HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2011 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. ¹⁰⁰³ H.D. 2 S.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE PENAL CODE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1		PART I
2	SECT:	ION 1. This part shall be known as the "Protect
3	Victims of	f Domestic Violence Act."
4	SECT:	ION 2. Section 707-701, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by	y amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
6	"(1)	A person commits the offense of murder in the first
7	degree if	the person intentionally or knowingly causes the death
8	of:	
9	(a)	More than one person in the same or separate incident;
10	(b)	A law enforcement officer, judge, or prosecutor
1,1		arising out of the performance of official duties;
12	(c)	A person known by the defendant to be a witness in a
13		criminal prosecution and the killing is related to the
14		person's status as a witness;
15	(d)	A person by a hired killer, in which event both the
16		person hired and the person responsible for hiring the
17	с. 1	killer shall be punished under this section; $[\Theta r]$
18	(e)	A person while the defendant was imprisoned $[-]_{\underline{i}}$
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1	<u>(f)</u>	A person from whom the defendant has been restrained,
2		by order of any court, including an ex parte order,
3		from contacting, threatening, or physically abusing
4		pursuant to chapter 586;
5	(g)	A person who is being protected by a police officer
6		ordering the defendant to leave the premises of that
7		protected person pursuant to section 709-906(4),
8		during the effective period of that order; or
9	<u>(h)</u>	A person known by the defendant to be a witness in a
10		family court case and the killing is related to the
11		person's status as a witness."
12	SECT	ION 3. Section 707-701.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended b	y amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
14	"(1)	Except as provided in section 707-701, a person
15	commits t	he offense of murder in the second degree if $[the]$:
16	<u>(a)</u>	The person intentionally or knowingly causes the death
17		of another person[-]; or
18	(b)	The person recklessly causes the death of:
19		(i) A person from whom the defendant has been
20		restrained, by order of any court, including an
21		ex parte order, from contacting, threatening, or
22		physically abusing pursuant to chapter 586; or



1	_	(ii) A person who is being protected by a police
2		officer ordering the defendant to leave the
3		premises of that protected person pursuant to
4		section 709-906(4), during the effective period
5		of that order."
6	SECT	ION 4. Section 707-711, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by	y amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
8	"(1)	A person commits the offense of assault in the second
9	degree if	:
10	(a)	The person intentionally or knowingly causes
11		substantial bodily injury to another;
12	(b)	The person recklessly causes serious or substantial
13		bodily injury to another;
14	(C)	The person intentionally or knowingly causes bodily
15		injury to a correctional worker, as defined in section
16		710-1031(2), who is engaged in the performance of duty
17		or who is within a correctional facility;
18	(d)	The person intentionally or knowingly causes bodily
19		injury to another with a dangerous instrument;
20	(e)	The person intentionally or knowingly causes bodily
21		injury to an educational worker who is engaged in the
22		performance of duty or who is within an educational



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1 facility. For the purposes of this paragraph, 2 "educational worker" means: any administrator, 3 specialist, counselor, teacher, or employee of the department of education or an employee of a charter 4 5 school; a person who is a volunteer, as defined in 6 section 90-1, in a school program, activity, or function that is established, sanctioned, or approved 7 8 by the department of education; or a person hired by 9 the department of education on a contractual basis and 10 engaged in carrying out an educational function; 11 The person intentionally or knowingly causes bodily (f) 12 injury to any emergency medical services provider who 13 is engaged in the performance of duty. For the 14 purposes of this paragraph, "emergency medical 15 services provider" means emergency medical services personnel, as defined in section 321-222, and 16 17 physicians, physician's assistants, nurses, nurse 18 practitioners, certified registered nurse 19 anesthetists, respiratory therapists, laboratory 20 technicians, radiology technicians, and social 21 workers, providing services in the emergency room of a 22 hospital; [or]

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1	(g)	e person intentionally or knowing	ly causes bodily
2		ijury to a person employed at a st	ate-operated or
3		contracted mental health facility.	For the purposes
4		this paragraph, "a person employ	red at a state-
5		perated or -contracted mental heal	th facility"
6		cludes health care professionals	as defined in
7		ection 451D-2, administrators, or	lerlies, security
8		ersonnel, volunteers, and any othe	er person who is
9		ngaged in the performance of a dut	y at a state-
10		perated or -contracted mental heal	th facility[-] <u>; or</u>
11	<u>(h)</u>	e person intentionally, knowingly	, or recklessly
12		uses bodily injury to:	
13) A person from whom the defenda	ant has been
14		restrained, by order of any co	ourt, including an
15		ex parte order, from contactin	ng, threatening, or
16		physically abusing pursuant to	o chapter 586; or
17) A person who is being protecte	ed by a police
18		officer ordering the defendant	to leave the
19	•	premises of that protected per	rson pursuant to
20		section 709-906(4), during the	effective period
21	"	of that order."	

