 plus 7.60% of
2	not over \$72,000	excess over \$48,000
3	Over \$72,000 but	\$4,531.00 plus 7.90% of
4	not over \$96,000	excess over \$72,000
5	Over \$96,000 but	\$6,427.00 plus 8.25% of
6	not over \$300,000	excess over \$96,000
7	Over \$300,000 but	\$23,257.00 plus 9.00% of
8	not over \$350,000	excess over \$300,000
9	Over \$350,000 but	\$27,757.00 plus 10.00% of
10	not over \$400,000	excess over \$350,000
11	Over \$400,000	\$32,757.00 plus 11.00% of
12		excess over \$400,000.
13	In the case of any taxable year b	eginning after
14	<u>December 31, 2011:</u>	
14 15	December 31, 2011: If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
		The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income
15	If the taxable income is:	
15 16	If the taxable income is: Not over \$4,800	1.40% of taxable income
15 16 17	<u>If the taxable income is:</u> <u>Not over \$4,800</u> <u>Over \$4,800 but</u>	1.40% of taxable income \$67.00 plus 3.20% of
15 16 17 18	If the taxable income is: Not over \$4,800 Over \$4,800 but not over \$9,600	1.40% of taxable income \$67.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$4,800
15 16 17 18 19	<u>If the taxable income is:</u> <u>Not over \$4,800</u> <u>Over \$4,800 but</u> <u>not over \$9,600</u> <u>Over \$9,600 but</u>	<u>1.40% of taxable income</u> <u>\$67.00 plus 3.20% of</u> <u>excess over \$4,800</u> <u>\$221.00 plus 5.50% of</u>
15 16 17 18 19 20	<u>If the taxable income is:</u> <u>Not over \$4,800</u> <u>Over \$4,800 but</u> <u>not over \$9,600</u> <u>Over \$9,600 but</u> <u>not over \$19,200</u>	<u>1.40% of taxable income</u> <u>\$67.00 plus 3.20% of</u> <u>excess over \$4,800</u> <u>\$221.00 plus 5.50% of</u> <u>excess over \$9,600</u>



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1	Over \$28,800 but	\$1,363.00 plus 6.80% of
2	not over \$38,400	excess over \$28,800
3	Over \$38,400 but	\$2,016.00 plus 7.20% of
4	not over \$48,000	excess over \$38,400
5	<u>Over \$48,000 but</u>	\$2,707.00 plus 7.60% of
6	not over \$72,000	excess over \$48,000
7	<u>Over \$72,000 but</u>	\$4,531.00 plus 7.90% of
8	not over \$96,000	excess over \$72,000
9	<u>Over \$96,000</u>	\$6,427.00 plus 8% of
10		excess over \$96,000.
11	(b) There is hereby imposed on	the taxable income of every
12	head of a household a tax determined	in accordance with the
13	following table:	
14	In the case of any taxable year	beginning after
15	December 31, 2001:	
16	If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
17	Not over \$3,000	1.40% of taxable income
18	Over \$3,000 but	\$42.00 plus 3.20% of
19	not over \$6,000	excess over \$3,000
20	Over \$6,000 but	\$138.00 plus 5.50% of
21	not over \$12,000	excess over \$6,000



1	Over \$12,000 but	\$468.00 plus 6.40% of
2	not over \$18,000	excess over \$12,000
3	Over \$18,000	\$852.00 plus 6.80% of
4	but not over \$24,000	excess over \$18,000
5	Over \$24,000 but	\$1,260.00 plus 7.20% of
6	not over \$30,000	excess over \$24,000
7	Over \$30,000 but	\$1,692.00 plus 7.60% of
8	not over \$45,000	excess over \$30,000
9	Over \$45,000 but	\$2,832.00 plus 7.90% of
10	not over \$60,000	excess over \$45,000
11	Over \$60,000	\$4,017.00 plus 8.25% of
		¢(0, 000
12		excess over \$60,000.
12 13	In the case of any taxable year be	
-	In the case of any taxable year be December 31, 2006:	
13		eginning after
13 14	December 31, 2006:	eginning after
13 14 15	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is:	eginning after The tax shall be:
13 14 15 16	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is: Not over \$3,600	The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income
13 14 15 16 17	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is: Not over \$3,600 Over \$3,600 but	The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income \$50.00 plus 3.20% of
13 14 15 16 17 18	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is: Not over \$3,600 Over \$3,600 but not over \$7,200	The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income \$50.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$3,600
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	December 31, 2006: If the taxable income is: Not over \$3,600 Over \$3,600 but not over \$7,200 Over \$7,200 but	The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income \$50.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$3,600 \$166.00 plus 5.50% of



