

Local Union 1260

International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers

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LANCE M. MIYAKE Business Manager-Financial Secretary March 24, 2010

LOREN TAGUCHI

Representative Jon Riki Karamatsu Chair, Judiciary Committee The House of Representatives State of Hawaii

Dear Chair Karamatsu:

RE: S.B. No. 2883

IBEW Local 1260 supports and request that the Committee on Finance submit S.B. No. 2883 to the House of Representatives for the enactment of this bill. The Local Union, with this testimony, will show how Hawaiian Electric Company, Inc. uses their Attendance Improvement Program (AIP) to intimidate and discipline their employees from using their sickness benefits.

The AIP is a Company policy that was not negotiated, and it is only implemented on the union members of the Company. Since it only affects the union members, it is not only discriminatory but also unfair because it uses discipline to discourage use of a negotiated benefit.

Quoting the AIP, "For purpose of the AIP, 'absences' that are monitored include the following: sickness; unscheduled absences; unexcused absences; and tardiness." According to the AIP, the definition for unexcused absence is "any unscheduled absence or tardiness from the defined work scheduled where appropriate notice is not provided and/or the supervisor does not approve the absence."

The Company has encouraged employees to use the FMLA for illnesses and/or injuries, so the occurrence will not count on the AIP. The purpose and reason for FMLA was if employees did not have vacation or sick benefits, they could use FMLA to avoid being disciplined for the time away from work.

Under "Rights of Management," it states that the Company has the right to determine when an employee can take vacation or excused absence. The definition of excused absence is not defined, but assuming that sick leave with physician's note is an excused absence, then how does the Company schedule the sick leave.

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The Corporate Health Administrator or Director, Corporate Health & Wellness (same person), whose qualifications has been questioned by the Local Union, has ruled on most of the AIP "Steps" that the Administrator or Director reviewed the employee did not have documentation to support the absence. The Administrator has also on numerous occasions stated that she has reviewed the documentation from employee and determined that the absence(s) does not qualify as serious, chronic, or FMLA-related. The Administrator, who has not established her qualifications to the Local Union, is actually disputing the physician's note for the absence(s). How does she determine if an absence is FMLA-related when the employee's physician needs to fill out Section 3 on the form?

The employee's record on sick leave for their career is not considered, the employee may have an excellent attendance record, but if that employee is experiencing a "bad" time in his career regarding being ill. injury, or both, that employee will receive discipline. The attachment will show that the Company has stated to employees that they will be held to the triggers of the AIP.

The AIP policy discourages use of sick leave, and therefore there may be times when an employee will come to work sick. The Local Union has been trying to point out to the Company that prevention of pandemic outbreaks such as H1N1, is to stay home when you feel any type of symptoms associated with influenzas or colds because even if you take a test, the results takes awhile to come back. It would be sad if a pandemic outbreak is started because of policies like the AIP, a child who is most vulnerable to H1N1 should die because of a policy like the AIP exist would be unforgivable.

The Local Union is not against any policy for abuse of sick leave or sick benefits, but since it is a negotiated benefit in the CBA, the Local Union would like to have collective bargaining involved in establishing such policies. It is not this Local Union's intention to hinder the Company in its operations, but the Company needs to establish that abuse has occurred. Please stop companies like Hawaiian Electric Company, Inc. from using policies like the AIP to circumvent sick benefits negotiated in collective bargaining agreements (CBA). Imagine what might be happening to employees who work for companies that don't have a CBA.

Sincerely.

Lance M. Miyake

Business Manager - Financial Secretary

Attachment