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1	SECT	ION 5. Section 707-716, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended b	y amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
3	"(1)	A person commits the offense of terroristic
4	threateni	ng in the first degree if the person commits
5	terrorist	ic threatening:
6	(a)	By threatening another person on more than one
7		occasion for the same or a similar purpose;
8	(b)	By threats made in a common scheme against different
9		persons;
10	(c)	Against a public servant arising out of the
11		performance of the public servant's official duties.
12	,	For the purposes of this paragraph, "public servant"
13		includes but is not limited to an educational worker.
14		"Educational worker" has the same meaning as defined
15		in section 707-711;
16	(d)	Against any emergency medical services provider who is
17		engaged in the performance of duty. For the purposes
18		of this paragraph, "emergency medical services
19		provider" means emergency medical services personnel,
20		as defined in section 321-222, and physicians,
21		physician's assistants, nurses, nurse practitioners,
22		certified registered nurse anesthetists, respiratory
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 technicians, and social workers, providing services the emergency room of a hospital; [o#] (e) With the use of a dangerous instrument [-]; or (f) By threatening: (i) A person from whom the defendant has been restrained, by order of any court, including an ex parte order, from contacting, threatening, o physically abusing pursuant to chapter 586; or (ii) A person who is being protected by a police officer ordering the defendant to leave the premises of that protected person pursuant to section 709-906(4), during the effective period of that order." 	in
 4 (e) With the use of a dangerous instrument [-]; or 5 (f) By threatening: 6 (i) A person from whom the defendant has been 7 restrained, by order of any court, including an 8 ex parte order, from contacting, threatening, o 9 physically abusing pursuant to chapter 586; or 10 (ii) A person who is being protected by a police 11 officer ordering the defendant to leave the 12 premises of that protected person pursuant to 13 section 709-906(4), during the effective period 	
 5 (f) By threatening: 6 (i) A person from whom the defendant has been 7 restrained, by order of any court, including an 8 ex parte order, from contacting, threatening, o 9 physically abusing pursuant to chapter 586; or 10 (ii) A person who is being protected by a police 11 officer ordering the defendant to leave the 12 premises of that protected person pursuant to 13 section 709-906(4), during the effective period 	
6 (i) A person from whom the defendant has been 7 restrained, by order of any court, including an 8 ex parte order, from contacting, threatening, o 9 physically abusing pursuant to chapter 586; or 10 (ii) A person who is being protected by a police 11 officer ordering the defendant to leave the 12 premises of that protected person pursuant to 13 section 709-906(4), during the effective period	
 restrained, by order of any court, including an ex parte order, from contacting, threatening, o physically abusing pursuant to chapter 586; or (ii) A person who is being protected by a police officer ordering the defendant to leave the premises of that protected person pursuant to section 709-906(4), during the effective period 	
8 ex parte order, from contacting, threatening, o 9 physically abusing pursuant to chapter 586; or 10 (ii) A person who is being protected by a police 11 officer ordering the defendant to leave the 12 premises of that protected person pursuant to 13 section 709-906(4), during the effective period	
 9 physically abusing pursuant to chapter 586; or 10 (ii) A person who is being protected by a police 11 officer ordering the defendant to leave the 12 premises of that protected person pursuant to 13 section 709-906(4), during the effective period 	n
10(ii)A person who is being protected by a police11officer ordering the defendant to leave the12premises of that protected person pursuant to13section 709-906(4), during the effective period	or
11officer ordering the defendant to leave the12premises of that protected person pursuant to13section 709-906(4), during the effective period	
12premises of that protected person pursuant to13section 709-906(4), during the effective period	
13 section 709-906(4), during the effective period	
14 of that order."	<u>d</u>
15 PART II	
16 SECTION 6. Chapter 707, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
17 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated an	nd
18 to read as follows:	
19 "PART . LABOR TRAFFICKING	
20 §707-A Definitions. As used in this part:	



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1 "Services" means a relationship between a person and the
2 actor in which the person performs activities under the
3 supervision of or for the benefit of the actor or a third party.
4 "Venture" means a business relationship between two or more
5 parties to undertake economic activity together.