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1	Over \$21,600 but	\$1,022.00 plus 6.80% of
2	not over \$28,800	excess over \$21,600
3	Over \$28,800 but	\$1,512.00 plus 7.20% of
4	not over \$36,000	excess over \$28,800
5	Over \$36,000 but	\$2,030.00 plus 7.60% of
6	not over \$54,000	excess over \$36,000
7	Over \$54,000 but	\$3,398.00 plus 7.90% of
8	not over \$72,000	excess over \$54,000
9	Over \$72,000	\$4,820.00 plus 8.25% of
10		excess over \$72,000.
11	In the case of any taxable year h	peginning after
12	December 31, 2008:	
12 13	December 31, 2008: If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
		The tax shall be: 1.40% of taxable income
13	If the taxable income is:	
13 14	If the taxable income is: Not over \$3,600	1.40% of taxable income
13 14 15	If the taxable income is: Not over \$3,600 Over \$3,600 but	1.40% of taxable income \$50.00 plus 3.20% of
13 14 15 16	If the taxable income is: Not over \$3,600 Over \$3,600 but not over \$7,200	1.40% of taxable income \$50.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$3,600
13 14 15 16 17	If the taxable income is: Not over \$3,600 Over \$3,600 but not over \$7,200 Over \$7,200 but	1.40% of taxable income \$50.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$3,600 \$166.00 plus 5.50% of
13 14 15 16 17 18	If the taxable income is: Not over \$3,600 Over \$3,600 but not over \$7,200 Over \$7,200 but not over \$14,400	<pre>1.40% of taxable income \$50.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$3,600 \$166.00 plus 5.50% of excess over \$7,200</pre>
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	If the taxable income is: Not over \$3,600 Over \$3,600 but not over \$7,200 Over \$7,200 but not over \$14,400 Over \$14,400 but	<pre>1.40% of taxable income \$50.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$3,600 \$166.00 plus 5.50% of excess over \$7,200 \$562.00 plus 6.40% of</pre>



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1	Over \$28,800 but	\$1,512.00 plus 7.20% of
2	not over \$36,000	excess over \$28,800
3	Over \$36,000 but	\$2,030.00 plus 7.60% of
4	not over \$54,000	excess over \$36,000
5	Over \$54,000 but	\$3,398.00 plus 7.90% of
6	not over \$72,000	excess over \$54,000
7	Over \$72,000 but	\$4,820.00 plus 8.25% of
8	not over \$225,000	excess over \$72,000
9	Over \$225,000 but	\$17,443.00 plus 9.00% of
10	not over \$262,500	excess over \$225,000
11	Over \$262,500 but	\$20,818.00 plus 10.00% of
12	not over \$300,000	excess over \$262,500
13	Over \$300,000	\$24,568.00 plus 11.00% of
14		excess over \$300,000.
15	In the case of any taxable year b	peginning after
16	December 31, 2011:	
17	If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
18	Not over \$3,600	1.40% of taxable income
19	<u>Over \$3,600 but</u>	\$50.00 plus 3.20% of
20	not over \$7,200	excess over \$3,600
21	<u>Over \$7,200 but</u>	\$166.00 plus 5.50% of
22	not_over \$14,400	excess over \$7,200
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1	<u>Over \$14,400 but</u>	\$562.00 plus 6.40% of
2	not over \$21,600	excess over \$14,400
3	<u>Over \$21,600 but</u>	\$1,022.00 plus 6.80% of
4	not over \$28,800	excess over \$21,600
5	Over \$28,800 but	\$1,512.00 plus 7.20% of
6	not over \$36,000	excess over \$28,800
7	Over \$36,000 but	\$2,030.00 plus 7.60% of
8	not over \$54,000	excess over \$36,000
9	<u>Over \$54,000 but</u>	\$3,398.00 plus 7.90% of
10	not over \$72,000	excess over \$54,000
11	Over \$72,000	\$4,820.00 plus 8% of
12		excess over \$72,000.
13	(c) There is hereby imposed on	the taxable income of (1)
14	every unmarried individual (other th	an a surviving spouse, or
15	the head of a household) and (2) on	the taxable income of every
16	married individual who does not make	a single return jointly
17	with the individual's spouse under s	ection 235-93 a tax

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18 determined in accordance with the following table:

19	In	the	case	of	any	taxable	year	beginning	after
20	December	31,	2001	L:					

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1	If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
2	Not over \$2,000	1.40% of taxable income
3	Over \$2,000 but	\$28.00 plus 3.20% of
4	not over \$4,000	excess over \$2,000
5	Over \$4,000 but	\$92.00 plus 5.50% of
6	not over \$8,000	excess over \$4,000
7	Over \$8,000 but	\$312.00 plus 6.40% of
8	not over \$12,000	excess over \$8,000
9	Over \$12,000 but	\$568.00 plus 6.80% of
10	not over \$16,000	excess over \$12,000
11	Over \$16,000 but	\$840.00 plus 7.20% of
12	not over \$20,000	excess over \$16,000
13	Over \$20,000 but	\$1,128.00 plus 7.60% of
14	not over \$30,000	excess over \$20,000
15	Over \$30,000 but	\$1,888.00 plus 7.90% of
16	not over \$40,000	excess over \$30,000
17	Over \$40,000	\$2,678.00 plus 8.25% of
18		excess over \$40,000.
19	In the case of any taxable year	beginning after
20	December 31, 2006:	
21	If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
22	Not over \$2,400	1.40% of taxable income
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1	Over \$2,400 but	\$34.00 plus 3.20% of
2	not over \$4,800	excess over \$2,400
3	Over \$4,800 but	\$110.00 plus 5.50% of
4	not over \$9,600	excess over \$4,800
5 .	Over \$9,600 but	\$374.00 plus 6.40% of
6	not over \$14,400	excess over \$9,600
7	Over \$14,400 but	\$682.00 plus 6.80% of
8	not over \$19,200	excess over \$14,400
9	Over \$19,200 but	\$1,008.00 plus 7.20% of
10	not over \$24,000	excess over \$19,200
11	Over \$24,000 but	\$1,354.00 plus 7.60% of
12	not over \$36,000	excess over \$24,000
13	Over \$36,000 but	\$2,266.00 plus 7.90% of
14	not over \$48,000	excess over \$36,000
15	Over \$48,000	\$3,214.00 plus 8.25% of
16		excess over \$48,000.
17	In the case of any taxable year	beginning after
18	December 31, 2008:	
19	If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
20	Not over \$2,400	1.40% of taxable income
21	Over \$2,400 but	\$34.00 plus 3.20% of
22	not over \$4,800	excess over \$2,400

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1	Over \$4,800 but	\$110.00 plus 5.50% of
2	not over \$9,600	excess over \$4,800
3	Over \$9,600 but	\$374.00 plus 6.40% of
4	not over \$14,400	excess over \$9,600
5	Over \$14,400 but	\$682.00 plus 6.80% of
6	not over \$19,200	excess over \$14,400
7	Over \$19,200 but	\$1,008.00 plus 7.20% of
8	not over \$24,000	excess over \$19,200
9	Over \$24,000 but	\$1,354.00 plus 7.60% of
10	not over \$36,000	excess over \$24,000
11	Over \$36,000 but	\$2,266.00 plus 7.90% of
12	not over \$48,000	excess over \$36,000
13	Over \$48,000 but	\$3,214.00 plus 8.25% of
14	not over \$150,000	excess over \$48,000
15	Over \$150,000 but	\$11,629.00 plus 9.00% of
16	not over \$175,000	excess over \$150,000
17	Over \$175,000 but	\$13,879.00 plus 10.00% of
18	not over \$200,000	excess over \$175,000
19	Over \$200,000	\$16,379.00 plus 11.00% of
20		excess over \$200,000.
21	In the case of any taxable year b	eginning after
22	December 31, 2011:	