§707-B Labor trafficking in the first degree. (1) A
person commits the offense of labor trafficking in the first
degree if the person knowingly provides or obtains or attempts
to provide or obtain another person for labor or services, by
any of the following means:

11 (a) Extortion as defined in section 707-764;

12 (b) Kidnapping as defined in section 707-720;

13 (c) Unlawful imprisonment as defined in section 707-721 or 14 707-722;

15 (d) Force, threat, or intimidation;

16 (e) Deception, as defined in section 708-800, or fraud,
17 which means making material false statements,

18 misstatements, or omissions to induce or maintain the 19 person to engage or continue to engage in the labor or 20 services;

21 (f) Requiring that labor be performed to retire, repay, or
22 service a real or purported debt, if performing the



1 labor or services is the exclusive method allowed to 2 retire, repay, or service the debt and the indebted 3 person is required to repay the debt with direct labor 4 in place of currency; provided that this shall not 5 include labor or services performed by a child for the 6 child's parent or quardian; (q) Assault in violation of either section 707-710, 7 707-711, or 707-712; 8 9 Withholding any of the trafficked person's government-(h) issued identification documents with the intent to 10 11 impede the movement of the person; 12 (i) Using any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause the person to believe that if the person did not 13 perform the labor or services, then the person or a 14 friend or a member of the person's family would suffer 15 16 serious harm, serious financial loss, or physical 17 restraint; or (j) Using or threatening to use any form of domination, 18 restraint, or control over the person which, given the 19 20 totality of the circumstances, would have the reasonably foreseeable effect of causing the person to 21



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1 engage in or to remain engaged in the labor or 2 services. Labor trafficking in the first degree is a class A 3 (2)4 felony. 5 §707-C Labor trafficking in the second degree. (1) A 6 person commits the offense of labor trafficking in the second 7 degree if the person knowingly: Either acting as an individual or using a licensed 8 (a) 9 business or business enterprise, aids another in a 10 venture knowing that the other person in that venture 11 is committing the offense of labor trafficking in the 12 first degree; or 13 (b) Benefits, financially or by receiving something of 14 value, from participation in a venture knowing or in 15 reckless disregard of the fact that another person has 16 engaged in any act in violation of subsection (a) in 17 the course of that venture or that another person in 18 that venture is committing the offense of labor 19 trafficking in the first degree. 20 Labor trafficking in the second degree is a class B (2)felony; provided that if a violation of subsection (1) involves 21 22 kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse or 2011-1771 HB1003 SD1 SMA.doc 10

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the attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to
 cause the death of a person, or if a death results, the offense
 shall be a class A felony.

4 (3) Upon conviction of a defendant under subsection (1), 5 the court shall also order that any and all business licenses 6 issued by the State be revoked for the business or enterprise that the defendant used to aid in the offense of labor 7 8 trafficking in the second degree; provided that the court, in 9 its discretion, may reinstate the business license upon petition 10 to the court by any remaining owner or partner of the business 11 or enterprise who was not convicted of an offense under this 12 section.

13 §707-D Additional sentencing considerations; victims held 14 in servitude. In addition to the factors set forth in sections 15 706-606 and 706-621, when determining the particular sentence to 16 be imposed on a defendant convicted under section 707-B or 17 707-C, the court shall consider:

18 (a) The time in which the victim was held in servitude;19 and

20 (b) The number of victims.

21 §707-E Extended terms of imprisonment; labor trafficking
22 offenses. If a person is found guilty of a violation under



1 section 707-B or 707-C and the victim suffered bodily injury, 2 the person may be sentenced to an extended indeterminate term of 3 imprisonment. Subject to the procedures set forth in section 4 706-664, the court may impose, in addition to the indeterminate 5 term of imprisonment provided for the grade of offense, an 6 additional indeterminate term of imprisonment as follows: 7 Bodily injury - an additional two years of (a) 8 imprisonment; 9 (b) Serious bodily injury - an additional five years of 10 imprisonment; 11 Permanent or life-threatening bodily injury - an (C) 12 additional fifteen years of imprisonment; or 13 If death results, the defendant shall be sentenced in (d) 14 accordance with the homicide statute relevant for the 15 level of criminal intent. 16 When ordering an extended term sentence, the court shall impose 17 the maximum length of imprisonment. The minimum length of 18 imprisonment for an extended term sentence under paragraph (a), 19 (b), (c), or (d) shall be determined by the Hawaii paroling 20 authority in accordance with section 706-669. 21 §707-F Restitution for victims of labor trafficking. $(1)^{-1}$ In addition to any other penalty, and notwithstanding a victim's 22