1	If the taxable income is:	The tax shall be:
2	Not_over_\$2,400	1.40% of taxable income
3	<u>Over \$2,400 but</u>	\$34.00 plus 3.20% of
4	not over \$4,800	excess over \$2,400
5	<u>Over \$4,800 but</u>	\$110.00 plus 5.50% of
6	not over \$9,600	excess over \$4,800
7	<u>Over \$9,600 but</u>	\$374.00 plus 6.40% of
8	not_over \$14,400	excess over \$9,600
9	<u>Over \$14,400 but</u>	\$682.00 plus 6.80% of
10	not over \$19,200	excess over \$14,400
11	<u>Over \$19,200 but</u>	\$1,008.00 plus 7.20% of
12	not over \$24,000	excess over \$19,200
13	<u>Over \$24,000 but</u>	\$1,354.00 plus 7.60% of
14	not over \$36,000	excess over \$24,000
15	<u>Over \$36,000 but</u>	\$2,266.00 plus 7.90% of
16	not over \$48,000	excess over \$36,000
17	<u>Over \$48,000</u>	\$3,214.00 plus 8% of
18		excess over \$48,000."
19	SECTION 2. Section 237-13, Hawaii	Revised Statutes, is
20	amended to read as follows:	
21	"§237-13 Imposition of tax. There	e is hereby levied and
22	shall be assessed and collected annuall	y privilege taxes against



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persons on account of their business and other activities in the 1 2 [State] state measured by the application of rates against 3 values of products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, 4 whichever is specified, as follows: 5 (1)Tax on manufacturers. 6 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within 7 the [State] state in the business of 8 manufacturing, including compounding, canning, 9 preserving, packing, printing, publishing, 10 milling, processing, refining, or preparing for 11 sale, profit, or commercial use, either directly 12 or through the activity of others, in whole or in 13 part, any article or articles, substance or 14 substances, commodity or commodities, the amount of the tax to be equal to the value of the 15 articles, substances, or commodities, 16 17 manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved, 18 packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or 19 prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds 20 derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer 21 or person compounding, preparing, or printing 22 them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent.



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1 The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the (B) 2 value of the entire product for sale, regardless 3 of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries 4 may be made to points outside the [State.] state. 5 (C) If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers 6 ships or transports the person's product, or any 7 part thereof, out of the State, whether in a 8 finished or unfinished condition, or sells the 9 same for delivery to points outside the [State] 10 state (for example, consigned to a mainland 11 purchaser via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), 12 the value of the products in the condition or 13 form in which they exist immediately before 14 entering interstate or foreign commerce, 15 determined as hereinafter provided, shall be the 16 basis for the assessment of the tax imposed by 17 this paragraph. This tax shall be due and 18 payable as of the date of entry of the products 19 into interstate or foreign commerce, whether the 20 products are then sold or not. The department 21 shall determine the basis for assessment, as 22 provided by this paragraph, as follows:



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1 (i) If the products at the time of their entry 2 into interstate or foreign commerce already 3 have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale, 4 less the transportation expenses, if any, 5 incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for 6 transportation from the time of entry of the 7 products into interstate or foreign 8 commerce, including insurance and storage in 9 transit, shall be the measure of the value 10 of the products; 11 (ii) If the products have not been sold at the

12 time of their entry into interstate or 13 foreign commerce, and in cases governed by 14 clause (i) in which the products are sold 15 under circumstances such that the gross 16 proceeds of sale are not indicative of the 17 true value of the products, the value of the 18 products constituting the basis for 19 assessment shall correspond as nearly as 20 possible to the gross proceeds of sales for 21 delivery outside the [State,] state, 22 adjusted as provided in clause (i), or if



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1 sufficient data are not available, sales in 2 the [State,] state, of similar products of 3 like quality and character and in similar 4 quantities, made by the taxpayer (unless not 5 indicative of the true value) or by others. 6 Sales outside the [State,] state, adjusted 7 as provided in clause (i), may be considered 8 when they constitute the best available 9 data. The department shall prescribe 10 uniform and equitable rules for ascertaining 11 the values;

- 12 (iii) At the election of the taxpayer and with the
 13 approval of the department, the taxpayer may
 14 make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
 15 even though the products have not been sold
 16 at the time of their entry into interstate
 17 or foreign commerce; and
- 18 (iv) In all cases in which products leave the
 19 State in an unfinished condition, the basis
 20 for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
 21 deduct the portion of the value as is



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1		attributable to the finishing of the goods
2		outside the [State.] state.
3	(2)	Tax on business of selling tangible personal property;
4		producing.
5		(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing in the
6		business of selling any tangible personal
7		. property whatsoever (not including, however,
8		bonds or other evidence of indebtedness, or
9		stocks), there is likewise hereby levied, and
10		shall be assessed and collected, a tax equivalent
11		to [four] <u>five</u> per cent of the gross proceeds of
12		sales of the business; provided that insofar as
13		the sale of tangible personal property is a
14		wholesale sale under section $[+]237-4(a)(8)[+]$,
15		the sale shall be subject to section 237-13.3.
16		Upon every person engaging or continuing within
17		this [State] <u>state</u> in the business of a producer,
18		the tax shall be equal to one-half of one per
19		cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the
20		business, or the value of the products, for sale,
21		if sold for delivery outside the [State] <u>state</u> or
22		shipped or transported out of the [State,] state,



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and the value of the products shall be determined
 in the same manner as the value of manufactured
 products covered in the cases under paragraph
 (1)(C).

- 5 (B) Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in 6 interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute 7 a part of the measure of the tax imposed on 8 persons in the business of selling tangible 9 personal property, to the extent, under the 10 conditions, and in accordance with the provisions 11 of the Constitution of the United States and the 12 Acts of the Congress of the United States which 13 may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted, 14 and whenever there occurs in the [State] state an 15 activity to which, under the Constitution and 16 Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross 17 proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so 18 attributed.
- 19 (C) No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such
 20 business in the [State] state and selling the
 21 manufacturer's or producer's products for
 22 delivery outside of the [State] state (for



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1 example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via 2 common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be 3 required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter 4 for the privilege of so selling the products, and 5 the value or gross proceeds of sales of the 6 products shall be included only in determining the measure of the tax imposed upon the 7 8 manufacturer or producer. 9 When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in such (D) 10 business in the [State,] state, also is engaged 11 in selling the manufacturer's or producer's 12 products in the [State] state at wholesale, 13 retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the 14 privilege of engaging in the business of selling 15 the products in the [State,] state, shall apply 16 to the manufacturer or producer as well as the 17 tax for the privilege of manufacturing or 18 producing in the [State,] state, and the 19 manufacturer or producer shall make the returns 20 of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail, or other sales required for the privilege of 21 22 selling in the [State,] state, as well as making



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1 the returns of the value or gross proceeds of 2 sales of the products required for the privilege 3 of manufacturing or producing in the [State.] 4 state. The manufacturer or producer shall pay 5 the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege 6 of selling its products in the [State,] state, 7 and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the 8 products, thus subjected to tax, may be deducted 9 insofar as duplicated as to the same products by 10 the measure of the tax upon the manufacturer or 11 producer for the privilege of manufacturing or 12 producing in the [State;] state; provided that no 13 producer of agricultural products who sells the 14 products to a purchaser who will process the 15 products outside the [State] state shall be 16 required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter 17 for the privilege of producing or selling those .18 products.

19 (E) A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
20 contractor may make the election provided for by
21 paragraph (3)(C), and in that case the tax shall
22 be computed pursuant to the election,



1		notwithstanding this paragraph or paragraph (1)
2		to the contrary.
3	(F)	The department, by rule, may require that a
4		seller take from the purchaser of tangible
5		personal property a certificate, in a form
6		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
7		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
8		(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
9		shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
10		upon demand, the amount of the additional
11		tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
12		the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
13		(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
14		give rise to the presumption that the sale
15		is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
16		business are exclusively at wholesale.
17	(3) Tax	upon contractors.
18	(A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
19		the [State] <u>state</u> in the business of contracting,
20		the tax shall be equal to [four] <u>five</u> per cent of
21		the gross income of the business.



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1	(B) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph,
2	there shall be deducted from the gross income of
3	the taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
4	in the measure of the tax levied under
5	subparagraph (A), on:
6	(i) Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
7	defined in section 237-6;
8	(ii) A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
9	department of commerce and consumer affairs
10	pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
11	specialty contractor's business; or
12	(iii) A specialty contractor who is not licensed
13	by the department of commerce and consumer
14	affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
15	performs contracting activities on federal
16	military installations and nowhere else in
17	this [State;] <u>state;</u>
18	provided that any person claiming a deduction
19	under this paragraph shall be required to show in
20	the person's return the name and general excise
21	number of the person paying the tax on the amount
22	deducted by the person.