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1	failure to request restitution under section 706-646(2), the
2	court shall order restitution to be paid to the victim,
3	consisting of an amount that is the greater of:
4	(a) The total gross income or value to the defendant of
5	the victim's labor or services; or
6	(b) The value of the victim's labor or services, as
7	guaranteed under the minimum wage provisions of
8	chapter 387 or the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938,
9	P.L. 75-718, 29 United States Code 201 - 219,
10	inclusive, whichever is greater.
11	(2) The return of the victim to the victim's home country
12	or other absence of the victim from the jurisdiction shall not
13	relieve the defendant of the defendant's restitution obligation.
14	(3) For purposes of this section, "victim" means the
15	person against whom an offense specified in section 707-B or
16	707-C has been committed.
17	§707-G Nonpayment of wages. (1) A person commits the
18	offense of nonpayment of wages if the person, in the capacity as
19	an employer of an employee, wilfully or with intent to defraud
20	fails or refuses to pay wages to the employee. In addition to
21	any other penalty, a person convicted of nonpayment of wages

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shall be fined not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$10,000 for
 each offense.

3 (2) Nonpayment of wages is:

4 (a) A class C felony, if the amount owed to the employee
5 is equal to or greater than \$2,000 or if the person
6 convicted of nonpayment of wages falsely denies the
7 amount or validity of the wages owed; or

8 (b) A misdemeanor, if the amount owed to the employee is
9 less than \$2,000.

10 (3) A person commits a separate offense under this section 11 for each pay period during which the employee earned wages that 12 the person failed or refused to pay the employee. If no set pay 13 periods were agreed upon between the person and the employee at 14 the time the employee commenced the work, then each "pay period" 15 shall be deemed to be bi-weekly.

16 (4) In addition to any other penalty, the court shall 17 order restitution to be paid to the employee, consisting of an 18 amount that is the greater of:

19 (a) The wages earned by the employee that were unpaid by
20 the person convicted of nonpayment of wages; or
21 (b) The value of the employee's labor or services, as
22 quaranteed under the minimum wage provisions of



1	chapter 387 or the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938,
2	P.L. 75-718, 29 United States Code 201 - 219,
3	inclusive, whichever is greater.
4	(5) An employee who is the victim of nonpayment of wages
5	may bring a civil action to recover all wages owed by the person
6	convicted of nonpayment of wages.
7	(6) For purposes of this section:
8	"Employee" means any person working for another for hire,
9	including but not limited to an individual employed in domestic
10	service or at a family or person's home or any individual
11	employed by the individual's parent or spouse, or independent
12	contractors.
13	"Person" includes any individual, partnership, association,
14	joint-stock company, trust, corporation, the personal
15	representative of the estate of a deceased individual, or the
16	receiver, trustee, or successor of any of the same, employing
17	any persons, but shall not include the United States.
18	"Wages" means compensation for labor or services rendered
19	by an employee, whether the amount is determined on a time,
20	task, piece, commission, or other basis of calculation.
21	§707-H Unlawful conduct with respect to documents. (1) A
22	person commits unlawful conduct with respect to documents if the
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1 person knowingly destroys, conceals, removes, confiscates, or 2 possesses any actual or purported government identification 3 document of another person:

4 (a) In the course of a violation or attempt to commit an offense under section 707-B or 707-C; or 5 6 (b) To prevent or restrict, or in an attempt to prevent or restrict, without lawful authority, the ability of the 7 8 other person to move or travel, in order to maintain 9 the labor or services of the other person, when the 10 person is or has been the victim of an offense under 11 section 707-B or 707-C.

12 (2) A person commits unlawful conduct with respect to
13 documents if the person knowingly destroys, conceals, removes,
14 or confiscates any actual or purported government identification
15 document of an employee.

16 (3) Unlawful conduct with respect to documents is a 17 class C felony."