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1 In computing the tax levied under this paragraph (C) 2 against any federal cost-plus contractor, there 3 shall be excluded from the gross income of the 4 contractor so much thereof as fulfills the 5 following requirements: 6 (i) The gross income exempted shall constitute reimbursement of costs incurred for 7 8 materials, plant, or equipment purchased 9 from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter, 10 not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of 11 the taxpayer on account of the transaction; 12 and The taxpayer making the sale shall have 13 (ii) 14 certified to the department that the 15 taxpayer is taxable with respect to the 16 gross proceeds of the sale, and that the 17 taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross 18 income computed the same as upon a sale to 19 the state government. 20 A person who, as a business or as a part of a (D) 21 business in which the person is engaged, erects,

constructs, or improves any building or

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1 structure, of any kind or description, or makes, 2 constructs, or improves any road, street, 3 sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other 4 improvements on land held by the person (whether 5 held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise), 6 upon the sale or other disposition of the land or 7 improvements, even if the work was not done pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the 8 9 same tax as if engaged in the business of 10 contracting, unless the person shows that at the 11 time the person was engaged in making the improvements the person intended, and for the 12 13 period of at least one year after completion of 14 the building, structure, or other improvements 15 the person continued to intend to hold and not 16 sell or otherwise dispose of the land or 17 improvements. The tax in respect of the 18 improvements shall be measured by the amount of the proceeds of the sale or other disposition 19 20 that is attributable to the erection, construction, or improvement of such building or 21 22 structure, or the making, constructing, or



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1 improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer, 2 or water system, or other improvements. The 3 measure of tax in respect of the improvements 4 shall not exceed the amount which would have been 5 taxable had the work been performed by another, 6 subject as in other cases to the deductions allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the election 7 8 of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied 9 notwithstanding that the improvements were not 10 made by the taxpayer, or were not made as a 11 business or as a part of a business, or were made 12 with the intention of holding the same. However, 13 this paragraph shall not apply in respect of any 14 proceeds that constitute or are in the nature of 15 rent; all such gross income shall be taxable under paragraph (9); provided that insofar as the 16 17 business of renting or leasing real property 18 under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5, 19 the tax shall be levied by section 237-16.5. 20 (4) Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting 21 stations, etc.



H.B. NO. しろ

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1 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within 2 the [State] state in the business of operating a 3 theater, opera house, moving picture show, 4 vaudeville, amusement park, dance hall, skating 5 rink, radio broadcasting station, or any other 6 place at which amusements are offered to the 7 public, the tax shall be equal to [four] five per 8 cent of the gross income of the business, and in 9 the case of a sale of an amusement at wholesale 10 under section 237-4(a)(13), the tax shall be 11 subject to section 237-13.3. 12 (B) The department may require that the person 13 rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the 14 licensed seller a certificate, in a form 15 prescribed by the department, certifying that the sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that: 16 Any licensed seller who furnishes a 17 (i) 18 certificate shall be obligated to pay to the 19 person rendering the amusement, upon demand, 20 the amount of additional tax that is imposed 21 upon the seller whenever the sale is not at 22 wholesale; and



H.B. NO. (いろ)

	give rise to the presumption that the sale
	is not at wholesale unless the person
	rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
	the amusement at wholesale.
(5)	Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
	person classified as a representative or purchasing
	agent under section 237-1, engaging or continuing
	within the [State] state in the business of performing
	services for another, other than as an employee, there
	is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
	collected a tax equal to [four] <u>five</u> per cent of the
	commissions and other compensation attributable to the
	services so rendered by the person.
(6)	Tax on service business.
	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
	the [State] <u>state</u> in any service business or
	calling including professional services not
	otherwise specifically taxed under this chapter,

assessed and collected a tax equal to [four] <u>five</u> per cent of the gross income of the business, and

there is likewise hereby levied and shall be



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1 in the case of a wholesaler under section 237-2 4(a)(10), the tax shall be equal to one-half of 3 one per cent of the gross income of the business. 4 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10) shall be subject to section 5 6 237-13.3. 7 The department may require that the person (B) 8 rendering a service at wholesale take from the 9 licensed seller a certificate, in a form 10 prescribed by the department, certifying that the 11 sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that: 12 (i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a 13 certificate shall be obligated to pay to the 14 person rendering the service, upon demand, 15 the amount of additional tax that is imposed 16 upon the seller whenever the sale is not at 17 wholesale; and 18 (ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall 19 give rise to the presumption that the sale 20 is not at wholesale unless the person 21 rendering the sale is exclusively rendering 22 services at wholesale.



H.B. NO. (63)

1 Where any person is engaged in the business of (C) 2 selling interstate or foreign common carrier 3 telecommunication services within and without the 4 [State,] state, other than as a home service 5 provider, the tax shall be imposed on that 6 portion of gross income received by a person from service which is originated or terminated in this 7 8 [State] state and is charged to a telephone 9 number, customer, or account in this [State] 10 state notwithstanding any other state law (except 11 for the exemption under section 237-23(a)(1)) to 12 the contrary. If, under the Constitution and 13 laws of the United States, the entire gross 14 income as determined under this paragraph of a 15 business selling interstate or foreign common 16 carrier telecommunication services cannot be 17 included in the measure of the tax, the gross 18 income shall be apportioned as provided in 19 section 237-21; provided that the apportionment 20 factor and formula shall be the same for all 21 persons providing those services in the [State.] 22 state.



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1 Where any person is engaged in the business of a (D) home service provider, the tax shall be imposed 2 3 on the gross income received or derived from 4 providing interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications services to a customer with a 5 6 place of primary use in this [State] state when 7 such services originate in one state and 8 terminate in another state, territory, or foreign 9 country; provided that all charges for mobile 10 telecommunications services which are billed by 11 or for the home service provider are deemed to be 12 provided by the home service provider at the 13 customer's place of primary use, regardless of 14 where the mobile telecommunications originate, 15 terminate, or pass through; provided further that 16 the income from charges specifically derived from 17 interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications 18 services, as determined by books and records that 19 are kept in the regular course of business by the 20 home service provider in accordance with section 21 239-24, shall be apportioned under any 22 apportionment factor or formula adopted under



1	subpa	ragraph (C). Gross income shall not
2	include:	
3	(i)	Gross receipts from mobile
4		telecommunications services provided to a
5		customer with a place of primary use outside
б		this [State;] <u>state;</u>
7	(ii)	Gross receipts from mobile
8		telecommunications services that are subject
9		to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
10 (iii)	Gross receipts from mobile
11		telecommunications services taxed under
12		section 237-13.8; and
13	(iv)	Gross receipts of a home service provider
14		acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
15		telecommunications services to another home
16		service provider's customer.
17	For t	he purposes of this paragraph, "charges for
18	mobil	e telecommunications services", "customer",
19	"home	service provider", "mobile
20	telec	ommunications services", "place of primary
21	use",	and "serving carrier" have the same meaning
22	as in	section 239-22.



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(7) Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged
 as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there
 is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a
 tax equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to
 that activity.

6 (8) Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the 7 amounts received from the United States government by 8 any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal 9 representative or heirs), as defined under and by 10 virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other 11 Acts of the Congress of the United States relating 12 thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of 13 one per cent of the gross amount received; provided 14 that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so 15 received and actually disbursed to another by a 16 producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be 17 paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is 18 actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a 19 benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim 20 on the producer's return a deduction from the gross 21 amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so 22 disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph



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1 shall not be taxable under any other paragraph, 2 subsection, or section of this chapter. 3 (9) Tax on other business. Upon every person engaging or 4 continuing within the [State] state in any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling not included 5 6 in the preceding paragraphs or any other provisions of 7 this chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and 8 shall be assessed and collected, a tax equal to [four] 9 five per cent of the gross income thereof. In 10 addition, the rate prescribed by this paragraph shall 11 apply to a business taxable under one or more of the 12 preceding paragraphs or other provisions of this 13 chapter, as to any gross income thereof not taxed 14 thereunder as gross income or gross proceeds of sales or by taxing an equivalent value of products, unless 15 specifically exempted." 16 17 SECTION 3. Act 60, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009, is amended by amending section 6 to read as follows: 18 "SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon approval, 19 20 provided that:

21 (1) Section 2 shall apply to taxable years beginning after
 22 December 31, 2008; and



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1	(2) Sections 1 and 3 shall apply to taxable years
2	beginning after December 31, 2010[+], and
3	[(3) On] <u>on</u> December 31, 2015, [this Act] shall be repealed
4	and sections 235-2.4(a), [235-51(a), (b), and (c),]
5	and 235-54(a), Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be
6	reenacted in the form in which they read on the day
7	before the effective date of this Act."
8	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
9	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
10	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
11	provided that section 2 shall take effect on July 1, 2011, and
12	shall be repealed on July 1, 2016, and section 237-13, Hawaii
13	Revised Statutes, shall be reenacted in the form in which it
14	read on June 30, 2011.
15	

INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 26 2011



Report Title:

Income tax rates; general excise tax rates

Description:

For taxable years after December 31, 2011, lowers to 8% the income tax rate for taxpayers with incomes currently taxed at a rate of 8.25% or higher. Effective from July 1, 2011, to July 1, 2016, raises the 4% general excise tax rate to 5%.

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