18 SECTION 7. Section 712A-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 19 amended to read as follows:

20 "\$712A-4 Covered offenses. Offenses for which property is
21 subject to forfeiture under this chapter are:

22 (a) All offenses which specifically authorize forfeiture; 2011-1771 HB1003 SD1 SMA.doc

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1	(b)	Murder, kidnapping, labor trafficking, gambling,
2		criminal property damage, robbery, bribery, extortion,
3		theft, unauthorized entry into motor vehicle,
4		burglary, money laundering, trademark counterfeiting,
5		insurance fraud, promoting a dangerous, harmful, or
6		detrimental drug, commercial promotion of marijuana,
7		unlawful methamphetamine trafficking, manufacturing of
8		a controlled substance with a child present, promoting
9		child abuse, or electronic enticement of a child which
10		is chargeable as a felony offense under state law;
11	(C)	The manufacture, sale, or distribution of a controlled
12		substance in violation of chapter 329, promoting
13		detrimental drugs or intoxicating compounds, promoting
14		pornography, promoting pornography for minors, or
15	,	promoting prostitution, which is chargeable as a
16		felony or misdemeanor offense, but not as a petty
17		misdemeanor, under state law; and
18	(d)	The attempt, conspiracy, solicitation, coercion, or
19		intimidation of another to commit any offense for
20		which property is subject to forfeiture."
21	SECT	ION 8. Section 803-44, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22	amended to	o read as follows:



"§803-44 Application for court order to intercept wire, 1 2 oral, or electronic communications. The attorney general of this State, or a designated deputy attorney general in the 3 4 attorney general's absence or incapacity, or the prosecuting 5 attorney of each county, or a designated deputy prosecuting 6 attorney in the prosecuting attorney's absence or incapacity, may make application to a designated judge or any other circuit 7 8 court judge or district court judge, if a circuit court judge 9 has not been designated by the chief justice of the Hawaii 10 supreme court, or is otherwise unavailable, in the county where 11 the interception is to take place, for an order authorizing or 12 approving the interception of wire, oral, or electronic 13 communications, and such court may grant in conformity with 14 section 803-46 an order authorizing, or approving the 15 interception of wire, oral, or electronic communications by 16 investigative or law enforcement officers having responsibility 17 for the investigation of the offense as to which the application 18 is made, if the interception might provide or has provided 19 evidence of:

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- **20** (1) Murder;
- 21 (2) Kidnapping;

22 (3) Labor trafficking in the first degree;



1	(4)	Labor trafficking in the second degree;
2	[(3)]	(5) Felony criminal property damage involving the
3		danger of bodily injury as defined in section 707-700;
4	[(4)]	(6) Distribution of dangerous, harmful, or
5		detrimental drugs; or
6	[(5)]	(7) Conspiracy to commit one or more of the above; or
7		[involving
8	(6)	Organized] (8) Involving organized crime and any of
9		the following felony offenses:
10		(A) Extortion;
11		(B) Bribery of a juror, of a witness, or of a police
12		officer;
13		(C) Receiving stolen property; [and]
14		(D) Gambling; and
15		(E) Money laundering."
16	SECT	ION 9. Section 842-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended by amending the definitions of "organized crime" and	
18	"racketeering activity" to read as follows:	
19	""Organized crime" means any combination or conspiracy to	
20	engage in criminal activity as a significant source of income or	
21	livelihood	d, or to violate, aid or abet the violation of criminal
22	laws relat	ting to prostitution, gambling, loan sharking, drug
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abuse, illegal drug distribution, counterfeiting, extortion,
 <u>labor trafficking, or</u> corruption of law enforcement officers or
 other public officers or employers.

"Racketeering activity" means any act or threat
involving[7] but not limited to murder, kidnapping, gambling,
criminal property damage, robbery, bribery, extortion, <u>labor</u>
<u>trafficking</u>, theft, or prostitution, or any dealing in narcotic
or other dangerous drugs which is chargeable as a crime under
state law and punishable by imprisonment for more than one
year."

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PART III

SECTION 10. In codifying the new sections added by section 6 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating the new sections in this Act.

16 SECTION 11. This Act does not affect rights and duties 17 that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that 18 were begun before its effective date.

19 SECTION 12. If any provision of this Act, or the 20 application thereof to any person or circumstance is held 21 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or 22 applications of the Act, which can be given effect without the 2011-1771 HB1003 SD1 SMA.doc

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invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
 of this Act are severable.
 SECTION 13. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
 SECTION 14. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2011.





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Report Title:

Penal Code; Domestic Violence Victim Protection; Labor Trafficking; Nonpayment of Wages

Description:

Amends certain criminal offenses to include conduct committed against domestic violence victims covered by protective orders or restraining orders. Establishes class A and B felony labor trafficking offenses, a nonpayment of wages offense, and an unlawful conduct with respect to documents offense. Establishes provisions related to prosecution of the offenses. (SD1)

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